## Introduction

Alchemy Resources Limited ("the Company") has an established corporate governance framework, the key features of which are set out in this Corporate Governance Statement ("Statement"). In fulfilling its obligations and responsibilities to its various Stakeholders, the Board of Directors ("Board") continues to advocate a corporate governance framework that ensures that the management of the Company is conducted in a manner which is directed at achieving the Company's objectives in a proper and ethical manner, whilst increasing Shareholder value and ensuring compliance with the Company's legal and regulatory requirements.

This Statement makes reference to the ASX Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations 3rd edition ("ASX Recommendations") which was released in March 2014 and came into effect for the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2015. Where the Company's corporate governance practices follow a recommendation, the Board has made appropriate statements reporting on the adoption of the recommendation. In compliance with the "if not, why not" reporting regime, where, after due consideration, the Company's corporate governance practices depart from a recommendation, the Board has explained its reasons for not following the recommendation and disclosed what, if any, alternative practices the Company has adopted instead of those in the recommendation.

This Corporate Governance Statement and further information about the Company's governance practices is set out on its website at http://www.alchemyresources.com.au/index.php/corporate-list?id=25

This Corporate Governance Statement is current as at 17 August 2017 and was reviewed and approved by the Board of Directors on that date.

Principle		Comment
1.	Lay solid foundations for management and oversight	
1.1	A listed entity should disclose:     (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and     (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	The Company's Board Charter (available on the Company's website) sets out the responsibilities of the Board, and those delegated to senior management.
		The Board is collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Company through its key functions of overseeing the management of the Company, providing overall corporate governance, monitoring the financial performance of the Company, engaging appropriate management and Directors commensurate with the Company's structure and objectives, and reviewing, ratifying and monitoring systems of risk management and internal control, codes of conduct and legal compliance.
		The Managing Director, supported by other members of senior management, is responsible for managing the day to day activities of the Company in accordance with the delegated authority of the Board and advancing the strategic direction of the Company as set by the Board.
1.2	A listed entity should:  (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and	Prior to the appointment of any new Director appropriate checks are undertaken and may include checks such as the person's character, experience, education, criminal record and bankruptcy history.
		A profile of each Director is included in the Annual Report and in any notice of meeting where a Director is standing for

Principle		Comment	
	(b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	election or re-election.	
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	The Company has a written agreement in place with each Director their appointment. Any material variations to written agreements wi	
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	The Company Secretary has a direct line of communication with the supporting the proper functioning of the Board which includes, but and procedural issues, and the preparation of Board papers and minutes.	is not limited to, providing advice on governance
1.5	A listed entity should:  (a) have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them;  (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it; and  (c) disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them, and either:  (1) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or  (2) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.	The Company is committed to supporting and managing diversity as a means of enhancing the Company's performance by recognising and utilising the contribution of the diverse skills and talents of its Directors, officers and employees. Accordingly the Company has established a Diversity Policy, a copy of which is available on the Company's website.  The Company has not fully complied with Recommendation 1.5 in that it has not set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity. The Board monitors diversity across the Company and is satisfied with the current level of gender diversity. Due to the small size of the Company and its small number of employees, the Board does not consider it appropriate to formally set measurable objectives for gender diversity at this time.  As at the reporting date, the proportion of women employees across the organisation was as follows:	
			Percentage
		Proportion of women employees in the whole organisation	29%
		Proportion of women in senior executive positions	0%
		Proportion of women on the Board  The Company is not a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gen	25% Ider Equality Act.
1.6	A listed entity should:  (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and  (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	The Company has a Process for Performance Evaluation (disclose performance review process of the Board, committees, individual Dir	· · ·
		The Chairman is responsible for the evaluation of the Board and its members, as well as the various Committees. The Chairman and the Board regularly discussed the performance and composition of the Board and various Committees during the last reporting period, considering issues or concerns as they arose. This ongoing process has remained inhouse and informal throughout the year, relying on regular discussion.	
		A formal performance review of the Board, Directors and Committee The Company intends to conduct formal reviews in the coming repor	
1.7	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the	The Company has a Process for Performance Evaluation (disclosed or	n the Company's website).

