

# **Preliminary Final Report 2013**





# Fleetwood Corporation Limited ABN 69 009 205 261

# Preliminary Final Report Year ended 30 June 2013

## **Results for Announcement to the Market**

	Change		Amount \$'000
Revenue from ordinary activities	Down 13%	to	333,872
Profit from continuing operations after tax attributable to members	Down 70%	to	16,648
Net profit attributable to members of Fleetwood Corporation Limited	Down 77%	to	12,455

Dividends	Amount per security	Franked %
Final dividend	Nil ¢	N/A
Interim dividend	30 ¢	100%
Total dividend for period	30 ¢	

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# CEO Review 2013

# **Review of Operations**

- Revenue down 13% to \$333.9m
- EBIT down 69% to \$24.5m (excludes \$6.0m loss from a discontinued operation)
- Net debt of \$32m at 30 June 2013

Trading conditions in the group's key markets were weak in 2013.

Demand for manufactured accommodation from the resources sector and workforce accommodation demand in Karratha fell significantly.

Demand for classroom builds and recreational vehicles was down.

A number of actions were taken to reduce costs and support revenues. These included closing operations, restructuring businesses, securing agreements and upgrading facilities.

# **Dividends**

An interim dividend of 30 cents per share was paid in March 2013. In view of the earnings performance in the second half and the capital expenditure requirements of the Osprey project, the directors believe it prudent not to pay a final dividend in respect of the 2013 year.

Fleetwood has a long history of paying fully franked dividends and has a large franking account available. It is the directors' intention to reinstate dividend payments as soon as trading conditions allow.

# Manufactured Accommodation

\$ million	2013	2012
Revenue	220.7	249.4
EBIT	31.6	76.2

#### Strategy:

To develop a national accommodation solutions capability for the resources, education and affordable housing sectors.

#### Markets

The significant drop in commodity prices during the year caused delays and cancellations to resources projects that flowed through to demand for manufactured accommodation.

The completion of major projects by Rio Tinto and Woodside reduced demand for workers in the Karratha region causing accommodation providers to experience high vacancy rates.

Education sector demand has been low since the end of the Government Building the Education Revolution program in July 2011. In NSW and Victoria this has been made worse by lower public sector expenditure following the change of governments in those States. Queensland and WA have fared better driven by initiatives such as the programs to move year seven students to high schools.

The transportable and park home markets showed some improvement with government support for initiatives that promote growth in affordable housing.



#### Performance

In October 2012 Fleetwood and the WA Department of Housing agreed an early start to build the Osprey village in South Hedland. The village comprises approximately 300 transportable homes to accommodate key workers in the region in accordance with the WA State Government Affordable Housing Strategy. Fleetwood will operate the village for 15 years and will receive a guaranteed minimum income stream on its investment. The project is on budget and on schedule to be completed in the second quarter of the 2014 financial year.

Occupancy at Searipple village averaged around 40% of village capacity during the first half. In December Fleetwood entered into an agreement with Rio Tinto to accommodate more of its workforce at Searipple. The agreement has a term of one year with four options of six months each, and room rates that reflect changed market conditions. It also included an upgrade to the village, which was completed over the third quarter. Occupancy at Searipple averaged around 50% during the third quarter and around 70% during the fourth.

Demand expectations for Gladstone village declined over the year as existing resources projects in the region employed more people from the local workforce than was expected and some new projects became less likely. This led to the commencement of a review of the village specification and costs.

Low levels of manufacturing activity were experienced in WA prior to commencement of the Osprey and Searipple upgrade projects. During the year the number of rental units on hire reduced as contracts expired and some were not renewed.

A number of resource related projects were won in Queensland for which approximately 1,000 rooms have been built, 152 of which are for a two year build, own, operate agreement with Aurizon that commenced in August 2013. These projects complemented a moderate volume of new builds for the Queensland education sector.

