

Forward looking statements



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Additional Information

This presentation should be read in conjunction with the Annual Report at 30 June 2016 together with any announcements made by Fortescue in accordance with its continuous disclosure obligations arising under the Corporations Act 2001.

Any references to reserve and resources estimations should be read in conjunction with Fortescue's Ore Reserves and Mineral Resources statement for its Hematite and Magnetite projects at 30 June 2016 as released to the Australian Securities Exchange on 19 August 2016. Fortescue confirms in the subsequent public report that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the relevant market announcement and, in the case of estimates of mineral resources or ore reserves, that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed.

All amounts within this presentation are stated in United States Dollars consistent with the functional currency of Fortescue Metals Group Limited, unless otherwise stated. Tables contained within this presentation may contain immaterial rounding differences.

Building a world class company



Core supplier to China's growth

Safety focus

Engagement Empowerment Leadership

First ore in 2008





165-170mt
Production rate



Unique culture

Our Vision: The safest, lowest cost, most profitable iron ore producer



Delivering on targets



Focus on safety, productivity and efficiency in response to the market

- ✓ Safety
- √ 165-170mt shipped
- ✓ Productivity + efficiency
- ✓ Debt repayments
- ✓ Consistent dividend policy



FY16 snapshot



Operational performance delivers sustainable cost reductions and financial results

169.4mt Shipped US\$3.2bn

Underlying EBITDA

US\$5.2bn Net debt

C1 Cost \$15.43/wmt 43% reduction

US\$985m

NPAT

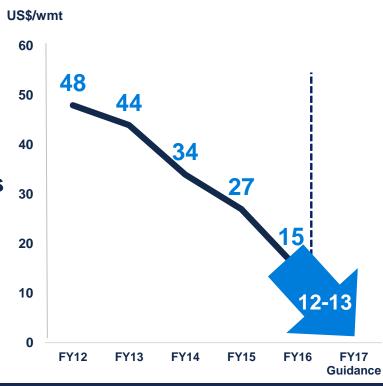
A\$ 12 cent Final dividend

Continuous + sustainable cost improvements



Through development of assets, efficiencies, productivity and cost savings

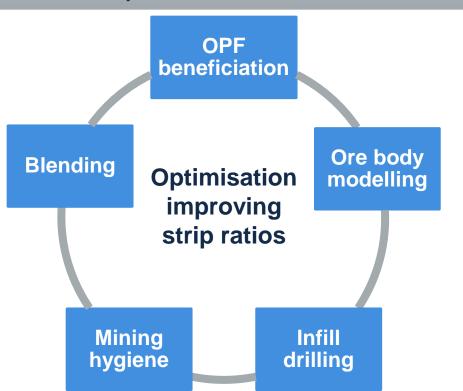
- 1 Solomon operations
- Blending strategy 58% Fe
- 3 Processing, wet plants + de-sands
- Operational efficiencies
- 5 Fx and fuel decreases



Strip ratios



FY17 strip ratios maintained at 1.1

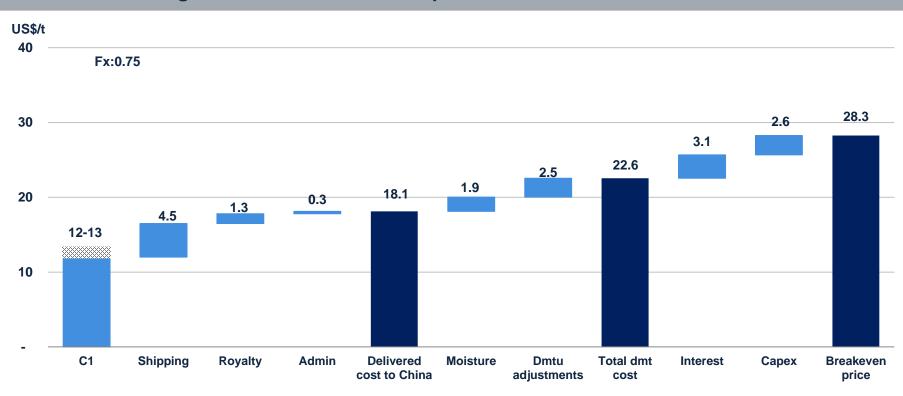


| Strip Ratios | FY17 - FY21 | LOM |
|--------------|-------------|-----|
| Chichester | 1.5 | 2.3 |
| Solomon | 1.3 | 1.8 |
| Combined | 1.4 | 2.1 |

