

30 January 2017

The Company Announcements Office Australian Securities Exchange Limited

#### QUARTERLY ACTIVITIES REPORT TO 31 December 2016

#### HIGHLIGHTS

- Recent resource, metallurgical and geotechnical drill hole program which focused on the oxide/transition zone mineralisation was completed on schedule and budget and will ensure the prefeasibility study will be finalised during the March 2017 Quarter.
- Resource drill hole results of the oxide/transition zone within the February 2016 Entech designed open pit include APD1329 53m @ 1.9g/t gold from 60m, and APD1326 49.7m @ 2.0g/t gold from 48m
- Metallurgical drill hole intersections within the transition zone were also encouraging and include APDM0006 25m @ 1.75g/t gold from 47m, and APDM0002 21m @ 2.2g/t gold from 65m
- Metallurgical testwork on the oxide/transition zone resulted in gold recovery of 88% (45% recovery by gravity), fast leaching times and clear evidence that further improvements will be achieved. The reconciled head grade of 2.2 g/t gold resulting from the metallurgical testwork compared favourably to the original assay head grade of 1.5g/t gold of the transition composite. Flotation testwork has commenced
- Exploration drilling located greater than 300m north of the intensely drilled Aphrodite resource, intersected a very encouraging mineralised zone of 30m from 430m in drill hole APD 1327 160m north of APD 1325 which intersected 23m @ 1.3g/t gold from 413m downhole.
- Drilling to date extends over a strike length of a 1km. The Aphrodite mineralisation occurs at the contact of the footwall mafics and the Black Flag Group, which has a strike length of 7 km within the company's mining leases
- Aphrodite is covered by 5 granted mining leases and miscellaneous licences, is favourably located 65 kilometres north of Kalgoorlie and adjacent to grid power, a gas pipeline and major highway.
- Pre-Feasibility activities including environmental assessments for flora, vegetation, fauna, surface water and ground water have been completed and provide the basis to proceed with regulatory approvals.

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# Aphrodite Gold Limited ("Aphrodite" or the "Company") presents its quarterly activity statement for the period ended 31 December 2016.

The board and management are greatly encouraged by the drill results and metallurgical testwork results to date. The drill program is now complete. All drill holes achieved core recovery > 95% thus providing reliable samples for assay and metallurgical testwork with particular emphasis on the oxide and transition zones of mineralisation. Previous metallurgical testwork indicated that acceptable metallurgical recoveries could be achieved by conventional CIL/CIP processing of the oxide/transition zone mineralisation. The Aphrodite Gold Mineral Resource of 29Mt @ 1.52g/t for 1.4Moz gold (See announcement 14<sup>th</sup> June 2013) is covered by granted mining leases and Miscellaneous licences.

#### **Resource Drilling**

The resource drilling program has been completed and all assay results returned. The focus of the program was on the oxide and transition zones within the modelled resource and February 2016 Entech optimised open pit. Some drill holes were extended into the gold bearing primary sulphide mineralisation to provide confirmation of earlier reverse circulation drilling results and additional drilling density.

Significant transition zone mineralisation has been intersected from the recent resource infill program.

APD1329 intersected 53m @ 1.89 g/t gold from 60m vertical including 6.2m @ 5.67 g/t gold (Figure 1) and APD1339 intersected 20m @ 2.6 g/t gold from 41m vertical. The mineralisation intersected in both APD1329 and APD1339 was shallower and extended to a greater depth than had been previously modelled based on Reverse Circulation (RC) drilling. These two intersections are 120m apart. APD1339 also extended into the primary zone sulphide mineralisation and intersected 22m @ 4.7g/t gold from 127m downhole.

APD1341 (Figure 2) intersected transition zone mineralisation of 12.8m @ 1.68g/t gold from 55m vertical. APD1345 intersected 9.3m @ 3.6g/t gold from 56m vertical. These intersections demonstrated that the mineralisation is continuous between the previously modelled horizontal supergene mineralisation and near vertical transition and primary mineralisation.



329400mE 329300mF 329200mE 400mRL 400mRL PD4320 6.2m @ 5.7g/t from 84.8m 300mRL 300mR 100 162 96 108 108 53m @ 1.9g/t from 70m 11m @ 4.0g/t from 114m 120 Aphrodite Gold Limited 150 6659680mN 163 APD1329 Entech Pit Design 2016 Significant Mineralisation PFS 7ýg Transition Zone Mineralisation Previous Drilling Mineralisation 200mRL Block Model Mineralisation

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Figure 1- APD1329 Cross Section 6659680mN

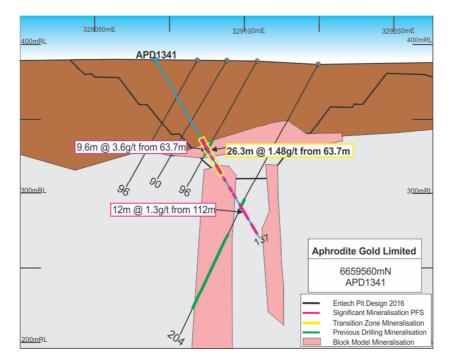


Figure 2- APD1341 Cross Section 6659560mN

The resource infill, metallurgical and exploration drill program hole intersections received for the complete PFS Drill Program are summarised in Appendix 1.

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#### **Metallurgical Drilling Results**

All seven metallurgical drill holes have been completed and intersected the oxide/transition and primary sulphide mineralisation zones as expected.

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Drill hole APDM0002, intersected 21m @ 2.2g/t gold from 65m vertical. APDM0004, intersected 12.8m @ 1.68g/t gold from 76m vertical within the transition zone and, 60m @ 3.39g/t gold from 112m downhole within the primary sulphide zone (Figure 4). APDM0004, was terminated within the primary mineralisation as the focus of the program was on the transition mineralisation.APDM0006, intersected 25m @ 1.7g/t gold from 47m vertical within the transition zone and, 15.1m @ 3.1g/t gold from 101.9m downhole within the lower transition zone sulphide zone.

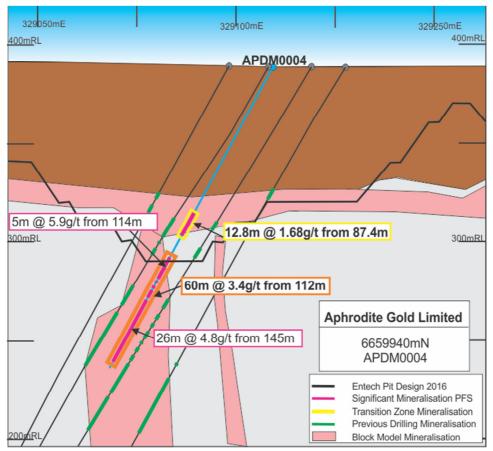


Figure 4- APDM0004 Cross section 6659940mN

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#### Metallurgical Testwork results

The metallurgical testwork program is based on composites from APDM0001-APDM0003 defined 3 metallurgical zones, **transition, lower transition/upper primary and primary**. The calculated head grade of the composites were 1.46g/t gold transition zone, 2.22g/t gold lower transition/upper primary zone and 4.17g/t gold lower primary zone.

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Conventional carbon in pulp/leach (CIP/CIL) testwork results produced an overall recovery of 88% of the transition zone composite with 45% gold recoverable through the gravity circuit, kinetics were fast with leaching within 6-12hours, cyanide usage of 0.8 kg/t. Consultant Metallurgist advised that improvements of these results are possible. The reconciled head grade of 2.2 g/t gold resulting from the metallurgical testwork compared favourably to the 1.5g/t gold of the original composite assay head grade. Additional CIP/CIL metallurgical testing of transition zone composites from metallurgical drill holes APDM0004, APDM0006 and APDM0007 is underway.

The CIL/CIP results from the lower transition/upper primary composite sample indicate an overall recovery of 43% of which 27% of gold was recovered from the gravity circuit. This was achieved based on a conventional grind of P80/75micron and cyanide consumption of 1.1 kg/t. Floatation testwork on this composite resulted in 93% recovery gold and produced a flotation concentrate grade of 24g/t gold, an 11 fold increase on the head grade of 2.2g/t gold.

