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COMPANY ANNOUNCEMENT

30 August 2016

Reverse Corp Limited (ASX: REF) - Market Update

Reverse Corp Limited reports revenues of \$6,939,083 with EBITDA (earnings before interest, tax, depreciation & amortisation) of \$2,414,565 and NPAT (net profit after tax) of \$1,559,089 for the year ending 30 June 2016. The NPAT result represents earnings per share of \$0.017.

The result meets company guidance and reflects:

- 1800-Reverse EBITDA decreasing by 24% on the previous year to \$2,876,965 as the demand for out-of-credit prepaid calling continues to decline impacting calls to mobiles and fixed lines
- Online contact lenses store OzContacts.com.au reducing EBITDA losses to \$3,215 from a loss of \$41,860 in the previous year. Transition work is continuing on the newly acquired Net Optical Australia business

The Company remains committed to strategic acquisitions to replace the earnings from reverse charge calling and increase scale in the online contact lenses business. The Board have declared a fully franked dividend of \$0.01 payable on 9 September 2016, and has net cash pre-dividend of \$5,249,837.

By Order of the Board

Dion Soich Company Secretary

> Reverse Corp Limited ABN 16 085 949 855

PO BOX 1554 Milton QLD 4064 **REVERSE CORP LIMITED**

ABN 16 085 949 855

Appendix 4E

Preliminary Final Report

for the year ended 30 June 2016 (compared to the year ended 30 June 2015)

Results for announcement to the market:

	Percentage Change	Amount \$
Revenue from ordinary activities	Down 21%	to \$7,097,031
Profit from ordinary activities after tax attributable to members	Down 24%	to \$1,559,089
Net profit for the period attributable to members	Down 24%	to \$1,559,089

Brief explanation of any figures reported above necessary to enable the figures to be understood:

Refer to the accompanying Directors' report, financial statements and notes.

Dividend:

The Board has declared a 1c fully franked dividend to be paid on 9 September 2016 with a record date of 2 September 2016.

	30 June 2016	30 June 2015
Net tangible assets per security:	\$0.094	\$0.083

Commentary on the Results for the Period:

Refer to the accompanying Directors' report, financial statements and notes.

Audit/Review Status:

This report is based on accounts to which one of the following applies: (Tick one)					
The accounts have been audited X The accounts have been subject to review					
The accounts are in the process of being audited or subject to reviewThe accounts have not yet been audited or reviewed					

Financial Report for the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2016

Your directors present their report on the company and its controlled entities for the financial year ended 30 June 2016.

Directors

The names of directors in office at any time during or since the end of the year are:

Mr Peter D Ritchie - Chairman

Mr Stephen C Jermyn

Mr Richard L Bell

Mr Gary B Hillberg

Directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

Principal Activities

The principal activity of the consolidated entity during the financial year was the provision of reverse charge calling services. There were no significant changes in the nature of the consolidated entity's principal activities during the financial year.

Operating Results

Net profit after tax for the year to 30 June 2016 amounted to \$1,559,089 which was down 24% from a profit of \$2,062,073 for the previous year. Revenue for the year was \$6,939,083 which was down 21% from \$8,810,844 in the previous year. Earnings per share for the year were \$0.017 which was down 23% from \$0.022.

The Group result continues to be underpinned by the Australia Reverse Charge business (1800-Reverse) where revenue decreased 20% on the previous year to \$5,405,831 and Earnings Before Interest Depreciation and Amortisation (EBITDA) decreased 24% to \$2,876,965.

Online contact lenses business OzContacts.com.au achieved an EBITDA loss of \$3,215 which was an improvement on an equivalent loss of \$41,860 last year.

Review of Operations

<u>1800-Reverse</u>: After three years of growth in total call volumes driven by calls-to-mobiles, FY16 saw a decline across all call types. Total calls were down approximately 17% versus the previous year as the flow through of changing prepay market dynamics resulted in less demand for out-of-credit calling. These changes are not unexpected due to the product being in the latter stage of its life cycle with the declines driven by a combination of factors which include:

- Price erosion and increasing inclusive value within mobile operator prepay plans
- The growth of the SIM Only 30 day term pay monthly market segment attracting high prepay users
- The increasing adoption and usage of substitutional messaging Apps enabled by smart phones
- The increasing availability of free public WiFi enabling free out-of-credit calling via VoIP Apps

Volumes declined by approximately 37% for calls-to-fixed lines as voice usage continues to migrate to mobiles, and by approximately 13% for calls-to-mobiles. The rate of decline was greater in the second half of the year where total call volumes fell 25% versus the equivalent period in FY15. As a result of these declines, 1800-Reverse EBITDA decreased by 24% for the year to \$2,876,965. EBITDA margin also decreased from 56% in FY15 to 53% in FY16 as the proportion of calls-to-fixed lines delivering higher margins decreased. Management continues to implement ongoing operational initiatives to maximise profitability as demand reduces. Key focus areas remain strategic price increases, carriage cost savings and operaterational changes to increase mobile billing collections and call connections. The business maintains an efficient approach to marketing with total spend of \$101,479 for the year primarily through targeted mobile advertising and direct SMS activity.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Ozcontacts.com.au: The business achieved an EBITDA loss of \$3,215 which was an improvement on a loss of \$41,860 in the previous year. The EBITDA result includes \$10,144 in legal costs associated with the Net Optical business acquisition and hence the full year result would have otherwise been positive. Revenue for the year was \$1,533,252 which was down 16% on the previous year. This decline was primarily due to the continued shedding of unprofitable 'deal seeker' customers acquired at significant cost in previous years via google AdWords and coupon discounts. The total customer base at year end was 16,800 with approximately 39% ordering twice or more in the last 24 months.

The business focus throughout the year has been to build scale through quality base acquisitions and ensure the right enabling web platform is in place to deliver the best customer experience. Whilst this has initially proven more time consuming than anticipated, the first acquisition Sale agreement was signed on 28 June 2016 to acquire the Net Optical Australia online contact lenses business. The acquisition was completed on 12 August and will add approximately \$1.3m in revenue to the Group and \$250,000 in EBITDA. The combined businesses revenues are estimated to take our share of the online contact lenses market in Australia to c.5% based on IBIS World market sizing reports for October 2015 (Online Eyeglasses and Contact Lens Sales in Australia Report). There is also potential for additional upside and efficiencies from improved customer management and acquisition marketing, consolidation of product buying and the migration to improved IT platforms.

The business also commenced the build of a new e-commerce platform to improve our fixed and mobile customer experience and provide capability to support greater scale through both new brands and product extensions. The platform is expected to be deployed for the OzContacts.com.au customer base in Q1 and for the Net Optical base in Q3 of FY17. Following these implementations, a customer relationship management system (CRM) and inventory management system consolidation project will be deployed to enhance customer growth, retention and operational efficiencies across both our brands.

Financial Position

The company generated operating cash flows of \$1,508,725 down 33% compared to the previous year of \$2,253,041. The balance sheet remains conservatively geared with net cash at year-end of \$6,039,277.

Significant Changes in State of Affairs

In the opinion of the directors there were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the consolidated entity during the financial year not otherwise disclosed in this report or the consolidated financial statements.

Events arising since the end of the Reporting Period

In February 2016 the company announced that it had acquired 3,143,000 shares in OntheHouse Holdings Limited (ASX:OTH) for a total consideration of \$1,980,394. Subsequent to the initial investment, OntheHouse was subject to a takeover proposal. On 6 July 2016 OntheHouse confirmed that it had entered into a scheme implementation deed with a consortium of investors led by the Macquarie Group to acquire all of the shares not already owned by the consortium for 85c per share. The scheme is subject to various conditions and it is anticipated that shareholders will have the opportunity to vote on the proposal at a meeting in October 2016. Subject to court approval and the conditions of the scheme being satisfied, the scheme is expected to be implemented in late October 2016. Completion would result in a net gain for \$691,157 for Reverse Corp.

The acquisition of the Net Optical Australia online contact lenses business was completed on 12 August 2016. The business was acquired for a total consideration of \$750,000.

No other matters or circumstances, other than the update on the status of the investment in OntheHouse Holdings Limited, the acquisition of Net Optical Australia and the declared dividend have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the consolidated entity, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the consolidated entity in future financial years.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Information on Directors

Mr Peter D Ritchie	— Chairman (Non-executive)
Qualifications	— B.Com, FCPA
Experience	— Company Chairman since inception in 1999. Previously founding Director, Chief Executive and Chairman of McDonald's Australia Limited. Other previous directorships include Westpac Bank Limited, Seven Group Holdings Limited and Solution Six Holdings Limited.
Interest in Shares and Options	— 4,722,234 Ordinary Shares in Reverse Corp Limited.
Special Responsibilities	 Mr Ritchie is a member of the Audit and Risk Committee and Chairman of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee.
Directorships held in othe listed entities	r — Current Chairman of Mortgage Choice Limited (since April 2004).
Mr Gary B Hillberg	- Non-executive Director
Qualifications	— B.Bus (Marketing)
Experience	— Mr Hillberg has been a Board member since October 2005. He has over 30 years' experience in the Australian telecommunications industry and has held the roles of Chief Operating Officer and Group Managing Director with the company.
Interest in Shares and Options	— 250,356 Ordinary Shares in Reverse Corp Limited.
Mr Stephen C Jermyn	- Non-executive Director
Qualifications	— FCPA
Experience	— Mr Jermyn joined the Board of Directors of McDonald's Australia in 1986 and was appointed Executive Vice President in 1993. In June 1999, he was appointed Deputy Managing Director. In August 2005 Mr Jermyn stepped down from executive duties at McDonald's. Mr Jermyn was appointed to the Board of Reverse Corp Limited in October 2005.
Interest in Shares and Options	— 2,901,544 Ordinary Shares in Reverse Corp Limited.
Special Responsibilities	 Mr Jermyn is the Chairman of the Audit and Risk Committee, and a member of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee.
Directorships held in othe listed entities	r — Mr Jermyn is a current director of Mortgage Choice Limited and a former director of Regional Express Holdings Limited (resigned June 2008).
Mr Richard L Bell	- Non-executive Director
Qualifications	— LLB
Experience	 Mr Bell is Reverse Corp's founder and former Chief Executive and Board member since inception in 1999.
Interest in Shares and Options	— 20,370,588 Ordinary Shares in Reverse Corp Limited.
Special Responsibilities	 Mr Bell is a member of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee and the Audit and Risk Committee.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Company Secretary

Dion Soich is a Certified Practising Accountant and the Chief Financial Officer. Dion has held senior positions with a number of leading companies and has a Bachelor of Commerce and is a Member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors.

