

To: Company Announcements Office

From: Francesca Lee

Date: 21 November 2016

Subject: Investor Day Presentation

Please find attached, for release to the market, a presentation to accompany the Newcrest Investor Day on 21 November 2016.

The Investor Day will commence at 9.30am (Sydney time) and will be webcast live on Newcrest's website, www.newcrest.com.au.

Yours sincerely

Francesca Lee

Company Secretary





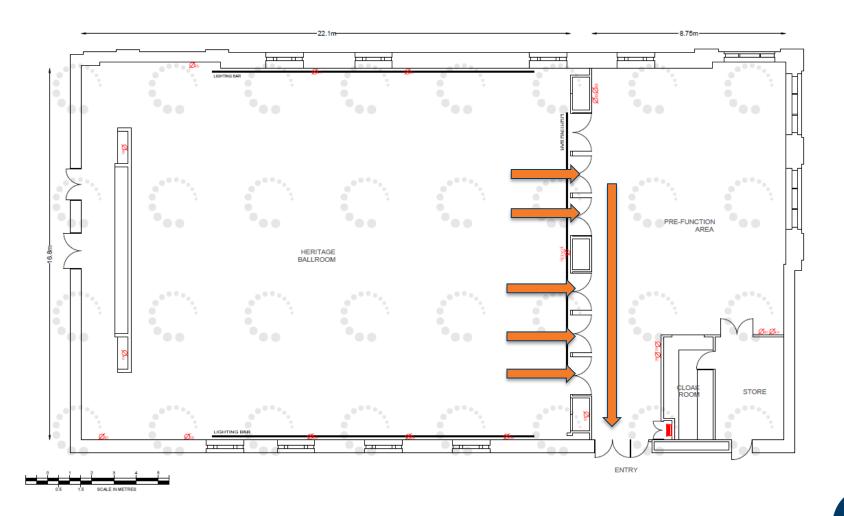
Newcrest Investor Day

21 November 2016

Venue Safety Briefing



Exit locations



Disclaimer



Forward Looking Statements

These materials include forward looking statements. Often, but not always, forward looking statements can generally be identified by the use of forward looking words such as "may", "will", "expect", "intend", "plan", "estimate", "anticipate", "continue", "outlook" and "guidance", or other similar words and may include, without limitation, statements regarding plans, strategies and objectives of management, anticipated production or construction commencement dates and expected costs or production outputs. The Company continues to distinguish between outlook and guidance in forward looking statements. Guidance statements are a risk-weighted assessment constituting Newcrest's current expectation as to the range in which, for example, its gold production (or other relevant metric), will ultimately fall in the current financial year. Outlook statements are a risk-weighted assessment constituting Newcrest's current view regarding the possible range of, for example, gold production (or other relevant metric) in years subsequent to the current financial year.

Forward looking statements inherently involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the Company's actual results, performance and achievements to differ materially from any future results, performance or achievements. Relevant factors may include, but are not limited to, changes in commodity prices, foreign exchange fluctuations and general economic conditions, increased costs and demand for production inputs, the speculative nature of exploration and project development, including the risks of obtaining necessary licences and permits and diminishing quantities or grades of reserves, political and social risks, changes to the regulatory framework within which the Company operates or may in the future operate, environmental conditions including extreme weather conditions, recruitment and retention of personnel, industrial relations issues and litigation.

Forward looking statements are based on the Company and its Management's good faith assumptions relating to the financial, market, regulatory and other relevant environments that will exist and affect the Company's business and operations in the future. The Company does not give any assurance that the assumptions on which forward looking statements are based will prove to be correct, or that the Company's business or operations will not be affected in any material manner by these or other factors not foreseen or foreseeable by the Company or Management or beyond the Company's control. Although the Company attempts and has attempted to identify factors that would cause actual actions, events or results to differ materially from those disclosed in forward looking statements, there may be other factors that could cause actual results, performance, achievements or events not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended, and many events are beyond the reasonable control of the Company. Accordingly, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward looking statements. Forward looking statements in these materials speak only at the date of issue. Subject to any continuing obligations under applicable law or any relevant stock exchange listing rules, in providing this information the Company does not undertake any obligation to publicly update or revise any of the forward looking statements or to advise of any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based.

Ore Reserves and Mineral Resources Reporting Requirements

As an Australian company with securities listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX), Newcrest is subject to Australian disclosure requirements and standards, including the requirements of the Corporations Act and the ASX. Investors should note that it is a requirement of the ASX listing rules that the reporting of ore reserves and mineral resources in Australia comply with the 2012 Edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (the "JORC Code") and that Newcrest's ore reserve and mineral resource estimates comply with the JORC Code.

Disclaimer



Competent Person's Statement

The information in this presentation that relates to Mineral Resources or Ore Reserves (other than footnote 3 on page 85) has been extracted from the release titled "Annual Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves Statement – 31 December 2015" dated 15 February 2016 (the original release). Newcrest confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original release and, in the case of Mineral Resources or Ore Reserves, that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the original release continue to apply and have not materially changed. Newcrest confirms that the form and context in which the competent person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original release.

The information in footnote 3 to slide 85 in this presentation that relates to Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves is based on and fairly represents information and supporting documentation prepared by Pasqualino Manca. Mr Manca is a full-time employee of Newcrest Mining Limited or its subsidiaries, and holds options and shares in Newcrest Mining Limited and is entitled to participate in Newcrest's executive equity long term incentive plan, details of which are included in Newcrest's 2016 Remuneration Report. Replacement of Ore Reserves and Mineral Resources depletion is one of the performance measures of recent long term incentive plans. Mr Manca is a Member of The Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy, and has sufficient experience which is relevant to the styles of mineralisation and types of deposits under consideration and to the activity which he undertakes to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in The JORC Code 2012. Mr Manca consents to the inclusion in this presentation of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

Non-IFRS Financial Information

Newcrest results are reported under International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) including EBIT (earnings before interest, tax and significant items) and EBITDA (earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation and significant items) which are used to measure segment performance. This presentation also includes certain non-IFRS financial information including Underlying profit (profit after tax before significant items attributable to owners of the parent company), All-In Sustaining Cost (determined in accordance with the World Gold Council Guidance Note on Non-GAAP Metrics released June 2013), AISC Margin (realised gold price less AISC per ounce sold (where expressed as USD), or realised gold price less AISC per ounce sold divided by realised gold price (where expressed as a %), Interest Coverage Ratio (EBITDA/Interest payable for the relevant period), Free cash flow (cash flow from operating activities less cash flow related to investing activities), EBITDA margin (EBITDA expressed as a percentage of revenue) and EBIT margin (EBIT expressed as a percentage of revenue). These measures are used internally by Management to assess the performance of the business and make decisions on the allocation of resources and are included in this presentation to provide greater understanding of the underlying performance of Newcrest's operations. When reviewing business performance, this non-IFRS information should be used in addition to, and not as a replacement of, measures prepared in accordance with IFRS. The non-IFRS information has not been subject to audit or review by Newcrest's external auditor. Newcrest Group All-In Sustaining Costs will vary from period to period as a result of various factors including production performance, timing of sales, the level of sustaining capital and the relative contribution of each asset. Reconciliations of non-IFRS measures to the most appropriate IFRS measure are included on slide 121 of this presentation.

Agenda



Session 1: 9.30 – 10.40am

Overview – Sandeep Biswas

Lihir – Craig Jetson

Telfer – Philip Stephenson

Gosowong – Philip Stephenson

Break 10.40 – 11.00am

Session 2: 11.00 – 12.45pm

Cadia – Craig Jones

Wafi-Golpu - Craig Jones

Bonikro – Michael Nossal

Exploration & Growth – Michael Nossal

Capital Management - Gerard Bond

Additional Q&A and Closing Remarks – Sandeep Biswas





Overview

Sandeep Biswas Managing Director & CEO

Our Strategy



Our Vision To be the Miner of Choice™

Measure of success Superior returns from finding, developing and operating gold/copper mines

Realise full potential of our existing assets

Deliver profitable organic growth

Explore and acquire where value accretive

Invest in people and technology

5
Focus on strong balance sheet and shareholder return

The transformation journey so far





Phase 1 – Assess and Plan FY14

- Intensify focus on major hazards
- Assess the operations and culture
- Launch Edge
- Establish the senior team

Phase 2 – Execute and Realise FY15 – FY16

- Implement Edge
- Increase the intensity of operations
- Align the workforce on priorities
- Engage with shareholders

Phase 3 – Sustain and Grow FY17+

- Grow the business profitably
- Sustain and extend performance improvements
- Reinvigorate Edge
- Refresh long term strategy

Changing the culture and improving cash flows

Looking to the future



Where we started FY14

- Began strengthening focus on major hazards and SPIs¹
- Organisational health
 4th quartile
- AISC ~\$1,300/oz²
- Not delivering on commitments
- ~\$4bn in debt, leverage ratio of 2.7x

Where we changed FY15 - FY16

- Introduced Safety
 Transformation program
- Organisational heath
 2nd quartile
- FY16 AISC \$762/oz
- Steady production, meeting targets
- Lihir turnaround delivering results
- Net debt \$2.1bn, leverage ratio of 1.6x

Where we are going FY17+

- Free of fatalities and life-changing injuries
- Organisational health
 1st quartile
- Lowest quartile AISC per ounce
- Maximise cash generation
- Continue to reduce net debt and invest in profitable growth
- Total shareholder return



Our Safety Transformation Plan

Our safety vision

Everybody going home safe and healthy every day

Measure of success

Zero fatalities and life-changing injuries



Supported by the right systems and tools that enable risk-based decision-making and empower people to 'stop the job' if it is not safe.

Safety performance FY16 and FY17 YTD



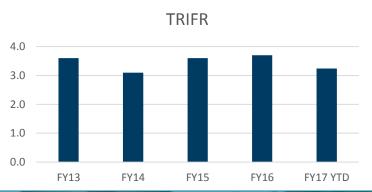
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FATALITIES

Hidden Valley (July 2015)
Cadia (September 2015)

Task - Clearing

IMPROVING TRIFR¹



3

NEWSAFE & CRITICAL CONTROL MANAGEMENT

NewSafe roll-out across the organisation²

Over 50,000 Critical Control Management checks since February 2016 4

PROCESS SAFETY

External Process Safety Review

Standardising management of change across Group

Hazard and operability studies commenced

¹ TRIFR – Total Recordable Injury Frequency Rate per million man hours. FY17 YTD is to 31 October 2016

² NewSafe is scheduled to commence at Bonikro in February FY17

Sustainability







Areas of High Importance

Who we are

Conducting business transparently and ethically

Our people

Ensuring employee and contractor health and safety

Managing our people and their capabilities

Economic Performance

Productivity, financial stability and growth

Social Performance

Local community development and investment

Environmental Stewardship

Water management

Closure planning

Waste tailings management



Our people plan



Our people vision

Talented people working together to their full potential

Measure of success

High performance no-nonsense culture with top quartile organisational health

1

Get the basics right

The right structure, systems and tools to effectively recruit, develop, reward and retain our global workforce

2

Develop our people and capability

The right people in the right roles with the right skills, working in high performing teams and building careers

3

Create a diverse and inclusive environment

Our different backgrounds and perspectives help us find better ways and make Newcrest a better place to work

Adopt high performance practices in everything we do











Shared vision





Our Executive Team



Executive General Managers¹



Sandeep Biswas Managing Director & CEO



Gerard Bond Finance Director & CFO



Craig Jetson EGM Cadia and Lihir



Craig Jones EGM Wafi-Golpu



lan Kemish EGM Public Affairs & Social Performance



Francesca Lee General Counsel & Company Secretary



Michael Nossal Chief Development Officer



Phil Stephenson EGM Gosowong, Telfer & Bonikro



Melanie Allibon EGM People

Our Site and Key Practice General Managers



Site General Managers



Peter Sharpe GM Cadia



Scott Sullivan GM Telfer



Jon Gaunt GM Gosowong



Lawrence Manjengwa GM Bonikro

Key Practice General Managers



Peter Cowley GM Health, Safety, Environment & Security



Andrew Logan
Head Of Technology
and Innovation



Michael Drake GM Technical Services



Fraser MacCorquodale GM Exploration



Graeme Hancock GM Social Performance



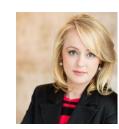
Derek Brown GM Project Delivery



Peter Aitsi PNG Country Head



Chris Jordaan Chief Performance Officer

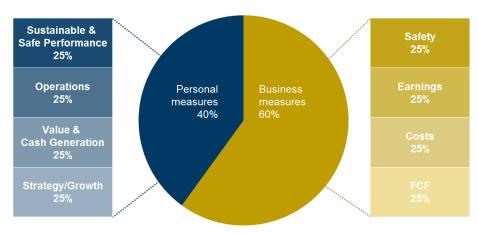


Kate Burgess Head of Talent Acquisition

An aligned executive remuneration structure



Short Term Incentive Criteria (FY16)¹



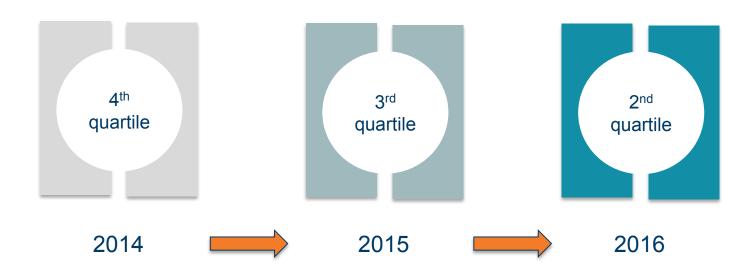
Long Term Incentive Criteria



Culture – Measuring success



- Organisational Health Index measures how an organisation aligns itself, executes with excellence, and renews itself to sustainably achieve performance aspirations
- Healthy organisations deliver superior financial and operating performance over both the short and long term
- Newcrest has progressed from bottom quartile to second quartile targeting first quartile



Our performance Edge



The vision

Our relentless drive to realise the full potential of our assets

Measure of success

Safely maximising cash generation

1

Stretch Targets

Aspirational targets that drive breakthrough thinking and step-change innovation

2

Owner's Mindset

A strong owner's mindset and behaviours with a bias to action and a high-performance, no-nonsense culture

3

Operating discipline

Rapidly identify and capture opportunities to safely increase free cash flow

Performance Edge is a key source of our competitive advantage to become the Miner of ChoiceTM











Shared vision





A new language of performance



- Cash on cash return Create value, do not just cut, spend for return, payback, free up capital
- Bias to action Act immediately on opportunity, do not burn cash, resource to win
- Personal ownership Act like owners.
 Create it, recognise it, reward it
- Operating discipline Be specific and deliberate in our actions, keep commitments, measure what matters, react to opportunity loss
- Organisational health Developing the right behaviours to support and sustain a high performance culture



Prioritise action and resource allocation on basis of cash impact

Value proposition



1 HAVE A LOT OF GOLD

~28 years¹ reserve life

2 LOW COST PRODUCER

\$762FY16 AISC per ounce

3 DO WHAT WE SAY

3 years

of maintaining or exceeding Group guidance



ORGANIC GROWTH

Lihir, Cadia and Golpu



EXPLORATION & TECHNICAL CAPABILITY

Exploration capability

Mine and process all

types of gold orebodies

FINANCIALLY ROBUST

1.6x

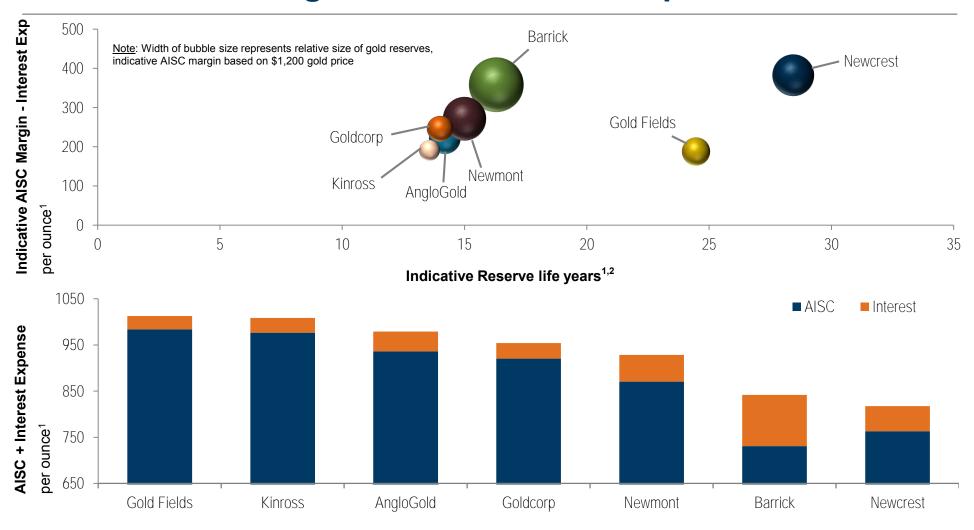
Net Debt / EBITDA leverage ratio² at 30 June 2016



Reserve life is indicative and calculated as proven and probable gold reserves (contained metal) as at 31 December 2015 divided by gold production for the 12 months ended 30 September 2016 (excluding the reserves and production from the divested Hidden Valley). The reserve life calculation does not take into account gold recovery rates and therefore estimate of reserve life does not necessarily equate to operating mine life

Newcrest's leading reserve life and cost position





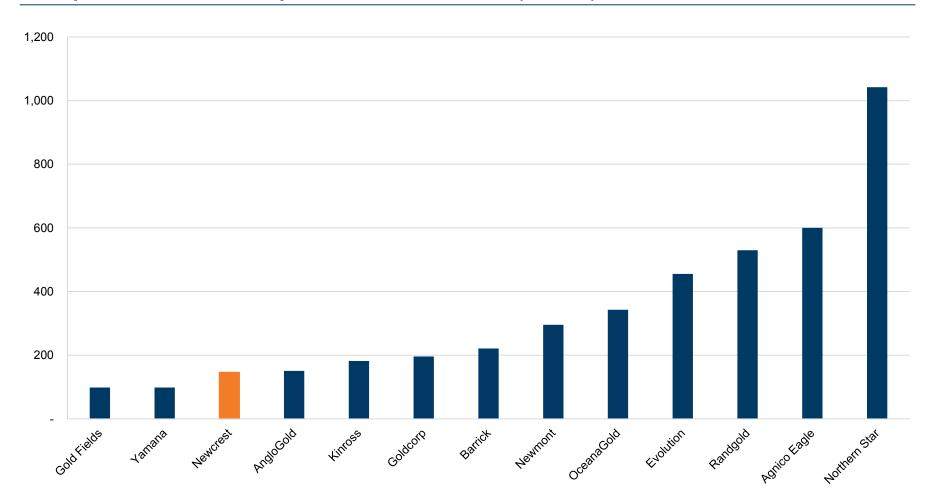
The data points represent each company's performance for the 12 months ended 30 September 2016. AISC data has been obtained from company statements and is calculated on a per ounce of gold sales basis. Interest expense has been obtained from company statements (or attributable gold equivalent ounces when only that is available)

Reserves reflect proven and probable gold reserves (contained metal) as at 31 December 2015 obtained from company statements. Reserve life is indicative and calculated as proven and probable gold reserves (contained metal) divided by gold production for the 12 months ended 30 September 2016. The reserve life calculation does not take into account gold recovery rates. Proven and probable gold reserve numbers and relevant production numbers have been adjusted to reflect divestments and acquisitions (including the divestment of Hidden Valley by Newcrest)

Newcrest's "EV to Reserve" ratio is low



Enterprise Value to Gold Equivalent Reserve Ounce (US\$/oz)¹



¹ Source: Factset and company reports. Gold equivalent values based on spot commodity prices as at 3 November 2016. Enterprise values based on latest available information as at 3 November 2016

Newcrest's operations & growth opportunities



Newcrest has operations in Australia, Papua New Guinea, Indonesia and Cote d'Ivoire.