In January the Victorian Department of Education extended the term of the Transfer Program agreement to July 2015. The program involves the transfer, storage, refurbishment and commissioning by Fleetwood of the department's existing relocatable buildings. However, lower volumes of classroom builds were experienced for Victoria in 2013.

In June Fleetwood secured its first education contract in WA, which involves building and supplying 43 classrooms valued at approximately \$7m.

## **Recreational Vehicles**

\$ million	2013	2012
Revenue	111.4	132.9
EBIT	- 4.7*	6.9

**Strategy:** Market leadership through product innovation, Asian sourcing and streamlined operations.

\*excludes \$6.0m loss from a discontinued operation

#### Markets

Demand for recreational vehicles has been soft since the start of the 2012 financial year reflecting a gradual decline in consumer sentiment. Caravan builds have declined and there has been a shift in buyer preference towards lower specification budget vehicles, which has affected industry revenue and margins. The trend is also relevant to Camec, which is the largest supplier of parts and accessories to the industry.



Demand for canopies and trays for commercial vehicles improved after the natural disasters in Asia that affected the previous year, but remained subdued reflecting business sentiment in Australia.

## Performance

During the first half Fleetwood combined the Windsor caravan manufacturing activity with that of Coromal at the group's main facility in WA. Prior to the restructure both companies had excess production capacity, employed a full overhead structure, and there were limited synergies between them.

The restructure was completed in December, the cost of which combined with operating losses in the first half, resulted in an EBIT loss from this discontinued operation of \$6.0m.

Fleetwood RV (the combined Coromal and Windsor) repositioned Coromal as a quality/volume brand and Windsor as a premium brand. Designs, product range and dealer networks were rationalised. An Asian sourced camper and a range of lower specification budget caravans were developed and released, which has strengthened the order book and increased production.

During the second half Flexiglass centralised its head office and warehousing in Victoria, closed its fibreglass manufacturing operation in WA, and completed the process of sourcing all its primary products from Asia.

Camec contained costs in the difficult trading environment while developing and sourcing a new range of products from Asia.

The EBIT loss for the division in the second half resulted from:

- Fleetwood RV production being below break-even levels;
- costs associated with restructuring Flexiglass; and
- a lower contribution from Camec as the market weakened further.

The results for the recreational vehicles division in 2013 are very disappointing. They reflect a year in which non performing operations were closed and investment was made in new business structures.

## Debt

Long term Government guaranteed revenue from the Osprey project will result in the debt profile of Fleetwood changing. The company deferred renewing its funding arrangements while agreements relating to Osprey were finalised which resulted in debt at the 30 June being classified as a current liability.

Subject to any other new investments, group debt/equity at the completion of the Osprey project will be less than 30%.

# People

2013 was a challenging year for Fleetwood. It required its people to make the most of the difficult trading conditions whilst simultaneously implementing or experiencing major changes to their businesses. On behalf of the directors, I sincerely thank the people that worked hard through the year to keep Fleetwood strong.



# Outlook

Trading conditions in the group's key markets continue to be weak.

Demand from the resources sector remains low. The opportunities that currently exist mostly relate to oil and gas, and iron ore projects that were underway or advanced at the time commodity prices fell.

Activity in the education sector is affected by government programs and expenditure. Recent contract awards and allocations of funding are expected to provide some recovery of activity levels in Victoria. Demand in Queensland and WA remains moderate.

In addition to resources and education, Fleetwood continues to target affordable housing opportunities. The sector is large and diverse with some opportunities being driven by government initiatives.

Occupancy at Searipple is currently around 65% of village capacity. Rio Tinto's accommodation requirements can vary. Other demand exists and is being pursued.

Homes in the new Osprey village become available for rent early in the second quarter. Occupancy is expected to ramp up ahead of the commencement on 1 March 2014 of the 15 year operating agreement at which point the guaranteed minimum income stream becomes effective.

Construction of Gladstone Village remains subject to further consideration of market conditions, village specification and costs.