Breakeven price



FY17 continuing to lower all in breakeven price on Platts 62% CFR basis





Financial drivers



Focused on delivering shareholder value

SHAREHOLDER RETURNS AND VALUE

Balance sheet strength

Debt repayments and capital management

Cash margins and free cash flow

Price realisations + cost improvements + lower capex

FY16 financial outcomes



Operational performance delivering financial results

US\$985m NPAT US\$1.6bn
Cash on hand

US\$2.7bnFree cashflows

US\$0.32
Earnings per share 210%1

A\$ 12 cent 36% dividend payout ratio

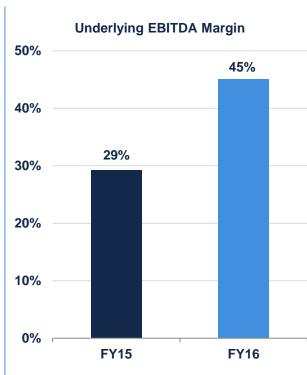


Underlying EBITDA increased by 27%



Cost improvements offset falling iron ore price

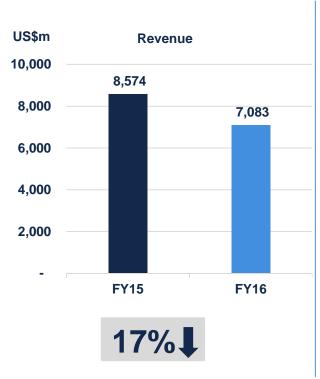




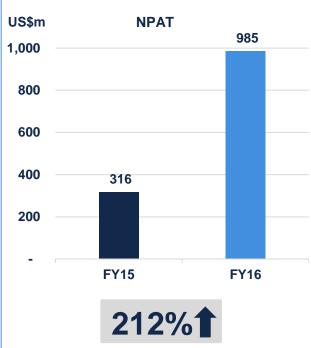
FY16 Highlights



Earnings increase driven by significant cost performance



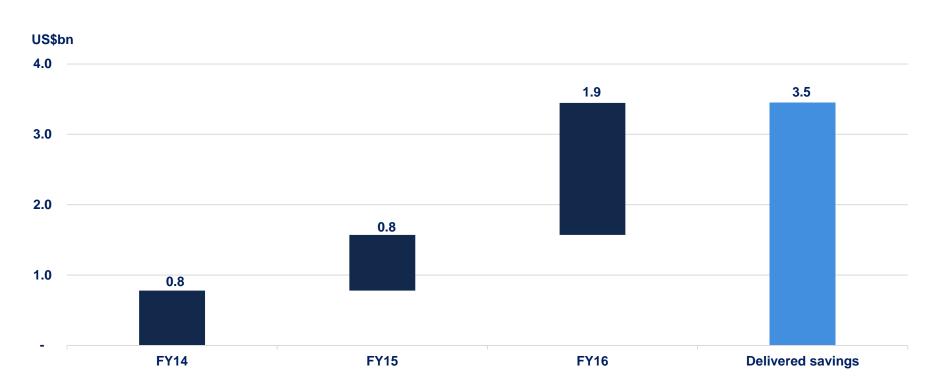




Cost savings delivered



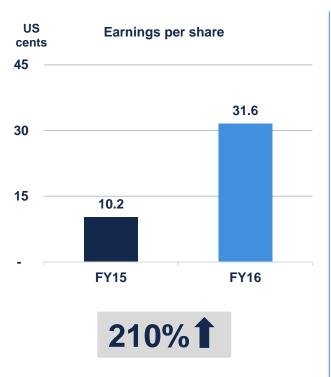
US\$3.5bn in operating cost savings delivered since achieving full operational capacity