Forging a stronger Newcrest

Vision

Our vision is to be the Miner of Choice. We will lead the way in safe, responsible, efficient and profitable mining.

What gives us our Edge

A high performance, no-nonsense culture focused on safety, operational discipline, cash, profitable growth and delivering on our commitments.

Foundations Everybody going home safe and healthy every day NewSafe leadership NewSafe coaching NewSafe behaviours Critical controls Process safety Measures of success Zero fatalities and life changing injuries

Performance
Delivering superior returns on our time, money and effort
Stretch targets
Action-oriented
Closed loop conversations
Capability building
High return growth
Free cash flow



Values we share















LihirCraig Jetson GM Lihir

Lihir – Turnaround continues





Site Process

Element	Description
Mining	Open pit drill, blast, load and haul mining, currently in Phase 9 of Minifie Pit and Phase 14 in Lienitz. Substantial stockpiles
Processing	Crushing, grinding, flotation, pressure oxidation, NCA circuit
Output	Gold dore

Key Statistics

Gold Reserve Life: ~31 years¹
Gold Reserves: 28 moz
Gold Resources: 57 moz

FY17 Prod. Guidance: 880-980koz Au²

FY16 AISC: \$830/oz

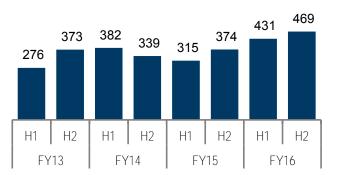
Workforce (FTE)³: 2,310 employees

2,216 contractors

(Oct 2016)

Q1 FY17 Production: 207koz Q1 FY17 AISC: \$950/oz

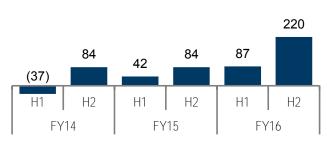
Production (koz)



All-In Sustaining Cost (\$/oz)



Free Cash Flow (\$m)⁴



Reserve life is indicative and calculated as proven and probable gold reserves (contained metal) as at 31 December 2015 divided by gold production for the 12 months ended 30 September 2016. The reserve life calculation does not take into account gold recovery rates and therefore estimate reserve life does not necessarily equate to operating mine life. Full mineral resources and ore reserves tables can be found on slides 106 to 109

Achievement of guidance is subject to market and operating conditions

³ Employees are Newcrest directly employed FTEs, contractor FTEs include full time embedded contractors and project, replacement labour and other contractors

Free cash flow is before interest and tax

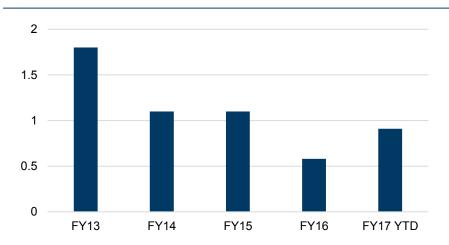
Lihir – Health, Safety & Environment



Key activities

- NewSafe roll-out commenced with all managers and superintendents attending 2 day workshops
- NewSafe commenced for contractors and employees in the Mining and Mobile Maintenance teams
- Process Safety HAZOP's² have commenced in the processing area
- Environmental and hygiene program improvement plans being developed and implemented
- Critical control management embedded at manager and supervisor level

TRIFR¹





¹ TRIFR – Total Recordable Injury Frequency Rate per million man hours. FY17 YTD is to 31 October 2016

² Hazard and Operability Studies

Lihir – Process plant





PRE-OX TANKS

CCD

NCA #1

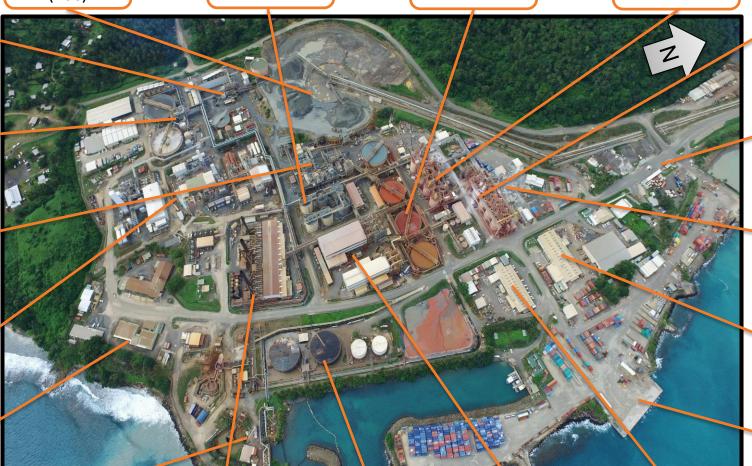
FGO MILLS

FLOTATION & GRIND THICKENER

HGO MILLS

OXYGEN PLANTS

MAIN ADMIN BUILDING



NCA #2

MAIN GATE

LIME & CYANIDE

WAREHOUSING

WHARF

SEAWATER INTAKE & TAILINGS OUTFALL

DIESEL POWER STN

TANK FARM

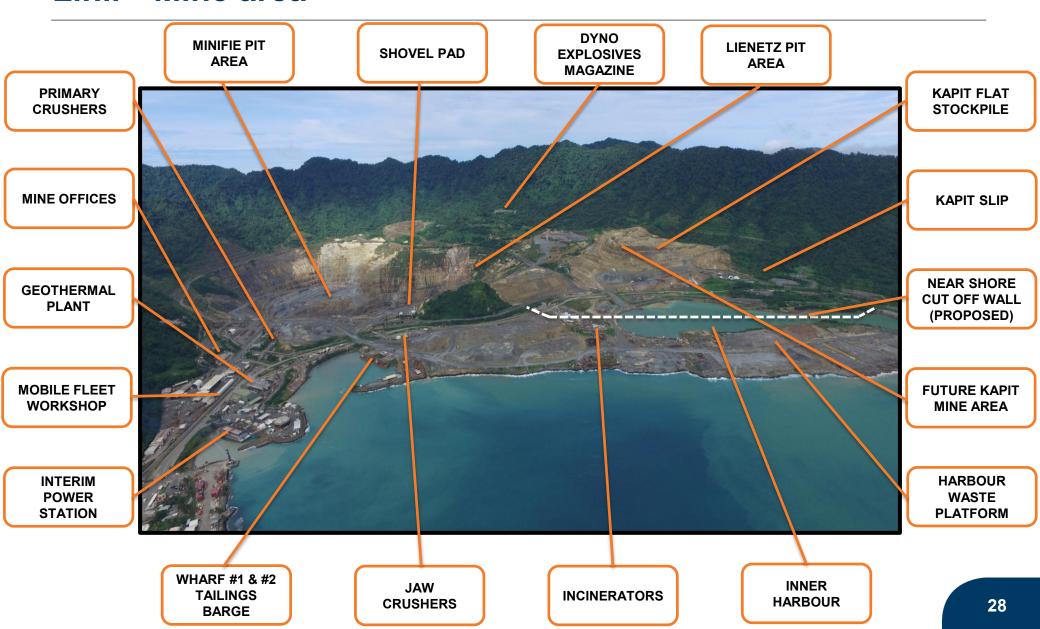
AUTOCLAVE BLDGS

MAINTENANCE

27

Lihir - Mine area





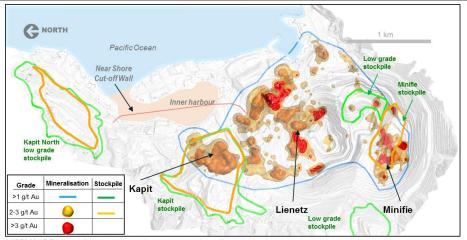
Lihir – Indicative mine plan based on PFS



Mineral Resource & Ore Reserves¹

		Gold		
	Dry Tonnes (Millions)	Grade (g/t)	Insitu Gold (Moz)	
Ore Reserves	370	2.3	28	
Mineral Resources	820	2.2	57	

Indicative mine plan based on PFS²



NOT TO SCALE. This image is illustrative only, and is subject to changes in market conditions and engineering

Timing (Years)	Stage	Sources	Total Material Moved (Mt) ³	Waste (Mt)	Tonnes to Stockpiles (Mt)	Ex-pit Tonnes Fed (Mt)	Stockpile Tonnes Fed (Mt)	Plant Feed (Mt) ⁴	Average Feed Grade g/t
FY17-21	1	Minifie & Lienetz, medium grade stockpiles, and pre-strip	320 - 330	160 - 170	30 - 35	25 - 30	40 - 45	65 - 75	~2.7
FY22-26	2	Lienetz & Kapit, medium / low grade stockpiles and pre-strip	360 - 370	150 - 160	60 - 65	27 - 32	38 – 43	65 - 75	~2.4
FY27 – 31	3	Lienetz & Kapit and low grade stockpiles	340 - 350	150 - 160	45 - 50	38 - 43	27 – 32	65 - 75	~2.8
FY32+	4	Remaining Reserves	Subject to on-going study						

As per Newcrest Annual Statement of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves as at 31 December 2015. Note that in preparing the Annual Statement of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves for the period ended 31 December 2016, Newcrest proposes to review long-term foreign exchange rate, metal price and cost assumptions. At this stage, the impact that the assumption changes or outcomes of the ongoing studies will have on Newcrest's Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves estimates for the period ending 31 December 2016 has not been determined.

Indicative only and should not be construed as guidance. Estimates are from a prefeasibility study and as such were prepared with the objective of being subject to an accuracy range of ±25%. Subject to further study, investment approval, receipt of all necessary permits and approvals and are subject to changes in market and operating conditions and engineering.

See release dated 15 February 2016 for further details. See slide 108 for details as to the ore reserves that underpin the indicative mine plan, subject to depletions for 1 January

to 30 June 2016 as set out on page 27 of the 2016 Annual Report Includes sheeting material and crusher rehandle

⁴ Plant feed = Ex-pit + Stockpile feed

Lihir Potential – Forward look on planning¹



Existing Target 13mtpa

Sustainable grinding throughput of 13mtpa by December 2016

Next Target 14mtpa

Sustainable grinding throughput of 14mtpa by December 2017

15mtpa work ongoing

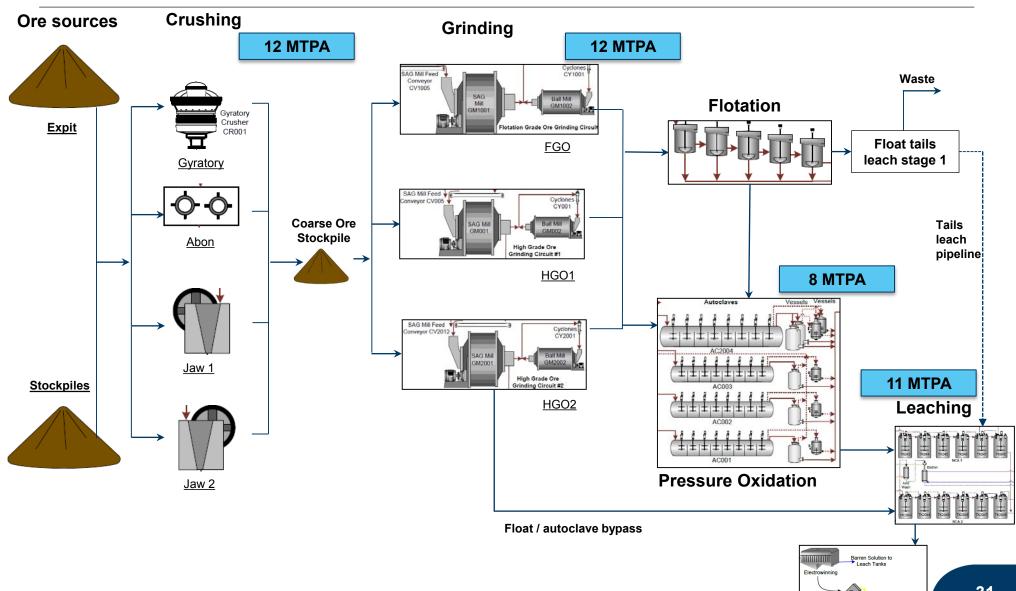
- Current mine plan based on achieving up to 15mtpa grinding throughput
- Projects focused across conveying, milling, and back end processing
- To achieve, indicative capex of \$70 80m (including amount included in FY17 guidance major capital) is required

Beyond 15mtpa

- 17mpta concept study commenced
- Assess potential of "Fines Bypass Processing" and further debottlenecking

Lihir – Process flow sheet - current

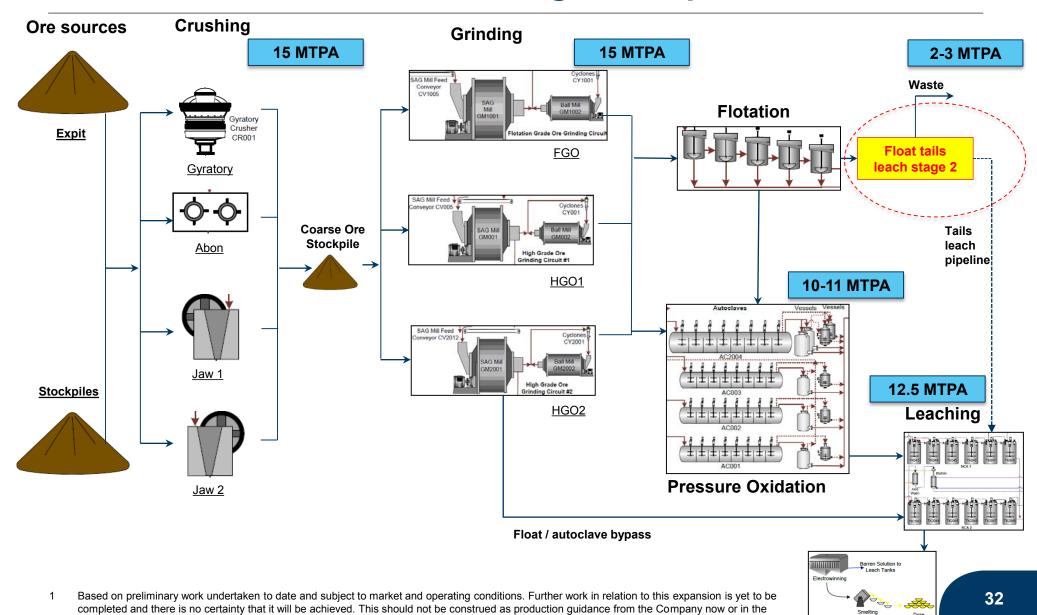




Lihir – Potential flow sheet – target 15mtpa¹

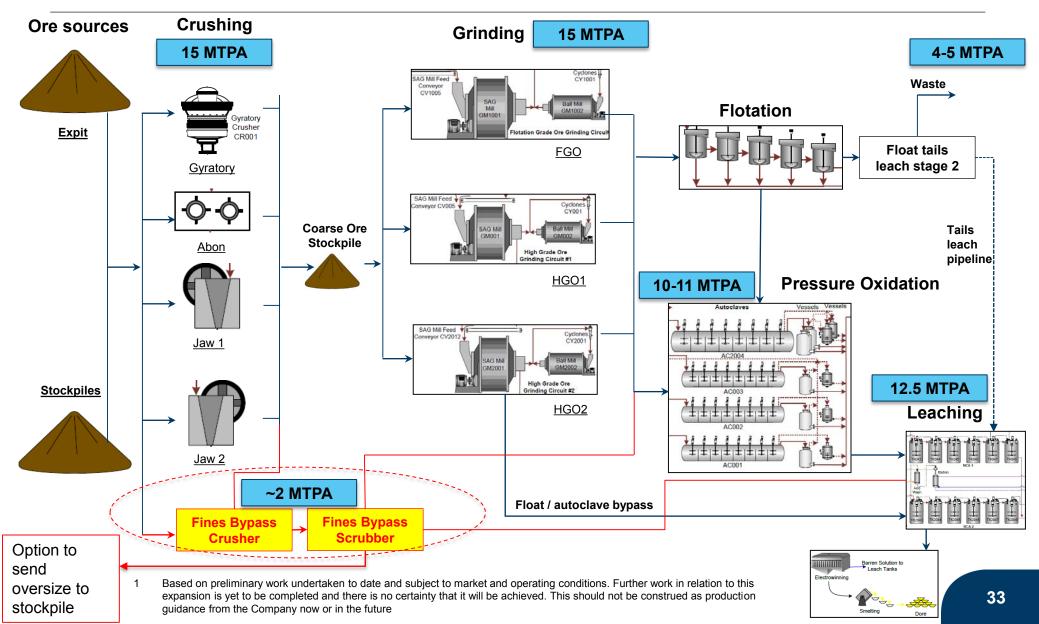
future.





