

10 August 2015

ANP Licensing Partner for ATL1103 Cortendo Files Prospectus

Antisense Therapeutics Limited ("ANP" or the "Company") wishes to advise that its licensing partner of ATL1103 (Cortendo) has recently filed a securities offering prospectus (Prospectus) [<http://www.cortendo.com/cortendo-plc-exchange-offer/>].

The Prospectus contains within it details on the background, rationale and additional plans with respect to COR-004 (ATL1103) as well as some broader detail in relation to the licensing agreement with ANP. The Prospectus also notes Cortendo's plans to conduct an initial public offering in the U.S that is expected to be completed in September 2015.

In respect to the plans for COR-004 ANP notes the following details provided in the Prospectus; Cortendo:

- Intends to seek orphan drug designation for COR-004 from the FDA and the EMA;
- Plan to conduct Phase 3 enabling chronic toxicology studies in two animal species and in parallel seek a pre-IND meeting with the FDA in the second half of 2015 to discuss requirements for entry into Phase 3 clinical development;
- Following the pre-IND meeting, intend to file an IND for COR-004 in the US and begin a multinational development program to support regulatory approval in the US and subsequently the European Union. Anticipate at least one pivotal registration clinical trial with at least six months of controlled treatment will be needed to evaluate efficacy, along with at least six additional months of treatment observation to evaluate safety, however depending on advice from the regulatory authorities, Cortendo may be required to complete an additional clinical trial prior to initiating the pivotal program.

Please refer to the Cortendo Prospectus for further detail.

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About Antisense Therapeutics Limited

Antisense Therapeutics Limited is an Australian publicly listed biopharmaceutical drug discovery and development company. Its mission is to create, develop and commercialise second generation antisense pharmaceuticals for large unmet markets. Antisense Therapeutics has 4 products in its development pipeline that it has in-licensed from Isis Pharmaceuticals Inc. (ISIS), a world leader in antisense drug development and commercialisation - ATL1102 (injection) which has successfully completed a Phase II efficacy and safety trial, significantly reducing the number of brain lesions in patients with relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS), ATL1103 drug designed to block GHr production which in a Phase II clinical trial, successfully reduced blood IGF-1 levels in patients with the growth disorder acromegaly, ATL1102 (inhaled) which is at the pre-clinical research stage as a potential treatment for asthma and ATL1101 a second-generation antisense drug at the pre-clinical stage being investigated as a potential treatment for cancer.

About ATL1103

ATL1103 is a second-generation antisense drug designed to block growth hormone receptor (GHR) expression thereby reducing levels of the hormone insulin-like growth factor-1 (IGF-1) in the blood and is a potential treatment for diseases associated with excessive growth hormone and IGF-1 action. These diseases include acromegaly, an abnormal growth disorder of organs, face, hands and feet, diabetic retinopathy, a common disease of the eye and a major cause of blindness, diabetic nephropathy, a common disease of the kidney and major cause of kidney failure, and some forms of cancer. Acromegalic patients have significantly higher blood IGF-1 levels than healthy individuals. Reduction of these levels to normal is accepted by clinical authorities as the primary marker of an effective drug treatment for the disease. GHR is a clinically validated target in the treatment of acromegaly. In the case of diabetic retinopathy, published clinical studies have shown that treatments producing a reduction in IGF-1 levels retarded the progression of the disease and improve vision in patients. Scientific papers have been published on the suppression of blood IGF-1 levels in mice (Tachas et al., 2006, J Endocrinol 189, 147-54) and inhibition of retinopathy in a mouse retinopathy model (Wilkinson-Berka et al., 2007, Molecular Vision 13, 1529- 38) using an antisense drug to inhibit the production of GHR. In a Phase I study in healthy subjects, ATL1103 demonstrated a preliminary indication of drug activity, including suppression of IGF-1 and the target GHR (via circulating growth hormone binding protein) levels. In a Phase II trial in acromegalic patients, ATL1103 met its primary efficacy endpoint by showing a statistically significant average reduction in sIGF-1 levels from baseline ($P < 0.0001$) at week 14 (one week past the last dose) at the twice weekly 200 mg dose tested. Antisense is currently undertaking a higher dose study (2 x 300 mg/week) in acromegaly patients. Under its technology collaboration with ISIS, Antisense Therapeutics' will pay ISIS a percentage (single digit) of the licensing revenue it earns from ATL1103.