Dividends

During the financial year, a fully franked dividend of \$934,415 (1c per share) was paid on 17 September 2015 (2015: Nil).

Since the end of the financial year, the Board have declared a fully franked dividend of \$934,415 (1c per share) to be paid on 9 September 2016.

Meetings of Directors

The number of meetings of the company's Board of directors and Board committees held during the year and the number of meetings attended by each director and committee member were:

			COMMITTEE MEETINGS				
	DIRECTORS' MEETINGS		Audit and I	Risk	Remunera Nomina		
	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	
Mr Peter D Ritchie	6	6	2	2	2	2	
Mr Stephen C Jermyn	6	5	2	1	2	1	
Mr Richard L Bell	6	6	2	2	2	2	
Mr Gary B Hillberg	6	6	2	2	2	2	

Environmental Issues

The consolidated entity's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of a State or Territory of Australia.

Indemnities given and insurance premiums paid to Auditors and Officers

During the year, Reverse Corp Limited paid a premium to insure officers of the Group. The officers of the Group covered by the insurance policy include all Directors.

The liabilities insured are legal costs that may be incurred in defending civil or criminal proceedings that may be brought against the officers in their capacity as officers of the Group, and any other payments arising from liabilities incurred by the officers in connection with such proceedings, other than where such liabilities arise out of conduct involving a wilful breach of duty by the officers or the improper use by the officers of their position or of information to gain advantage for themselves or someone else to cause detriment to the Group.

Details of the amount of the premium paid in respect of insurance policies are not disclosed as such disclosure is prohibited under the terms of the contract.

The Group has not otherwise, during or since the end of the financial year, except to the extent permitted by law, indemnified of agreed to indemnify any current of former officer or auditor of the Group against a liability incurred as such by an officer or auditor.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Unissued shares under option

At the date of this report, there are no unissued ordinary shares of Reverse Corp Limited under option.

During the year ended 30 June 2016, no shares were issued on the exercise of options. No further shares have been issued since the end of the year.

No person entitled to exercise an option had or has any right by virtue of the option to participate in any share issue of any other body corporate.

For details of options issued to directors and executives as remuneration refer to the Remuneration Report and to Note 28 Share-based Payments.

Proceedings on Behalf of the Company

No person has applied for leave of Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001 to bring proceedings on behalf of the company or intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or any part of those proceedings. The company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

Non-audit Services

The Board of Directors, in accordance with advice from the Audit and Risk Committee, is satisfied that the provision of non-audit services during the year is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporations Act 2001*. The directors are satisfied that the services disclosed below did not compromise the external auditor's independence for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services are reviewed and approved by the audit committee prior to commencement to ensure they do not adversely affect the integrity and objectivity of the auditor; and
- the nature of the services provided do not compromise the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in the APES 110: Code of Ethics for Professional accountants set by the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board.

The following fees for non-audit services were paid during the year ended 30 June 2016, or are payable, to the external auditors:

	Consolidated entity
	\$
Taxation and other services	\$17,036

Auditor's Independence Declaration

The lead auditor's independence declaration as per section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 for the year ended 30 June 2016, which forms part of this report, has been received and can be found on page 13.

Remuneration Report – Audited

The Directors of Reverse Corp Limited present the Remuneration Report for Non-Executive Directors and Key Management Personnel, prepared in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the *Corporate Regulations 2001*.

(a) Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

Remuneration policy

The remuneration policy of Reverse Corp Limited has been designed to align key management personnel objectives with shareholder and business objectives by providing a fixed remuneration component and offering specific short-term and long-term incentives based on key performance areas affecting the consolidated entity's financial results. The Board of Reverse Corp Limited believes the remuneration policy to be appropriate and effective in its ability to attract and retain the best key management personnel to run and manage the consolidated entity, as well as create goal congruence between key management personnel and shareholders.

The Board's policy for determining the nature and amount of remuneration for key management personnel of the consolidated entity is as follows:

- The remuneration policy, setting the terms and conditions for the key management personnel, was developed by the Remuneration and Nomination Committee and approved by the Board.
- Key management personnel may receive a base salary (which is based on factors such as length of service and experience), superannuation, fringe benefits, options, employee share schemes and performance incentives.
- The Remuneration and Nomination Committee reviews key management personnel packages annually by reference to the consolidated entity's performance, executive performance and comparable information from industry sectors and other listed companies in similar industries.

The performance of key management personnel is measured against criteria agreed annually with each individual and is based predominantly on the forecast growth of the consolidated entity's profits and shareholders' value. All bonuses and incentives are linked to predetermined performance criteria. The

Board may, however, exercise its discretion in relation to approving incentives, bonuses, shares and options, and can recommend changes to the committee's recommendations. Any changes must be justified by reference to measurable performance criteria. The policy is designed to attract the highest calibre of key management personnel and reward them for performance that results in long-term growth in shareholder wealth.

Key management personnel are also entitled to participate in the employee share and option arrangements.

Key management personnel employed in Australia receive a superannuation guarantee contribution required by the government, which is currently 9.5%, and do not receive any other retirement benefits. Some individuals, however, have chosen to sacrifice part of their salary to increase payments towards superannuation.

All remuneration paid to key management personnel is valued at the cost to the company and expensed. Options and shares are valued using a binomial methodology.

The Board's policy is to remunerate non-executive directors at market rates for comparable companies for time, commitment and responsibilities. The Remuneration and Nomination Committee determines payments to the non-executive directors and reviews their remuneration annually, based on market practice, duties and accountability. Independent external advice is sought when required. The maximum aggregate amount of fees that can be paid to non-executive directors is subject to approval by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting. Fees for non-executive directors are not linked to the performance of the consolidated entity. However, to align directors' interests with shareholder interests, the directors are encouraged to hold shares in the company and are able to participate in the employee option plan.

The company has adopted a policy in respect of directors and executives trading in the company's securities. No formal policy has been adopted regarding directors and executives hedging exposure to holdings of the company's securities and no director or executive has hedged their exposure.

Relationship between Remuneration Policy and Company Performance

The remuneration policy has been tailored to increase goal congruence between shareholders, directors and executives. Two methods are applied to achieve this aim, the first being a performance-based bonus based on key performance indicators, and the second being the issue of shares under an employee share scheme to key management personnel to encourage the alignment of personal and shareholder interests. The company believes this policy will be effective in increasing shareholder wealth.

The key performance indicators (KPIs) are set annually, with a certain level of consultation with key management personnel to ensure buy-in. The measures are specifically tailored to the area each individual is involved in and has a level of control over. The KPIs target areas the Board believes hold greater potential for group expansion and profit, covering financial and non-financial as well as short and long-term goals. In determining whether or not a KPI has been achieved, Reverse Corp Limited bases the assessment on audited figures.

Voting and comments made at the Company's last Annual General Meeting

Reverse Corp received more than 98% of 'yes' votes on its Remuneration Report for the financial year ending 30 June 2015. The Company received no specific feedback on its Remuneration Report at the Annual General Meeting.

The following table shows the gross revenue, profits and dividends for the last 5 years for the listed entity, as well as the share prices at the end of the respective financial years. The Board is of the opinion that the previously described remuneration policy will result in increased shareholder wealth.

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenue	9,996,600	8,523,302	9,736,666	8,810,844	6,939,083
Net Profit/(loss)	(78,284)	365,025	1,497,714	2,062,073	1,559,089
Dividends paid (cents)	-	-	-	-	1.00
EPS (cents)	(0.10)	0.40	1.60	2.20	1.70
Share price at year-end	\$0.03	\$0.04	\$0.15	\$0.14	\$0.13

To grow the share price the company is pursuing long term earnings through its growth pipeline, including by acquisition, product development and diversification.