Lihir – Conceptual flow sheet – aspirational 17mtpa¹

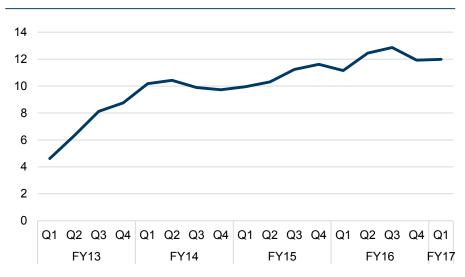




Lihir – Key operational metrics



Annualised Mill throughput (quarterly, mtpa)



- Initial focus on throughput
 - Uptime equipment availability
 - Rate Tonnes per hour
- Increasing attention on recoveries

Mill Throughput (tonnes per operating hour)



Continued demonstrated rate increase

Lihir – Edge examples



Initiative implemented

Initiative

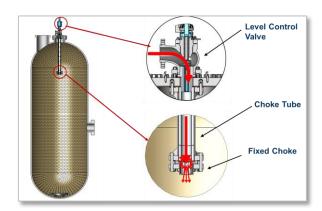
- Phase 1 Redesign blast tube to eliminate the fixed choke in Autoclaves 1 & 4
- Payback 3 months. Cost \$620k, Return \$2.9m/yr

Achieved

- Fluid dynamics understood after changes
- Redesigned Blast Tube
- Successfully installed in AC1 & AC4, ready for installation in other Autoclaves

Benefits

- Elimination of choke water addition
- Minimise letdown valve ceramic valves failure due to thermal shock and reduce ACs downtime
- Elimination of fixed choke parts/spares
- Increased throughput (limited by size of fixed choke)



Current initiative in progress

Initiative

- Recover fine cyanide soluble gold in flotation tails stream via a cyclone utilising excess capacity in NCA circuit
- Potential benefit: payback 8 months, cost \$19m, return \$27.5m/yr

Activity

- Initial project by diverting tails to NCA has proven success realising up to 1,750 extra oz per month
- Completing civils now and all long lead items on track

Potential Benefits

- Recover gold that would normally go to tails
- Potential enhancement by targeting finer gold losses by re-grind



Lihir – Pursuing improvement in recoveries



Initiative - Blended ROMS

Opportunity

Minimise float losses by prioritising high grade feed as direct milling

Challenge

Mine sequencing and COS management with mill operating mode to ensure high grade to direct milling

Proposal

Design and execute specific mine to mill blended ROMS for direct and floatation to maximise gold production

Outcome

Implemented from Q4 FY16 reviewing for continuous improvement opportunities

Initiative – Float Tails Leach

Opportunity

Additional capacity in the NCA/CIL circuit to leach flotation concentrate tails

Challenge

Minimising the 'fouling' of the carbon in the CIL circuit

Proposal

Construct pipeline and cyclone system to recover cyanide recoverable gold from flotation tails stream, and installation of new carbon regeneration kiln with modern technology

Outcome

- Tails leach stage 1 commissioned in Dec 2015 and achieving target recovered ounces
- Tails leach stage 2 in execution phase and on track

Initiative - ACs runtime

Opportunity

Increase autoclaves' throughput and uptime by changing the fixed choke

Challenge

Understand fluid dynamics with changed configuration

Proposal

Redesign blast tube to eliminate the fixed choke

Outcome

Trial ended in Aug 2016, currently implementing in all ACs. Reduces valve failure, increasing AC uptime and throughput

Objective: Progressively improve recoveries to 80%+

Lihir – Seepage barrier indicative timetable and costs^{1,2}



As set out in February 2016, the Pre-Feasibility Study capex estimate for the Lihir seepage barrier is approximately \$215m. Feasibility work underway.

Financial Year	Capex	Key Events
FY17–22	~\$22m	 Geotechnical investigation, analysis and monitoring Compaction testing of the Inner Harbour fill Feasibility and design work on Near Shore Cut-off Wall
FY21-22	~\$38m	 Early infrastructure removal Excavation of the Harbour Waste Platform to facilitate Near Shore Cut-off Wall construction
	~\$26m	Geothermal power decommissioning and removal
FY23-24	~\$108m	Construction of Near Shore Cut-off Wall
FY25	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Relocation of infrastructure (roads, power, water)
FY28-29	~\$21m	Mine infrastructure relocation to facilitate southern mining area
Total	~\$215m	

¹ Estimates are from a Prefeasibility Study and as such were prepared with the objective of being subject to an accuracy range of ±25%

Subject to completion of Feasibility Study, investment approval, receipt of all necessary permits and approvals, changes in market and operating conditions and engineering. See release dated 15 February 2016 for further details

Lihir – Community relations



What we are doing differently

- Quarterly/monthly reports to community on where money has been spent or paid to – increased transparency
- Increased, proactive engagement with community by senior levels of Newcrest
- Capacity building programs for community including women and youth leaders
- Completing legacy projects



Key Achievements in FY16

- Improved community engagement
- Completed legacy projects:
 - Water tanks and supply lines
 - Industrial blocks
 - Relocation houses
- Improved compliance reporting against Mining Development Contract
 - Quarterly stakeholder updates



Lihir – Agreements review¹ update



Status

- Current process managed by PNG Mineral Resources Authority and seeking 5 year agreement
- Newcrest would like to extend to create a longterm sustainable structure for the agreement
- Requires all beneficiaries and stakeholders to be actively involved as participants
- Continuing to operate under current agreements during the process, and projects continue to be delivered on the ground

Covers

 A comprehensive package of benefits and governance arrangements: including Social Development, Education, Health, Housing, Roads, Utilities and Cultural Heritage, Local Business Development, Commercial Opportunities, Sustainable Livelihoods, Employment and Training, Environment, Social Impact Monitoring, and Mine Closure Planning

Next Steps

- Pending announcement from the PNG Mineral Resources Authority on process format and timelines
- MoA review officially began in October 2016 and Lihir Agreements Review agreed by all stakeholders to start January 2017





1) Two major Agreements: Integrated Benefits Package and Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) covers Newcrest's arrangements with local landowners as well as the arrangements between the PNG Gov. (represented by the Mineral Resources Authority) and Lihir landowner association (LMALA), its constituents, the New Ireland Provincial and the Lihir Local Level Government



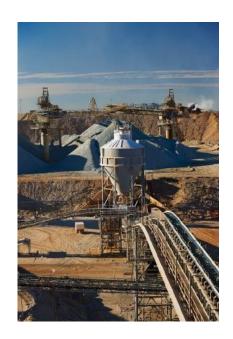


Telfer

Philip Stephenson EGM Gosowong & Telfer



Telfer – Seeking to maximise value



Site Process

Element	Description
Mining	Open pit mining contracted to Macmahon
	Underground sub-level cave and stope mining, contracted to Byrnecut
Processing	Crushing, grinding, gravity concentration, flotation, leaching circuit
Output	Copper / Gold concentrate and gold dore

Key Statistics

Gold Reserve Life: ~8 years¹
Gold Reserves: 3.8 moz
Gold Resources: 11 moz
Copper Reserves: 0.28 mt
Copper Resources: 0.78 mt

FY17 Prod. Guidance: 400-450koz Au,

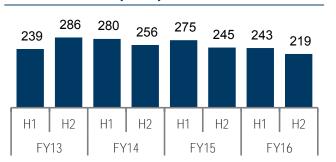
~20kt Cu²

FY16 AISC: \$967/oz

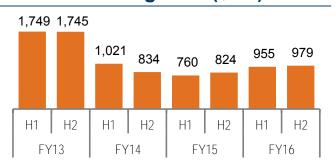
Workforce (FTE)³: 423 employees (Oct 2016) 1,120 contractors

Q1 FY17 Production: 110koz Q1 FY17 AISC: \$1,066/oz

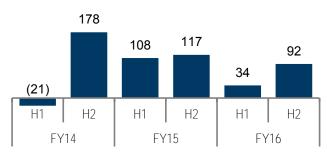
Production (koz)



All-In Sustaining Cost (\$/oz)



Free Cash Flow (\$m)⁴



- 1 Reserve life is indicative and calculated as proven and probable gold reserves (contained metal) as at 31 December 2015 divided by gold production for the 12 months ended 30 September 2016. The reserve life calculation does not take into account gold recovery rates and therefore estimate reserve life does not necessarily equate to operating mine life. Copper reserves and resources include O'Callaghans. Full mineral resources and ore reserves tables can be found on slides 106 to 109
- Achievement of guidance is subject to market and operating conditions
- 8 Employees are Newcrest directly employed FTEs, contractor FTEs include full time embedded contractors and project, replacement labour and other contractors
- Free cash flow is before interest and tax

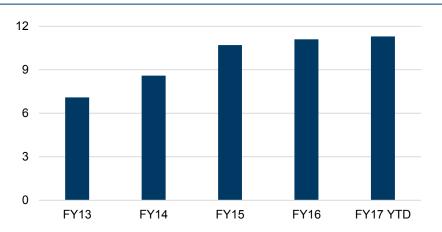
Telfer - Health, Safety & Environment



Key activities

- NewSafe program implemented across workforce - managers and opinion leaders active in building the safety culture
- Critical Control Management embedded at manager and supervisor level
- Full piping and instrumentation diagrams review conducted for process safety
- Risk based hygiene baseline sampling program completed, control plans developed
- Mental health and employee welfare program implemented
- Progressive rehabilitation scheduled to commence as per updated closure plan

TRIFR¹





Telfer – Site map





Telfer – Process plant



PRIMARY

CRUSHING

STOCKPILE

GRAVITY

WATER

RECOVERY

CIL / ELUTION



MAINTENANCE WORKSHOPS

SCATS REJECT STOCKPILE

UNDERGROUND MINE TRANSFER CONVEYOR

RAW WATER DAM

WAREHOUSE

REAGENT **PREP AREA**

COPPER **CONCENTRATE STORAGE & LOAD OUT**

SITE ADMIN



TAILS THICKENING

REAGENT STORAGE

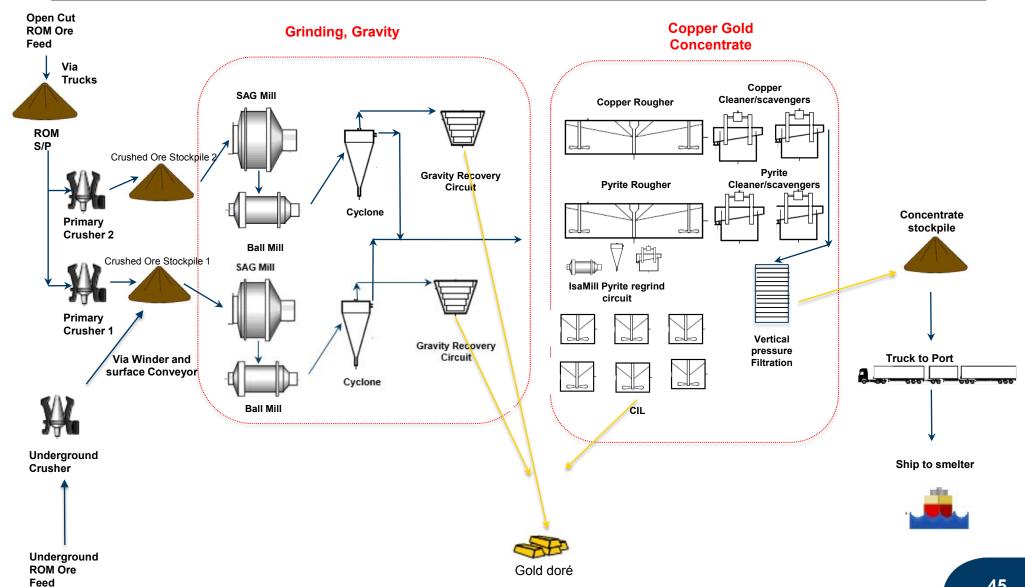
PYRITE FLOTATION

COPPER FLOTATION

CCDS

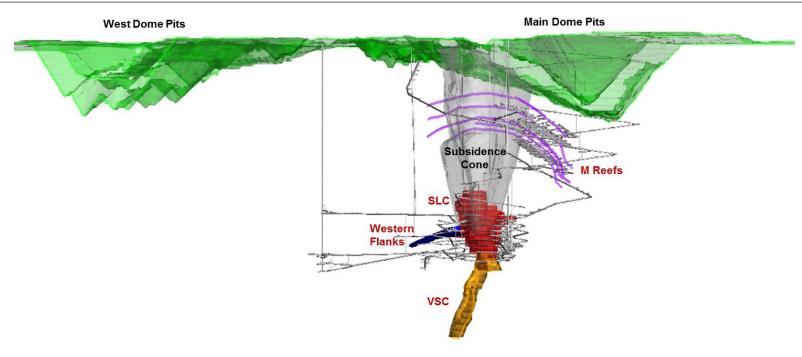
Telfer – Process flow sheet

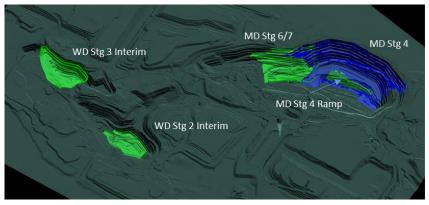


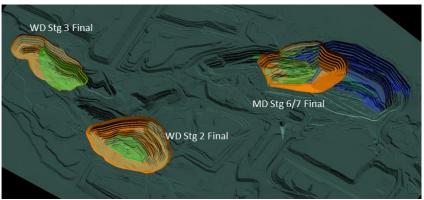


Telfer – Ore sources









FY16-19 FY19-23

Telfer – Indicative mine plan



Mineral Resource & Ore Reserves¹

		Gold			Copper		
		Dry Tonnes (Million)	Grade (g/t)	Insitu Gold (Moz)	Dry Tonnes (Million)	Grade (%)	Insitu Copper (Mt)
Ore Reserves	Main Dome Open Pit	40	0.63	0.82	34	0.091	0.031
	West Dome Open Pit	84	0.68	1.8	84	0.058	0.049
	Telfer Underground	24	1.4	1.1	24	0.28	0.067
	O'Callaghans				47	0.28	0.13
	Total			3.8			0.28
Mineral Resources	Main Dome Open Pit	62	0.74	1.5	56	0.095	0.053
	West Dome Open Pit	170	0.65	3.6	170	0.057	0.10
	Telfer Underground	110	1.5	5.7	110	0.31	0.35
	Other	4.9	1.3	0.2	14	0.37	0.052
	O'Callaghans				78	0.29	0.22
	Total			11			0.78

Cutback Timetable – FY17 onwards^{2,3}

Timing (years)	Pit	Cutback Stage	Indicative Cost
FY16-18	Main Dome	Stage 6/7	\$30-40m
FY17-19	West Dome	Stage 3 Interim	\$20-30m
FY18-21	West Dome	Stage 2 Final	\$70-90m
FY19-23	West Dome	Stage 3 Final	\$70-80m

Proposed indicative development of Telfer mining operations²

Timing (years)	Total material moved open cut	Open pit ore mined	Open pit gold grade	Open pit copper grade	Total material moved underground	Underground ore mined	Underground gold grade	Underground copper grade
FY17-19	115 - 125mt	42 - 48mt	~0.8g/t	~0.08%	16 - 18mt	15 - 17mt	~1.1g/t	~0.25%
FY20+ Remaining Reserve	105 - 115mt	55 - 60mt	~0.7g/t	~0.07%	5 - 7mt	4 - 6mt	~2.0g/t	~0.3%

As per Newcrest Annual Statement of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves as at 31 December 2015. Note that in preparing the Annual Statement of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves for the period ended 31 December 2016, Newcrest proposes to review long-term foreign exchange rate, metal price and cost assumptions. At this stage, the impact that the assumption changes or outcomes of the ongoing studies will have on Newcrest's Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves estimates for the period ending 31 December 2016 has not been determined

Indicative only and should not be construed as guidance. Subject to market and operating conditions. Any development beyond 2017 is subject to Board approval. See slides 108 and 109 for details as to the ore reserves that underpin the indicative mine plan, subject to depletions for 1 January to 30 June 2016 as set out on page 26 of the 2016 Annual Report

³ Indicative cost based on estimated capital stripping costs only required, in FY16 real dollars. Main dome stage 6/7 is in progress

Telfer – Edge example



Initiative implemented

Initiative

- Improve development productivity in the Underground SLC
- Application of bottom up innovation & operating discipline

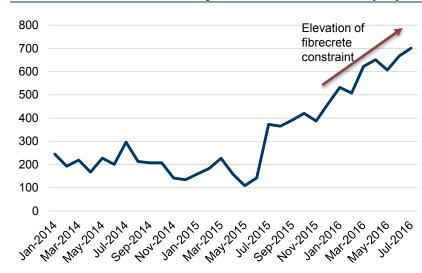
Achieved

- Apply "Theory of Constraints" to debottleneck the development cycle
 - Elevation of fibrecrete constraint delivered the largest gains

Benefits

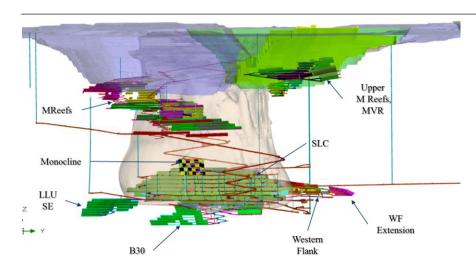
- Bring forward cash flow
- Reduce development unit cost
- Reduce total fixed cost over life of mine

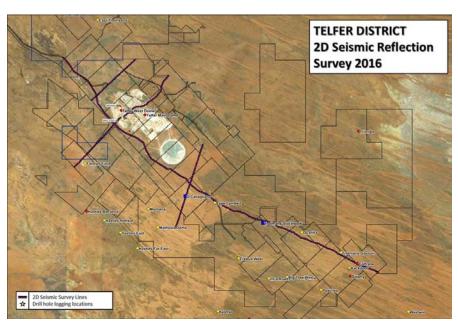
SLC Lateral Development Advance (m)



Telfer – Potential life extension activities







Telfer near mine drilling and studies:

- Western Flank extensions
- Oakover Veins (North Dipping Veins)
- Eastern Stockwork Corridor
- A reef package
- LLU South extensions
- M Reef extensions
- Potential UG bulk mining areas

Further exploration:

- Identify targets for drilling in both near mine and brownfields by:
 - Compilation and validation of all historical exploration data
 - New regional seismic review (2016) first time since 1996 for Telfer
 - Defining geochemical indicators of Telfer mineralisation
 - District scale regolith/landform and geochemical surface sampling program

Telfer – Hedge profile



Financial Year Ending	Gold Ounces Hedged	Average Price A\$/oz
30 June 2017	300,694	1,730
30 June 2018	294,697	1,765
30 June 2019	70,644	1,778
Total	666,035	1,751



- Telfer is a large scale, low grade mine and its profitability and cashflow are both very sensitive to the realised Australian Dollar gold price
- The Board felt it prudent to secure margins on a portion of future production, which in turn will help support the investment in future cutbacks and mine development
- Further hedging of Telfer's gold production may be undertaken in the future when capital expenditure is required





Gosowong

Philip Stephenson EGM Gosowong & Telfer







Site Process

Element	Description
Mining	Underground mining using predominantly underhand cut-and-fill (Kencana) and long hole stopes with paste fill (Toguraci)
Processing	Crushing, grinding, leaching
Output	Gold and silver dore