Additional testwork will focus on improving the 88% metallurgical recovery of the transition zone and the 43% recovery of the lower transition/upper primary zone. The focus of additional testwork will also be on better defining the boundary between these two zones.

#### **Exploration Potential**

The majority of drilling at Aphrodite has concentrated on the known mineral resource over a strike length of 600m. Outside of this area there is significant potential for extensions to the current resource.

The long section (Figure 5) demonstrates the underexplored area to the North and at depth of the current mineral resource.

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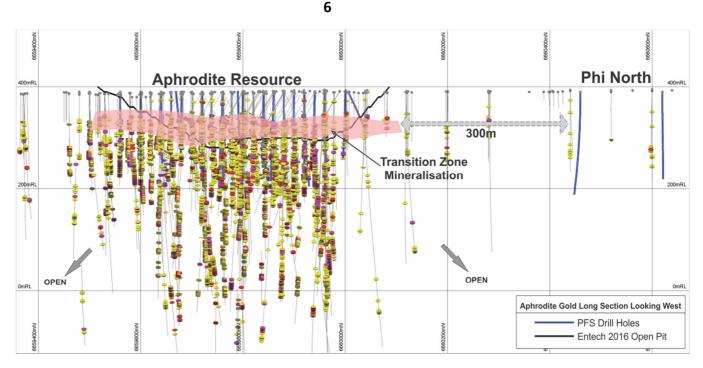


Figure 5- Aphrodite Gold Long Section looking West

Exploration drilling for a total of 2 Exploration drill holes at Phi North for 1047.4m was drilled concurrently with the PFS drill program outlined above.

APRD1325, reported in the September 2016 Quarterly report, intersected **23m @ 1.3g/t gold from 329m downhole** confirming the results of 52m @ 1.4g/t from 308m downhole from SCRC387D drilled in 1999 and extended the mineralisation at depth by 30 metres and suggested that the mineralisation is increasing in thickness with depth (Figure 6). The intersection included higher grade zones of 5m @ 3.6g/t gold from 329m downhole and 2m @4.5 g/t gold from 413m downhole.

The sulphide associated gold mineralisation in APRD1325 is hosted by highly altered Black Flag Group sediments at the contact with the mafic volcanic to the west. The alteration zone within the Black Flag group extends for 300m above the contact.

The second exploration drill hole, APRD1327, 160m north of APRD1325, intersected a mineralized zone of 33m, which included 2m @ 3.5g/t gold from 433m and 1.1m @ 1.23g/t gold from 460m at the basal contact between the Black Flag beds and then Western Mafic Unit.

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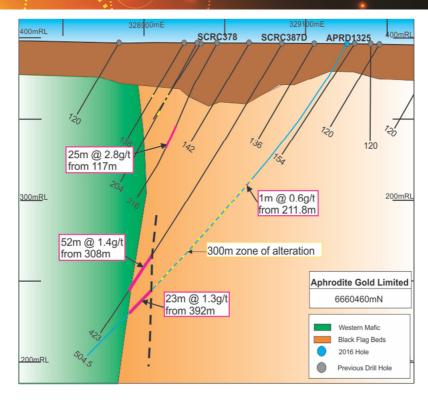


Figure 6- APRD1325 Cross Section 6660460mN

The company was successful in its application for the Exploration Incentive Scheme Co-Funded Drill Program through the Department of Mines and Petroleum (DMP). The application was for \$76,000 towards a diamond drill hole to test the northern extension of the Alpha and Phi Zones where they may converge 320m North of APRD1327 (Figure 7).

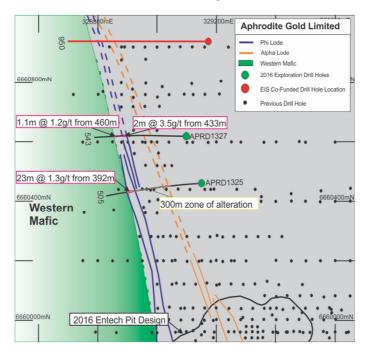


Figure 7- Phi North Extension

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#### **Other Pre-feasibility Activities**

During the December Quarter, fieldwork was completed for the Fauna including Malleefowl assessment, Flora & Vegetation, Subterranean Fauna, Short-Range Endemic Species habitat assessment and Soil survey. These activities and final reports are compiled and used as part of government approvals including our clearing permit, project management plan and mine closure plan. A summary of the assessments are outline below.

#### Fauna

The Fauna survey and report was completed by 360 Environmental.

A desktop review and database search identified eight conservation significant species (including priority species) to occur in the Survey area. None of these eight species were recorded during the field assessment. In addition, no evidence (direct or indirect) of Malleefowl was observed. Four broad fauna habitats were identified and mapped across the survey area.

#### Surface Water

A site visit was completed as part of the Surface Water assessment of the Aphrodite PFS.

The site visit along with desktop analysis of topographical data indicated the following key points;

- 3 main drainage channels around the proposed pit location- 1 eastern (running North-South), 1 western (running North-South) and 1 southern (running East-West).
- Open Pit unlikely to flood due to location of drainage channels.

#### Flora & Vegetation

The Level 2 survey and report was completed by Woodman Consulting.

The fieldwork and subsequent flora identification has found that 177 native flora taxa are located within the survey area. Of the 177 taxa none are found on the Threatened Flora taxa list under the WC Act or the Threatened Species listed under the EPBC Act.

The fieldwork confirmed the presence of 7 vegetation types within the study area, none of which are protected at a State or Commonwealth Level.

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#### SRE (Short Range Endemic) Fauna

A field reconnaissance and desktop review was completed by Bennalongia.

A database search revealed that a limited number of previous SRE surveys had been completed within the search area. A total of 15 potential SRE were identified during the desktop assessment, two have a low potential of occurring within the Project area.

During the site visit, two macro habitats were observed, a bare salt playas with fringing vegetation and flat plains with woodlands and shrubland. SRE Fauna is unlikely to be present.

#### Subterranean Fauna

The Subterranean Fauna assessment was completed by Bennalongia.

A desktop review of available databases and Aphrodite's recent drill information along with a site reconnaissance concluded that the Geology within the proposed pit area is non-transmissive and not considered suitable habitats for subterranean fauna. Groundwater within the likely mining area is saline to hypersaline.

#### **Soil Assessment**

The Soil assessment for the Aphrodite Deposit was completed by LandLoch.

A field inspection and associated soil profile testwork has determined two major soil types, Colluvial and Alluvial, within the project area. The testwork has revealed that the alluvial soil appears to have a subsoil that may be prone to dispersions and that soil salinity appears to increase with depth.

#### Waste Rock Assessment (excluding tailings)

The Waste rock characterisation assessment was completed by LandLoch.

Five main lithological zones are present within the Aphrodite Deposit. A total of 130 pulverised samples from oxide, transition and fresh Waste and Low Grade were collected from the Aphrodite pulp library and analysed by LandLoch.

Static testing of the Black Flag waste transition, waste fresh and low grade samples were classified as Potential Acid Forming (PAF). The assessment also concluded that waste rock stock piles are prone to instability and dispersion, which will need to be taken into account when Waste Dump stockpiles are designed.

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Aphrodite is encouraged by the results of all the baseline surveys and will be progressing the necessary government approvals with the next six months.

#### Cash

The Company had available funds of \$2.3m at 31 December.

#### **Tenement Schedule**

The Company held the following mining tenements as at 31 December 2016.