(b) Details of remuneration for year ended 30 June 2016

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the consolidated entity, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of the consolidated entity. Details of the nature and amount of each element of the remuneration of each Key management personnel of Reverse Corp Limited are shown in the table below:

Director and other Key Management Personnel remuneration									
					Post-employment	Termination	Share-based		Performance
		Short	term emp	icyce benefits	benefits	benefits	payments		based
		Cash salary	Cash	Non-monetary		Termination			percentage of
Em picyce	Year	and fees	Bonus	benefits	Superannuation	Payments -	Shares	Total	remuneration
Non-Executive Directors									
Peter Ritchie	2016	86,957	-	-	8,261	-	-	95,218	0.0%
Independent Chaim an	2015	86,957	-	-	8,261	-	-	95,218	0.0%
Stephen Jermyn	2016	45,787	-	-	4,348	-	-	50,115	0.0%
Independent Director	2015	45,787	-	-	4,348	-	-	50,115	0.0%
Richard Bell	2016	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 00
Independent Director	2015	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 00
GaryHillberg	2016	45,787	-	-	4,348	-	-	50,115	0.0%
Independent Director	2015	45,767	-	-	4,348	-	-	50,115	0.0%
Key Management Personnel									
Charles Slaughler	2016	211,442	35,949	-	19,697	-	-	267,068	135%
Chief Executive Officer	2015	201,373	60,169	-	20,000	-	47,445	328,987	18.3%
Dion Soich	2016	183,103	14,625	-	18,746	-	-	216,474	6.8%
Chief Financial Ollicer	2015	174,633	18,656	-	17,976	-	23,722	234,987	7.9%
Luke Krasnolf	2016	122,917	9,643	-	12,612	-	-	145,372	6.8%
Head of IT	2015	118,216	10,413	-	12,220	-	-	140,849	7.4%
Michael Aarts	2016	95,129	7,539	-	9,753	-	-	112,421	6.7%
Managing Diractor - OzContacts	2015	73,255	10,000		7,909	-	-	91,164	11.0%
2016 Total	2016	791,082	67,956	-	77,765	-	-	936,803	
2015 Total	2015	745,968	99,238	-	75,062	-	71,167	991,435	

The relative proportions of remuneration that are linked to performance and those that are fixed are as follows:

Name	Fixed Remuneration	At risk – STI
Key Management Personnel		
Charles Slaughter	91%	9%
Dion Soich	91%	9%
Luke Krasnoff	91%	9%
Michael Aarts	91%	9%

(c) Employment contracts of key management personnel

The employment conditions of key management personnel are formalised in contracts of employment. All management personnel are permanent employees of 1800 Reverse Operations Pty Ltd or Oz Contacts Pty Ltd.

The employment contracts stipulate a range of one to four month resignation periods. The company may terminate an employment contract without cause by providing written notice or making payment in lieu of notice, based on the individual's annual salary component together with a redundancy payment. Termination payments are generally not payable on resignation or dismissal for serious misconduct. In the instance of serious misconduct the company can terminate employment at any time.

(d) Share-based remuneration

The Board implemented a new Employee Loan Funded Share Plan during the 2015 financial year to provide key management personnel an incentive in a tax effective manner to better align the interests of the participants with the interests of Shareholders. No share based remuneration was paid during the financial year.

The terms of the Loan Funded Share Plan are such that participants receive an upfront entitlement to a certain number of shares with a corresponding limited recourse loan. The loan is interest free and is provided for a maximum term of 3 years. The shares are subject to a holding lock until the loan is repaid. There are no vesting conditions on these shares.

The following table details shares that have been provided to key management personnel through the Share Loan Funded Share Plan:

Name	Issue Date	Number of Loan Funded Shares Allocated	Number of Loan Funded Shares Vested	Issue Price	Fair Value	Total Amount of Loan	Expiry Date
Key Management Personnel							
Charles Slaughter	2 Sept 2014	706,215	706,215	\$0.1416	\$0.067	\$100,000	1 Sep 2017
Dion Soich	2 Sept 2014	353,107	353,107	\$0.1416	\$0.067	\$50,000	1 Sep 2017
Total		1,059,322	1,059,322			\$150,000	

(e) Bonuses included in remuneration

The details of the short-term incentive cash bonuses awarded as remuneration to each key management personnel, the percentage of the available bonus that was paid in the financial year, and the percentage that was forfeited because the person did not meet the performance criteria is set out below.

	Included in remuneration (\$)	Percentage vested during the year	Percentage forfeited during the year
Key Management Personnel			
Charles Slaughter 1	16,362	81%	19%
Dion Soich	14,625	81%	19%
Luke Krasnoff	9,843	81%	19%
Michael Aarts	7,539	81%	19%

1. Charles Slaughter was paid an additional discretionary bonus of \$19,587.

(f) Other information

Options held by Key Management Personnel

There are no options held by key management personnel at year end.

Shares held by Key Management Personnel

The number of ordinary shares in the Company during the 2016 reporting period held by each of the key management personnel, including their related parties, is set out below:

	Balance	Granted as	Options		Balance
	1.7.15	Remuneration	Exercised	Other (1)	30.6.16
Peter Ritchie	4,722,234	-	-	-	4,722,234
Gary Hillberg	250,356	-	-	-	250,356
Steve Jermyn	2,901,544	-	-	-	2,901,544
Richard Bell	20,370,588	-	-	-	20,370,588
Charles Slaughter (2)	706,215	-	-	-	706,215
Dion Soich (2)	353,107	-	-	-	353,107
Total	29,304,044	-	-	-	29,304,044

(1) Other refers to net shares purchased or sold during the financial year

(2) Subject to a holding lock until limited recourse loan is repaid

None of the shares included in the table above are held nominally by Key Management Personnel.

Loans to Key Management Personnel

The Company provides key management personnel with a limited recourse loan to purchase shares in the Company. Further details are outlined in Note 28 – Share-based payments.

The number of key management personnel included in the Company aggregate at year end is two (2).

There are no individuals with loans above \$100,000 during the financial year.

Other transactions with Key Management Personnel

During 2016, 1800 Reverse Pty Ltd, a subsidiary of the Company, leased office premises from Bell Co Pty Ltd, a company which Non-executive Director Mr Richard Bell controls. This lease ended on 26 August 2015 and the amount of operating lease payments for 2016 was \$19,372.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

This Report of the Directors, incorporating the Remuneration Report, is signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Tea Thichin

Mr. Peter D. Ritchie Chairman

Dated this 29th day of August 2016



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Auditor's Independence Declaration To the Directors of Reverse Corp Limited

In accordance with the requirements of section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001, as lead auditor for the audit of Reverse Corp Limited for the year ended 30 June 2016, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- a no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- b no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Grant Shonton

GRANT THORNTON AUDIT PTY LTD Chartered Accountants

M S Bell Partner - Audit & Assurance

Brisbane, 29 August 2016

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STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

	Note	Consolidated Entity	
		2016 \$	2015 \$
Revenue	2	6,939,083	8,609,052
Other revenue	2	158,218	160,431
Direct costs associated with revenue	3	(2,622,957)	(3,297,868)
Employee benefits expense		(1,350,353)	(1,458,310)
Depreciation and amortisation expense		(183,803)	(196,887)
Impairment of intangibles		(73,838)	-
Exchange differences reclassified to the profit and loss		(5,219)	-
Other expenses		(579,844)	(682,430)
Finance costs	3	(1)	(164)
Profit before income tax		2,281,286	3,133,824
Income tax expense	4	(722,197)	(950,349)
Profit for the year from continuing operations		1,559,089	2,183,475
Profit/(loss) for the year from discontinued operations		-	(121,402)
Profit for the year		1,559,089	2,062,073
Other comprehensive income Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations		(3,737)	(259)
- Reclassification to the profit and loss		5,219	-
Available-for-sale financial assets:			
- Current year gains		251,136	-
Income tax on other comprehensive income	4	-	-
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax		252,618	(259)
Total comprehensive income for the year		1,811,707	2,061,814
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to:			
Non-controlling interest		(4,473)	(23,452)
Owners of the parent		1,563,562	2,085,525
		1,559,089	2,062,073
Other comprehensive income for the year attributable to: Non-controlling interest		-	-
Owners of the parent		252,618	(259)
		252,618	(259)
			. /

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

	Note	Consolidate	d Entity
		2016 \$	2015 \$
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to owners			
of the parent:			
Continuing operations		1,816,180	2,206,668
Discontinued operations		-	(121,402)
		1,816,180	2,085,266
Earnings per share	8		
Basic earnings per share		0.017	0.022
Earnings from continuing operations		0.017	0.024
Profit/(loss) from discontinued operations		N/A	0.001
Diluted earnings per share		0.017	0.022
Earnings from continuing operations		0.017	0.024
Profit/(loss) from discontinued operations		N/A	0.001

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2016

	Consolidat		ed Entity	
			2015	
	Note	\$	\$	
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	9	6,039,277	7,478,033	
Trade and other receivables	10	474,622	697,338	
Inventories	11	164,954	74,398	
Available for sale financial Assets	13	2,231,530	-	
Other current assets	17	116,002	66,842	
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		9,026,385	8,316,611	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Property, plant and equipment	15	60,288	36,008	
Deferred tax assets	20	353,738	336,852	
Goodwill	16	1,671,024	1,671,024	
Other intangible assets	16	164,807	331,298	
Other non-current assets	17	-	650	
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		2,249,857	2,375,832	
TOTAL ASSETS		11,276,242	10,692,443	
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Trade and other payables	18	405,559	649,136	
Current tax liabilities	20	114,924	180,812	
Short-term employee benefits	21	101,938	78,367	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		622,421	908,315	
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Deferred tax liabilities	20	6,210	19,891	
Long-term employee benefits	21	22,162	16,080	
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		28,372	35,971	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		650,793	944,286	
NET ASSETS		10,625,449	9,748,157	
EQUITY				
Issued capital	22	3,553,224	3,553,224	
Other components of equity	23	694,851	442,233	
Retained earnings		6,413,396	5,759,025	
		10,661,471	9,754,482	
Non- controlling interest		(36,022)	(6,325)	
TOTAL EQUITY		10,625,449	9,748,157	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Consolidated Entity