Key Statistics¹

Gold Reserve Life: ~4 years²
Gold Reserves: 0.76 moz
Gold Resources: 1.6 moz

FY17 Prod. Guidance: 220-270koz Au³

FY16 AISC: \$935/oz

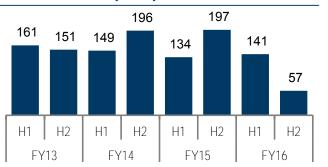
Workforce (FTE)⁴: 1,134 employees

635 contractors

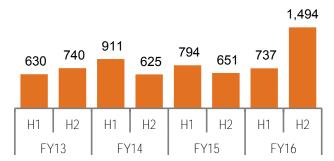
(Oct 2016)

Q1 FY17 Production: 58koz Q1 FY17 AISC: \$942/oz

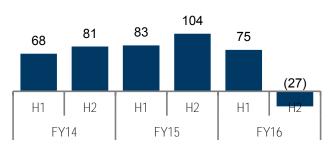
Production (koz)



All-In Sustaining Cost (\$/oz)



Free Cash Flow (\$m)⁵



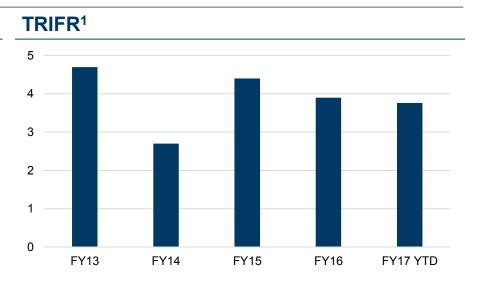
- 1 The figures shown represent 100%. Newcrest owns 75% of Gosowong through its holding in PT Nusa Halmahera Minerals, an incorporated joint venture
- Reserve life is indicative and calculated as proven and probable gold reserves (contained metal) as at 31 December 2015 divided by gold production for the 12 months ended 30 September 2016. The reserve life calculation does not take into account gold recovery rates and therefore estimate reserve life does not necessarily equate to operating mine life. Full mineral resources and ore reserves tables can be found on slides 106 to 109
- 3 Achievement of guidance is subject to market and operating conditions
- 4 Employees are Newcrest directly employed FTEs, contractor FTEs include full time embedded contractors and project, replacement labour and other contractors
- Free cash flow is before interest and tax

Gosowong – Health, Safety & Environment



Key activities

- Underground mining risk reviews completed and a comprehensive QA/QC program implemented
- NewSafe behavioural workshops commencing with employees
- Critical Control Management embedded at manager and supervisor level
- Hygiene program improvement plans developed and implemented
- Cyanide code compliant
- Emergency response training improvement plan implemented



Gosowong – Process plant



CRUSHER

WHS REAGENT STORAGE MBDNG REAGENT AREA

PROCESS WATER POOL

MILL FEED STOCKPILE

ROM PAD STOCKPILE

SAG #2

FUEL DIESEL STORAGE TANK



CCD TANK #2

CCD TANK #1

SAG #1 BALL MILL GRAVITY CIRCUIT

GOLD ROOM

POWER HOUSE #2 POWER HOUSE #1

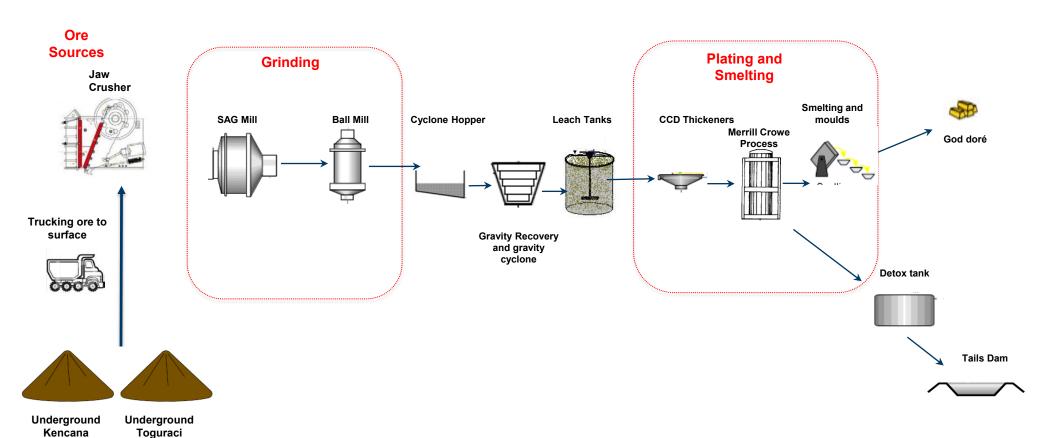
PREGNANT SOLUTION TANK

MECHANICAL & ELECTRICAL WORKSHOPS

MINERAL LABORATORY

Gosowong – Process flow sheet



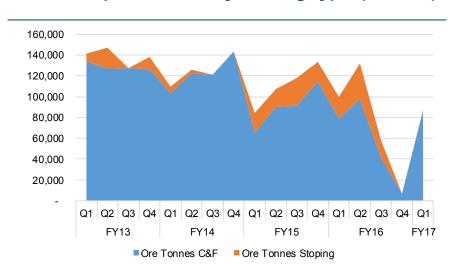


Gosowong - Mining post geotechnical event



- FY16 impacted by geotechnical event: To further increase factor of safety, revised mining technique now being employed at Kencana (cut and fill only, no stoping)
- Learnings from Kencana applied to Toguraci where paste fill is now implemented
- Results:
 - No significant fall of ground at Kencana since revised approach
 - Gosowong ore production expected to be ~75% of former operating rate¹

Kencana production by mining type (tonnes)





Gosowong – Indicative mine plan



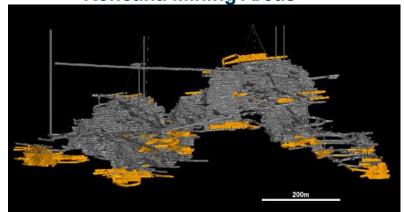
Mineral Resource & Ore Reserves¹

		Go	old	Sil	ver
	Dry Tonnes (millions)	Grade (g/t)	Insitu Gold (Moz)	Grade (g/t)	Insitu Silver (Moz)
Ore Reserves	1.8	13	0.76	19	1.1
Mineral Resources	4.1	12	1.6	20	2.6

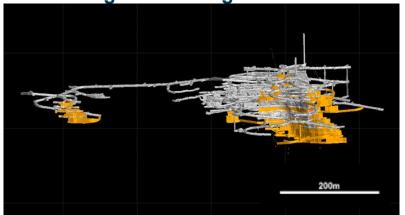
Proposed indicative development of Gosowong mining operations²

Timing (years)	Total material moved	Kencana ore mined	Kencana gold grade	Kencana silver grade	Toguraci ore mined	Toguraci gold grade	Toguraci silver grade
FY17-18	1.2 - 1.3mt	700 - 750 kt	~10 g/t	~13 g/t	~425 - 450 kt	~20 g/t	~38 g/t
FY19+	Remaining Res	erves ¹					

Kencana Mining Areas



Toguraci Mining Areas



As per Newcrest Annual Statement of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves as at 31 December 2015. Note that in preparing the Annual Statement of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves for the period ended 31 December 2016, Newcrest proposes to review long-term foreign exchange rate, metal price and cost assumptions. At this stage, the impact that the assumption changes or outcomes of the ongoing studies will have on Newcrest's Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves estimates for the period ending 31 December 2016 has not been determined. Orange section is area planned to be mined. Grey sections are areas already mined

Indicative only and should not be construed as guidance. Subject to market and operating conditions. Any development beyond 2017 is subject to Board approval. See slides 108 for details as to the ore reserves that underpin the indicative mine plan, subject to depletions for 1 January to 30 June 2016 as set out on page 27 of the 2016 Annual Report

Gosowong – Edge examples



Initiative implemented

Initiative

Identifying possible other use for waste materials

Achieved

 Utilised otherwise waste material ("tuff") from TSF for paste plant

Benefits

- Application of bottom up innovation and employee involvement
- Ongoing annual savings and value



Current initiative in progress

Initiative

Embed short interval controls in mining teams

Activity

 Training front line to be more effective with running of shifts using short interval control and setting time targets on specific activities

Potential Benefits

- Intended to deliver mining production cycles of:
 - 24 hours for production headings
 - 12 hours for stope blasting



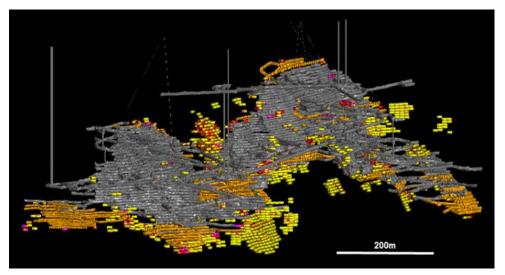
Gosowong – Potential life extension activities



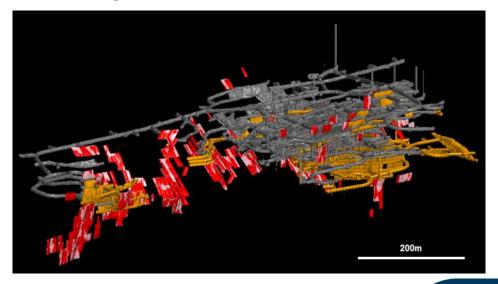
Scoping studies have commenced into the potential to mine narrow vein and stockwork mineralisation at Toguraci and Kencana respectively. These studies aim to unlock value and provide supplementary mineralised material to that being mined from the main ore zones.

- Toguraci Narrow Veins veins <5m wide that may be recoverable using alternative mining methods
- Kencana Stockwork zones of lower grade fracture and vein hosted mineralisation enclosing and extending current mining areas

Kencana Stockwork Potential

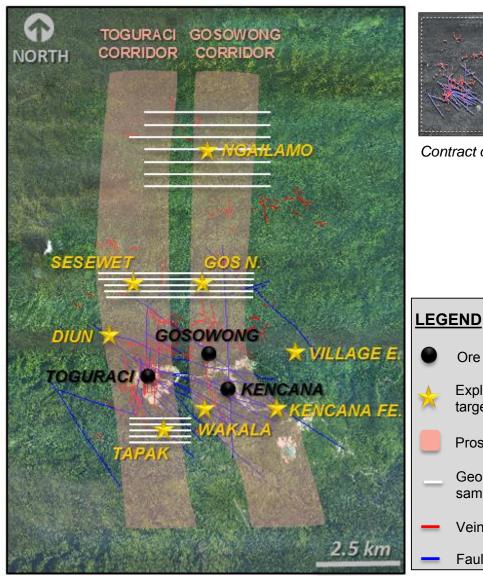


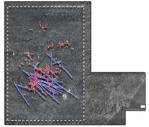
Toguraci Narrow Vein Potential



Gosowong – Potential life extension activities







Contract of Work

Ore deposit

Exploration

target area

Prospective corridor

Geophysical & soil

sampling line

Vein

Fault

- Exploration program focussed on sustaining Gosowong's Mineral Resource base and extending Life of Mine
- Near-mine exploration:
 - Exploring for mineable extensions to existing orebodies
 - Drill testing in progress
- Regional exploration:
 - Search for new high-grade veins in the greater Contract of Work area
 - Eight priority target areas identified
 - Drill testing in progress
 - Further target generation work ongoing comprising surface geochemical sampling and ground geophysical survey

60

Strategic alliance signed with ANTAM





- Signed 6 November 2016
- ANTAM and Newcrest will cooperate and work together to identify and examine opportunities in Indonesia





Cadia

Craig Jones EGM Cadia & MMJV

Cadia - Cash generation plus growth potential





Site Process

Element	Description
Mining	Panel Cave mining from Cadia East (Panel Cave 1 and 2), with underground crushing and conveyor to surface
Processing	High pressure grinding rolls, SAG mills, ball mills, flotation and gravity concentration
Output	Principally copper/gold concentrate with some gold doré

Key Statistics

Gold Reserve Life: ~37 years
Gold Reserves: 26 moz
Gold Resources: 43 moz
Copper Reserves: 4.5 mt
Copper Resources: 8.4 mt

FY17 Prod. Guidance: 730-820koz Au,

~65ktCu²

FY16 AISC: \$274/oz Permitted Processing: 32mtpa

Workforce (FTE)³: 715 employees,

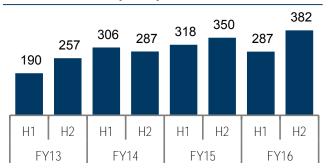
481 contractors

(Oct 2016)

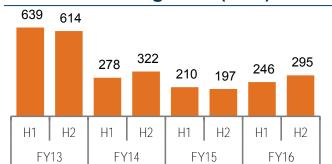
Q1 FY17 Production: 195koz Q1 FY17 AISC: \$267/oz

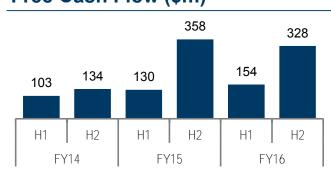
Free Cash Flow (\$m)⁴

Production (koz)



All-In Sustaining Cost (\$/oz)





¹ Reserve life is indicative and calculated as proven and probable gold reserves (contained metal) as at 31 December 2015 divided by gold production for the 12 months ended 30 September 2016. The reserve life calculation does not take into account gold recovery rates and therefore estimate reserve life does not necessarily equate to operating mine life. Full mineral resources and ore reserves tables can be found on slides 106 to 109

² Achievement of guidance is subject to market and operating conditions

³ Employees are Newcrest directly employed FTEs, contractor FTEs include full time embedded contractors and project, replacement labour and other contractors

Free cash flow is before interest and tax

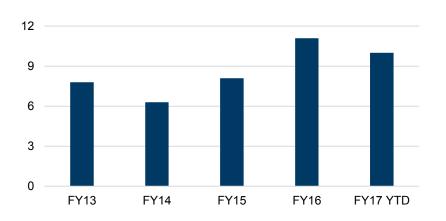
Cadia – Health, Safety & Environment



Key activities

- NewSafe training implemented across workforce - managers and opinion leaders active in building the safety culture
- Critical control management embedded at manager and supervisor level
- Occupational health and hygiene program and monitoring ongoing
- Process safety risk assessment conducted on caving activities

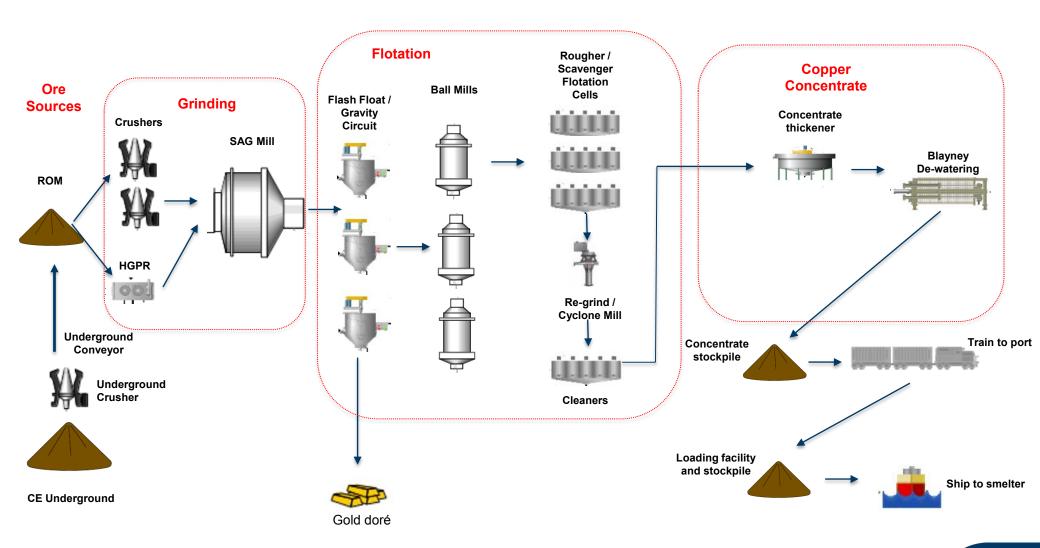
TRIFR¹





Cadia – Generic process flow sheet





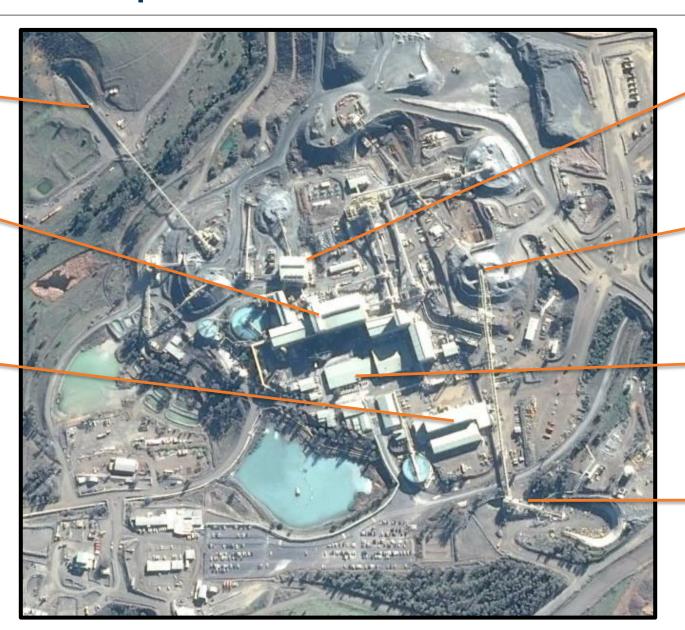
Cadia – Process plant



RIDGEWAY CONVEYOR

CONCENTRATOR 1

MOBILE MAINTENANCE



CONCENTRATOR 2

COARSE ORE STOCKPILE

ADMINSTRATION

CADIA EAST CONVEYOR

Cadia - Site overview

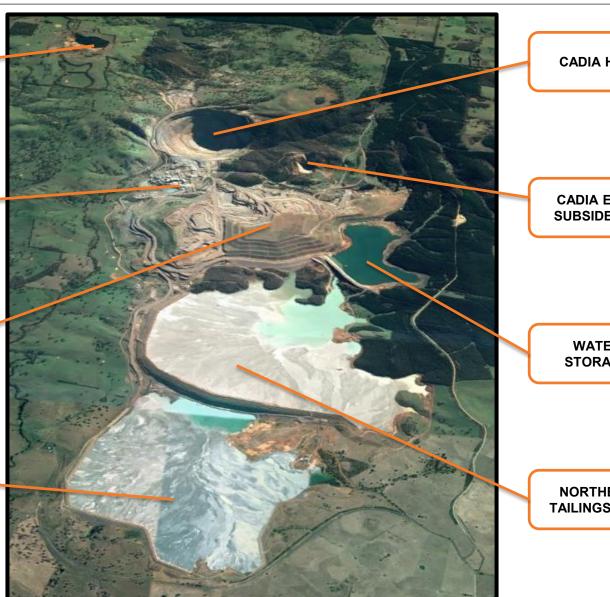


RIDGEWAY SUBSIDENCE

COMMERCIAL, **ADMINSTRATION** & PROCESSING

WASTE ROCK DUMPS

SOUTHERN **TAILINGS DAM**



CADIA HILL

CADIA EAST SUBSIDENCE

WATER STORAGE

NORTHERN TAILINGS DAM

Cadia – Edge examples



Initiative implemented

Initiative

- HPGR throughput was identified as a bottleneck to plant performance
- Opportunity identified to increase throughput with minor investment