Project	Status	Tenement	Annual Expenditure	Anniversary Date	Interest Held by Aphrodite Gold Ltd					
	Granted M24/720 Granted M24/779	\$99,600	\$99,600 20/08/2028							
		M24/779	\$94,400	20/08/2028						
	Granted	M24/649	\$18,100	9/08/2030						
	Granted	M24/681	\$44,700	9/08/2030						
	Granted	M24/662	\$36,400	27/06/2028						
	Granted	E24/186	\$20,000	13/02/2019						
lite	Granted	P24/5014	\$5,680	6/07/2020						
Aphrodite	Granted	P24/5015	\$2,000	6/07/2020	100%					
Apł	Granted	L24/204	N/A	14/04/2035						
	Granted	L29/114	N/A	16/04/2035						
	Granted	L29/115	N/A	14/04/2035						
	Pending	L24/217	N/A							
	Pending	L24/225	N/A							
	Pending	L24/226	N/A							
	Pending	L24/227	N/A							

Yours sincerely

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Michael Beer Company Secretary

The information in the report to which this statement is attached that relates to open pit possible operations, Scoping Studies, Resource estimates is based on information compiled by Mr Eduard Eshuys, a Competent Person who is a Fellow of The Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Eduard Eshuys has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Eshuys consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

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#### APPENDIX 1- PREVIOUSLY REPORTED DRILL HOLE RESULTS

Hole	Hole Type	Easting	Northing	Dip	Mag. Azimuth	Inclined Depth (m)	From (m)	To (m)	Length (m)	Gold g/t	Domain
							75	91	16	0.81	Т
							incl 75	77	2	2.34	Т
4004004	<b>D</b>	000400	CC50000	~~~	00	010 4	incl 87	91	4	1.46	Т
APD1324	Resource	329190	6659920	-60	90	213.4	153	160	7	1.44	Р
							169	203	34	4.12	Р
							incl 169	191	22	5.03	Р
							54	103.7	49.7	2.04	Т
							incl 54	55	1	9.07	Т
							incl 57	58	1	12.10	Т
							incl 61	71	10	4.22	Т
							incl 66	70.6	4.6	7.72	Т
							incl 82	84	2	0.75	Т
ADD1000	Deservice	200000	6650760	60	00	100 0	incl 98.5	107.7	9.2	3.72	Т
APD1326	Resource	329220	6659760	-60	90	192.3	incl 102.1	103.7	1.6	19.43	Т
							109.6	110	0.4	1.85	Т
							116.1	117.7	1.6	0.92	Р
							119	120	1	3.03	Р
							121	121.6	0.6	1.00	Р
							135.2	136.1	0.9	3.61	Р
							158.2	164.2	6	2.54	Р
							74	99	25	2.01	Т
							incl 74	78	4	3.68	Т
		329330	6659720	-60	270	70 159.7	incl 83	84	1	3.54	Т
							87	103	16	2.15	T/P
APD1328	Resource						incl 87	90	3	5.51	Р
							111	112	1	0.81	Р
							118	122.8	4.8	5.48	Р
							131	146	15	2.21	Р
							142	146	4	4.55	Р
							70	123	53	1.89	Т
							incl 70	71	1	1.76	Т
							incl 74.5	76	1.5	0.90	Т
							incl 78	79	1	0.89	Т
							incl 81.5	82	0.5	1.97	Т
4004000	<b>D</b> -		<i></i>			469.5	incl 84.8	91	6.2	5.67	т
APD1329	Resource	329333	6659680	-60	270	162.6	incl 95	98	3	1.49	Т
							incl 101	102	1	1.78	Т
							incl 104	105	1	4.43	Т
							incl 106.5	107	0.5	0.74	Т
							incl 108	109	1	1.52	Т
							incl 114	125	11	4.04	T/P

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Hole	Hole Type	Easting	Northing	Dip	Mag. Azimuth	Inclined Depth (m)	From (m)	To (m)	Length (m)	Gold g/t	Domain
							88	110.4	22.4	0.93	Т
							incl 88	9.5	11.5	1.42	Т
							incl 100	101	1	0.70	Т
APD1330	Resource	329245	6659640	-60	90	159.8	incl 105	107	2	1.12	Т
							incl 110	110.4	0.4	1.00	Т
							121	122	1	0.86	Р
							136	136.5	0.5	0.54	Р
							64	65	1	1.00	Т
							91	93	2	0.95	Т
							111.1	113	1.9	2.14	Р
APD1331	Resource	329290	6660000	-60	270	149.9	121	124	3	1.94	Р
							128	128.9	0.9	0.75	Р
							135	135.5	0.5	10.55	Р
							138	140	2	6.41	Р
							67.2	68	0.8	1.22	Т
4001222		220025	6650760	60	90	141.5	75	76	1	0.72	Т
APD1332	Resource	329025	6659760	-60			91	92	1	0.84	Р
							116	119	3	2.76	Р
		329034					77	96.5	19.5	0.72	Т
			6659720	-60	90		incl 77	77.8	0.8	0.54	Т
							incl 82.2	83	0.8	0.84	Т
4004222						120 4	incl 85	87.8	2.8	3.34	Т
APD1333	Resource					130.4	incl 88	89	1	0.92	Т
							107	111	4	3.61	Р
							114	117	3	3.01	Р
							119	122	3	1.41	Р
							75	76	1	2.10	т
							84	87	3	1.12	т
							90	91	1	0.64	Т
							116	119.6	3.6	1.03	Р
							158.2	164	5.8	3.17	Р
							167	170	3	7.57	Р
APD1334	Resource	329330	6659960	-60	270	234.5	174	175	1	0.80	Р
							178	180	2	2.02	Р
							182	183	1	0.57	Р
							189	189.9	0.9	1.01	Р
							202	203	1	4.40	Р
							211	214	3	5.92	Р
							218	231	13	4.96	Р



Hole	Hole Type	Easting	Northing	Dip	Mag. Azimuth	Inclined Depth (m)	From (m)	To (m)	Length (m)	Gold g/t	Domain
							73.8	87	13.2	1.33	Т
							incl 73.8	76	2.2	1.06	Т
							incl 80.7	83	2.3	5.90	Т
							incl 85.7	87	1.3	0.59	Т
APD1335	Resource	329210	6659880	-60	90	213.4	123.1	124	0.9	1.22	Р
APD1335	Resource	529210	0055880	-00	30	215.4	143	144	1	0.74	Р
							149.9	159	9.1	6.36	Р
							161	162	1	0.65	Р
							166	167	1	2.99	Р
							196	203.9	7.9	1.59	Р
							100	130.9	30.9	3.29	Р
APD1336	Resource	329060	6659640	-60	90	130.9	incl 106	124	18	4.87	Р
							incl 116	122	6	9.46	Р
							81.5	93.1	11.6	0.78	Т
							incl 81.5	83.4	1.9	1.56	Т
		329246					incl 86.3	88	1.7	2.41	Т
APD1337	Resource		6659840	-60	90	153.4	incl 91.95	93.1	1.15	0.99	Т
APD1557	Resource				30	155.4	113.5	114.2	0.7	2.74	Р
							117	129	12	1.44	Р
							incl 125	129	4	3.11	Р
							141	146	5	3.75	Р
			6659840				58	59	1	0.69	Т
				-60			66	72	6	0.91	Т
							138.4	139	0.6	2.24	Р
APD1338	Resource	329198			90	90 186.4	142	145	3	1.26	Р
							159	162	3	0.69	Р
							175	186.4	11.4	2.09	Р
							incl 181	182.5	1.5	6.94	Р
							48	68	20	2.56	Т
APD1339	Resource	329215	6659800	-60	90	171.5	incl 64	67	3	9.52	Т
							127	149	22	4.68	Р
							63.7	90	26.3	1.48	Т
							incl 63.7	65	1.3	9.46	Т
							incl 67.8	73	5.2	3.90	Т
							incl 75	77.1	2.1	0.62	Т
							incl 79.9	81.9	2	0.54	Т
							incl 85	86	1	0.86	Т
APD1341	Resource	329091	6659560	-60	90	136.9	incl 89	90	1	0.97	Т
							92	94	2	3.68	Р
							97	100	3	0.57	Р
							104	107	3	2.67	Р
							112	124	12	1.27	Р
							127	131	4	1.90	Р
							134	135	1	0.62	Р