Principle		Comment	
	performance of its senior executives; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	The Chairman and the Board regularly met with the Managing Director to discuss any issues or concerns as they arose. This ongoing process has remained in-house and informal throughout the year, relying on regular discussion. A formal performance review of the Managing Director and other senior executives was not undertaken during the reporting period due to the comparatively small size of the Company and the reduced level of activities. The Company intends to conduct formal reviews in the coming reporting period.	
2.	Structure the board to add value		
2.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a nomination committee which:  (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the members of the committee; and  (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	The Board has established a Nomination Committee which operates under a Charter (available on the Company's website) approved by the Board.  During the reporting period the Nomination Committee did not meet, its functions being performed by the full Board.	
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	The Board has identified that the appropriate mix of skills and diversity required of its members on the Board to operate effectively and efficiently is achieved by personnel having substantial skills and experience in operational management, exploration and geology, corporate law, finance, listed resource companies, equity markets and global funds management. Each of these areas is currently well represented on the Board.  A profile of each Director setting out their skills, experience, expertise and period of office is set out in the Directors' Report in the Annual Report.	
2.3	A listed entity should disclose:  (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;  (b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and	The Board has four Directors, one of which is independent namely Mr Anthony Ho (5.75 years).  The Board has assessed the independence of Directors taking into consideration criteria of the type as described in Box 2.3 of Recommendation 2.3 in coming to this determination.	

Prin	ciple	Comment			
	(c) the length of service of each director.				
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	The Board believes size, its current leve Board recognises the	have a majority of independent Directors.  that the current composition of the Board is most appropriate for el of operations and its strategy and includes an appropriate mix of the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendation that the	f relevant skills e majority of th	and expertise. The ne Board should be
		further appointmen	endent Directors and as the Company grows and/or its circumstar its of independent Directors if considered appropriate.		e Board may make
	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.		Chair of the Board, Mr Lindsay Dudfield, is not an independent Dire		
	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.		established a program for the induction of new Directors. The ind ctivities, operations and policies and procedures.	uction program	n covers all aspects
		to undergo continu	and maintain the skills and knowledge required to perform their all professional development. Subject to approval, the Company seek independent professional advice if required to properly disch	will pay reaso	nable expenses to
3.	Act ethically and responsibly				
3.1	A listed entity should:     (a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and     (b) disclose that code or a summary of it.	and actions promot necessary to take	established a Code of Conduct (available on the Company's webs ing ethical conduct in employment to maintain confidence in the of into account its legal obligations and the reasonable expectati ccountability of individuals for reporting and investigating reports	Company's inte	egrity, the practices seholders, and the
4.	Safeguard integrity in corporate reporting				
4.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have an audit committee which:  (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and  (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times	The Board has estal approved by the Bo	blished an Audit Committee which operates under a Charter (ava ard.	ilable on the C	ompany's website)
		the resignation of independent. All m industry in which t	ee is chaired by Mr Anthony Ho (an independent Director) and or Mr Aamodt on 1 June 2017). At this time the majority of mer embers of the Audit Committee are financially literate and have the Company operates. The qualifications and experience of the iles in the Directors' Report contained within the Annual Report.	nbers of the C significant un	Committee are not derstanding of the
		The members of the Audit Committee and the details of each members attendance at its meetings during the last reporting period are as shown below:			
		Committee Meetings			
		Director	Position	Attended	Held
	the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings;	Anthony Ho	Committee Chairman (Independent)	1	1
	or	Lindsay Dudfield	Non-Executive Chairman	1	1
	(b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and	Oscar Aamodt	Non-Executive Chairman (Independent) (resigned 1 June 2017)	1	1

Prin	nciple	Comment
	safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	The Company's Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer have provided the Board with the appropriate declarations in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act and this Recommendation 4.2 in relation to the full year and half year statutory financial reports as well as the quarterly cash flow reports.
4.3	A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	The Company's external auditor is invited to, and attends, the Annual General Meeting. The auditor's presence is made known to Shareholders during the meeting and Shareholders are provided with an opportunity to address questions to the Auditor.
5.	Make timely and balanced disclosure	
5.1	A listed entity should:  (a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and  (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	The Company's Policy on Continuous Disclosure (available on the Company's website) is designed to ensure compliance with ASX Listing Rule disclosure requirements and accountability at a senior executive level for that compliance.
6.	Respect the rights of security holders	
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	The Company's website (www.alchemyresources.com.au) provides information on the Company including its background, objectives, projects and contact details. The Corporate Governance page provides access to key policies, procedures and charters of the Company, such as the Board and Committee charters, securities trading policy, diversity policy and the latest Corporate Governance Statement.
		ASX announcements, Company reports and presentations are uploaded to the website following release to the ASX.
6.2	A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	Due to the size of the Company and its current stage of development the Company does not have a formal investor relations program.
		The Company's Board and management do however engage with Shareholders at the Annual General Meeting. The Company will meet with investors upon request and respond to any enquiries they may make from time to time.
6.3	A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.	The Board encourages the attendance and participation of Shareholders at Shareholders' meetings and sets the time and location of each meeting to promote maximum attendance by Shareholders.
		The Company encourages Shareholders to submit questions in advance of a general meeting, and for the responses to these questions to be addressed through disclosure relating to that meeting.
		The Company's Shareholder Communication Policy is available on the Company's website.