	Note	lssued capital	Retained earnings	Non- controlling interest	Other components of equity	Total
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2014		3,553,224	3,939,113	(184,009)	371,325	7,679,653
Total comprehensive income		-	2,085,525	(23,452)	(259)	2,061,814
Subtotal		3,553,224	6,024,638	(207,461)	371,066	9,741,467
Transactions with owners						
Share-based payments	23	-	-	-	71,167	71,167
Acquisition of non-controlling interest in Oz Contacts Pty Ltd		-	(265,613)	201,136	_	(64,477)
Balance at 30 June 2015		3,553,224	5,759,025	(6,325)	442,233	9,748,157
Balance at 1 July 2015		3,553,224	5,759,025	(6,325)	442,233	9,748,157
Total comprehensive income		-	1,563,562	(4,473)	252,618	1,811,707
Subtotal		3,553,224	7,322,587	(10,798)	694,851	11,559,864
Transactions with owners						
Share-based payments	23	-	-	-	-	-
Dividends paid		-	(934,415)	-	-	(934,415)
Issue of shares to non-controlling interest in Oz Contacts Pty Ltd		-	25,224	(25,224)	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2016		3,553,224	6,413,396	(36,022)	694,851	10,625,449

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

	Consolidated Entity			
	Note	2016	2015	
		\$	\$	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from customers		7,514,478	8,899,173	
Payments to suppliers and employees		(5,187,102)	(5,853,753)	
Taxes paid		(818,651)	(780,250)	
Net cash from continuing operations		1,508,725	2,265,170	
Net cash from discontinuing operations		-	(12,129)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	27	1,508,725	2,253,041	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		795	-	
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(66,284)	(7,541)	
Proceeds from the sale of subsidiaries		-	1	
Payments for financial assets		(1,980,393)	-	
Interest received		123,682	160,430	
Payments for intangible assets		(57,859)	(3,330)	
Investment in subsidiaries		(32,239)	(32,239)	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(2,012,298)	117,321	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Interest paid		(1)	(164)	
Dividends paid		(934,415)	-	
Net cash used in financing activities		(934,416)	(164)	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		(1,437,989)	2,370,198	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year		7,478,033	5,108,025	
Effect of exchange rates on cash holdings in foreign				
currencies		(767)	(190)	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	9	6,039,277	7,478,033	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial report is a general purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, including Australian Accounting Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Corporations Act 2001.

The financial report covers the consolidated entity of Reverse Corp Limited and controlled entities ("consolidated group" or "group"). Reverse Corp Limited is a listed public company, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Reverse Corp Limited is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The financial report of Reverse Corp Limited and controlled entities comply with all Australian Accounting Standards, which ensures that the financial report comprising the financial statements and the notes thereto, complies with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

The following is a summary of the material accounting policies adopted by the consolidated entity in the preparation of the financial report. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of Preparation

Reporting Basis and Conventions

The financial report has been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical costs modified by the revaluation of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities for which the fair value basis of accounting has been applied.

Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of Consolidation

The Group financial statements consolidate those of the parent entity and all of its subsidiaries as of 30 June 2016. The parent controls a subsidiary if it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from the involvement with the subsidiary and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the subsidiary.

All subsidiaries have a reporting date of 30 June.

All balances and transactions between Group companies in the consolidated entity have been eliminated on consolidation. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistencies with those policies applied by the parent entity.

Where controlled entities have entered or left the consolidated group during the year, their operating results have been included/excluded from the date control was obtained or until the date control ceased.

Business Combinations

Business combinations occur where control over another business is obtained and results in the consolidation of its assets and liabilities. All business combinations are accounted for by applying the purchase method. The purchase method requires an acquirer of the business to be identified and for the cost of the acquisition and fair values of identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities to be determined as at acquisition date, being the date that control is obtained. Cost is determined as the aggregate of fair values of assets given, equity issued and liabilities assumed in exchange for control together with costs directly attributable to the business combination. Any deferred consideration payable is discounted to present value using the entity's incremental borrowing rate.

Goodwill is recognised initially at the excess of cost over the acquirer's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognised. If the fair value of the acquirer's interest is greater than cost, the surplus is immediately recognised in profit or loss.

(b) Income Tax

The charge for current income tax expense is based on the profit for the year adjusted for any nonassessable or disallowed items. It is calculated using the tax rates that have been enacted or are substantially enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or liability is settled. Deferred tax is credited in the income statement except where it relates to items that may be credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is adjusted directly against equity.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(b) Income Tax (cont)

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax is accounted for using the statement of financial position liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount in the financial statements. No deferred income tax will be recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, excluding a business combination, where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss.

The amount of benefits brought to account or which may be realised in the future is based on the assumption that no adverse change will occur in income taxation legislation and the anticipation that the economic entity will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and comply with the conditions of deductibility proposed by law.

Reverse Corp Limited and its wholly-owned Australian subsidiaries have formed an income tax consolidated group under the tax consolidation regime. Reverse Corp Limited is responsible for recognising the current and deferred tax assets and liabilities for the tax consolidated group. The group notified the Australian Taxation Office on 9 December 2004 that it had formed an income tax consolidated group to apply from 1 July 2003. The tax consolidated group has entered into a tax sharing agreement and a tax funding agreement whereby each company in the group contributes to the income tax payable in proportion to their contribution to the net profit before tax of the tax consolidated group.

(c) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Included in inventories are contact lenses sold online by Oz Contacts Pty Ltd.

(d) Property, Plant and Equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment, motor vehicles and the calling platform are measured on the cost basis.

The cost of fixed assets constructed within the consolidated entity includes the cost of materials, direct labour, borrowing costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets, excluding the calling platform, are depreciated on a diminishing value basis over their useful lives to the consolidated entity commencing from the time the assets are held ready for use. The calling platform is depreciated on a straight line basis over its useful life.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

Class of Fixed Asset	Depreciation Rate
Plant and equipment	11.25% to 40%
Calling Platform	20%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(e) Leases

Leases of fixed assets where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not the legal ownership that are transferred to entities in the consolidated entity are classified as finance leases.

Finance leases are capitalised by recording an asset and a liability at the lower of the amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives and the lease term.

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease term.

(f) Financial Instruments

Recognition

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value on trade date, which includes transaction costs, when the related contractual rights or obligations exist. Subsequent to initial recognition these instruments are measured as set out below.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are stated at amortised cost less impairment losses.

Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost, comprising original debt less principal payments and amortisation.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale (AFS) financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are either designated to this category or do not qualify for inclusion in any other categories of financial assets. The Group's AFS financial assets include listed securities.

Fair value

Fair value is determined based on current bid prices for all quoted investments. Valuation techniques are applied to determine the fair value for all unlisted securities, including recent arm's length transactions, reference to similar instruments and option pricing models.

Impairment

At each reporting date, the group assess whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. In the case of available-for-sale financial instruments, a prolonged decline in the value of the instrument is considered to determine whether an impairment has arisen. Impairment losses are recognised in the income statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(g) Impairment of Non-financial Assets

At each reporting date, the group reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the income statement.

Impairment testing is performed annually for goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

(h) Intangibles

Goodwill

Goodwill on consolidation is initially recorded at the amount by which the purchase price for a business or for an ownership interest in a controlled entity exceeds the fair value attributed to its net assets at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisition of subsidiaries is included in intangible assets. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

Patents and trademarks

Patents and trademarks are recognised at cost of acquisition. Patents and trademarks have a finite life and are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses. Patents and trademarks are amortised over their useful life ranging from 10 to 20 years.

Research and development

Expenditure during the research phase of a project is recognised as an expense when incurred. Development costs are capitalised only when technically feasibility studies identify that the project will deliver future economic benefits and these benefits can be measured reliably.

Development Costs and Contractual Rights

Development costs have a finite life and are amortised on a systematic basis matched to the future economic benefits over the useful life of the project. Useful lives are generally 5 years.

Intellectual Property

All other intangible assets are recorded at cost less impairment and have indefinite life.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(i) Foreign Currency Transactions and Balances

Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of each of the group's entities is measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which that entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars which is the parent entity's functional and presentation currency.

Transaction and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated at the year-end exchange rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost continue to be carried at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value are reported at the exchange rate at the date when fair values were determined.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of monetary items are recognised in the income statement, except where deferred in equity as a qualifying cash flow or net investment hedge.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items are recognised directly in equity to the extent that the gain or loss is directly recognised in equity, otherwise the exchange difference is recognised in the income statement.

Group companies

The financial results and position of foreign operations whose functional currency is different from the group's presentation currency are translated as follows:

- assets and liabilities are translated at year-end exchange rates prevailing at that reporting date;
- income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the period where this approximates the rate at the date of the transaction; and
- retained profits are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations are transferred directly to the group's foreign currency translation reserve in the balance sheet. These differences are recognised in the income statement in the period in which the operation is disposed.

(j) Employee Benefits

Provision is made for the company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits. Those cash flows are discounted using market yields on high quality bonds that have maturity dates that match the expected timing of cash flows.

Share-based payment transactions

The group provides benefits to employees (including directors) in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services in exchange for rights over shares or options. The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance conditions are fulfilled, ending on the date on which the relevant employees become fully entitled to the award ('vesting date'). The total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the shares or options granted.