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Hole	Hole Type	Easting	Northing	Dip	Mag. Azimuth	Inclined Depth (m)	From (m)	To (m)	Length (m)	Gold g/t	Domain
						. /	75.8	77	1.2	1.84	Т
							88	93	5	0.54	Т
							99	100	1	0.80	Р
4004040	_					400 7	106	111	5	2.06	Р
APD1342	Resource	329225	6659920	-60	90	180.7	121	146.4	25.4	1.59	Р
							incl 131	145.7	14.7	2.34	Р
							162.1	163	0.9	0.52	Р
							167	170	3	1.44	Р
							80	81	1	3.28	Т
							88	88.9	0.9	1.05	Т
APD1343	APD1343 Resource 329079 66	6659600	-60	90	143.1	105.8	108.8	3	1.07	Р	
							115	120	5	2.14	Р
							140	141	1	1.90	Р
						59.2	61.1	1.9	1.16	Т	
APD1344	Resource	329080	6659760	-60	90	130.7	67.5	67.65	0.15	1.31	Т
							69	70	1	1.07	Т
					90		64.5	73.8	9.3	3.59	Т
APD1345	Resource	329080	6659840	-60		120.2	incl 64.5	65	0.5	1.57	Т
AFD1345	Resource	529080	0033040	-00		120.2	incl 68	73.8	5.8	5.57	Т
							102.3	104	1.7	4.82	Р
							45	47	2	0.65	0
							211.8	212.8	1	0.66	Р
							377	379	2	2.00	Р
APRD1325	Explor	329150	6660460	-60	270	504.5	392	415	23	1.30	Р
							incl 392	397	5	3.60	Р
							incl 409	411	2	0.82	Р
							incl 413	415	2	4.51	Р
							309	310	1	0.551	Р
							428	429	1	0.83	Р
APRD1327	Explor	329105	6660620	-60	270	512 0	433	435	2	3.5085	Р
AFND132/	Ехріоі	323103	6660620	-60	270	542.9	439	440	1	2.629	Р
							457	458	1	1.07	Р
							460	461.1	1.1	1.23	Р



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Hole	Hole Type	Easting	Northing	Dip	Mag. Azimuth	Inclined Depth (m)	From (m)	To (m)	Length (m)	Gold g/t	Domain
							72	86	14	1.19	Т
							incl 72	79	7	1.59	Т
	Met						incl 81	86	5	1.00	Т
APDM0001		329340	6659900	-60	270	174.4	102	110	8	2.17	Р
AFDINIOUUT	met	525540	0053300	-00	270	1/4.4	124	125	1	3.17	Р
							136	139	3	1.92	Р
							142	144	2	3.05	Р
							148	170	22	2.86	Р
							76	97	21	2.20	Т
							incl 76	78	2	4.93	Т
							incl 85.7	92	6.3	5.10	Т
							incl 85.7	90	4.3	7.12	Т
	Met						incl 96	97	1	2.99	Т
APDM0002		329335	6659860	-60	270	198.5	102	107	5	1.82	T/P
AI DINOUUZ		329335	0000000	-00	270	150.5	incl 106	107	1	5.73	Р
							117	119	2	1.95	Р
							124	126	2	4.24	Р
							138	149	11	3.70	Р
							156	157	1	0.79	Р
							181	183	2	3.48	Р
	Met	329350	6659760	-60	070	224.5	83	84	1	1.33	Т
							91	92.6	1.6	1.52	Т
APDM0003					270		103	117	14	0.75	T/P
							169	182	13	3.35	Р
							187	194	7	2.55	Р
							74	75	1	3.60	Т
							87.4	100.2	12.8	1.68	Т
							incl 87.4	89	1.6	4.44	Т
							incl 91	93	2	5.70	Т
APDM0004	Met	329320	6659940	-60	270	176.4	incl 99	100.2	1.2	0.64	Т
							112	172	60	3.39	Р
							114	119	5	5.95	Р
							120.4	121	0.6	33.80	Р
							137	138	1	7.42	Р
							145	171	26	4.77	Р
							81	84.8	3.8	1.68	Т
							91	92.3	1.3	0.64	Т
							94	97	3	0.73	Т
APDM0005	Met	329350	6659720	-60	270	200.9	121	122	1	1.14	Р
							129	130	1	6.76	Р
							139	139.8	0.8	0.70	Р
							150	158	8	1.98	Р
							161	172	11	4.27	Р

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Hole	Hole Type	Easting	Northing	Dip	Mag. Azimuth	Inclined Depth (m)	From (m)	To (m)	Length (m)	Gold g/t	Domain
							55	56	1	1.76	Т
							62	62.8	0.8	0.77	Т
							65	68	3	3.12	Т
APDM0006	Mot	220175	6650600	60	270	150.4	77	80	3	9.41	Т
APDIVI0006	Met	329175	6659600	-60	270	150.4	86	93	7	1.52	Р
							94	95	1	0.72	Р
							101.9	117	15.1	3.12	Р
							123	125	2	1.01	Р
		329150	6659660	-60	270		63.2	86	22.8	1.49	Т
							incl 67	69	2	2.34	Т
							incl 72	74	2	1.26	Т
APDM0007	Met					173.9	incl 77	86	9	2.61	Т
APDIVI0007						175.9	101	106	5	3.05	Р
							112.2	113	0.8	0.63	Р
							115	119.8	4.8	0.70	Р
							124	129	5	5.79	Р
APDG0001	Geotech	329248	6660000	-65	350	101.2	22	2.2	1.2	1.57	Т
							59.2	69	9.8	2.09	Т
40000000	Contrat	220022	6650660		77	00.2	incl 59.2	61	1.8	1.74	т
APDG0002	Geotech	329032	6659669	-66	77	89.3	incl 63	64.2	1.2	12.93	т
							incl 68.4	69	0.6	0.52	т
APDG0003	Geotech	329354	6659790	-76	83	90	54	56	2	4.78	т

\* Reported intersections are length weighted average grades with 0.5g/t gold as the cut-off grade.

\* Results were obtained from analysis of 1m samples or part there of depending on mineralisation and lithology boundaries

\* Gold analysis was by the Fire Assay 50 gram method with an AAS finish.

\* O = Oxide, T = Transitional, P = Primary Mineralisation.



#### **APPENDIX 2 Drill Hole Data**

Hole ID	Drill Phase	Hole Type	Grid ID	Northing	Easting	Collar RL	Dip	Azi	Depth
APD1324	Resource	DDH	AMG8_51	6659920	329190	390	-60	90	213.4
APD1326	Resource	DDH	AMG8_51	6659760	329220	388	-60	90	192.3
APD1328	Resource	DDH	AMG8_51	6659720	329330	386	-60	270	159.7
APD1329	Resource	DDH	AMG8_51	6659680	329333	390	-60	270	162.6
APD1330	Resource	DDH	AMG8_51	6659640	329245	390	-60	90	159.8
APD1331	Resource	DDH	AMG8_51	6660000	329290	390	-60	270	149.9
APD1332	Resource	DDH	AMG8_51	6659760	329025	390	-60	90	141.5
APD1333	Resource	DDH	AMG8_51	6659720	329034	388	-60	90	130.4
APD1334	Resource	DDH	AMG8_51	6659960	329330	390	-60	270	234.5
APD1335	Resource	DDH	AMG8_51	6659880	329210	390	-60	90	213.4
APD1336	Resource	DDH	AMG8_51	6659640	329060	390	-60	90	130.9
APD1337	Resource	DDH	AMG8_51	6659840	329246	388	-60	90	153.4
APD1338	Resource	DDH	AMG8_51	6659840	329198	390	-60	90	186.4
APD1339	Resource	DDH	AMG8_51	6659800	329215	390	-60	90	171.5
APD1340	Resource	DDH	AMG8_51	6659640	329055	390	-60	90	71
APD1341	Resource	DDH	AMG8_51	6659560	329091	390	-60	90	136.9
APD1342	Resource	DDH	AMG8_51	6659920	329225	390	-60	90	180.7
APD1343	Resource	DDH	AMG8_51	6659600	329079	390	-60	90	143.1
APD1344	Resource	DDH	AMG8_51	6659760	329080	390	-60	90	130.7
APD1345	Resource	DDH	AMG8_51	6659840	329080	392	-63	90	120.2
APDG0001	Geotech	DDH	AMG84_51	6660006	329248	398	-65	350	101.2
APDG0002	Geotech	DDH	AMG84_51	6659669	329032	400	-66	77	89.3
APDG0003	Geotech	DDH	AMG84_51	6659790	329354	399	-76	83	90
APDM0001	Metallurgical	DDH	AMG84_51	6659900	329340	390	-60	270	174.4
APDM0002	Metallurgical	DDH	AMG84_51	6659860	329335	390	-60	270	198.5
APDM0003	Metallurgical	DDH	AMG84_51	6659760	329350	390	-60	270	224.5
APDM0004	Metallurgical	DDH	AMG84_51	6659940	329320	390	-60	270	176.4
APDM0005	Metallurgical	DDH	AMG84_51	6659720	329350	390	-60	270	200.9
APDM0006	Metallurgical	DDH	AMG84_51	6659600	329175	390	-60	270	150.4
APDM0007	Metallurgical	DDH	AMG84_51	6659660	329150	390	-60	270	173.9
APRD1325	Exploration	RC/DDH	AMG8_51	6660460	329150	390	-60	270	504.5
APRD1327	Exploration	RC/DDH	AMG8_51	6660620	329105	390	-60	270	542.9