Principle	Comment
6.4 A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	The Company welcomes electronic communication from its Shareholders via its publicised email address (admin@alchemyresources.com.au). In addition, ASX announcements and Company reports are distributed to Shareholders and interested parties by email (registration is via the Company's website) as well as being uploaded to the Company's website.
	The Company's share registry also engages with Shareholders electronically and makes available a range of relevant forms on its website. Shareholders can register with the share registry to access their personal information and shareholdings via the internet.
7. Recognise and manage risk	
<ul><li>7.1 The board of a listed entity should:</li><li>(a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:</li></ul>	The Company has not established a separate Risk Committee, however the Audit Committee and the Board assume responsibility for overseeing and approving risk management strategy and policies, internal compliance and non-financial internal control.
<ul><li>(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</li><li>(2) is chaired by an independent director,</li></ul>	The Board has adopted a Risk Management Policy, which sets out the Company's approach to risk. Under the policy, the Board is responsible for approving the Company's policies on risk oversight and management and satisfying itself that management has developed and implemented a sound system of risk management and internal control.
<ul><li>and disclose:</li><li>(3) the charter of the committee;</li><li>(4) the members of the committee; and</li><li>(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of</li></ul>	Under the policy, the Board delegates day-to-day management of risk to the Managing Director who, with the assistance of management, is responsible for identifying, assessing, monitoring and managing risks. During the reporting period senior management reviewed and reported to the Board on critical material business risks.
times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or	The Audit Committee also monitors and reviews the integrity of financial reporting and the Company's internal financial control systems and risk management systems and reports to the Board.
<ul><li>(b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy</li><li>(a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.</li></ul>	
<ul><li>7.2 The board or a committee of the board should:</li><li>(a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and</li></ul>	In accordance with the Company's Risk Management Policy, the Board will review at least annually the Company's risk management framework of material business risks and satisfy itself that the risk management system is operating effectively in all material respects.
(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	The risk management framework was reviewed by the Board during the reporting period.
<ul><li>7.3 A listed entity should disclose:</li><li>(a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is</li></ul>	Due to the size of the Company and its current level of activity and operations, the Company does not have an internal audit function.
structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.	The Company periodically conducts reviews of the Company's financial systems, documents and processes, and any recommendations for improvement are reported to the Board as part of the Company's risk management processes.
7.4 A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those	The Company does not have any material exposure to economic, environmental or social sustainability risks.

Principle		Comment	
risks.			
8.	Remunerate fairly and responsibly		
8.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a remuneration committee which:	The Board has established a Remuneration Committee which operates under a Charter (available on the Company's website) approved by the Board.	
	<ol> <li>(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</li> <li>(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:</li> <li>(3) the charter of the committee;</li> <li>(4) the members of the committee; and</li> <li>(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</li> </ol>	The Remuneration Committee was chaired by Mr Oscar Aamodt until his resignation on 1 June 2017. During the reporting period the Nomination Committee did not meet, its functions being performed by the full Board.	
	(b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.		
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	The structure of Non-Executive Director remuneration is clearly distinguishable from that of senior executives.	
		Non-executive directors are remunerated on a fixed fee basis for their time, commitment and responsibilities as part of an aggregate remuneration pool approved by Shareholders. These fees are not linked to the performance of the Company. Non-executive directors' remuneration may also include options, subject to approval by Shareholders.	
		The Company's independent non-executive directors receive a Board fee but do not receive fees for chairing or participating on Board committees. The Company does not currently pay any fees to its non-independent non-executive directors.	
		Executive Directors and senior executives are remunerated either by way of annual salary (i.e. cash and superannuation components) or by consulting fees. Senior executives may also, at the Board's discretion, receive incentive options.	
		Further details on the Company's remuneration practices with regard to Directors and senior executives are contained within the Remuneration Report which forms part of the Directors' Report in the Annual Report.	
	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:  (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and  (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	The Company has an Employee Incentive Scheme (Incentive Scheme), which was approved by Shareholders at the 2014 Annual General Meeting. A summary of the Incentive Scheme was included in the Company's 2014 Notice of General Meeting, a copy of which is available on the Company's website.	
		The Company's Policy for Trading in Company Securities (available on the Company's website) prohibits Directors, officers and employees from entering into transactions or arrangements which operate to limit the economic risk of their security holding in the Company without first seeking and obtaining written acknowledgement from the Chairman.	