(k) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the group has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(I) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

(m) Revenue

Revenue from calls is recognised on the day on which the call is completed.

Revenue from the sale of contact lenses is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the customer. Risk and rewards are considered passed to the customer when the contact lenses have been despatched.

Interest revenue is recognised on a proportional basis taking into account the interest rates applicable to the financial assets.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

(n) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

(o) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the balance sheet are shown inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are presented in the cash flow statement on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

Reverse Corp Limited and its wholly-owned Australian subsidiaries have formed a GST group effective 1 April 2003. The impact of forming a GST group is GST is not charged on taxable supplies between members of the group.

(p) Comparative Figures

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

(q) Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The directors evaluate estimates and judgments incorporated into the financial report based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the group.

Key estimates — Impairment

The group assesses impairment at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the group that may lead to impairment of assets. Where an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. Value-in-use calculations performed in assessing recoverable amounts incorporate a number of key estimates.

For additional details relating to the testing of goodwill impairment refer to Note 16: Goodwill and other Intangible Assets.

Recognition of deferred tax assets

The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognised is based on an assessment of the probability of the Group's future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

	Note	Consolidate	d Entity
		2016 \$	2015 \$
Note 2: Revenue		•	
Sales revenue			
— Sale of products		1,533,252	1,818,843
— Rendering of services		5,405,831	6,790,209
Sales revenue		6,939,083	8,609,052
Other revenue			
 Interest received from other corporations 		123,682	160,430
— Other revenue		34,536	1
Other revenue		158,218	160,431
Note 3: Expenses		0.000.057	0.070.000
Direct costs associated with revenue		2,622,957	3,279,868
Realised foreign exchange loss/(gain)		(2,224)	(464)
Cost of inventories expensed (included in direct costs above)		1,077,963	1,286,305
Inventory write-off expensed		4,848	25,760
Rental expenses on operating leases:			
 minimum lease payments 		131,872	211,335
Finance costs:			
— External		1	164

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

	Note	Note Consolidated	l Entity
		2016 \$	2015 \$
Note 4: Income Tax Expense			
(a) The components of tax expense/(benefit) comprise:			
Current tax		730,888	965,583
Deferred tax	20	(30,567)	(13,936)
Under/(over) provision in respect of prior years		21,876	(1,298)
Income tax expense		722,197	950,349
Deferred tax expense recognised in other comprehensive income	20	-	
(b) The prima facie tax on profit before income tax is reconciled to the income tax as follows:			
Prima facie tax payable on profit before income tax at 30% (2015: 30%)		684,386	940,147
Add:			
Tax effect of:			
 Other non-allowable/(deductible) items 		15,935	(9,850)
 Share payments expensed during year 		-	21,350
 Under/ (over) provision in respect of prior years 		21,876	(1,298)
yous		722,197	950,349
Less:		, 22, 101	000,010
Tax effect of:			
 Loans forgiven to and from subsidiaries which have been wound up / foreign tax differential 		-	
Income tax expense		722,197	950,349
The applicable weighted average effective tax rates			
are as follows:		32%	30%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Note 5: Key Management Personnel Remuneration

(a) Refer to the Remuneration Report contained in the Directors' Report for details of the remuneration paid or payable to each member of the group's key management personnel for the year ended 30 June 2016. Names and positions held by key management personnel in office at any time during the financial year are:

Directors

Peter Ritchie	Non-executive Chairman
Gary Hillberg	Non-executive Director
Stephen Jermyn	Non-executive Director
Richard Bell	Non-executive Director

Management Personnel

Charles Slaughter	Chief Executive Officer
Dion Soich	Chief Financial Officer
Michael Aarts	Managing Director – Oz Contacts Ltd
Luke Krasnoff	Head of IT

		Consolidated Entity		
		2016 \$	2015 \$	
(b)	Remuneration for Key Management Personnel			
	Short term employee benefits	859,038	845,206	
	Post-employment benefits	77,765	75,062	
	Share-based payments	-	71,167	
_	Termination benefits	-	-	
		936,803	991,435	

(c) Remuneration Options

There were no options issued during the year as part of any executive's remuneration. Further details on share-based payments can be found at Note 28: Share-based Payments.

(d) Employee Loan Funded Share Plan

There were no shares issued during the year as part of any executive's remuneration. Further details on share-based payments can be found at Note 28: Share-based Payments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Note 5: Key Management Personnel Remuneration (cont)

(e) Shares issued on Exercise of Remuneration Options

There were no shares issued during the year as a result of options exercised.

(f) Shareholdings

Number of Shares held by Key Management Personnel during the year

	Balance	Granted as	Options		Balance
	1.7.15	Remuneration	Exercised	Other (1)	30.6.16
Peter Ritchie	4,722,234	-	-	-	4,722,234
Gary Hillberg	250,356	-	-	-	250,356
Steve Jermyn	2,901,544	-	-	-	2,901,544
Richard Bell	20,370,588	-	-	-	20,370,588
Charles Slaughter (2)	706,215	-	-	-	706,215
Dion Soich (2)	353,107	-	-	-	353,107
Total	29,304,044	-	-	-	29,304,044

Number of Shares held by Key Management Personnel for the year ended 30 June 2015

	Balance	Granted as	Options		Balance
	1.7.14	Remuneration	Exercised	Other (1)	30.6.15
Peter Ritchie	4,322,234	-	-	400,000	4,722,234
Gary Hillberg	250,356	-	-	-	250,356
Steve Jermyn	2,901,544	-	-	-	2,901,544
Richard Bell	20,370,588	-	-	-	20,370,588
Charles Slaughter (2)	-	706,215	-	-	706,215
Dion Soich (2)	-	353,107	-	-	353,107
Total	27,844,722	1,059,322	-	400,000	29,304,044

(1) Other refers to net shares purchased or sold during the financial year.

(2) Subject to a holding lock until limited recourse loan is paid

	Consolidate	ed Entity
	2016 \$	2015 \$
Note 6: Auditors' Remuneration		
Remuneration of the auditor of the parent entity for:		
auditing or reviewing the financial report	50,879	51,991
Remuneration of the auditor of the parent entity for:	17,036	16,150

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

		Consolidated Entity	
		2016 \$	2015 \$
Note	e 7: Dividends	·	
_	Dividends Paid	934,415	-
Fully	r franked dividend (1c per share)	934,415	-
	Balance of franking account at year end: — Adjustment for franking credits arising from	6,292,510	5,874,323
	payment of provision for income tax	34,477	54,244
	Balance of franking account after post balance date adjustments	6,326,987	5,928,567
	The tax rate at which dividends have been franked is 30%.		
		Consolidate	ed Entity
		2016 \$	2015 \$
Note	e 8: Earnings per Share		
(a)	Reconciliation of Earnings to Profit		
	Profit	1,563,562	2,085,525
	Earnings used to calculate basic EPS	1,563,562	2,085,525
	Earnings used in the calculation of dilutive EPS	1,563,562	2,085,525
		No	No
(b)	Weighted average number of ordinary shares during the year used in calculating basic EPS	93,441,497	93,258,153
		93,441,497	93,258,153
	Weighted average number of options outstanding (i)	-	-
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year used in calculating dilutive EPS	93,441,497	93,258,153

(i) Only those options which were "in-the-money" during the year were included in the weighted average number of outstanding options. At year end there were no options which were capable of being exercised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

	Consolidate	Consolidated Entity		
	2016 \$	2015 \$		
Note 9: Cash and Cash Equivalents				
Cash at bank and on hand	59,781	76,478		
hort-term deposits	5,979,496	7,401,555		
	6,039,277	7,478,033		

For the purposes of the Cash Flow Statement, cash and cash equivalents are comprised as above. The effective interest rate on cash at bank and short-term bank deposits was 1.7% (2015: 2.7%).

	Note	Consolidated Entity		
		2016 \$	2015 \$	
Note 10: Trade and Other Receivables				
CURRENT				
Trade receivables	10a	386,952	567,535	
Sundry receivables		87,670	129,803	
		474,622	697,338	

(a) Current trade receivables are on 30 day terms. No receivables are either past due or impaired. Refer to Note 31 for further information regarding credit risk.

	Consolidated I	Entity
	2016 \$	2015 \$
Note 11: Inventories		
Inventory at cost	164,954	74,398

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Note 12: Controlled Entities

(a) Unlisted investments, at cost:	Principal activities	Country of Incorporation	Ownership Interest	
			2016	2015
			%	%
1800 Reverse Pty Ltd	Reverse Charge Calling Services	Australia	100	100
0800 Reverse Pty Ltd	Dormant Entity	Australia	100	100
Oz Contacts Pty Ltd	Online Contact Lenses	Australia	95	99
15-15 Pty Ltd	Dormant Entity	Australia	100	100
15-15 Cobro Revertido, S.L. (i) (iii)	Dormant Entity	Spain	0	100
1800 Reverse Operations Pty Ltd (ii)	Service Entity	Australia	100	100

(i) Subsidiary of 15-15 Pty Ltd

(ii) Subsidiary of 1800 Reverse Pty Ltd

(iii) Wound up on 30 September 2015

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Note 13: Available-for-sale financial assets

During the financial year ended 30 June 2016, Reverse Corp Limited has purchased 3,143,000 shares in Onthehouse Holdings Limited (OTH) an ASX listed real estate software provider for a total consideration of \$1,980,394 that represents a 3.8% shareholding in OTH.