Achieved

- Reviewed options to "sweat the asset"
- Electrical engineering set point changes
- Increase VVVF drive from 53.7Hz to 60Hz
- Increased capacity by +10%

Benefits

- Cost to implement \$20,000
- Throughput + 120ktpa, additional ~\$4m FCF



Current initiative in progress

Initiative

 To increase SAG throughput. Current liner design restricting ball load and limiting mill power draw

Activity

- Redesign liners
- Draw more power and increase the SAG throughput
- Allow for increased ball charge and faster ramp-up

Potential benefit

- Estimated cost to implement \$1.8m
- Estimated throughput + 1mtpa



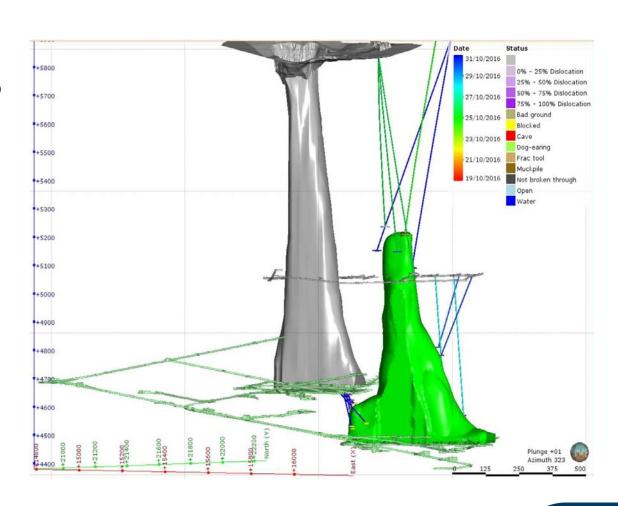
Cadia – Managing interaction of caves



Interaction being managed

- PC1 drives interacting with PC2 as expected
- Maintain appropriate air gap at top of PC2
- Active monitoring in place
- Targeting PC2 full cave operation by end of CY 2018¹

Status of PC1 and PC2



As with any Panel Cave, the cave will need to be continually monitored and managed during its operation, but Panel Cave 2 is expected to be able to draw at or above its nameplate capacity by this date

Cadia – Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves¹



			Gold		Copper	
		Dry Tonnes (Million)	Grade (g/t)	Insitu Gold (Moz)	Grade (%)	Insitu Copper (Mt)
Ore Reserves Cadia East Underground		1500	0.47	23	0.27	4.2
	Ridgeway Underground	82	0.55	1.4	0.29	0.23
	Other	90	0.52	1.5	0.14	0.13
	Total			26		4.5
Mineral Resources	Cadia East Underground	2800	0.40	36	0.26	7.4
	Ridgeway Underground	150	0.51	2.5	0.33	0.49
	Other	310	0.43	4.2	0.16	0.49
	Total			43		8.4



As per Newcrest Annual Statement of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves as at 31 December 2015. Note that in preparing the Annual Statement of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves for the period ended 31 December 2016, Newcrest proposes to review long-term foreign exchange rate, metal price and cost assumptions. At this stage, the impact that the assumption changes or outcomes of the ongoing studies will have on Newcrest's Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves estimates for the period ending 31 December 2016 has not been determined. Full mineral resources and ore reserves tables can be found on slides 106 to 109

Cadia – Targeting new processing baseline – 28mtpa



- Low capital cost pathway identified to expand existing plant capacity to 28mtpa
 - Edge Projects identified debottlenecking opportunities
 - Reduce variability in concentrator 1 grinding circuit
 - Improved process and reliability response controls
 - New mill liner designs
 - Increasing in-process stockpiles to offset short term intra-process interruptions
- Implementation targeted by FY18¹



Cadia – Studies in progress for plant expansion¹



- Conducted concept level analysis to find value peaks at different throughput rates
 - Highest likely IRR outcome is at 32mtpa
 - Highest likely NPV is up to ~40mtpa
 - Proposed path forward is build new concentrator to 32mtpa, enabling recovery uplift
 - Continue to study potential to later improve up to 40mtpa

Rate (mtpa)	Benefits / Considerations	Approximate Plant Expansion Capital ² (US\$m)	Potential IRR ^{3, 4} (%)
32 (Modify Existing Plant)	Increased throughputNot expandable beyond 32mtpa	~185	~15%
32 (New Concentrator– Optimised to 32mtpa)	 Increased throughput + recovery uplift Stand alone grind circuit and less complex 	~230	~20%
32 (New Concentrator – Enabled to expand up to 40mtpa)	 Increased throughput + additional recovery uplift Investment in additional grinding, cleaning and concentrate thickener to increase recovery Higher initial capital but lower cost to expand up to 40mtpa 	~310	~20%

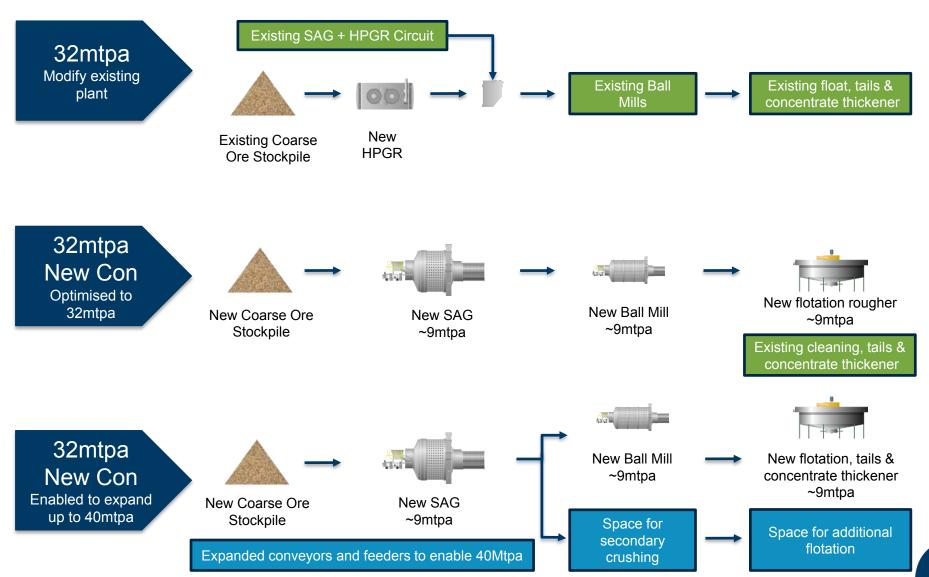
¹ Subject to market and operating conditions and receipt of regulatory approvals. Capital and IRR estimates are at concept level and as such were prepared with objective of being subject to an accuracy of ±35% 2 Expansion capital excludes timing effect of accelerated mining investment due to increased mining rate

³ IRR includes timing effect of accelerated mining investment due to increased mining rate. The potential IRR's have been derived using the indicative mine plan 32mtpa on slide 82 and recovery assumptions on slide 77

⁴ Assumptions include gold price of \$1,200/oz, copper price of \$3.00/lb, AUD:USD exchange rate of 0.80. The IRR is a result of the increase in processing throughput from the base of 28mtpa to 32mtpa

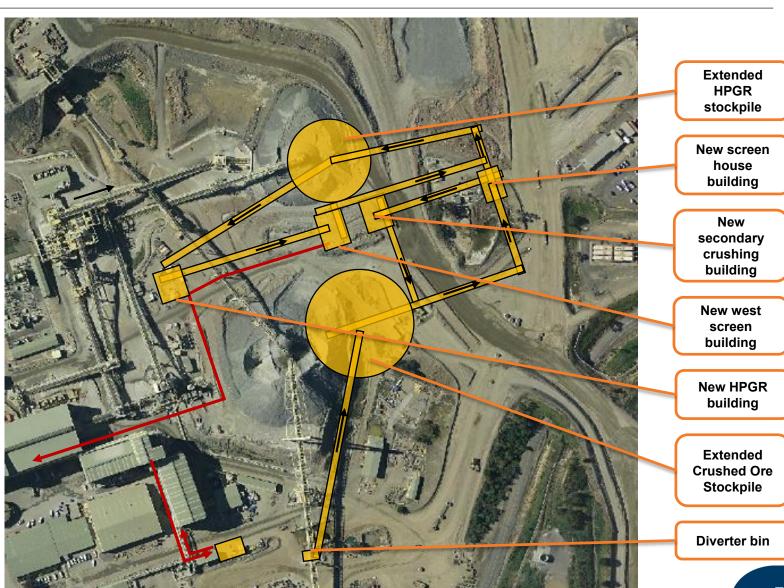
Cadia – Plant expansion potential options¹





Indicative schematic 32mtpa - modify existing plant





Indicative schematic 32mtpa - new concentrator optimised to 32mtpa



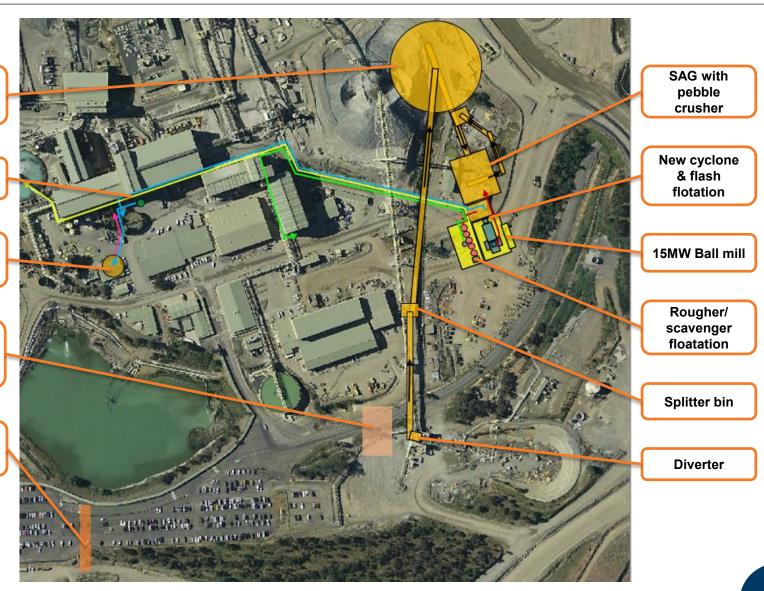


Recleaner Jameson Cell

Concentrator thickener

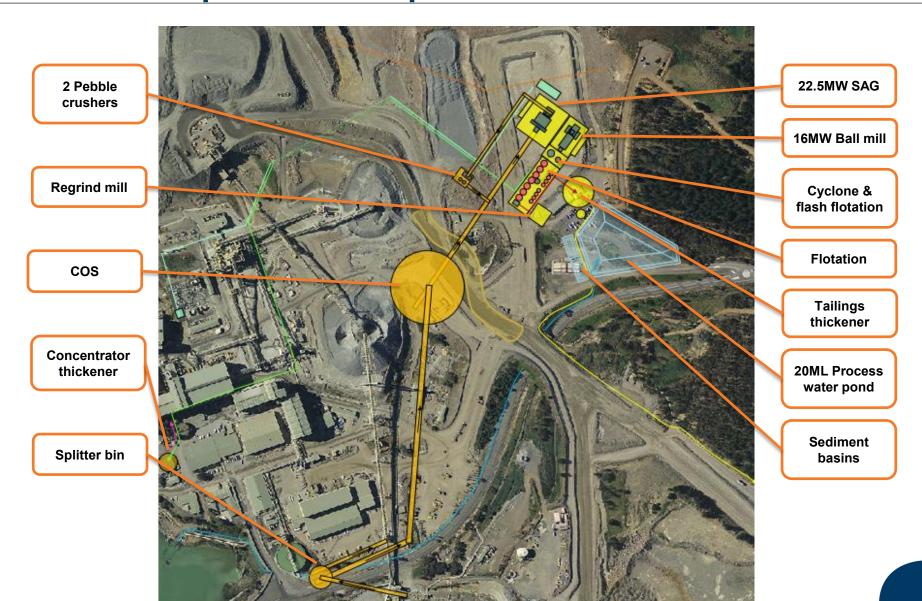
New heavy vehicle workshop access

New site main entrance



Indicative schematic 32mtpa - new concentrator enabled to expand to 40mtpa

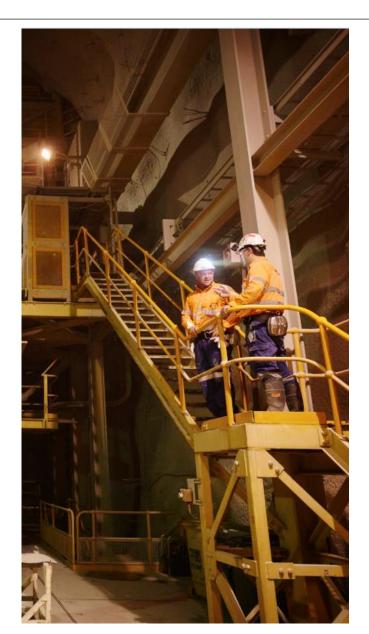




Cadia – Plant expansion targeting a recovery uplift



- Potential for recovery uplift to be achieved by
 - slowing existing concentrator throughput
 - slower throughput puts more energy into the rock, reducing grind size (smaller particles)
 - potential to improve net recoveries by ~1-2%
- Further potential recovery uplift of ~0.5-1%
 (Au) and ~1-2% (Cu) in 32mtpa New Con
 Enabled to expand up to 40mtpa option is due to the addition of a cleaner flotation circuit
- Potential new capacity
 - Build new concentrator for additional capacity to offset reduction in throughput of existing concentrators
 - Operate system at 32mtpa permit level



Cadia – No constraints to 32mtpa identified



Pre-feasibility study continues but to date has identified no constraints on expanding to 32mtpa.

Constraint ¹	Finding	Key consideration
Mining Rate	\checkmark	PC1 and PC2 mine production can deliver 32mtpa
Materials Handling	\checkmark	Current system can operate at 32mtpa and can be progressively debottlenecked up to 45mtpa
Process Plant	\checkmark	New standalone facility is safer, more reliable, capital efficient and expandable
Concentrate Handling	\checkmark	Existing capacity up to 45mtpa
Tailings	\checkmark	Existing capacity up to 32mtpa
Water	√	32mtpa achievable with current licences
Power	\checkmark	Modest offsite electrical transmission upgrade for additional mill
Permitting	\checkmark	Existing permit to 32mtpa, modification required to reflect changes to plant configuration

Cadia – Plant expansion capital to 32mtpa¹



Breakdown of the indicative capex on the 32mtpa options are set out below

Element	32mtpa Modify existing Plant	32mtpa New Con Optimised to 32mtpa	32mtpa New Con Enabled to expand up to 40mtpa
Direct Costs			
Equipment	\$50 – 75m	\$65 – 95m	\$90 – 140m
Earthworks	\$5 – 10m	\$5 – 10m	\$5 – 10m
Concrete	\$15 – 20m	\$15 – 20m	\$20 – 25m
Steelwork	\$25 – 35m	\$35 – 50m	\$40 – 55m
Piping	\$10 – 15m	\$15 – 25m	\$25 – 35m
Electrical & Instrumentation	\$15 – 20m	\$15 – 20m	\$25 – 40m
Demolition & Tie-Ins	\$5m	\$5m	\$5m
Indirect Costs			
Feasibility Study & Permitting	\$5 – 10m	\$5 – 10m	\$5 – 10m
EPCM	\$15 – 25m	\$20 – 30m	\$30 – 45m
Owners Costs & Temporary Facilities	\$10 – 15m	\$10 – 15m	\$15 – 20m
First Fills & Spares	\$5m	\$5m	\$5m
Total	~\$185m	~\$230m	~\$310m

Subject to market and operating conditions. Estimates are from a concept level study and as such were prepared with the objective of being subject to an accuracy range of ±35%. Excludes timing effect of accelerated mining capital investment due to increased mining rate

Cadia – Plant expansion pathway to delivery¹



Prefeasibility Study

- Select process plant capital configuration
- Targeting completion of PFS in Q3 FY17

Feasibility Study

Targeting completion of Plant Expansion FS by end 1H FY18

Permitting & Community

- Seek modification of 32mtpa permit based on new equipment selection
- Ongoing engagement with local community and stakeholders

Long Lead Items

Potentially commence acquisition of long lead items by 2H FY17

Implementation

Anticipated implementation of equipment completed in FY20

Cadia expansion – next steps

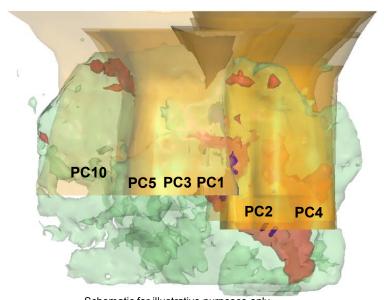


- Concept work confirmed that up to 40mtpa potentially attractive.
- Studies currently underway:
 - Optimise sequence and rate of future block caves at 32mtpa
 - Evaluate potential opportunity for expansion up to 40mtpa
 - Complete PFS to select plant configuration by Q3 FY17:
 - 1. 32mtpa (New Concentrator Optimised to 32mtpa)
 - 2. 32mtpa (New Concentrator Enabled to expand up to 40mtpa)



Cadia East - Indicative mine plans 1,2





Schematic for illustrative purposes only

PC10 PC8 PC7 PC9 PC5 PC3 PC1 PC2 PC4 PC6

Schematic for illustrative purposes only

28mtpa Baseline

Timing (Years)	Total material movement	Plant Feed (Mt)	Average Gold grade g/t	Average Copper grade %		
FY17 – 19	~82	~82	~1.22	~0.36		
FY20 – 22	~84	~84	~0.91	~0.40		
FY23 – 25	~84	~84	~0.57	~0.32		
FY26 - 36	~308	~308	~0.49	~0.30		
FY37+	Remaining Reserves ³					

32mtpa Upgrade

Timing (Years)	Total material movement	Plant Feed (Mt)	Average Gold grade g/t	Average Copper grade %	
FY17 – 19	~82	~82	~1.22	~0.37	
FY20 – 22	~96	~96	~0.87	~0.39	
FY23 – 25	~96	~96	~0.54	~0.32	
FY26 - 36	~352	~352	~0.47	~0.29	
FY37+	Remaining Reserves ³				

Subject to market and operating conditions and will require additional block caves. Any mine development and associated capital expenditure beyond 2017 is subject to Board approval. See slides 108 and 109 for details as to the ore reserves at Cadia East that underpin the indicative mine plan, subject to depletions for 1 January to 30 June 2016 as set out on page 26 of the 2016 Annual Report

Indicative only and should not be construed as guidance

For the remaining Reserves and Resources please refer to Newcrest Annual Statement of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves as at 31 December 2015

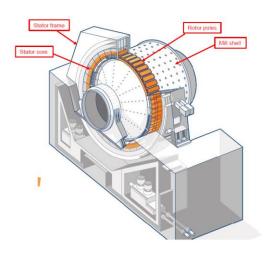
Cadia - SAG mill motor replacement

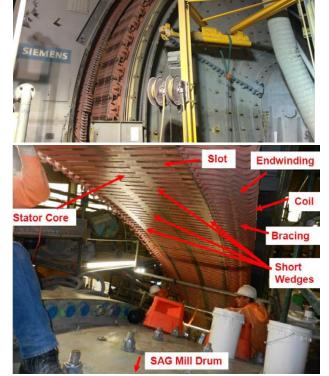


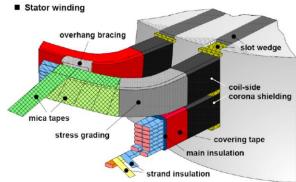
- Replacement motor due on site by March 2017, emergency spares in warehouse
- Mill motor repaired and operating without issues currently no need to replace in near term
- Potential replacement likely to coincide with completion of plant expansion to 32mtpa and motor condition strategy

Temporary bypass system constructed for Concentrator 1 SAG Mill to reduce impact of

undertaking repairs











Wafi-Golpu Craig Jones EGM Cadia & MMJV

Wafi-Golpu – Study work continues¹



Key Statistics – Golpu²

Gold Reserves: 5.5 moz
Gold Resources: 9.3 moz
Copper Reserves: 2.4 mt
Copper Resources: 4.3 mt

Location: 65km south-west of

Lae

Newcrest Ownership: 50% (if government

exercises full option, Newcrest's ownership would reduce to 35%)

Golpu Stage One FS³

Mining style: Block cave

NPV: ~\$1.1bn (real) IRR: ~15% (real)

Payback: ~10 years from

commencement of

earthworks for declines

Processing rate: Up to 6mtpa (further

expansion potential)

Expected first ore: Approx. 5 years after

commencement of earthworks for declines

Feasibility Study Status Update

Forward work plan continuing to complete study.