#### **APPENDIX 3- LOCATION MAPS**

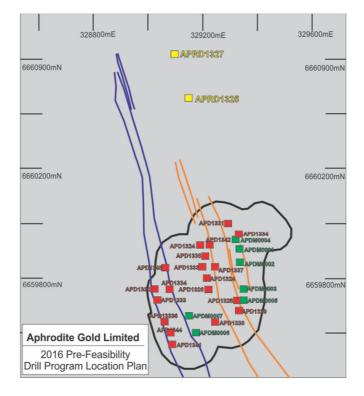


Figure 7- PFS Drill Program Collar Plan

Figure 7 shows the location of the drill holes within the program. A total of 5809.2 metres for 21 holes were completed for the whole program; 20 resource holes for 3182.3m, 2 Exploration holes for 1047.4m and 7 Metallurgical holes for 1299m and 3 Geotechnical holes for 280.5m.

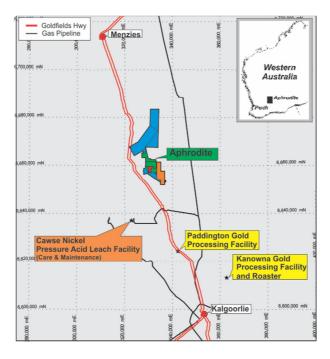


Figure 8- Aphrodite Regional Location Map



The Aphrodite deposit consists of 5 granted Mining Leases, 1 Exploration Licence E24/186, 3 granted Miscellaneous Licences which have been issued for water exploration and an application of a Miscellaneous Licence for haul road construction (see Fig 9)

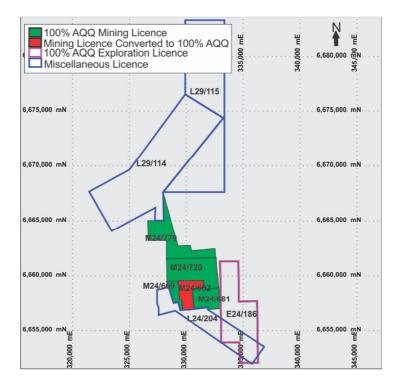


Figure 9- Aphrodite Tenement Map

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#### **APPENDIX 4 APHRODITE RESOURCE ESTIMATE**

Details of the resource estimate at various open pit and underground cut-off grades are represented in the tables below (Tables 1-3). This resource estimate was first released to the ASX on 12 June 2013 and has not been amended since that date.

# Table 1: Mineral Resource EstimatesPotential Open Pit (OP) and Underground (UG) Mineable

	Indicated			Inferred			Indicated + Inferred		d
Cut-off	Tonnes	Gold		Tonnes	Gold		Tonnes	Gold	
(g/t)	(t)	(g/t)	(oz)	(t)	(g/t)	(oz)	(t)	(g/t)	(oz)
ОР									
0.3	16,780,000	1.07	577,000	15,890,000	0.84	429,000	32,670,000	0.96	1,006,000
0.5	13,910,000	1.21	542,000	11,520,000	1.00	369,000	25,430,000	1.11	911,000
0.8	9,280,000	1.49	444,000	5,381,000	1.43	248,000	14,660,000	1.47	692,000
1.0	6,760,000	1.72	374,000	3,250,000	1.78	186,000	10,010,000	1.74	560,000
UG									
2.0	6,420,000	3.21	662,000	3,140,000	3.03	306,000	9,560,000	3.15	968,000
2.5	4,010,000	3.81	490,000	1,810,000	3.63	212,000	5,820,000	3.75	702,000
3.0	2,480,000	4.47	357,000	830,000	4.79	128,000	3,310,000	4.55	485,000
3.5	1,650,000	5.10	270,000	560,000	5.53	100,000	2,210,000	5.21	370,000
4.0	1,160,000	5.68	212,000	420,000	6.15	82,000	1,580,000	5.80	294,000

## Table 2: Resource Summary at cut off of 0.5 g/t gold applied to potential open pit (OP) mineable resources and 3.0 g/t for the underground (UG) mineable resources.

		Indicated	Indicated		Inferred		Indicated + Inferred			
Domain	Cutoff	Tonnes	Gold		Tonnes	Gold		Tonnes	Gold	
	(g/t)	(t)	(g/t)	(oz)	(t)	(g/t)	(oz)	(t)	(g/t)	(oz)
OP	0.5	13,910,000	1.21	542,000	11,520,000	1.00	369,000	25,430,000	1.11	911,000
UG (Primary)	3.0	2,480,000	4.47	357,000	830,000	4.79	128,000	3,310,000	4.55	485,000
TOTAL		16,400,000	1.70	898,000	12,340,000	1.26	498,000	28,740,000	1.52	1,396,000

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## Table 3: Mineral Resource EstimatePotential Open Pit (OP) Mineable Material at 0.5 g/t Cut Off

Indicated		Inferred	Indicate		Indicated +	+ Inferred			
Material	Tonnes	Gold		Tonnes	Gold		Tonnes	Gold	
	(t)	(g/t)	(oz)	(t)	(g/t)	(oz)	(t)	(g/t)	(oz)
Oxide	1,670,000	1.17	63,000	2,060,000	1.04	69,000	3,730,000	1.10	131,000
Transitional	4,950,000	0.96	153,000	6,720,000	0.88	191,000	11,670,000	0.92	344,000
Primary	7,290,000	1.39	326,000	2,740,000	1.25	110,000	10,030,000	1.35	436,000
TOTAL	13,910,000	1.21	542,000	11,520,000	1.00	369,000	25,430,000	1.11	911,000

#### <u>Notes</u>

- 1. All resource estimates are undiluted.
- 2. Resources estimated by Ordinary Kriging (OK).
- 3. Density factors applied: Oxide = 1.75, Transitional =2.4, Primary = 2.75.
- 4. Some errors due to rounding.
- 5. Aphrodite Gold has completed 305 RC holes for an aggregated length of 47,589 m, out of a total of 953 RC and DDH holes for 159,147 m. The resource is based on 788 of these holes.