The Group revalued this investment at 30 June 2016 in accordance with applicable accounting standards on a fair value basis using the ASX quoted bid price as at 30 June 2016 of \$0.71. The revaluation resulted in an unrealised gain of \$251,136 which was recorded in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as shown in the table below:

Details	Effect	Effect per share
Total Cost of OTH Shares	\$1,980,394	\$0.6307
Revaluation of OTH Shares @ 30 June 2016	\$2,231,530	\$0.7100
Unrealised gain on revaluation of OTH Shares	\$251,136	\$0.0793

On the 6 July 2016 OTH's Board accepted a revised takeover offer, via a scheme of arrangement, to acquire all of the remaining shares in OTH that they don't own by a consortium led by Macquarie. Further details are shown in Note 29.

As a result of this takeover offer the Group has reclassified the available-for-sale financial asset as current in the statement of financial position.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Note 14: Parent Entity Information

Reverse Corp Limited	2016 \$	2015 \$
Assets		· .
Current assets	8,193,752	7,438,120
Non-current assets	(4,043,253)	(2,818,500)
Total Assets	4,150,499	4,619,620
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	155,331	288,934
Non-current liabilities	-	-
Total Liabilities	155,331	288,934
Equity		
Issued capital	3,553,224	3,553,224
Retained earnings	(2,770)	332,748
Other components of equity		
Share option reserve	444,714	444,714
Total Equity	3,995,168	4,330,686
Financial Performance		
Loss for the year	(335,518)	(69,516)
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income	(335,518)	(69,516)

Guarantees in relation to the debts of subsidiaries:

Reverse Corp Limited has signed a debt and interest interlocking guarantee in favour of National Australia Bank Limited in relation to financing provided to its subsidiaries, 1800 Reverse Pty Ltd and 1800 Reverse Operations Pty Ltd. At the date of this report no funds were owed to National Australia Bank under this facility.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

	Consolidated Entity		
	2016 \$	2015 \$	
Note 15: Property, Plant and Equipment			
Plant and Equipment:			
At cost	214,506	192,609	
Accumulated depreciation	(186,412)	(175,041)	
	28,094	17,568	
Calling Platform:			
At cost	1,063,171	1,049,926	
Accumulated depreciation	(1,047,296)	(1,031,486)	
	15,875	18,440	
Leasehold Improvements:			
At cost	22,430	-	
Accumulated depreciation	(6,111)	-	
	16,319	-	
Total Property, Plant and Equipment	60,288	36,008	

Movements in Carrying Amounts

	Consolidated Entity			
	Plant and Equipment	Calling Platform	Lease Hold Improvements	Total
Year ended 30 June 2015	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at the beginning of year	142,917	39,067	-	181,984
Additions	1,735	5,806	-	7,541
Disposals	(59,326)	-	-	(59,326)
Depreciation expense	(67,758)	(26,433)	-	(94,191)
Carrying amount at the end of year	17,568	18,440	-	36,008
Year ended 30 June 2016				
Balance at the beginning of year	17,568	18,440	-	36,008
Additions	30,608	13,245	22,430	66,283
Disposals	(8,711)	-	-	(8,711)
Depreciation expense	(11,371)	(15,810)	(6,111)	(33,292)
Carrying amount at the end of year	28,094	15,875	16,319	60,288

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

	Consolid	lated Entity
	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Note 16: Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets		
Goodwill		
Cost	1,671,024	1,671,024
Accumulated impairment losses	-	-
Net carrying value	1,671,024	1,671,024
Trademarks, Licences and Intellectual Property		
Cost	395,068	337,209
Impairment	(73,838)	-
Accumulated amortisation	(209,090)	(174,213)
Net carrying value	112,140	162,996
Development Costs		
Cost	37,636	37,636
Accumulated amortisation	(37,636)	(36,000)
Net carrying value	-	1,636
Contractual Rights		
Cost	570,000	570,000
Accumulated amortisation	(517,333)	(403,334)
Net carrying value	52,667	166,666
Total intangible assets	1,835,831	2,002,322

Trademarks, licences and development costs have finite useful lives. The current amortisation charges in respect of these intangible assets are included under depreciation and amortisation expense. Intellectual property and goodwill do not have finite useful lives.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Note 16: Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets (cont)

Movements	in	Carrying	∆ mounts

Movements in Carrying Amounts		Consolidated Entity					
	Goodwill	Trademarks, Licences & IP	Development Costs	Contractual Rights	Total		
Year ended 30 June 2015	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Balance at the beginning of year	1,671,024	214,048	3,636	280,666	2,169,374		
Additions	-	3,329	-	-	3,329		
Disposals	-	(8,360)	-	-	(8,360)		
Impairment	-	-	-	-	-		
Amortisation expense	-	(46,021)	(2,000)	(114,000)	(162,021)		
Carrying amount at the end of year	1,671,024	162,996	1,636	166,666	2,002,322		
Year ended 30 June 2016							
Balance at the beginning of year	1,671,024	162,996	1,636	166,666	2,002,322		
Additions	-	57,859	-	-	57,859		
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-		
Impairment	-	(73,838)	-	-	(73,838)		
Amortisation expense	-	(34,877)	(1,636)	(113,999)	(150,512)		
Carrying amount at the end of year	1,671,024	112,140	-	52,667	1,835,831		

Concolidated Entity

Impairment Disclosures

Goodwill is allocated to the following cash-generating unit:

	2016 \$	2015 \$
1800 Reverse	1,671,024	1,671,024
Total	1,671,024	1,671,024

The recoverable amount of each cash-generating unit is determined based on value-in-use calculations. Value-in-use is calculated based on the present value of cash flow projections over the estimated life of the business.

Management has based the value-in-use calculations on budgets for each reporting segment. These budgets assume minimal price increases for the life of the model and conservative assumptions for call volumes trends and that all parties to the Heads of Agreement don't exercise their options to terminate during the remaining option periods. The cash flows are discounted using an estimated weighted average cost of capital of 12.5%.

The following conservative assumptions were used in the value-in-use calculations:

		Growth Rate	Discount
			Rate
1800 Reverse (Australia)	Year 1-3	(30%)	12.5%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

	Consolidated Er	
	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Note 17: Other Assets		
CURRENT		
Prepayments	40,952	55,769
Deposits	75,050	11,073
	116,002	66,842
NON-CURRENT		
Deposits		650
	Consolid	ated Entity
	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Note 18: Trade and Other Payables		
CURRENT		
Unsecured liabilities		
Trade payables	164,929	294,634
Sundry payables and accrued expenses	240,630	354,502
	405,559	649,136

(a) Current trade payables are on 30 day terms. No payables are either past due or impaired. Refer to Note 31 for further information regarding currency risk.

Note 19: Financial Liabilities

NAB credit facility

The Group has a \$50,000 credit card limit and a bank guarantee limit of \$56,162. The bank holds a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the group.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

		Note	Consolidated Entity	
Not	e 20: Tax		2016 \$	2015 \$
(a)	Current Income tax payable		114,924	180,812

	Balance	Sheet	Compreh Incor		Income St	atement
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
(b) Non-Current	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Consolidated Entity						
Deferred tax liabilities:						
Prepaid expenses	(1,560)	(1,725)			(165)	1,545
Property, plant and equipment	-	(13,550)			(13,550)	9,402
Intangibles	(4,650)	(4,616)			34	(15,120)
Gross deferred income tax liability	(6,210)	(19,891)				
Deferred tax assets:						
Provisions	37,230	28,334			(8,896)	(268)
Carried forward tax losses	296,258	262,733			(33,525)	(47,363)
Intangibles	20,250	45,769			25,519	37,884
Other	-	16	-	-	16	(16)
Gross deferred income tax assets	353,738	336,852				
Deferred income tax charge			-	-	(30,567)	(13,936)

Due to the wind up of dormant foreign entities during 2011 the group realised capital tax losses. As a result a deferred tax of asset of \$748,000 was generated. This asset, and the corresponding deferred tax benefit, have not been recognised but are available for the tax consolidated group to utilise should the group incur a capital tax gain in future years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Note 21: Employee Benefits	Consolidated Entity	
Employee Benefits	\$	
Opening balance at 1 July 2015	94,447	
Movement in employee benefits	29,653	
Balance at 30 June 2016	124,100	

Analysis of Total Employee Benefits

	Consolidated Entity		
Employee Benefits	2016	2015	
	\$	\$	
Current	101,938	78,367	
Non-current	22,162	16,080	
	124,100	94,447	

Employee Benefits

A provision has been recognised for employee entitlements relating to annual leave and long service leave. In calculating the present value of future cash flows in respect of long service leave, the probability of long service leave being taken is based on an estimate of expected service periods. The measurement and recognition criteria relating to employee benefits has been included in Note 1 to this report.

	Note	Note Consolidated Entity	
Note 22: Issued Capital		2016 \$	2015 \$
93,441,497 (2015: 93,441,497)			
Fully paid Ordinary shares	22(a)	3,553,224 3,	553,224
		3,553,224 3,	553,224

Effective 1 July 1998, the Corporations legislation abolished the concepts of authorised capital and par value shares. Accordingly, the consolidated entity does not have authorised capital or par value in respect of its issued capital.

(a) Ordinary Shares

Ordinary shares have the right to receive dividends as declared and, in the event of winding up the company, to participate in the proceeds from the sale of all surplus assets in proportion to the number of and amounts paid upon shares held. Ordinary shares entitle their holder to one vote, either in person or by proxy, at a meeting of the company.