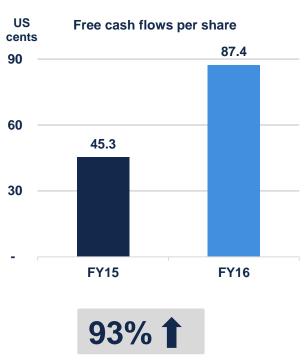


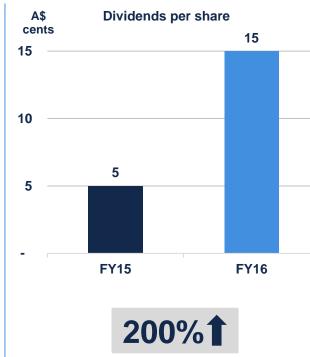
Returns to shareholders



Increasing returns through operational performance







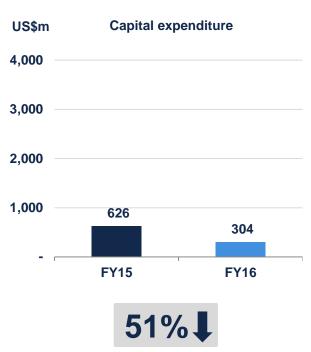


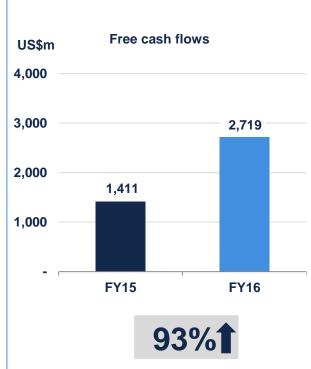
Cash flows



Strong positive cash margins generated by operations







Debt reduction



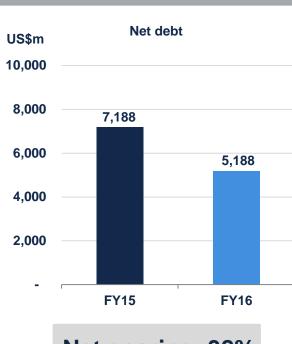
Cash flows applied to reduce debt + gearing levels