The information in the report to which this statement is attached that relates to Exploration Targets, Exploration Results, Mineral Resources or Ore Reserves is based on information compiled by Mr Eduard Eshuys, a Competent Person who is a Fellow of The Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Eduard Eshuys has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Eshuys consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

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### JORC Code, 2012 Edition – Table 1 report - Aphrodite

#### Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

(Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections.)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Sampling techniques	<ul> <li>Nature and quality of sampling (e.g. cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc.). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling.</li> <li>Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used.</li> <li>Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report.</li> <li>In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively simple (e.g. 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay'). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (e.g. submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Table relates to recent targets identified in diamond core drill hole (DDH) from APD1326, APRD1325, APDM0001 and APDM0002 from the Aphrodite Gold Deposit.</li> <li>Selected core samples were taken from core trays by lengthwise half core cutting method as per industry standards.</li> <li>Samples were dispatched to a certified laboratory for analysis where they were weighted, crushed, pulverised and split to produce 200g pulp samples for assay by 50g Fire Assay with AAS finish.</li> <li>Field Duplicates of quarter core were also collected.</li> </ul>
Drilling techniques	<ul> <li>Drill type (e.g. core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc.) and details (e.g. core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc.).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Drill holes APD1326, APDM0001 and APDM0002 were drilled by Mud Rotary until a specified depth based on current geological models before casing off to HQ3 and subsequently NQ2.</li> <li>APRD1325 was drilled using RC until 150m before casing off to NQ2.</li> </ul>

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Drill sample recovery	<ul> <li>Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed.</li> <li>Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples.</li> <li>Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All holes was geologically logged and recorded within the Aphrodite Database.</li> <li>Recoveries for the drill core are in order of 95-100%.</li> <li>Samples were selected based on lithology and sulphide content.</li> </ul>
Logging	<ul> <li>Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies.</li> <li>Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc.) photography.</li> <li>The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All information was collected by Aphrodite personnel and is imported and consolidated into a database for interpretation, analysis and verification purposed.</li> <li>The geological logging is compiled with appropriate attendation to detail.</li> <li>Industry standard practice is apparent in the level of detail of the logging</li> </ul>
Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation	<ul> <li>If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken.</li> <li>If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc. and whether sampled wet or dry.</li> <li>For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique.</li> <li>Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples.</li> <li>Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling.</li> <li>Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The selected sample intervals were collected on a near 1-metre basis within geological boundaries. Interval samples of less than 1m are restricted by geological notable features.</li> <li>Core samples were marked up prior to logging and sampling as per industry standards.</li> <li>The selected samples were cut lengthwise by diamond blade saw to give 2 half core lengths- normal industry practice.</li> <li>One half of the selected core was collected, bagged and marked before dispatch to the laboratory.</li> </ul>

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Quality of assay data and laboratory tests	<ul> <li>The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total.</li> <li>For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc., the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc.</li> <li>Nature of quality control procedures adopted (e.g. standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (i.e. lack of bias) and precision have been established.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>50g charge fire assays are quite appropriate for this type of deposit.</li> <li>The lab duplicated samples at regular intervals and there was an excellent correlation between the two datasets.</li> <li>Field duplicates were collected at a rate of about 1 in 10, and certified standards and blanks were also inserted at regular intervals. There was an excellent correlation between the primary and duplicate sample data.</li> <li>Grind checks were also done at regular intervals with acceptable results.</li> </ul>
Verification of sampling and assaying	<ul> <li>The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel.</li> <li>The use of twinned holes.</li> <li>Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols.</li> <li>Discuss any adjustment to assay data.</li> </ul>	All assay results were verified and validated by the company's Database Geologist.
Location of data points	<ul> <li>Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and downhole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation.</li> <li>Specification of the grid system used.</li> <li>Quality and adequacy of topographic control.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All collars were surveyed by a local surveying company by means of DGPS.</li> <li>All holes and topography were recorded with reference to AMG85 Zone 51</li> </ul>
Data spacing and distribution	<ul> <li>Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results.</li> <li>Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied.</li> <li>Whether sample compositing has been applied.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No compositing has been applied to these results.</li> <li>The reported intervals are weighted average grades over the summed thickness, this is normal industry practice.</li> </ul>
Orientation of data in relation to geological structure	<ul> <li>Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type.</li> <li>If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No sampling bias has been introduced due to the orientation of the drill hole.</li> </ul>

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Sample security	The measures taken to ensure sample security.	• Samples were delivered in suitably sealed bags to the laboratory in Kalgoorlie by site field staff. No sample preparation was done by any AGL staff or their representatives.
Audits or reviews	• The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.	Internal review of sampling techniques as well as data handling and validation is regularly conducted by Aphrodite as part of due diliengence and continuous improvement and review of procedures.

### Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results

(Criteria listed in the preceding section also apply to this section.)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
<i>Mineral</i> tenement and land tenure status	<ul> <li>Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings.</li> <li>The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All exploration activity carried out by AGL has been done on granted Mining leases.</li> <li>There are no known native title encumbrances, other than "Basalt Hill" which is located 500m west of the resource.</li> </ul>
Exploration done by other parties	<ul> <li>Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Several other parties have done exploration at the property in the past, notably Goldfields, Placer Dome and Apex.</li> </ul>
Geology	• Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.	Aphrodite is a typical shear-zone hosted lode gold mesothermal deposit hosted by greenstone belt rocks in the Bardoc Tectonic Zone (BTZ) which also hosts several other notable gold deposits.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary				
Drill hole Information	• A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes:	This release relates to 1 drill hole APD1324- collar details below				
	<ul> <li>easting and northing of the drill hole collar</li> <li>elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar</li> <li>dip and azimuth of the hole</li> <li>down hole length and interception depth</li> <li>hole length.</li> <li>If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case.</li> </ul>	Hole ID         Grid ID         Easting         Northing         RL         Dip         Azi         Depth           APD1326         AMG84_51         329220         6659760         390         -60         90         192.3           APRD1325         AMG84_51         329150         6660460         390         -60         270         504.5           APDM0001         AMG84_51         329340         6659900         390         -60         270         174.4           APDM0002         AMG84_51         329335         6659860         390         -60         270         198.5				
Data aggregation methods	<ul> <li>In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (e.g. cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated.</li> <li>Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high grade results and longer lengths of low grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail.</li> <li>The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All intervals reported are length weighted in the downhole direction. This ensures that smaller intervals receive less weighting.</li> <li>No high grade cut-offs have been applied to the significant intercepts.</li> </ul>				
Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths	<ul> <li>These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results.</li> <li>If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported.</li> <li>If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (e.g. 'down hole length, true width not known').</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mineralisation at Aphrodite is interpreted to be hosted by shear zone and linking structures within the BTZ which trends about NNW.</li> <li>Typically the angular difference between the drillholes and mineralisation is about 35<sup>o</sup>, given the sub-vertical nature of the mineralised bodies.</li> </ul>				
Diagrams	<ul> <li>Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.</li> </ul>	See body of Text for maps				

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Balanced reporting	• Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results.	• A table summarising the significant intercepts of the most recent drilling can be found in the document to which this is appended ( <b>Error! Reference source not found.</b> ).
Other substantive exploration data	• Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances.	
Further work	<ul> <li>The nature and scale of planned further work (e.g. tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling).</li> <li>Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive.</li> </ul>	•

# Section 3 Estimation and Reporting of Mineral Resources (Criteria listed in section 1, and where relevant in section 2, also apply to this section.)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Database integrity	<ul> <li>Measures taken to ensure that data has not been corrupted by, for example, transcription or keying errors, between its initial collection and its use for Mineral Resource estimation purposes.</li> <li>Data validation procedures used.</li> </ul>	
Site visits	<ul> <li>Comment on any site visits undertaken by the Competent Person and the outcome of those visits.</li> <li>If no site visits have been undertaken indicate why this is the case.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Tetra Tech has completed 3 site visits in the last 2.5 years.</li> <li>Drilling and mineralisation was observed on all 3 visits</li> <li>Collar coordinates were also verified on the 3 visits.</li> </ul>