Expectations for the recreational and commercial vehicle markets remain subdued, however, the major restructures implemented in FY2013 are expected to produce positive results. Fleetwood RV has a strong order book for caravans and Asian sourced campers.

## Fleetwood Corporation Limited Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income Year ended 30 June 2013



	Note	2013 \$ '000	2012 \$ '000
Revenue	2	333,872	382,633
Materials used		(107,418)	(112,598)
Sub-contract costs		(86,972)	(73,939)
Employee benefits expense		(67,516)	(71,193)
Operating leases		(10,963)	(10,530)
Other expenses		(20,458)	(20,169)
Profit before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA)		40,545	94,204
Depreciation and amortisation expense	3	(16,074)	(14,898)
Profit before interest and tax (EBIT)		24,471	79,306
Finance costs	3	(1,267)	(764)
Profit before income tax expense		23,204	78,542
Income tax expense		(6,556)	(23,316)
Profit from continuing operations		16,648	55,226
Loss from discontinued operation	14	(4,193)	(2,017)
Profit attributable to members of the parent entity		12,455	53,209
Other comprehensive income			
Items that may subsequently be reclassified to profit or loss			
Net exchange difference relating to foreign controlled entities		319	104
Total comprehensive income attributable to members of the pare entity (net of tax)	ent	12,774	53,313
Earnings per share	9		
From continuing and discontinued operations			
Basic (cents per share)		20.8	90.4
Diluted (cents per share)		20.7	89.2
From continuing operations			
Basic (cents per share)		27.8	93.8
Diluted (cents per share)		27.6	92.6

## Fleetwood Corporation Limited Consolidated Statement of Financial Position As at 30 June 2013



	Note	2013 \$ '000	2012 \$ '000
Current assets	11010	• • • • •	Ψ CCC
Cash and cash equivalents		12,665	17,380
Trade and other receivables		54,054	53,538
Inventories		41,707	46,416
Assets held for sale		4,168	-
Total current assets		112,594	117,334
Non-current assets			
Trade and other receivables		11	18
Property, plant and equipment		114,471	101,545
Intangible assets		3,028	2,521
Goodwill		64,435	64,435
Deferred tax assets		3,973	3,955
Inventories		14,088	-
Total non-current assets		200,006	172,474
Total assets		312,600	289,808
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables		45,167	44,263
Interest bearing liabilities	7	44,610	272
Current tax liabilities		1,147	5,976
Provisions		4,416	4,150
Total current liabilities		95,340	54,661
Non-current liabilities			
Interest bearing liabilities		11	622
Provisions		3,158	3,280
Total non-current liabilities		3,169	3,902
Total liabilities		98,509	58,563
Net assets		214,091	231,245
Equity			
Issued capital		193,001	179,425
Reserves		(578)	(897)
Retained earnings	5	21,668	52,717
Total equity		214,091	231,245

## Fleetwood Corporation Limited Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity Year ended 30 June 2013



2012 Financial Year	Issued capital \$ '000	Foreign currency translation reserve \$ '000	Retained earnings \$ '000	Total \$ '000
Balance at 1 July 2011	164,448	(1,001)	42,782	206,229
Profit for the year	-	-	53,209	53,209
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	-	104	-	104
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	104	53,209	53,313
Dividends paid to equity holders	9,157	-	(43,274)	(34,117)
Share-based payments	2,180	-	-	2,180
Shares issued pursuant to employee and executive option plans	3,640	-	-	3,640
Balance at 30 June 2012	179,425	(897)	52,717	231,245
2013 Financial Year				
Profit for the year	-	-	12,455	12,455
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	-	319	-	319
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	319	12,455	12,774
Dividends paid to equity holders	9,187	-	(43,504)	(34,317)
Share-based payments	1,469	-	-	1,469
Shares issued pursuant to employee and executive option plans	2,919	-	-	2,919
Balance at 30 June 2013	193,001	(578)	21,668	214,091