	2016	2015
	No.	No.
At the beginning of reporting period	93,441,497	7 92,382,175
Shares issued during the year		- 1,059,322
At reporting date	93,441,497	7 93,441,497

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Note 22: Issued Capital (cont)

(a) **Options**

- (i) For information relating to the Reverse Corp Limited Employee Option Plan, including details of options issued, exercised and lapsed during the financial year and the options outstanding at year-end, refer to Note 28.
- (ii) For information relating to share options issued to executives during the financial year, refer to Note 28.

(b) Capital Management

Management controls the capital of the group in order to maintain an appropriate debt to equity ratio, provide shareholders with adequate returns and ensure that the group can fund its operations and continue as a going concern.

The group's capital includes ordinary share capital and financial liabilities, supported by financial assets.

Management effectively manages the group's capital by assessing the group's financial risks and adjusting its capital structure in response to changes in these risks and in the market. These responses include the management of debt levels, distributions to shareholders and share issues.

Management felt it was prudent to hold no group debt to provide maximum financial flexibility for future growth. The gearing ratios for the year ended 30 June 2016 and 30 June 2015 are as follows:

	Note	Consolidat	ed Entity
		2016 \$	2015 \$
Total borrowings	19	-	-
Less cash and cash equivalents	9	(6,039,277)	(7,478,033)
Net debt	_	(6,039,277)	(7,478,033)
Total equity		10,625,449	9,748,157
Total capital		4,586,172	2,270,124
Gearing ratio	_	0.0%	0.0%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Note 23: Other components of equity

		c	onsolidated Entity			
	Available- for-sale Reserve	Share Option Reserve	•		Foreign Currency are Option Translation	
	\$	\$	\$	\$		
At 1 July 2014	-	372,548	(1,223)	371,325		
Currency translation differences	-	-	(259)	(259)		
Share-based payments	-	71,167	-	71,167		
At 30 June 2015	-	443,715	(1,482)	442,233		
Currency translation differences	-	-	(3,737)	(3,737)		
 Reclassification to the profit and loss 	-	-	5,219	5,219		
Current year unrealised gains	251,136	-	-	251,136		
Share-based payments	-	-	-	-		
At 30 June 2016	251,136	443,715	-	694,851		

Share Option Reserve

The share option reserve is used to record the value of equity benefits provided to employees and directors as part of their remuneration.

Foreign Currency Translation Reserve

The foreign currency translation reserve records exchange differences arising on translation of financial statements of foreign operations into AUD. All foreign operations have been either disposed of or discontinued in 2013 and 2015, and as such no group entities have a functional currency other than AUD.

Available-for-sale Reserve

The available-for-sale reserve is used to record the fair value unrealised gain or losses on revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Note 24: Leasing Commitments

	Note	Consolidated	Entity
		2016 \$	2015 \$
Operating Lease Commitments as Lessee			
Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but not capitalised in the financial statements			
Minimum lease payments			
 not later than 12 months 		104,703	136,222
 greater than 1 year but not greater than 5 years 		117,994	214,281
		222,697	350,503

(a) The current operating lease for the office in Brisbane, Australia which commenced on 1 August 2015 for a 3 year term. This lease has an annual increase of a fixed 4%.

(b) At balance date, the group had a \$50,000 IT platform upgrade capital commitment for Oz Contacts Pty Ltd.

Note 25: Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Reverse Corp Limited has signed a debt and interest interlocking guarantee in favour of National Australia Bank Limited in relation to financing provided to its subsidiaries, 1800 Reverse Pty Ltd and 1800 Reverse Operations Pty Ltd to cover the 1800 Reverse Pty Ltd's credit card limit of \$50,000 and bank guarantees of \$56,162.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Note 26: Segment Reporting

The group has identified its operating segments based on the internal reports that are reviewed and used by management and the Board of Directors in assessing performance and determining the allocation of resources. The operating segments reflect the ongoing needs of the business.

The group is managed primarily on the basis of the operating markets as these markets have different pricing and operating structures. The operating segments are therefore determined on the same basis.

The following table presents the operating segments for the years ended 30 June 2016 and 2015.

	Reverse Charges	Online Contacts	Corporate	Inter Segment Eliminations	Group
Year ended 30 June 2016	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
REVENUE					
External revenue	5,405,831	1,533,252	-	-	6,939,083
Other revenue	34,536	-	-	-	34,536
Interest revenue	-	-	204,651	(80,969)	123,682
Total revenue	5,440,367	1,533,252	204,651	(80,969)	7,097,301
RESULT					
Segment result	2,678,988	(123,765)	(273,937)	-	2,281,286
OTHER SEGMENT INFORMATION					
Segment assets	20,647,879	644,093	19,090,553	(29,106,283)	11,276,242
Segment liabilities	12,764,668	1,366,253	13,847,869	(27,327,997)	650,793
Interest expense	1	80,969	-	(80,969)	1
Capital expenditure	62,328	61,814	-	-	124,142
Depreciation and amortisation	145,165	38,638	-	-	183,803
Impairment	73,838	-	-	-	73,838
Income tax expense/(benefit)	820,483	(34,082)	(64,204)	-	722,197

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Note 26: Segment Reporting (cont)

	Reverse Australia	•	Payphones Discontinued	Online Contacts	Corporate	Inter Segment Eliminations	Group
Year ended 30 June 2015	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
REVENUE							
External revenue	6,790,209	981	200,811	1,818,843	-	-	8,810,844
Other revenue	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Interest revenue	-	-	-	-	226,663	(66,233)	160,430
Total revenue	6,790,209	981	200,811	1,818,843	226,664	(66,233)	8,971,275
RESULT							
Segment result	3,636,833	(2,845)	(209,322)	(156,637)	(346,372)	-	2,921,657
OTHER SEGMENT INFORMATION							
Segment assets	17,244,211	923,928	-	446,956	17,917,225	(25,839,877)	10,692,443
Segment liabilities	11,204,014	760,348	-	1,079,433	11,957,422	(24,056,931)	944,286
Interest expense	159	-	-	66,233	5	(66,233)	164
Capital expenditure	5,806	-	-	5,065	-	-	10,871
Depreciation and amortisation	148,343	-	59,326	48,544	-	-	256,213
Impairment	-		-	-	-	-	-
Income tax expense/(benefit)	1,086,770	(27,968)	(62,797)	(51,203)	(85,218)	-	859,584

Basis of accounting for purposes of reporting by operating segments

All amounts reported to the Board of Directors are determined in accordance with accounting policies that are consistent with those adopted for the annual financial statements of the group.

Segment revenues and expenses are those directly attributable to the segments. Segment assets include all assets used by a segment and consist principally of cash, receivables, inventories, intangibles and property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, amortisation and impairment. Segment liabilities consist principally of payables, employee benefits, accrued expenses, and provisions. Segment assets and liabilities do not include deferred income taxes.

Parent entity costs are not allocated across each segment. Segment revenues, expenses and results include transfers between segments. All such transactions are eliminated on consolidation of the group's financial statements. The prices charged on inter-segment transactions are at an arm's length.

Reverse Corp Limited ABN 16 085 949 855 and Controlled Entities NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Note 26: Segment Reporting (cont)

The totals presented for the Group's operating segments reconcile to the key financial figures as presented in the financial statements as follows:

	2016 \$	2015 \$
Revenues		·
Total reportable segment revenues	7,097,301	8,971,275
Discontinued operations	-	(201,792)
Group revenues	7,097,301	8,769,483
Profit or loss		
Total reportable segment operating profit	2,281,286	2,921,657
Loss on sale	-	76,460
Operating loss of discontinued operations	-	135,707
Group operating profit	2,281,286	3,133,824

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

	Consolidate	d Entity
	2016	2015
	\$	4
te 27: Cash Flow Information		
Reconciliation of Cash Flow from Operations with Profit after Income Tax		
Profit after income tax	1,559,089	2,062,073
Items reclassified in cash flow statement (Interest received and interest paid)	(123,683)	(160,266)
Non-cash flows in profit		
Amortisation	150,512	94,191
Depreciation	33,291	162,022
Net (profit)/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	7,600	
Net (profit)/loss on disposal of subsidiaries	-	71,460
FX reclassified to profit and loss	5,219	
Stock adjustment	4,848	25,760
Share-based payments	-	71,167
Impairment	73,838	-
Other non-cash outflows	(28,116)	-
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of the effects of purchase and disposal of subsidiaries		
(Increase)/decrease in trade and term receivables	212,296	(36,338)
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(95,404)	(4,153)
(Increase)/decrease in prepayments	10,575	17,774
(Increase)/decrease in other assets	(80,214)	(19,976)
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables and accruals	(129,705)	(122,676
Increase/(decrease) in income taxes payable	(65,887)	93,272
Increase/(decrease) in deferred taxes payable	(13,681)	(4,173
Increase/(decrease) in other payables	(47,608)	2,036
Increase/(decrease) in provisions	29,656	895
Foreign currency movement	6,099	(27)
Cash flow from operations	1,508,725	2,253,041

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Note 28: Share-based Payments

Options

There are no options outstanding at 30 June 2016.

There were no options granted during the year.

Employee Loan Funded Share Plan

There were no shares issued under the Loan Funded Share Plan during the year.