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Geological interpretation	<ul> <li>Confidence in (or conversely, the uncertainty of) the geological interpretation of the mineral deposit.</li> <li>Nature of the data used and of any assumptions made.</li> <li>The effect, if any, of alternative interpretations on Mineral Resource estimation.</li> <li>The use of geology in guiding and controlling Mineral Resource estimation.</li> <li>The factors affecting continuity both of grade and geology.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Sufficient information was available from both diamond and RC drilling data as to provide clear structural interpretation of the mineralised zones. Adequate information was also provided to ensure sufficient interpretation of the weathering surfaces. There is sufficient uniformity in the gold mineralisation to confirm continuity between sections where appropriate.</li> <li>No alternative interpretations were considered necessary given the geological control understanding.</li> <li>The mid-section of the interpretation seems to be the zone of greatest dilation and hence greatest grade input; the grade profile weakens at the northern and southern extents where deformation is weakest and hence lesser plumbing availability for mineralizing fluids.</li> </ul>
Dimensions	• The extent and variability of the Mineral Resource expressed as length (along strike or otherwise), plan width, and depth below surface to the upper and lower limits of the Mineral Resource.	The Aphrodite mineralisation extents for about 3km along

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Estimation and modelling techniques	<ul> <li>The nature and appropriateness of the estimation technique(s) applied and key assumptions, including treatment of extreme grade values, domaining, interpolation parameters and maximum distance of extrapolation from data points. If a computer assisted estimation method was chosen include a description of computer software and parameters used.</li> <li>The availability of check estimates, previous estimates and/or mine production records and whether the Mineral Resource estimate takes appropriate account of such data.</li> <li>The assumptions made regarding recovery of by-products.</li> <li>Estimation of deleterious elements or other non-grade variables of economic significance (e.g. sulphur for acid mine drainage characterisation).</li> <li>In the case of block model interpolation, the block size in relation to the average sample spacing and the search employed.</li> <li>Any assumptions about correlation between variables.</li> <li>Description of how the geological interpretation was used to control the resource estimates.</li> <li>Discussion of basis for using or not using grade cutting or capping.</li> <li>The process of validation, the checking process used, the comparison of model data to drill hole data, and use of reconciliation data if available.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>the drill spacing's. All digital interpretations were done on vertical sections orthogonal to the mineralisation trends, and wire-framed together in Vulcan 8.1.4 software. Extensive variography was carried out to determine the search ranges, and Quantitative Kriging Neighbourhood Analysis was employed to optimize the min and max number samples, discretization's and max samples per hole to be used for a block estimate. All samples were length weighted in the estimations. All interpolations were completed using Ordinary Kriging, with Inverse Distance Squared and Nearest Neighbour estimates run also for validation purposes. The assay values for gold were estimated along with Arsenic, to ensure that the deleterious elements were sufficiently considered. Validation was done to compare the block estimates with the drill data in three ways: (1) visually in Vulcan in section and plan; (2) overall mean statistics comparisons, and; (3) swath plots. All estimates were done based on two estimation pass only, with varying criteria required to be satisfied for each pass, criteria were relaxed for the second pass estimations.</li> <li>A small proportion of the assays were capped per domain to remove obvious outliers which were determined by analysis of log-probability plots and the point of maximum deviation.</li> <li>Raw assays were capped prior to compositing.</li> </ul>
Moisture	• Whether the tonnages are estimated on a dry basis or with natural moisture, and the method of determination of the moisture content.	<ul> <li>The tonnages in the estimates assume dry tonnages, with no factoring for moisture.</li> </ul>

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Cut-off parameters	• The basis of the adopted cut-off grade(s) or quality parameters applied.	<ul> <li>Resources are reported at a threshold of 0.5g/t for material above 240mRL which is assumed to be the open pit mineable part of the resource.</li> <li>Resources are reported at a threshold of 3.0g/t for material below 240mRL which is assumed to be the underground mineable part of the resource.</li> <li>Please note that the above relate to separate volumes of the resource, with no overlaps.</li> </ul>
Mining factors or assumptions	• Assumptions made regarding possible mining methods, minimum mining dimensions and internal (or, if applicable, external) mining dilution. It is always necessary as part of the process of determining reasonable prospects for eventual economic extraction to consider potential mining methods, but the assumptions made regarding mining methods and parameters when estimating Mineral Resources may not always be rigorous. Where this is the case, this should be reported with an explanation of the basis of the mining assumptions made.	likely that part of the resource will be extracted by open pit methods with the remainder extractable by underground methods. The already completed scoping study showed that this was the most likely scenario given the deep
Metallurgical factors or assumptions	• The basis for assumptions or predictions regarding metallurgical amenability. It is always necessary as part of the process of determining reasonable prospects for eventual economic extraction to consider potential metallurgical methods, but the assumptions regarding metallurgical treatment processes and parameters made when reporting Mineral Resources may not always be rigorous. Where this is the case, this should be reported with an explanation of the basis of the metallurgical assumptions made.	scoping study and also as part of the forthcoming Pre- Feasibility study by METS. The significant concentrations of Arsenic and Sulphur within the deposit indicate that it is mostly refractory in nature.

Criteria	J	ORC Code explanation	C	ommentary
Environmental factors or assumptions	•	Assumptions made regarding possible waste and process residue disposal options. It is always necessary as part of the process of determining reasonable prospects for eventual economic extraction to consider the potential environmental impacts of the mining and processing operation. While at this stage the determination of potential environmental impacts, particularly for a greenfields project, may not always be well advanced, the status of early consideration of these potential environmental impacts should be reported. Where these aspects have not been considered this should be reported with an explanation of the environmental assumptions made.	•	Arsenic concentrations have been estimated in the block model to assist with environmental, geochemical and ARD considerations. Environmental considerations have been assessed as part of the scoping study already completed and as part of the forthcoming Pre-Feasibility study. No major environmental concerns have been identified at this time.
Bulk density	•	Whether assumed or determined. If assumed, the basis for the assumptions. If determined, the method used, whether wet or dry, the frequency of the measurements, the nature, size and representativeness of the samples. The bulk density for bulk material must have been measured by methods that adequately account for void spaces (vugs, porosity, etc.), moisture and differences between rock and alteration zones within the deposit. Discuss assumptions for bulk density estimates used in the evaluation process of the different materials.	•	Aphrodite and previous owners have collected a substantial dataset of bulk density/SG data mostly by standard immersion methods. Most of these measurements were collected at a recognized laboratory facility, which applied necessary procedures to the weathered material to ensure accuracy of measurements. Based on statistical analysis of all the available data; an SG of 1.75 for the oxidised material, 2.4 for transitional material and 2.75 for the fresh material were applied.
Classification	•	The basis for the classification of the Mineral Resources into varying confidence categories. Whether appropriate account has been taken of all relevant factors (i.e. relative confidence in tonnage/grade estimations, reliability of input data, confidence in continuity of geology and metal values, quality, quantity and distribution of the data). Whether the result appropriately reflects the Competent Person's view of the deposit.	•	The current drill spacing's combined with the extensive variography data, and the level of confidence in geological and grade continuity is sufficient to support both Indicated and Inferred Resource categories for all resources at Aphrodite. Tetra Tech is comfortable with the classification of all the resources.
Audits or reviews	•	The results of any audits or reviews of Mineral Resource estimates.	•	Tetra Tech's Chief Geologist has carried out a peer review of the current model and estimate, and was satisfied that there are no fatal flaws in the estimate.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Discussion of relative accuracy/ confidence	<ul> <li>Where appropriate a statement of the relative accuracy and confidence level in the Mineral Resource estimate using an approach or procedure deemed appropriate by the Competent Person. For example, the application of statistical or geostatistical procedures to quantify the relative accuracy of the resource within stated confidence limits, or, if such an approach is not deemed appropriate, a qualitative discussion of the factors that could affect the relative accuracy and confidence of the estimate.</li> <li>The statement should specify whether it relates to global or local estimates, and, if local, state the relevant tonnages, which should be relevant to technical and economic evaluation. Documentation should include assumptions made and the procedures used.</li> <li>These statements of relative accuracy and confidence of the estimate should be compared with production data, where available.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>the drill data in three ways: (1) visually in Vulcan; (2) overall mean statistics comparisons, and; (3) Swath plots. The author believes the estimate to be sufficiently accurate, based on these validation routines.</li> <li>All data that this estimate is based on is quite sufficient to support the applied Indicated and Inferred Resource categories.</li> <li>Most blocks were estimated within all the wireframes so all resources are sufficiently accurate to be used for a technical and economic evaluation of the Aphrodite</li> </ul>