## Fleetwood Corporation Limited Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Year ended 30 June 2013



Cash flows from operating activities	Note	2013 \$ '000	2012 \$ '000
Receipts in the course of operations		370,494	473,666
Payments in the course of operations		(334,339)	(373,011)
Interest received		206	491
Income taxes paid		(9,602)	(23,073)
Finance costs paid		(1,310)	(816)
Net cash provided by operating activities	6	25,449	77,257
Cash flows from investing activities			
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(37,976)	(26,500)
Proceeds from sale of non-current assets		941	237
Payment for intangible assets		(1,638)	(788)
Payment for capital work in progress		(3,856)	-
Net cash used in investing activities		(42,529)	(27,051)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issue of shares		2,919	3,640
Proceeds from borrowings		47,728	21,105
Repayment of borrowings		(4,000)	(41,500)
Dividends paid		(34,318)	(34,117)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		12,329	(50,872)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents held		(4,751)	(666)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		17,380	17,985
Effects of exchange rate changes on the balance of cash held in foreigr	o currencies.	36	61
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year		12,665	17,380



### 1. Significant accounting policies

#### **Basis of preparation**

This preliminary final report has been prepared in accordance with ASX Listing Rule 4.3A and the disclosure requirements of ASX Appendix 4E.

2. Revenue	2013 \$ '000	2012 \$ '000
Sales revenue		
Goods	140,489	161,067
Construction	131,835	113,682
Rental	60,623	107,261
	332,947	382,010
Other income		
Interest	206	491
Gain on revaluation of investment property	1,151	-
(Loss) / gain on sale of non-current assets	(432)	132
	925	623
	333,872	382,633

## 3. Profit from ordinary activities before income tax expense

Profit from ordinary activities before income tax expense has been arrived at after charging the following items:

Cost of sales	235,118	230,930
Depreciation and amortisation of:		
buildings	69	69
leasehold improvements	4,854	4,686
plant and equipment	10,583	9,583
product development	568	560
	16,074	14,898
Finance costs:		
Bank loans and overdraft	1,218	691
Charges on hire purchases	49	73
	1,267	764
Net bad and doubtful debts	(29)	299
Research and development costs	245	97
Superannuation expense	4,854	5,254
Equity settled share-based payments	1,469	2,180



	2013	2012
4. Commentary on the results	\$ '000	\$ '000

The commentary on the results for the year is contained in the review accompanying this statement.

## 5. Retained earnings

Retained earnings at the beginning of the year	52,717	42,782
Profit attributable to members of the parent entity	12,455	53,209
Dividends recognised	(43,504)	(43,274)
Retained earnings at the end of the year	21,668	52,717

## 6. Notes to the cash flow statement

Reconciliation of profit from ordinary activities after income tax to net cash provided by operating activities

Operating profit after income tax	12,455	53,209
Less items classified as investing activities:		
(Gain) loss on sale of non-current assets	983	(132)
Add non-cash items:		
Equity settled share-based payments	1,469	2,180
Depreciation and amortisation expense	16,209	15,250
Written down value of rental fleet sold	5,277	4,259
Asset revaluation - investment property	(1,151)	-
Changes in assets and liabilities during the year:		
Increase in inventories	(5,524)	(857)
(Increase) decrease in trade and other receivables	(509)	21,199
Decrease in other financial assets	41	5,302
Increase (decrease) in trade and other payables	904	(22,378)
Increase (decrease) in provisions	142	(123)
Increase (decrease) in income taxes payable	(4,829)	210
Increase in deferred taxes payable	(18)	(862)
Net cash provided by operating activities	25,449	77,257

## Non-cash financing and investing activities

During the year dividends of \$9,187,172 (2012: \$9,156,603) were reinvested as 891,120 (2012: 826,573) fully paid ordinary shares in the Company.