Gross gearing 45%



Maintaining strong liquidity

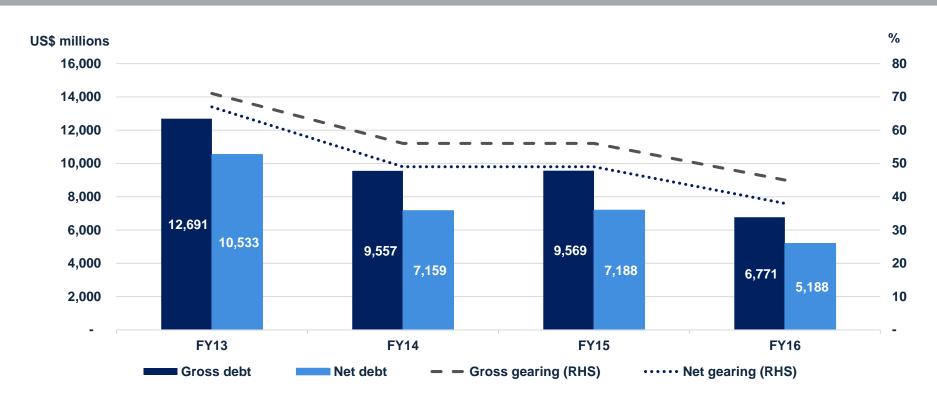


Net gearing 38%

Debt repayments



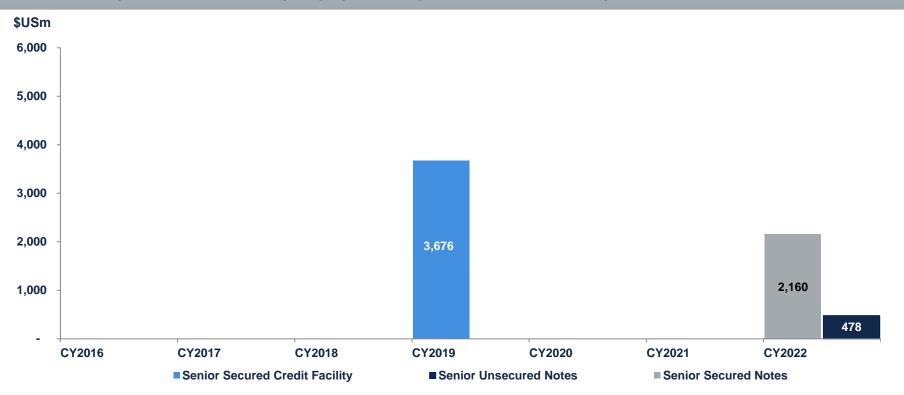
Free cash flows lowering debt and gearing



Debt maturity



Flexibility to continue early repayments prior to first maturity in June 2019

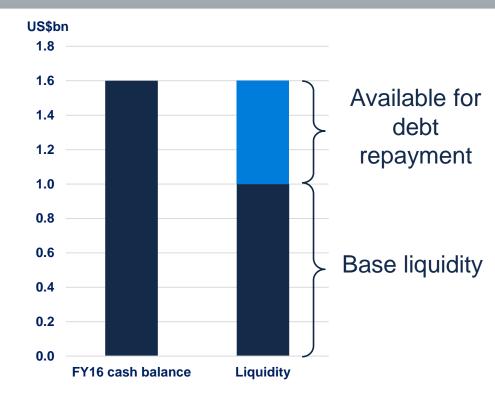


Available cash balances



Cash levels supporting additional repayments

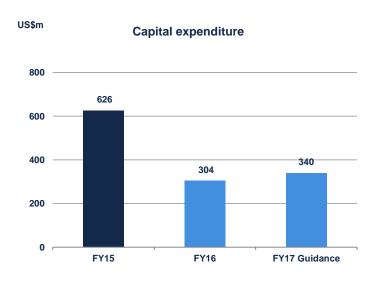
- **US\$1.6bn** cash at 30 June
- Strong cash flows
- Target <40% gross gearing
- Target liquidity US\$1-1.5bn



Capital expenditure



Capex sustainable at current levels



FY17 Guidance

- Sustaining capex US\$2/wmt
- Assessing funding options
 - VLOCs US\$270m
 - **Tugs** US\$90m
- D&A **US\$7.10**/wmt



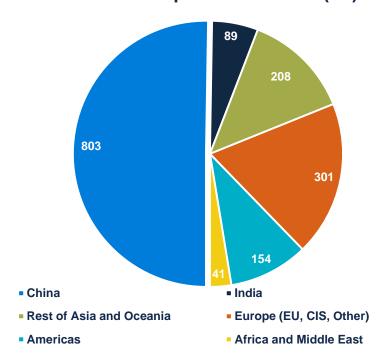
Core supplier to Asia



Well established 18% market share of imported iron ore to China

- Low impurity 58% Fe average
- High value in use
- Large diverse customer base
- Responsive to market needs
- Proximity to high growth region

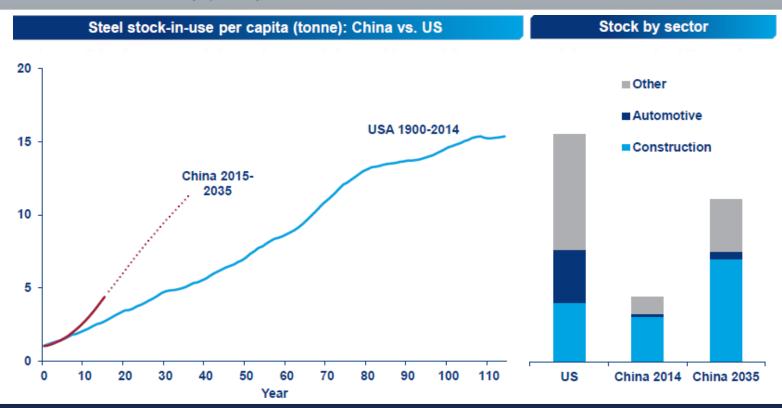
Global steel production 2015 (mt)