**Section 4 Estimation and Reporting of Ore Reserves** (Criteria listed in section 1, and where relevant in sections 2 and 3, also apply to this section.)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Mineral Resource estimate for conversion to Ore Reserves	<ul> <li>Description of the Mineral Resource estimate used as a basis for the conversion to an Ore Reserve.</li> <li>Clear statement as to whether the Mineral Resources are reported additional to, or inclusive of, the Ore Reserves.</li> </ul>	• Not applicable at this time, as no mineral reserve has been estimated or reported.
Site visits	<ul> <li>Comment on any site visits undertaken by the Competent Person and the outcome of those visits.</li> <li>If no site visits have been undertaken indicate why this is the case.</li> </ul>	• Not applicable at this time, as no mineral reserve has been estimated or reported.
Study status	<ul> <li>The type and level of study undertaken to enable Mineral Resources to be converted to Ore</li> <li>Reserves.</li> <li>The Code requires that a study to at least Pre-Feasibility Study level has been undertaken to convert Mineral Resources to Ore Reserves. Such studies will have been carried out and will have determined a mine plan that is technically achievable and economically viable, and that material Modifying Factors have been considered.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Not applicable at this time, as no mineral reserve has been estimated or reported.</li> </ul>
Cut-off parameters	• The basis of the cut-off grade(s) or quality parameters applied.	• Not applicable at this time, as no mineral reserve has been estimated or reported.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Mining factors or assumptions	<ul> <li>The method and assumptions used as reported in the Pre-Feasibility or Feasibility Study to convert the Mineral Resource to an Ore Reserve (i.e. either by application of appropriate factors by optimisation or by preliminary or detailed design).</li> <li>The choice, nature and appropriateness of the selected mining method(s) and other mining parameters including associated design issues such as pre-strip, access, etc.</li> <li>The assumptions made regarding geotechnical parameters (e.g. pit slopes, stope sizes, etc.), grade control and pre-production drilling.</li> <li>The major assumptions made and Mineral Resource model used for pit and stope optimisation (if appropriate).</li> <li>The mining dilution factors used.</li> <li>Any minimum mining widths used.</li> <li>The manner in which Inferred Mineral Resources are utilised in mining studies and the sensitivity of the outcome to their inclusion.</li> <li>The infrastructure requirements of the selected mining methods.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Not applicable at this time, as no mineral reserve has been estimated or reported.</li> </ul>
Metallurgical factors or assumptions	<ul> <li>The metallurgical process proposed and the appropriateness of that process to the style of mineralisation.</li> <li>Whether the metallurgical process is well-tested technology or novel in nature.</li> <li>The nature, amount and representativeness of metallurgical test work undertaken, the nature of the metallurgical domaining applied and the corresponding metallurgical recovery factors applied.</li> <li>Any assumptions or allowances made for deleterious elements.</li> <li>The existence of any bulk sample or pilot scale test work and the degree to which such samples are considered representative of the orebody as a whole.</li> <li>For minerals that are defined by a specification, has the ore reserve estimation been based on the appropriate mineralogy to meet the specifications?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Not applicable at this time, as no mineral reserve has been estimated or reported.</li> </ul>
Environmental	• The status of studies of potential environmental impacts of the mining and processing operation. Details of waste rock characterisation and the consideration of potential sites, status of design options considered and, where applicable, the status of approvals for process residue storage and waste dumps should be reported.	• Not applicable at this time, as no mineral reserve has been estimated or reported.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Infrastructure	• The existence of appropriate infrastructure: availability of land for plant development, power, water, transportation (particularly for bulk commodities), labour, accommodation; or the ease with which the infrastructure can be provided, or accessed.	• Not applicable at this time, as no mineral reserve has been estimated or reported.
Costs	<ul> <li>The derivation of, or assumptions made, regarding projected capital costs in the study.</li> <li>The methodology used to estimate operating costs.</li> <li>Allowances made for the content of deleterious elements.</li> <li>The derivation of assumptions made of metal or commodity price(s), for the principal minerals and co- products.</li> <li>The source of exchange rates used in the study.</li> <li>Derivation of transportation charges.</li> <li>The basis for forecasting or source of treatment and refining charges, penalties for failure to meet specification, etc.</li> <li>The allowances made for royalties payable, both Government and private.</li> </ul>	• Not applicable at this time, as no mineral reserve has been estimated or reported.
Revenue factors	<ul> <li>The derivation of, or assumptions made regarding revenue factors including head grade, metal or commodity price(s) exchange rates, transportation and treatment charges, penalties, net smelter returns, etc.</li> <li>The derivation of assumptions made of metal or commodity price(s), for the principal metals, minerals and co-products.</li> </ul>	Not applicable at this time, as no mineral reserve has been estimated or reported.
Market assessment	<ul> <li>The demand, supply and stock situation for the particular commodity, consumption trends and factors likely to affect supply and demand into the future.</li> <li>A customer and competitor analysis along with the identification of likely market windows for the product.</li> <li>Price and volume forecasts and the basis for these forecasts.</li> <li>For industrial minerals the customer specification, testing and acceptance requirements prior to a supply contract.</li> </ul>	Not applicable at this time, as no mineral reserve has been estimated or reported.
Economic	<ul> <li>The inputs to the economic analysis to produce the net present value (NPV) in the study, the source and confidence of these economic inputs including estimated inflation, discount rate, etc.</li> <li>NPV ranges and sensitivity to variations in the significant assumptions and inputs.</li> </ul>	• Not applicable at this time, as no mineral reserve has been estimated or reported.

Criteria	J	ORC Code explanation	C	ommentary
Social	•	The status of agreements with key stakeholders and matters leading to social licence to operate.	•	Not applicable at this time, as no mineral reserve has been estimated or reported.
Other	•	To the extent relevant, the impact of the following on the project and/or on the estimation and classification of the Ore Reserves: Any identified material naturally occurring risks. The status of material legal agreements and marketing arrangements. The status of governmental agreements and approvals critical to the viability of the project, such as mineral tenement status, and government and statutory approvals. There must be reasonable grounds to expect that all necessary Government approvals will be received within the timeframes anticipated in the Pre-Feasibility or Feasibility study. Highlight and discuss the materiality of any unresolved matter that is dependent on a third party on which extraction of the reserve is contingent.	•	Not applicable at this time, as no mineral reserve has been estimated or reported.
Classification	•	The basis for the classification of the Ore Reserves into varying confidence categories. Whether the result appropriately reflects the Competent Person's view of the deposit. The proportion of Probable Ore Reserves that have been derived from Measured Mineral Resources (if any).	•	Not applicable at this time, as no mineral reserve has been estimated or reported.
Audits or reviews	•	The results of any audits or reviews of Ore Reserve estimates.	•	Not applicable at this time, as no mineral reserve has been estimated or reported.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Discussion of relative accuracy/ confidence	<ul> <li>Where appropriate a statement of the relative accuracy and confidence level in the Ore Reserve estimate using an approach or procedure deemed appropriate by the Competent Person. For example, the application of statistical or geostatistical procedures to quantify the relative accuracy of the reserve within stated confidence limits, or, if such an approach is not deemed appropriate, a qualitative discussion of the factors which could affect the relative accuracy and confidence of the estimate.</li> <li>The statement should specify whether it relates to global or local estimates, and, if local, state the relevant tonnages, which should be relevant to technical and economic evaluation. Documentation should include assumptions made and the procedures used.</li> <li>Accuracy and confidence discussions should extend to specific discussions of any applied Modifying Factors that may have a material impact on Ore Reserve viability, or for which there are remaining areas of uncertainty at the current study stage.</li> <li>It is recognised that this may not be possible or appropriate in all circumstances. These statements of relative accuracy and confidence of the estimate should be compared with production data, where available.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Not applicable at this time, as no mineral reserve has been estimated or reported.</li> </ul>