7. Financing arrangements	2013 \$ '000	2012 \$ '000
The economic entity has access to the following lines of credit: Multi Option Facility	55.000	40,000
Under the terms of Multi Option Facility, the economic entity is entitled to draw on any mix of commercial bill, bank guarantee, standby letter of credit or overdraft		40,000

Facilities utilised:		
Bank loans	44,000	-
Bank guarantees	3,189	6,793
	47,189	6,793
Facilities not utilised	7,811	33,207
Hire purchase liabilities - current	610	272
Hire purchase liabilities - non-current	11	622
	621	894

The company deferred renewing its funding arrangements while agreements relating to the Osprey project were finalised which resulted in debt at the 30 June being classified as a current liability.

## 8. Dividends

		Cents Per		
	Date Paid	Security		
Interim 2013	30/03/2013	30	18,031	-
Final 2012	30/09/2012	43	25,473	-
Interim 2012	30/03/2012	33	-	19,444
Final 2011	30/09/2011	41	-	23,830
			43,504	43,274

No final dividend has been declared in respect of the 2013 financial year.

## 9. Earnings per share

Earnings from continuing and discontinued operations	12,455	53,209
Adjustment to exclude loss from discontinued operations	4,193	2,017
Earnings from continuing operations	16,648	55,226

	Weighted average number of shares used	
Basic	59,944,825	58,857,824
Number of shares deemed to be issued for no consideration in respect of employee and executive options	302,073	779,781
Diluted	60,246,898	59,637,605



10. Net tangible assets per security	2013	2012
Net tangible assets per security	\$2.42	\$2.77

#### 11. Segment information

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable operating segment:

	Segment Revenue		Segment Depreciation and Amortisation		Segment Result (EBIT)	
	2013 \$ '000	2012 \$ '000	2013 \$ '000	2012 \$ '000	2013 \$ '000	2012 \$ '000
Recreational Vehicles	111,408	132,867	2,454	2,413	(4,714)	6,913
Manufactured Accommodation	220,662	249,371	13,383	12,270	31,637	76,241
Corporate and other overheads	1,802	395	237	215	(2,452)	(3,848)
	333,872	382,633	16,074	14,898	24,471	79,306
Finance costs					(1,267)	(764)
Profit before income tax expense					23,204	78,542
Income tax expense					(6,556)	(23,316)
Profit from continuing operations					16,648	55,226
Profit from discontinued operations					(4,193)	(2,017)
Profit attributable to members of the	parent entity				12,455	53,209

Segment result represents the earnings before interest and tax of each segment without the allocation of corporate and other overheads. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by reportable operating segment:

			Acquisition	s of Non-		
	Segment Assets		Current Assets		Segment Liabilities	
	2013 \$ '000	2012 \$ '000	2013 \$ '000	2012 \$ '000	2013 \$ '000	2012 \$ '000
Recreational Vehicles	88,198	98,762	4,064	3,413	18,169	22,378
Manufactured Accommodation	195,489	167,161	35,660	17,956	33,747	28,826
Unallocated	28,913	23,885	46	111	46,593	7,359
	312,600	289,808	39,770	21,480	98,509	58,563

#### 12. Information on audit

This preliminary final report is based on accounts that are in the process of being audited.

#### 13. Comparatives

Comparative information shown is for the year ended 30 June 2012.



## 14. Discontinued Operation

On 6 September 2012 the Company announced the closure of its Victorian caravan manufacturing operations. Financial information relating to the discountinued operation for the period is set out below.

	2013	2012
Revenue	4,326	24,810
Expenses	(10,320)	(27,720)
Loss from discontinued operation before tax	(5,994)	(2,910)
Attributable income tax	1,801	893
Loss from discontinued operation after tax	(4,193)	(2,017)
Profit attributable to members of the consolidated entity relates to		
Profit from continuing operations	16,648	55,226
Loss from discontinued operations	(4,193)	(2,017)
	12,455	53,209
Cash flows from discontinued operation		
Net cash outflows from operating activities	(5,608)	(4,455)
Net cash inflows (outflows) from investing activities	334	(483)
Net cash consumed by discontinued operation	(5,274)	(4,938)

#### 15. Events after the reporting date

There were no material events after the end of the reporting date.