Sufficient work completed to justify access declines which are required to undertake more drilling of the orebody at depth to inform the next stage of the feasibility study, subject to receipt of Special Mining Lease (SML), fiscal stability arrangement and Board approval

Permitting:

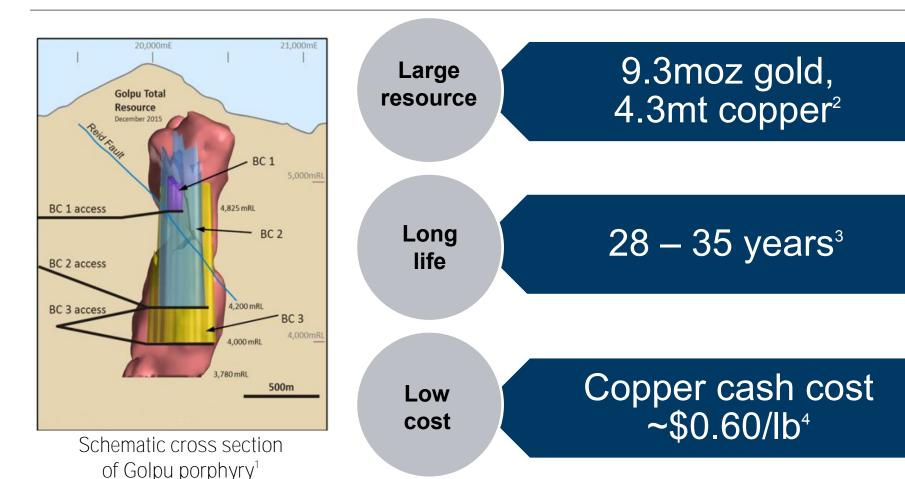
Special Mining Lease application submitted⁴, working through associated approval processes



- 1 See release dated 15 February 2016 for further details on Stage One and Stage Two, including conditions to progression and level of accuracy of those studies
- 2 Ore Reserves and Mineral Resources based on Newcrest's 50% ownership share of Golpu. Full mineral resources and ore reserves tables can be found on slides 106 to 109
- Figures shown reflect 100% of project, Newcrest owns 50% of the project. As timing for finalisation of the Special Mining Lease or a suitable fiscal and stability framework and supporting arrangements is uncertain, valuation outcomes are shown at the time of commencement of earthworks for the access declines. Costs are based on 2016 real estimates. Neither the costs nor cost escalation impacts prior to commencement of earthworks are included in the valuation outcomes. All numbers and timelines are based on information derived from work undertaken for the Stage One Feasibility Study and are subject to completion of the further feasibility study work, investment approval, receipt of all necessary permits and approvals and market and operating conditions and engineering. Based on a Probable Ore Reserves of 75Mt, with a gold grade of 1.06g/t, 1.58% copper, gold metal of 2.5Moz and copper metal of 1.2Mt, and including 9Mt of unclassified material which contains 2% of the gold metal and 2% of the copper metal in the Probable Ore Reserves and is included as dilution material associated with the block cave mining method.
- 4 See release dated 25 August 2016 for further details on application for Special Mining Lease

Golpu – a highly attractive orebody





Potential unlocked through Newcrest's caving capability

- 1 Cave wireframes are a representation of the shape of economic draw of mixed cave material from the Mineral Resource and not a cave excavation shape
- 2 Mineral Resources based on Newcrest's 50% ownership share of Golpu. Full mineral resource and ore reserve table can be found on slides 106 to 109
- B Life of mine extension is based on progressing the prefeasibility (2-3) option
- 4 Cash costs are Total Operating Costs plus Realisation Costs, less Gold By-product Revenue, divided by Total Copper Production from the prefeasibility (2-3) study. See slide 85 and 90 for reserves underpinning forecast cash cost and assumptions

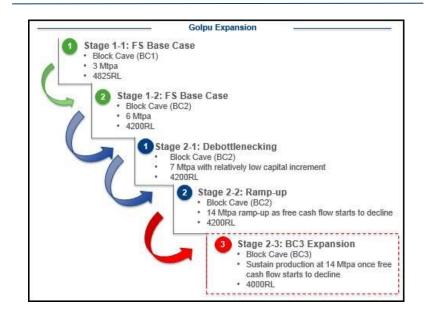
Wafi-Golpu – Indicative timeline and staging¹



Wafi-Golpu Feasibility indicative timetable



Key decision points for staged development from FS to PFS³



Year	1	2	3	4	5	Total
(from commencement)	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
Newcrest share of project capex (50%) ⁴	~115	~115	~145	~260	~240	~875

Plus study costs of \$15-20m per annum in interim period (50%)

More detailed physicals and financial figures based on the updated Feasibility Study as at 15 February 2016 are included on slides 90 and 91

Timeline and costs are estimates from the Stage One Feasibility Study and as such were prepared with the objective of being subject to an accuracy range of minus ±15%, based on the information then available. Subject to all necessary permits, regulatory requirements and Board approval

Concentrator expected to achieve 3mpta approximately three months after BC1 first production

See market release date 15 February 2016 and titled "Wafi-Golpu – Update on Stage One Feasibility and Stage Two Prefeasibility Studies" for further details on these stages

Key findings of the Feasibility Study as at 15 February 2016. These figures may change following the outcome of further work described on slide 88

Wafi-Golpu – Forward work plan update



Geotechnical interpretation

Near term drilling program underway, followed by data interpretation

Hydrology

Refining hydrogeological models to improve interpretation

Tailings Management Evaluating alternate terrestrial storage & deep sea tailings (DSTP) options, including commencement of DSTP environmental monitoring

Port

Assessing multiple Port options

Power

Ongoing assessment of power alternatives

Access Declines To be progressed once Special Mining Lease, fiscal stability and Board approval are obtained

The findings from these studies will be reflected in the next update of the feasibility study

Wafi-Golpu – Permitting & community next steps





Wafi-Golpu – Key findings of the Feasibility and Prefeasibility studies as at 15 February 2016¹



	Description	Unit	FS	PFS (2-1)	PFS (2-2)	PFS (2-3)
Financials	NPV*	\$m real	1,087	1,240	1,338	1,954
	IRR*	%	15.6	16.3	16.8	17.5
	Free Cash Flow generation	\$m pa real LOM average	249	298	405	402
Schedule	Ore throughput*	Mtpa	6	7	14	14
	First ore ³	Date		5 years from s	tart of declines	
	Life of Mine	Years	28	25	18	35
Production	Ore mined*	Mt	149	153	155	379
	Cu Grade	%	1.58%	1.58%	1.57%	1.26%
	Au Grade	g/t	1.06	1.06	1.05	0.91
	Cu Recovered*	kt	2,233	2,301	2,306	4,547
	Cu Recovered	ktpa pa LOM average	80	92	128	130
	Au Recovered*	koz	3,573	3,527	3,509	7,058
	Au Recovered	koz pa LOM average	128	141	195	202
Capital expenses	Project capital*	\$m real	2,640	2,656	2,656	2,656
	Expansion capital*	\$m real	0	10	572	1,261
	Sustaining Capital*	\$m real	1,551	1,489	1,603	2,464
Operating expenses	Total Operating Cost ²	\$/t ore milled real	30.66	28.12	24.16	23.95
	Cash Cost ³	\$/lb Cu real LOM average	0.59	0.55	0.44	0.60

^{*} Outcomes shown in cumulative terms

Cash costs are Total Operating Costs plus Realisation Costs, less Gold By-product Revenue, divided by Total Copper Production

Figures above reflect 100% of project, Newcrest owns 50% of the project. These figures are estimates from the Feasibility Study and Prefeasibility (as at 15 February 2016) and as such were prepared with the objective of being subject to an accuracy range of ±15% (Feasibility Study) and ±25% (Prefeasibility Study), based on the information then available. As timing for finalisation of the Special Mining Lease or a suitable fiscal and stability framework and supporting arrangements is uncertain, valuation outcomes are shown at the time of commencement of earthworks for the access declines. Costs are based on 2016 real estimates. Neither the costs nor cost escalation impacts prior to commencement of earthworks are included in the valuation outcomes. Subject to completion of further feasibility study work, all necessary permits, regulatory requirements and Board approval. Findings may change following the outcome of further work described on slide 88.

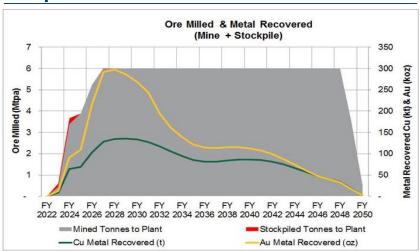
Assumptions include: Gold price of US\$1,200/oz, copper price of US\$3.00/lb, AUD:USD exchange rate of 0.80 and USD:PGK exchange rate of 2.85. Project likely to be funded from free cash flow. See slide 91 for indicative production profile

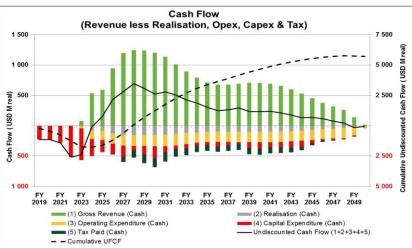
² Total Operating Costs include Mining costs, Processing costs, Infrastructure costs, and General & Administrative costs

Wafi-Golpu – Indicative production and cashflow^{1,2}

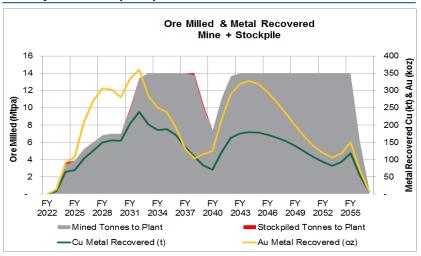


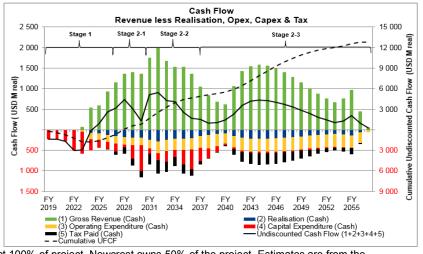
Golpu FS Production & Cash flow





Golpu PFS (2-3) Production & Cash flow





Findings may change following the outcome of further work described on slide 88. Figures above reflect 100% of project, Newcrest owns 50% of the project. Estimates are from the Feasibility Study and Prefeasibility (as at 15 February 2016) and as such were prepared with the objective of being subject to an accuracy range of ±15% (Feasibility Study) and ±25% (Prefeasibility Study), based on the information then available. As timing for finalisation of the Special Mining Lease or a suitable fiscal and stability framework and supporting arrangements is uncertain, valuation outcomes are shown at the time of commencement of earthworks for the access declines. Costs are based on 2016 real estimates. Neither the costs nor cost escalation impacts prior to commencement of earthworks are included in the valuation outcomes. Subject to all necessary permits, regulatory requirements and Board approval. Further studies are ongoing and may result in changes to the above. Full mineral resource and ore reserve table can be found on slides 106 to 109

Wafi-Golpu – long life organic growth opportunity



- Attractive orebody Large resource, long life & low cost
- Subject to ongoing study Work continues on Feasibility Study and Prefeasibility Studies in following areas which may change preliminary findings;
 - Tailings options
 - Geotechnical drilling of orebody
 - Hydrogeology
 - Port & power solutions
- Opportunities to optimise Apply learnings from Ridgeway and Cadia East block cave developments
- Remains work in progress Subject to suitable stability agreement with PNG agreement, completion of feasibility study and Board approval





Bonikro

Michael Nossal Chief Development Officer





Bonikro – Accessing high grade Hiré ore



Site Process

Element	Description
Mining	Open pit drill, blast, load and haul mining at Hiré pits (approximately 15km from Bonikro)
Processing	Crushing, grinding, gravity, carbon-in-leach
Output	Gold dore

Key Statistics¹

Gold Reserve Life: ~4 years²
Gold Reserves: 0.54 moz
Gold Resources: 1.4 moz

FY17 Prod. Guidance: 120-145koz Au³

FY16 AISC: \$941/oz

Workforce (FTE)⁴: 534 employees

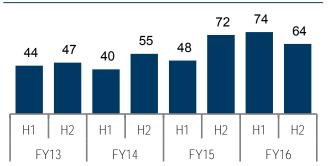
545 contractors

(Oct 2016)

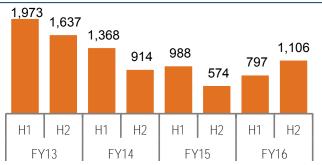
Q1 FY17 Production: 35koz Q1 FY17 AISC: \$963/oz

Free Cash Flow (\$m)⁵

Production (koz)



All-In Sustaining Cost (\$/oz)





- The figures shown represent 100%. Bonikro includes mining and exploration interests in Cote d'Ivoire which are held by the following entities: LGL Mines CI SA (of which Newcrest owns 89.89%), LGL Resources CI SA (of which Newcrest owns 99.89%), LGL Exploration CI SA (of which Newcrest owns 100%) and Newcrest Hiré CI SA (of which Newcrest owns 89.89%)
- 2 Reserve life is indicative and calculated as proven and probable gold reserves (contained metal) as at 31 December 2015 divided by gold production for the 12 months ended 30 September 2016. The reserve life calculation does not take into account gold recovery rates and therefore estimate reserve life does not necessarily equate to operating mine life. Full mineral resources and ore reserves tables can be found on slides 106 to 109
- 3 Achievement of guidance is subject to market and operating conditions
- Employees are Newcrest directly employed FTEs, contractor FTEs include full time embedded contractors and project, replacement labour and other contractors
- Free cash flow is before interest and tax

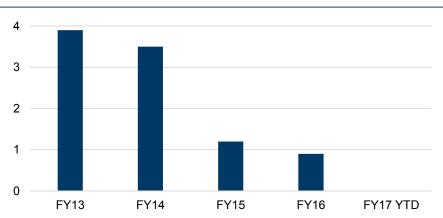
Bonikro – Health, Safety & Environment



Key activities

- Integration of exploration and site based security teams
- Critical control management embedded at manager level, commencing with supervisors
- Housekeeping and walkway improvements driving safety culture improvements
- TRIFR FY17 YTD is zero¹

TRIFR¹





Bonikro – Indicative mine plan



Mineral Resource & Ore Reserves¹

		Go	old
	Dry Tonnes (Millions)	Grade (g/t)	Insitu Gold (Moz)
Ore Reserves	13	1.3	0.54
Mineral Resources	32	1.4	1.4





Proposed indicative development of Bonikro mining operations²

	Timing (Years)	Sources	Total Material Moved (Mt)	Waste (Mt)	Tonnes to Stockpiles (Mt)	Ex-pit Tonnes Fed (Mt)	Stockpile Tonnes Fed (Mt)	Plant Feed (Mt)	Average Feed Grade g/t
		Akissi-so Pit							
	- Y17-18	Assondji-so Pit	29 - 33	25 - 28	0 – 0.5	3 - 4	1	4 - 5	~2.2
Г	11/-10	Chappelle Pit	29 - 33	20 - 20	0 - 0.5	3 - 4	~	4 - 5	~2.2
		Bonikro LG Stockpile							
	Y19-20	Bonikro LG Stockpile	~4				~4	~4	~0.7
Г	119-20	Hire Stockpile	~4	-	-	- ~4	~4	~0.7	
F	Y21-22	Bonikro LG Stockpile	~3.5	-	-	-	~3.5	~3.5	~0.7

As per Newcrest Annual Statement of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves as at 31 December 2015. Note that in preparing the Annual Statement of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves for the period ended 31 December 2016, Newcrest proposes to review long-term foreign exchange rate, metal price and cost assumptions. At this stage, the impact that the assumption changes or outcomes of the ongoing studies will have on Newcrest's Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves estimates for the period ending 31 December 2016 has not been determined. See slide 108 for details as to the ore reserves that underpin the indicative mine plan, subject to depletions for 1 January to 30 June 2016 as set out on page 27 of the 2016 Annual Report

² Indicative only and should not be construed as guidance. Subject to market and operating conditions. Any development beyond 2017 is subject to Board approval

Bonikro – Edge examples



Initiative implemented

Initiative

 Reconfiguration of the cyclone cluster to allow a coarser mill grind size to be achieved