Steel consumption to build economy



Steel demand – driven by policy decisions



Source: Wood Mackenzie

Chinese cities in 2030

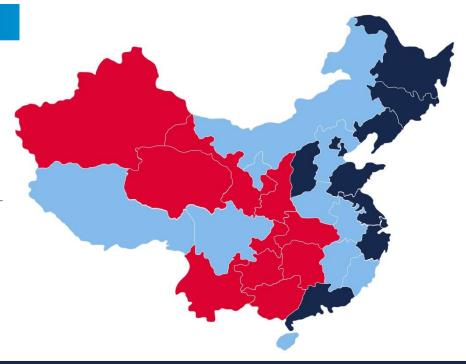


300 million people still to urbanise – 16 million per year

Real GDP growth 2015-2025 (CAGR)

- Fastest third
- Middle third
- Slowest third

70% of the population (1bn) will be **living in cities**

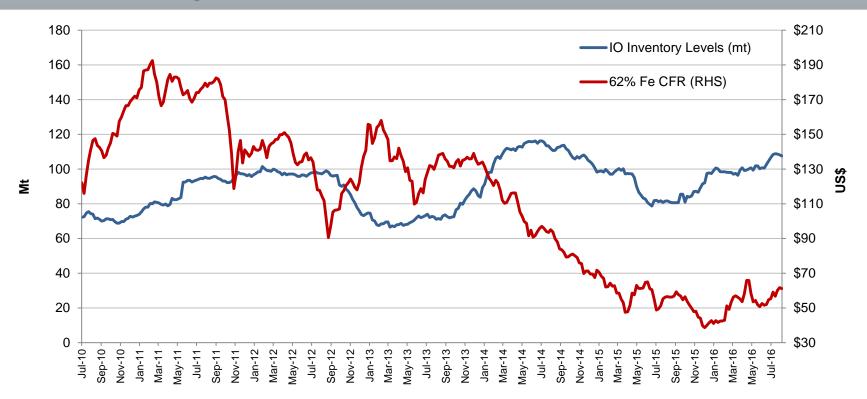


Source: Wood Mackenzie

Iron ore supply in balance



Port stocks remaining stable

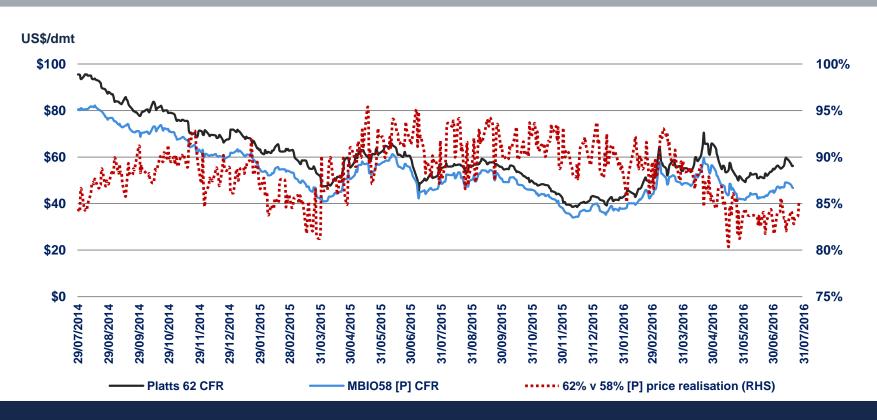


Source: Bloomberg and Umetal 28

Price realisation



Consistently realising at 85-90% of 62 Platts index

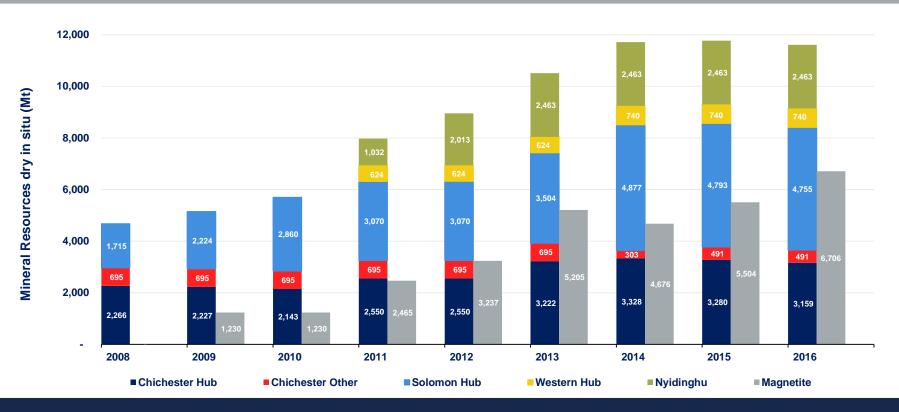




Resource portfolio supports asset base



Largest Pilbara tenement footprint





Building strong communities



Creating opportunities through training, employment and business development



14%

Aboriginal people in Fortescue workforce







Championing diversity



Workplace culture fundamental



16%

Fortescue female employees
Targeting 25% by 2020



Strong role models

Women in leadership postions



3

Female Board
Members

Member of the 30% Club



5Female General Managers

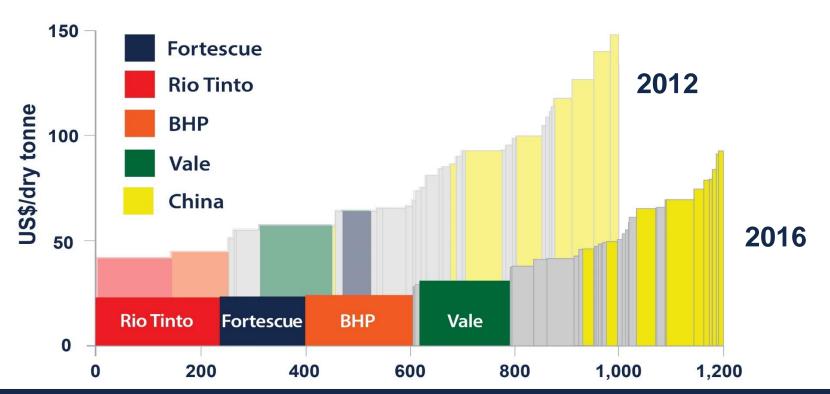




Moving down the global cost curve



China's Iron Ore Supply CFR Costs (including royalties & ocean freight)



Source: Metalytics 26 May 2016 36

Strategic delivery



Culture, continuous improvement, speed and flexibility

- ✓ Consistent 165-170mtpa
- ✓ Lowering costs to **US\$12-13/wmt**
- ✓ Maximising resource value
- ✓ Debt repayment
- ✓ Ongoing improvements