The following table details shares that have been provided to key management personnel through the Share Loan Funded Share Plan:

Name	Issue Date	Number of Loan Funded Shares Allocated	Number of Loan Funded Shares Vested	lssue Price	Fair Value	Total Amount of Loan	Expiry Date
Key Management Personnel							
Charles Slaughter	2 Sept 2014	706,215	706,215	\$0.1416	\$0.067	\$100,000	1 Sep 2017
Dion Soich	2 Sept 2014	353,107	353,107	\$0.1416	\$0.067	\$50,000	1 Sep 2017
Total		1,059,322	1,059,322			\$150,000	

The number of shares in the Loan Funded Share Plan issued to key management personnel and outstanding at the end of the year was 1,059,322.

Note 29: Events After the Balance Sheet Date

In February 2016 the company announced that it had acquired 3,143,000 shares in OntheHouse Holdings Limited (ASX:OTH) for a total consideration of \$1,980,394. Subsequent to the initial investment, OntheHouse was subject to a takeover proposal. On 6 July 2016 OntheHouse confirmed that it had have entered into a scheme implementation deed with a consortium of investors led by the Macquarie Group to acquire all of the shares not already owned by the consortium for 85c per share. The scheme is subject to various conditions and it is anticipated that shareholders will have the opportunity to vote on the proposal at a meeting in October 2016. Subject to court approval and the conditions of the scheme being satisfied, the scheme is expected to be implemented in October 2016. Completion would result in a net gain for \$691,157 for Reverse Corp.

The acquisition of the Net Optical Australia online contact lenses business was completed on 12 August 2016. The business was acquired for a total consideration of \$750,000.

No other matters or circumstances, other than the update on the status of the investment in OntheHouse Holdings Limited, the acquisition of Net Optical Australia and the declared dividend have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the consolidated entity, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the consolidated entity in future financial years.

The financial report was authorised for issue on 29 August 2016 by the Board of directors.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Note 30: Related Party Transactions

Consolidated	Entity
2016	2015
\$	\$

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

Transactions with related parties:

(a) Subsidiary Companies

At balance date intercompany receivable balances existed between Reverse Corp Limited and its wholly owned subsidiaries. The balance represents the provision of working capital in order to manage operating businesses. The intercompany receivable balance is interest bearing and repayable on demand. At 30 June 2016 the net amount owed by the company to its subsidiaries was \$6,291,596. (2015: \$4,702,438)

(b) Key Management Personnel

1800 Reverse Pty Ltd leased office premises from Bell Co Pty Ltd, a company which Non-executive Director Mr Richard Bell controls. The leased terminated on 26 August 2015.

Operating lease payments

19,365 211,335

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Note 31: Financial Instruments

(a) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The group's financial instruments consist mainly of cash and short term deposits.

The main risks arising from the consolidated entity's financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Audit and Risk Committee, in conjunction with management, oversees policies in relation to financial instrument risk management. Future expectations of funding requirements and potential exposures are considered regularly.

Interest rate risk

The group's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates to the group's short-term cash deposits.

At balance date, the consolidated entity had the following mix of financial assets and liabilities exposed to variable interest rate risk that are not designated in cash flow hedges:

	Consolidated	Consolidated Entity		
	2016	2015		
	\$	\$		
Financial Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	6,005,028	7,429,061		
	6,005,028	7,429,061		
Financial Liabilities				
Bank loans	-	-		
	-	-		
Net Exposure	6,005,028	7,429,061		

The other financial instruments of the consolidated entity that are not included in the above table are noninterest bearing and are therefore not subject to interest rate risk.

There are no other financial instruments held by foreign subsidiaries that are not already translated through the foreign currency translation reserve. On this basis, there is no further impact to the consolidated group to that already disclosed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Note 31: Financial Instruments (cont)

(a) Financial risk management objectives and policies (cont)

The following sensitivity analysis is based on the interest rate risk exposures in existence at the statement of financial position date.

At 30 June 2016, if interest rates had moved as illustrated in the table below, with all other variables held constant, post tax profit would have been affected as follows:

Judgements of reasonable possible	Post Tax Profit			
movements:	Higher/(Lov	ver)		
	2016	2015		
	\$	\$		
Consolidated				
+1% (100 basis points)	60,050	74,291		
-1% (100 basis points)	(60,050)	(74,291)		

The movements in profit are due to higher/lower interest on cash balances.

Foreign currency risk

The group has an immaterial foreign currency exposure to the USD with approximately \$18,000 held in USD denominated bank accounts at year end. No sensitivity analysis or disclosure has been prepared in relation to this exposure.

Market Price risk

The Group is exposed to price risk in respect of its listed equity securities.

For the listed equity securities, an increase of 18% was observed during 2016. However, the equity securities were subject to two separate takeover offers by a consortium lead by Macquarie during the year which caused all of this volatility. Prior to these offers the equity securities volatility level was low.

As a result the Group is not able to accurately assess the future volatility of the equity securities in future years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Note 31: Financial Instruments (cont)

(a) Financial risk management objectives and policies (cont)

Credit risk

The credit risk of financial assets of the consolidated entity which have been recognised in the Balance Sheet is generally the carrying amount.

With respect to receivables, the group manages its credit risk by maintaining strong relationships with a limited number of quality customers. The risk is mitigated with specific clauses within the contracts entered into with these quality customers.

The group has one major debtor in the 1800 Reverse business in which it operates and as such has concentrated credit risk. However, the credit quality of each counterparty is considered appropriate and accordingly the group's exposure to credit risk is considered to be low.

Liquidity risk

The consolidated entity's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank loans, leases and available credit lines.

The risk implied from the values shown in the table below, reflects a balanced view of cash inflows and outflows. Leasing obligations, trade payables and other financial liabilities mainly originate from the financing of assets used in ongoing operations such as property, plant, equipment and investments in working capital such as inventory and trade receivables. These assets are considered in the group's overall liquidity risk.

	Within 1 Year	1 to 5 Years	Over 5 years	Total
Year ended 30 June 2016	\$	\$	\$	\$
Consolidated financial assets:				
Cash	6,039,277	-	-	6,039,277
Receivables	474,622	-	-	474,622
Total Financial Assets	6,513,899	-	-	6,513,899
Consolidated financial liabilities:				
Bank loans	-	-	-	-
Trade and sundry payables	405,559	-	-	405,559
Hire purchase liabilities and equipment loans	-	-	-	-
Total Financial Liabilities	405,559	-	-	405,559
Net Maturity	6,108,340	-	-	6,108,340

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Note 32: New and revised standards that are effective for these financial statements

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for the 30 June 2016 reporting period and have not been adopted early by the Group. The Group's assessment of the impact of these new standards and interpretations is set out below:

Accounting Standards issued but not yet effective and not been adopted early by the Group	Effective date	Impact on Group
AASB 9 Financial Instruments (December 2014) [Also refer to AASB 2013-9 and AASB 2014-1 below]	1 January 2018	The entity is yet to undertake a detailed assessment of the impact of AASB 9. However, based on the entity's preliminary assessment, the Standard is not expected to have a material impact on the transactions and balances recognised in the financial statements when it is first adopted for the year ending 30 June 2019.
AASB 16 Leases	1 January 2019	The entity is yet to undertake a detailed assessment of the impact of AASB 16. However, based on the entity's preliminary assessment, the Standard is not expected to have a material impact on the transactions and balances recognised in the financial statements when it is first adopted for the year ending 30 June 2020.
AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers	1 January 2018	The entity is yet to undertake a detailed assessment of the impact of AASB 15. However, based on the entity's preliminary assessment, the Standard is not expected to have a material impact on the transactions and balances recognised in the financial statements when it is first adopted for the year ending 30 June 2019.
AASB 2014-4 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation	1 January 2016	When these amendments become effective for the first time for the year ending 30 June 2017, there will be no material impact on the transactions and balances recognised in the financial statements.

There are no other standards that are not yet effective and that would be expected to have a material impact on the entity in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

Note 33: Company Details

The registered office and principal place of business of the company is:

Level 1, 30 Little Cribb Street Milton QLD 4064

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The directors of the company declare that:

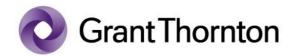
- 1. the attached financial statements and notes are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and:
 - (a) comply with Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001;
 - (b) Include an explicit statement in the notes to the financial statements that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS); and
 - (c) give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 30 June 2016 and of the performance for the year ended on that date of the company and consolidated entity;
- 2. the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have declared that:
 - (a) the financial records of the company for the financial year have been properly maintained in accordance with section 286 of the *Corporations Act 2001*;
 - (b) the financial statements and notes for the financial year comply with the Accounting Standards; and
 - (c) the financial statements and notes for the financial year give a true and fair view.
- 3. in the directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Tea & hichin

Mr. Peter D. Ritchie Chairman

Dated this 29th day of August 2016



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Independent Auditor's Report To the Members of Reverse Corp Limited

Report on the financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Reverse Corp Limited (the "Company"), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2016, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising the Company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001. The Directors' responsibility also includes such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. The Directors also state, in the notes to the financial report, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements, the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require us to comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error.

In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

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An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001.

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion:

- a the financial report of Reverse Corp Limited is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - i giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2016 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - ii complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- b the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Report on the remuneration report

We have audited the remuneration report included in pages 7 to 12 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2016. The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the remuneration report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Auditor's opinion on the remuneration report

In our opinion, the remuneration report of Reverse Corp Limited for the year ended 30 June 2016, complies with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Grant Shonton

GRANT THORNTON AUDIT PTY LTD Chartered Accountants

Amflett

M S Bell Partner - Audit & Assurance

Brisbane, 29 August 2016