Achieved

Resulted in a 9% lift in milled ore

Benefits

Ongoing cash flow benefits



Current initiative in progress

Initiative

 Improve mining rates, through improving availability, the use of availability and production rates

Activity

• Initiative in progress, but built into mine plan

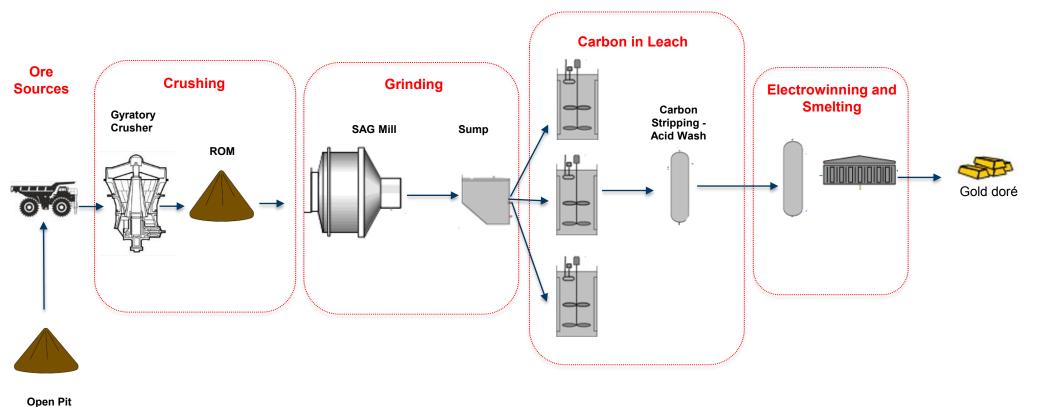
Potential Benefits

- · Faster mining of ore from Hiré pits
- Bringing forward cash flows, reducing overall LOM costs



Bonikro – Process flow sheet





98



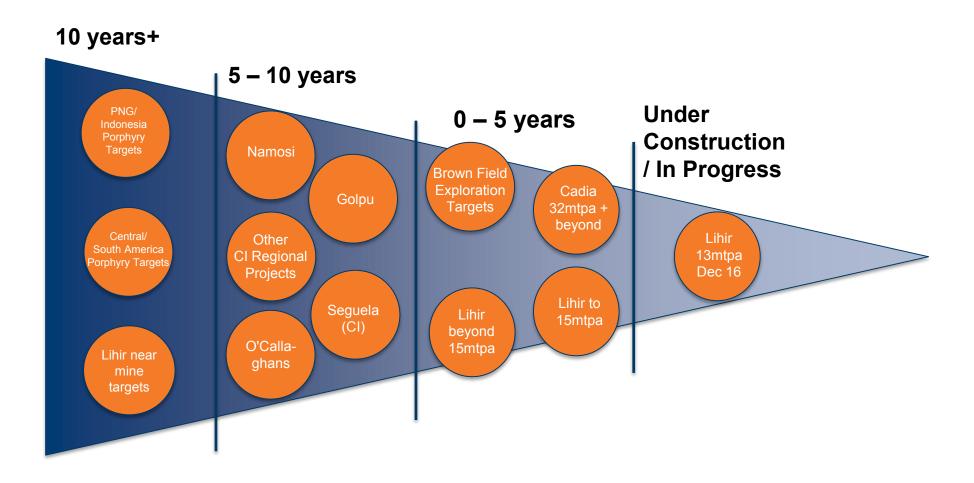


Exploration & Growth

Michael Nossal Chief Development Officer

Pipeline for growth prospects^{1,2,3}





¹ Years stated represent indicative years to first production / completion of project. Indicative only and should not be construed as guidance. Refer to earlier slides for further information including assumptions and qualifications

² All exploration items noted are subject to exploration results – please see information on page 103 and in Newcrest's quarterly results announcements for status of exploration. Any development would be subject to receipt of all approvals and to market and operating conditions

Subject to receipt of all approvals and to market and operating conditions

Exploration – our competitive advantages





1 Newcrest's long life mines = time to explore



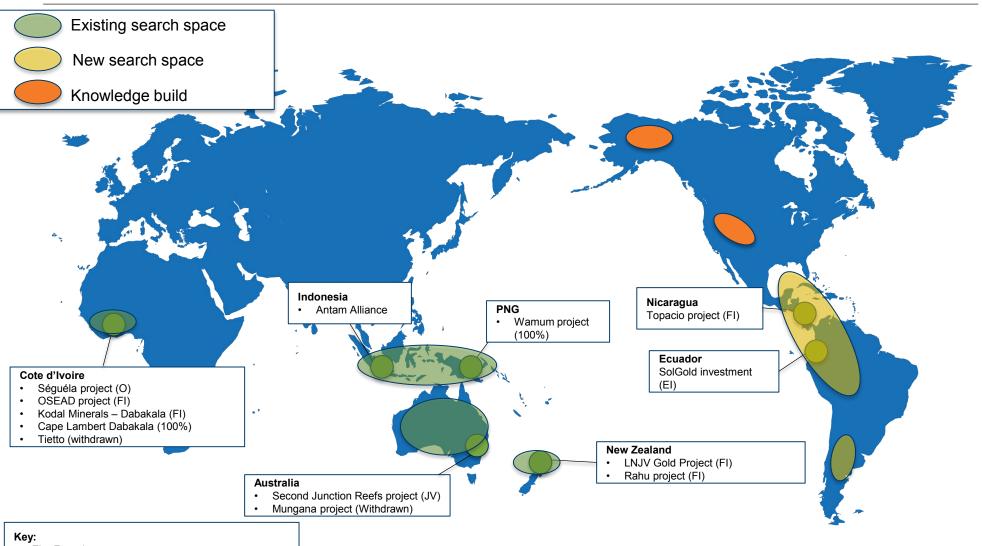
2 Smarter targeting for deeper deposits



3 Newcrest's ability to mine all types of ore bodies

Early entry arrangements & transactions





- FI = Farm-in
- JV = Joint Venture
- 100% = 100% Newcrest tenement
- EI = Equity investment in company
- O = Option

Active

Withdrawn

Early entry arrangements - update



Name	Jurisdiction	Target	Arrangement	Status
Seguela, Apolllo	Cote d'Ivoire	Orogenic Gold	Option Agreement	Option exercised, awaiting transfer of tenements. Target generation work completed, a number of targets identified. Drill testing of the Antenna Prospect returning good results
OSEAD	Cote d'Ivoire	Orogenic Gold	Farm In	Recently signed, target generation work
Dabakala, Kodal Minerals	Cote d'Ivoire	Orogenic Gold	Farm In	First phase of exploration underway (Target generation)
Dabakala, Cape Lambert	Cote d'Ivoire	Orogenic Gold	Acquisition	First phase of exploration underway (Target generation)
LNJV Project	NZ	Epithermal Au	Farm In	First phase of exploration underway (Target generation)
Rahu, New Talisman	NZ	Epithermal Au	Joint Venture	First phase of exploration underway (Target generation)
Antam Alliance	Indonesia	Epithermal Au, Porphyry Au-Cu	Strategic Alliance Agreement	Target generation Alliance
Wamum	PNG	Porphyry Cu-Au	Acquisition	Three drill holes completed, narrow zone of Au mineralisation intersected, follow up drilling planned
Topacio JV, Oro Verde	Nicaragua	Epithermal Au	Option / Farm In	First phase of exploration (Target generation) underway
Tatau / Big Tabar Islands, St Barbara	PNG	Porphyry Cu-Au	Option and Farm In	Agreement subject to final completion of normal conditions precedent
Solgold	Ecuador	Porphyry Cu-Au	Share Placement	10% ownership
Randgold	Cote d'Ivoire	Orogenic Gold	Heads of Agreement	Executed Heads of Agreement (18 Nov 2016) regarding potential exploration Joint Venture covering south east of Cote d'Ivoire
Mungana	Australia	Porphyry related Au-Cu	Expenditure Commitment Agreement	Withdrawn: First phase of exploration completed, project downgraded
Tietto	Cote d'Ivoire	Orogenic Gold	Option and Farm In	Withdrawn: Drilling completed, target downgraded

Growth evaluation process



- Focus remains on early stage entry
- All opportunities to restock the pipeline considered but must deliver value for shareholders

Assessment Criteria

Jurisdiction

- Go where the gold is and make risk based decisions
- Mining regulatory and tax regime (current and forward look)

Newcrest ability to value add

- Newcrest's ability to add value / enhance project and returns
- Ability to add long term value for Newcrest's shareholders

Upside potential

- Exploration upside potential
- Creation of province that leads to longer term value

Return requirements

- Pathway to attractive returns
- Stress tested against range of gold and copper prices

Long-term metal assumptions used for Reserves and Resources estimates¹



Long Term Metal Assumptions	Newcrest & MMJV Managed			
Mineral Resources Estimates				
Gold Price	US\$1,300/oz			
Copper Price	US\$3.40/lb			
Silver Price	US\$21.00/oz			
Ore Reserves Estimate	es			
Gold Price	US\$1,200/oz			
Copper Price	US\$3.00/lb			
Silver Price	US\$18.00/oz			
FX Rate USD:AUD	0.80			

As per Newcrest Annual Statement of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves as at 31 December 2015

Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves



31 December 2015 Gold Mineral Resources¹

Dec-15 Mineral Resources	Competent Person	Measured Resource		Indicated Resource		Inferred Resource		Dec-15 Total Resource			Comparison to Dec-14 Total Resource		
Gold Mineral Resources (inclusive of Gold Ore Reserves)		Dry Tonnes (million)	Gold Grade (g/t Au)	Insitu Gold (million ounces)	Dry Tonnes (million)	Gold Grade (g/t Au)	Insitu Gold (million ounces)						
Operational Provinces													
Cadia East Underground	Ann Winchester	1.5	1.2	2,500	0.41	360	0.34	2,800	0.40	36	2,800	0.41	37
Ridgeway Underground		0.92	0.48	110	0.56	41	0.38	150	0.51	2.5	160	0.52	2.6
Other		140	0.47	120	0.38	39	0.40	310	0.43	4.2	350	0.41	4.5
Total Cadia Province 43												44	
Main Dome Open Pit	James Biggam	20	0.41	42	0.89	0.077	0.39	62	0.74	1.5	79	0.74	1.9
West Dome Open Pit		-	-	170	0.65	0.36	0.71	170	0.65	3.6	180	0.64	3.6
Telfer Underground		-		83	1.5	31	1.5	110	1.5	5.7	140	1.3	6.2
Other		-		0.44	2.9	4.4	1.1	4.9	1.3	0.20	2.3	3.0	0.22
Total Telfer Province 11											12		
Lihir	Glenn Patterson-Kane	87	2.2	610	2.2	120	2.1	820	2.2	57	790	2.3	59
Gosowong ¹	Colin McMillan	-	-	3.4	13	0.76	8.4	4.1	12	1.6	4.6	13	1.9
Bonikro ²	Paul Dunham	9.8	0.81	20	1.6	1.8	2.7	32	1.4	1.4	38	1.5	1.8
MMJV - Hidden Valley Operations (50%) ³	Greg Job	1.7	1.1	39	1.6	1.2	1.4	42	1.6	2.1	56	1.5	2.7
Total Operational Provinces 120										120			
Non-Operational Provinces													
•	Paul Dunham / Greg Job			400	0.00	00	0.74	500	0.02	12	620	0.74	11
MMJV - Golpu / Wafi & Nambonga (50%) ³ Namosi JV (70.67%) ⁴	<u> </u>	-	-		0.86	99	0.74	500	0.83	13	620	0.71 0.11	14 5.3
, ,	Vik Singh	-	-	1,300	0.11	220 15	0.10	1,500	0.11	5.4	1,500		
Marsden	Ann Winchester	-	-	160	0.21	15	0.074	180	0.20	1.1	280	0.15	1.3
Total Non-Operational Provinces 20											21		
Total Gold Mineral Resources 140										140			

NOTE: Data is reported to two significant figures to reflect appropriate precision in the estimate and this may cause some apparent discrepancies in totals

- 1 Gosowong (inclusive of Toguraci and Kencana) is owned and operated by PT Nusa Halmahera Minerals, an incorporated joint venture company (Newcrest 75%). The figures shown represent 100% of the Mineral Resource.
- ² Bonikro is inclusive of mining and exploration interests in Cote d'Ivoire held by LGL Mines CI SA (Newcrest, 89.9%), LGL Exploration CI SA (Newcrest, 100%), LGL Resources CI SA (Newcrest 99.89%) and Newcrest Hire CI SA (Newcrest 89.89%). The figures shown represent 100% of the Mineral Resource.
- 3 MMJV refers to projects owned by the Morobe Mining unincorporated joint ventures between subsidiaries of Newcrest (50%) and Harmony Gold Mining Company Limited (50%). The figures shown represent 50% of the Mineral Resource
- 4 Namosi refers to the Namosi unincorporated joint venture, in which Newcrest has a 70.67% interest. The figures shown represent 70.67% of the Mineral Resource at December 2015 compared to 69.94% of the Mineral Resource at December 2014.
- As per Newcrest Annual Statement of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves as at 31 December 2015. Note that in preparing the Annual Statement of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves for the period ended 31 December 2016, Newcrest proposes to review long-term foreign exchange rate, metal price and cost assumptions. At this stage, the impact that the assumption changes or outcomes of the ongoing studies will have on Newcrest's Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves estimates for the period ending 31 December 2016 has not been determined. Since 31 December 2015, Newcrest has sold its interest in the Hidden Valley Operations and Marsden

Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves



31 December 2015 Copper Mineral Resources¹

Ann Winchester	Dry Tonnes (million)	Copper Grade (% Cu)	Dry Tonnes (million)	Copper Grade	Dry Tonnes	Copper	Dry	Copper	Insitu Copper	Dry	Copper	Insitu Copper
Ann Winchester	1.5			(% Cu)	(million)	Grade (% Cu)	Tonnes (million)	Grade (% Cu)	(million tonnes)	Tonnes (million)	Grade (% Cu)	(million tonnes)
Ann Winchester	1.5											
Ann Winchester	-	0.34	2,500	0.27	360	0.19	2,800	0.26	7.4	2,800	0.26	7.5
I	0.92	0.28	110	0.30	41	0.40	150	0.33	0.49	160	0.33	0.52
	140	0.13	120	0.17	39	0.25	310	0.16	0.49	350	0.18	0.63
									8.4			8.6
	13	0.10	42	0.092	0.077	0.026	56	0.095	0.053	74	0.089	0.066
	-	-	170	0.057	0.36	0.079	170	0.057	0.10	180	0.062	0.11
James Biggam	-	-	83	0.33	31	0.25	110	0.31	0.35	140	0.28	0.40
	-	-	-	-	14	0.37	14	0.37	0.052	16	0.33	0.053
	-	-	69	0.29	9.0	0.24	78	0.29	0.22	78	0.29	0.22
									0.78			0.85
									9.2			10
Dunham / Greg Job	-	-	340	1.1	88	0.71	430	1.0	4.4	560	0.85	4.7
Vik Singh	-	-	1,300	0.34	220	0.41	1,500	0.35	5.3	1,500	0.35	5.3
Ann Winchester	-	-	160	0.40	15	0.19	180	0.38	0.67	280	0.29	0.83
Total Other Provinces - Copper 10										11		
	Dunham / Greg Job Vik Singh	James Biggam	-	- - 170	- - 170 0.057	- 170 0.057 0.36	- - 170 0.057 0.36 0.079	Dunham / Greg Job 340 1.1 88 0.71 430 Vik Singh 1770 0.057 0.36 0.079 170 0.057 0.36 0.079 170 0.057 0.36 0.079 170 0.057 0.36 0.079 170 0.057 0.36 0.079 170 0.057 0.36 0.079 170 0.057 0.36 0.079 170 0.057 0.36 0.079 170 1.10 0.057 0.36 0.079 170 1.10 0.057 0.36 0.079 170 1.10 0.057 0.36 0.079 170 1.10 0.057 0.36 0.079 170 1.10 0.057 0.36 0.079 170 1.10 0.057 0.36 0.079 170 1.10 0.057 0.36 0.079 170 1.10 0.057 0.36 0.079 170 1.10 0.057 0.36 0.079 170 1.10 0.057 0.36 0.079 170 1.10 0.057 0.36 0.079 170 1.10 0.057 0.36 0.079 170 1.10 0.057 0.36 0.079 170 1.10 0.057 0.36 0.079 170 1.10 0.057 0.36 0.079 170 1.10 0.057 0.36 0.079 170 1.10 0.079 170 1.10 0.079 170 1.10 0.079 170 1.10 0.079 170 1.10 0.079 170 1.10 0.079 170 1.10 0.079 170 1.10 0.079 170 1.10 0.079 170 1.10 0.079 170 1.10 0.079 170 1.10 0.079 170 1.10 0.079 170 1.10 0.079 170 1.10 0.079 170 1.	Dunham / Greg Job 340 1.1 88 0.71 430 1.0 Vik Singh - 1,300 0.34 220 0.41 1,500 0.35	13	13	13

NOTE: Data is reported to two significant figures to reflect appropriate precision in the estimate and this may cause some apparent discrepancies in totals

⁵ MMJV refers to projects owned by the Morobe Mining unincorporated joint ventures between subsidiaries of Newcrest (50%) and Harmony Gold Mining Company Limited (50%). The figures shown represent 50% of the Mineral Resource.

⁶ Namosi refers to the Namosi unincorporated joint venture, in which Newcrest has a 70.67% interest. The figures shown represent 70.67% of the Mineral Resource at December 2015 compared to 69.94% of the Mineral Resource at December 2014.