The new force in iron ore



Continuous improvement, reliable and efficient delivery



World class assets & people

165-170mt
Production rate

Unique culture drives performance





www.fmgl.com.au



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Glossary



C1: Operating costs of mining, processing, rail

and port on a per tonne basis, including allocation of direct administration charges

and production overheads. **D**ebt / Underlying EBITDA.

Debt coverage ratio: Debt / Underlying EBITD

dmt: Dry metric tonnes.

Free cash flow: Net cash inflows from operations less capital

expenditure.

FY: Full year.

HY: Half year.

Interest coverage ratio: Underlying EBITDA / Interest

mtpa: million tonnes per annum.

Net debt:Borrowings and finance lease liabilities

less cash and cash equivalents

NPAT: Net profit after tax.

Underlying EBITDA:

Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation, exploration, development and other expenses. The reconciliation of Underlying EBITDA to the financial metrics disclosed in the financial statements prepared under the Australian accounting standards is presented below:

Reconciliation of underlying EBITDA to IFRS measures:

| | 30 June 2016 US\$ millions | 30 June 2015 US\$ millions |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Profit before income tax | 1,354 | 420 |
| Finance income | (214) | (15) |
| Finance expenses | 675 | 644 |
| Depreciation and amortisation | 1,244 | 1,405 |
| Exploration, development and other | 136 | 52 |
| Underlying EBITDA | 3,195 | 2,506 |

VLOC: Very large ore carrier.

wmt: wet metric tonnes.