As per Newcrest Annual Statement of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves as at 31 December 2015. Note that in preparing the Annual Statement of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves for the period ended 31 December 2016, Newcrest proposes to review long-term foreign exchange rate, metal price and cost assumptions. At this stage, the impact that the assumption changes or outcomes of the ongoing studies will have on Newcrest's Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves estimates for the period ending 31 December 2016 has not been determined. Since 31 December 2015. Newcrest has sold its interest in Marsden

Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves



31 December 2015 Gold Ore Reserves¹

Dec-15 Ore Reserves		Proved Reserve Prob		Probable	Probable Reserve		Dec-15 Total Reserve			Comparison to Dec-14 Total Reserve		
Gold Ore Reserves	Competent Person	Dry Tonnes (million)	Gold Grade (g/t Au)	Dry Tonnes (million)	Gold Grade (g/t Au)	Dry Tonnes (million)	Gold Grade (g/t Au)	Insitu Gold (million ounces)	Dry Tonnes (million)	Gold Grade (g/t Au)	Insitu Gold (million ounces)	
Operational Provinces												
Cadia East Underground		-	-	1,500	0.47	1,500	0.47	23	1,600	0.48	25	
Ridgeway Underground	Geoff Newcombe	-	-	82	0.55	82	0.55	1.4	85	0.55	1.5	
Other		23	0.30	67	0.59	90	0.52	1.5	90	0.52	1.5	
Total Cadia Province								26			28	
Main Dome Open Pit		20	0.41	21	0.84	40	0.63	0.82	54	0.66	1.1	
West Dome Open Pit	Ron Secis	-	-	84	0.68	84	0.68	1.8	82	0.67	1.8	
Telfer Underground		-	-	24	1.4	24	1.4	1.1	43	1.4	1.9	
Total Telfer Province								3.8			4.8	
Lihir	Steven Butt	87	2.2	290	2.3	370	2.3	28	380	2.4	29	
Gosowong ⁹	Darryl Dyason	-	-	1.8	13	1.8	13	0.76	3.0	12	1.1	
Bonikro ¹⁰	Daniel Moss	9.8	0.81	3.1	2.8	13	1.3	0.54	24	1.3	1.0	
MMJV - Hidden Valley Operations (50%) 11	Greg Job	1.7	1.1	12	1.8	14	1.7	0.78	29	1.6	1.5	
Total Operational Provinces								59			65	
Non-Operational Provinces												
MMJV - Golpu (50%) 11	Pasqualino Manca	-	-	190	0.91	190	0.91	5.5	230	0.86	6.2	
Namosi JV (70.67%) ¹²	Geoff Newcombe	-	-	940	0.12	940	0.12	3.7	930	0.12	3.6	
Total Non-Operational Provinces								9.2			10	
Total Gold Ore Reserves								69			75	

NOTE: Data is reported to two significant figures to reflect appropriate precision in the estimate and this may cause some apparent discrepancies in totals.

⁹ Gosowong (inclusive of Toguraci and Kencana) is owned and operated by PT Nusa Halmahera Minerals, an incorporated joint venture company (Newcrest 75%). The figures shown represent 100% of the Ore Reserve.

¹⁰ Bonikro is inclusive of mining and exploration interests in Cote d'Ivoire held by LGL Mines CI SA (Newcrest, 89.9%), LGL Exploration CI SA (Newcrest, 100%), LGL Resources CI SA (Newcrest 99.89%) and Newcrest Hire CI SA (Newcrest 89.89%). The figures shown represent 100% of the Ore Reserve.

¹¹ MMJV refers to projects owned by the Morobe Mining unincorporated joint ventures between subsidiaries of Newcrest (50%) and Harmony Gold Mining Company Limited (50%). The figures shown represent 50% of the Ore Reserve.

¹² Namosi refers to the Namosi unincorporated joint venture, in which Newcrest has a 70.67% interest. The figures shown represent 70.67% of the Ore Reserve at December 2015 compared to 69.94% of the Ore Reserve at December 2014.

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Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves



31 December 2015 Copper Ore Reserves¹

Dec-15 Ore Reserves		Proved Reserve			Probable Reserve		Dec-15 Total Reserve			Comparison to Dec-14 Total Reserve		
Copper Ore Reserves	Competent Person	Dry Tonnes (million)	Copper Grade (% Cu)	Dry Tonnes (million)	Copper Grade (% Cu)	Dry Tonnes (million)	Copper Grade (% Cu)	Insitu Copper (million tonnes)	Dry Tonnes (million)	Copper Grade (% Cu)	Insitu Copper (million tonnes)	
Operational Provinces												
Cadia East Underground		-	-	1,500	0.27	1,500	0.27	4.2	1,600	0.29	4.6	
Ridgeway Underground	Geoff Newcombe	-		82	0.29	82	0.29	0.23	85	0.28	0.24	
Other		23	0.14	67	0.15	90	0.14	0.13	90	0.14	0.13	
Total Cadia Province								4.5		4.9		
Main Dome Open Pit		13	0.10	21	0.084	34	0.091	0.031	49	0.081	0.039	
West Dome Open Pit	Ron Secis	-		84	0.058	84	0.058	0.049	82	0.059	0.048	
Telfer Underground	Roll Secis	-		24	0.28	24	0.28	0.067	43	0.30	0.13	
O'Callaghans		-		47	0.28	47	0.28	0.13	49	0.28	0.14	
Total Telfer Province								0.28			0.36	
Total Operational Provinces								4.8			5.3	
Non-Operational Provinces												
MMJV - Golpu (50%) ¹³	Pasqualino Manca	-	-	190	1.3	190	1.3	2.4	230	1.2	2.7	
Namosi JV (70.67%) ¹⁴	Geoff Newcombe	-	=	940	0.37	940	0.37	3.5	930	0.37	3.5	
Total Non-Operational Provinces 5.9									6.2			
Total Copper Ore Reserves								11			11	

NOTE: Data is reported to two significant figures to reflect appropriate precision in the estimate and this may cause some apparent discrepancies in totals.

¹³ MMJV refers to projects owned by the Morobe Mining unincorporated joint ventures between subsidiaries of Newcrest (50%) and Harmony Gold Mining Company Limited (50%). The figures shown represent 50% of the Ore Reserve.

¹⁴ Namosi refers to the Namosi unincorporated joint venture, in which Newcrest has a 70.67% interest. The figures shown represent 70.67% of the Ore Reserve at December 2015 compared to 69.94% of the Ore Reserve at December 2014.

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Capital Management

Gerard Bond Finance Director & CFO

Shareholder returns focus – FY14 - 16



Improved operational performance

Stronger free cash flow

Strengthen balance sheet

Improve returns to shareholders

- >3 years meeting production guidance
- Lower AISC/oz
- Lihir turnaround
- Cadia East ramp-up
- Edge programme

- FY14 FCF of \$136m
- FY15 FCF of \$854m
- FY16 FCF of \$814m
- All capex covered by operating cash flow
- Net debt reduction of \$1.6bn in 2 years ended June 2016
- Leverage ratio reduced to 1.6x at 30 June 2016
- Gearing reduced to 22.8% at 30 June 2016
- Investment grade rating maintained & improved outlook

- Strong relative share price performance
- Recommenced dividend payment August 2016

Shareholder returns focus – going forward



Improved operational performance

Stronger free cash flow

Strengthen balance sheet

Improve returns to shareholders

- Continue with Edge, Lihir turnaround & Cadia ramp-up
- Deliver on commitments

- Focus on safe maximisation of free cash flow
- Continue to fund
 profitable growth from
 our cash flow to
 extent possible
- Continue to reduce net debt, lower leverage ratio and lower gearing
 - Increase cash balance / buffer
 - Liability management

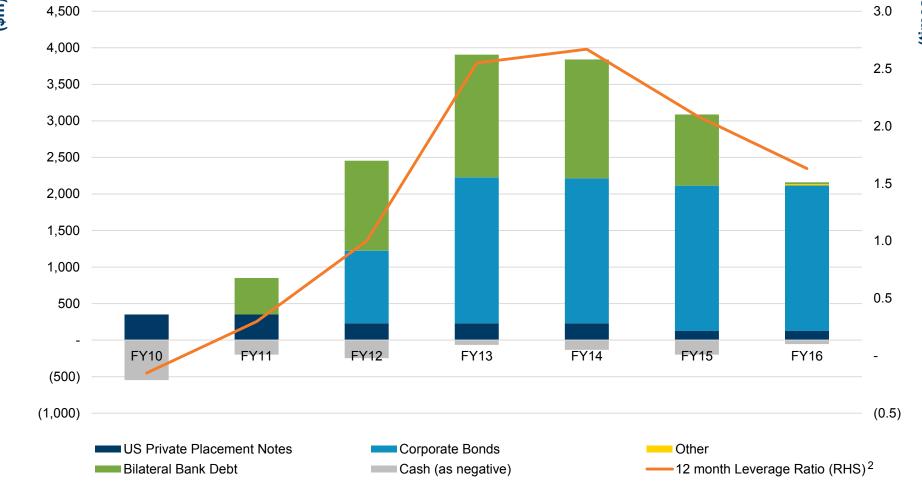
- Safely maximise free cash flow from assets
- Pursue only profitable growth
- Pay dividends having regard to financial policy, profitability, balance sheet strength and reinvestment options

Improved balance sheet strength



Debt, Cash and Leverage¹





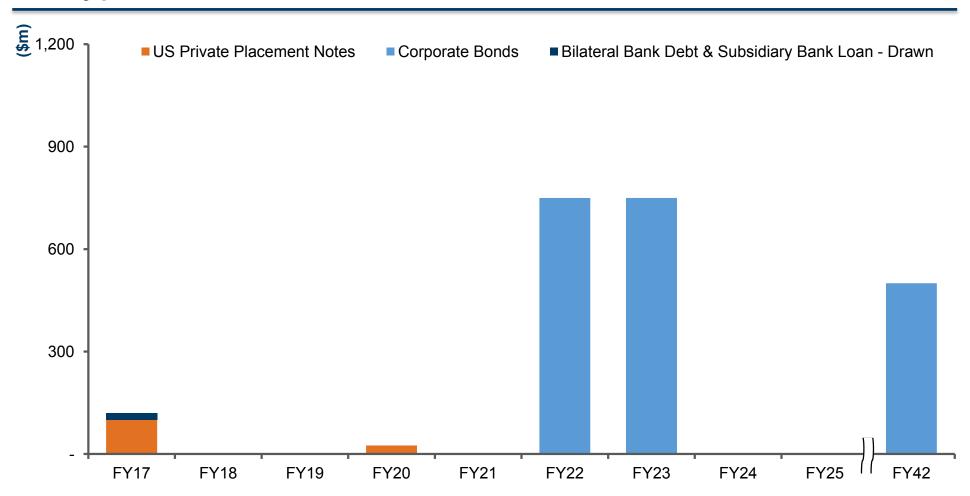
Data is at end of the financial year shown (i.e. 30 June). Where necessary, data converted to US\$ at end of period exchange rate. Only drawn debt is shown

Leverage ratio is Net Debt to trailing 12 month EBITDA

Long-dated debt maturity profile



Maturity profile as at 14 November 2016^{1,2} – Gross Drawn Debt \$2.2bn



Assuming longest dated bilateral facilities drawn first

² All Newcrest's debt is denominated in USD

Digital roadmap



- Digital enhancements part of the Edge program
- Examples of what has been implemented and what is being considered for the future are outlined below

CURRENT FY17 FY18 +2 YEARS & OVER

Mobility widely used on phones and tablets for SAP, asset maintenance, employee communications, and safety

Site Asset Operations Centres monitoring and driving mining and processing activity

Real time dashboards and reporting driving performance to targets and benchmarks

Self service reporting and visualisation

Data science mining optimisation at Cadia

Data science processing optimisation (Cadia and Lihir)

Mobility used extensively by operators

More process stability (Plant run on automatic settings)

Selective use of predictive maintenance to improve availability

Using wearables to manage fatigue

Searchable company memory

Virtual Reality for inductions

Plant automation using data science to adjust set points

Predictive maintenance reduces unplanned outages for critical equipment

Wide use of natural language queries for information retrieval

Wearables used extensively

Searchable company memory supported by artificial intelligence Predictive maintenance reduces unplanned outages widespread

Plant automation optimised using machine learning

Natural language queries for all company knowledge

Automation of trucks and boggers

Example of digital enhancements



Initiative implemented

Initiative

 Avoid or reduce mill overload events at Lihir by providing advanced warning of an impending overload event - allowing preventative action to be taken

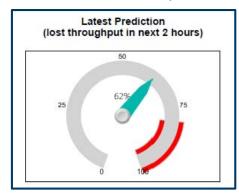
Achieved

- Extracted ~360million rows of data
 (36GB) sourced from ~130 Pi tags over
 12 months at 10 second intervals
- Machine learning algorithms created to predict SAG mill overload events at least 1-2 hours in advance as well as providing an estimated probability that an event will occur

Benefits

- Operators receive "red" warning signals, with ability to action
- Reduces downtime events

SAOC has probability monitor



Based on trend analysis of input variables



Dividend policy



Balances financial performance and capital commitments with a prudent gearing level. Newcrest looks to pay ordinary dividends that are sustainable over time, having regard to its financial policy, profitability, balance sheet strength and reinvestment options in the business.

	Element	Target	30 June 2014	30 June 2015	30 June 2016
trics	Leverage ratio (Net Debt / EBITDA)	< 2.0x (trailing 12 months)	2.7x	2.1x	1.6x
Financial Metrics	Gearing Ratio	< 25%	34%	29%	23%
ancia	Credit rating	Investment grade	Investment grade	Investment grade	Investment grade
Fin	Coverage	Cash & committed undrawn bank facilities of > US\$1.0bn	\$1.7bn	\$2.4bn	\$2.5bn

Context



Market conditions

Capex requirements

Operating costs – exchange rate exposure estimates newcrest



The below represents an indicative currency exposure on operating costs by site for FY16 (excluding Hidden Valley)

	USD	AUD	PGK	IDR	CFA	Total
Cadia	15%	85%	-	-	-	100%
Telfer	15%	85%	-	-	-	100%
Lihir	40%	25%	35%	-	-	100%
Gosowong	60%	5%	-	35%	-	100%
Bonikro	60%	5%	-	-	35%	100%
Group	30%	50%	15%	3%	2%	100%

Operating costs – indicative costs by type



The below represents an indicative exposure on operating costs¹ by a variety of spend types (FY16) (excluding Hidden Valley)

	Labour ²	Consumables	Maintenance (excl labour) and Parts	Energy and Fuel	Other ³	Total
Cadia	40%	15%	15%	20%	10%	100%
Telfer	35%	15%	15%	15%	20%	100%
Lihir	40%	15%	20%	15%	10%	100%
Gosowong	40%	20%	5%	15%	20%	100%
Bonikro	45%	15%	20%	5%	15%	100%
Group	40%	15%	15%	15%	15%	100%

¹ Operating costs excludes realisation costs including royalties, concentrate freight and TC/RCs

Labour data includes salaries, on costs, contractor costs, consultant costs, training and incentive payments

Other includes a range of costs, including travel, community and environment, inward freight and insurance

Foreign exchange sensitivities¹ and oil hedges



Site	Parameter	Movement	FY17 - Full Year EBIT Impact (US\$m)
Cadia	AUD:USD	+AUD 0.01	(7)
Telfer	AUD:USD	+AUD 0.01	(7)
Lihir	PGK:USD	+PGK 0.10	(10)
Gosowong	IDR:USD	+IDR 1000	(5)
Bonikro	CFA:USD	+CFA 50	(5)
Group	AUD:USD	+AUD 0.01	(20)

Site ²	Fuel	October 2016 – September 2017 Hedge volume/rate	Unit
Cadia	Gasoil	43	'000 bbl
Lihir	Gasoil	147	'000 bbl
Telfer	Gasoil	105	'000 bbl
Gosowong	Gasoil	117	'000 bbl
Total	Gasoil	412	'000 bbl
Average hedge rate		58	\$/bbl
Lihir	HSFO	99	'000 Metric tonne
Average hedge rate		257	\$/Metric tonne

¹ Each sensitivity is calculated on a standalone basis and formulated on the basis of assumptions which, amongst other things, include the level of costs incurred, the currency in which those costs are incurred and production levels. Sensitivities are rounded to nearest whole million dollar. Information provided on current information and is subject to market and operating conditions

² Rates rounded to nearest \$1 (rate) and volume to the nearest thousand (bbl, Mt). Totals may not match sum due to rounding. Amounts represent approximately 50% of expected usage for 12 months October 2016 to September 2017

AISC and AIC to cost of sales reconciliation



	12 months to 30) June 2016	12 months to 30	June 2015
	US\$m	US\$/oz	US\$m	US\$/oz
Gold sales (koz) ¹	2,452		2,433	
Cost of Sales ²	2,572	1,049	2,718	1,127
less Depreciation and amortisation	(680)	(277)	(549)	(228)
less By-product revenue	(438)	(179)	(658)	(273)
plus Corporate costs	61	24	71	29
plus Sustaining exploration	13	5	17	7
plus Production stripping and advanced operating development	60	25	66	27
plus Sustaining capital expenditure	251	102	201	84
plus Rehabilitation accretion and amortisation	28	13	15	7
All-In Sustaining Costs	1,867	762	1,881	780
plus Non-sustaining capital expenditure	166	68	207	86
plus Non-sustaining exploration	31	12	18	7
All-In Cost	2,064	842	2,106	873

¹ For the 12 months ended 30 June 2016 production and sales volumes include 1,800 gold ounces and 206 tonnes of copper related to the pre-commissioning and development of the Cadia East project. For the 12 months ended 30 June 2015, the comparable volumes were 21,060 gold ounces and 2,102 tonnes of copper. Expenditure associated with this production and revenue from the sales are capitalised and not included in the operating profit calculations

Includes cost normalisation adjustments of \$29 million for the 2016 financial year relating to the impact of Gosowong's geotechnical event which caused production interruptions in the second half (\$21 million) and redundancy costs at Telfer (\$8 million)

FY17 guidance¹



Element	Cadia	Lihir	Telfer	Goso- wong	Bonikro	Hidden Valley	Corp / Other	Group
Gold Production (koz)	730-820	880-980	400-450	220-270	120-145	~10	-	2,350-2,600
Copper Production (kt)	~65	-	~20	-	-	-	-	80-90
AISC (\$m)	230-270	765-850	450-480	200-230	130-150	10-15	75-85	1,880-2,060
Capital Expenditure								
- Production Stripping ²	-	60-75	15-20	-	10-15	-	-	85-110
- Sustaining Capital ²	70-80	105-125	55-65	30-45	10-15	~1	~15	295-335
- Major Capital	85-105	30-35	20-30	-	-	-	20-30	165-200
Total Capital	155-185	195-235	90-115	30-45	20-30	~1	35-45	545-645
Exploration ³								60-80
Depreciation								675 - 735

Achievement of guidance is subject operating and market conditions Production stripping and sustaining capital shown above are included in All-In Sustaining Cost

Exploration is not included in Total Capital

NEWCREST MINING LIMITED



Board

Peter Hay Non-Executive Chairman Sandeep Biswas Managing Director and CEO Gerard Bond Finance Director and CFO Philip Aiken AM Non-Executive Director Roger Higgins Non-Executive Director Winifred Kamit Non-Executive Director Rick Lee AM Non-Executive Director Xiaoling Liu Non-Executive Director Vickki McFadden Non-Executive Director John Spark Non-Executive Director

Company Secretary

Francesca Lee Company Secretary

Registered & Principal Office

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Stock Exchange Listings

Australian Securities Exchange (Ticker NCM)

New York ADR's (Ticker NCMGY)

Port Moresby Stock Exchange (Ticker NCM)

Forward Shareholder Enquiries to

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