

# **ANNUAL REPORT**

30 June 2020

AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES
ABN 25 086 471 007

**ANNUAL REPORT 30 JUNE 2020** 

## **Corporate directory**

**Current Directors** 

Matthew Driscoll

Gino D'Anna

Non-executive Director

Neville Bassett

Non-executive Director

Michael Scivolo

Non-executive Director

**Company Secretary** 

Stuart Usher

**Registered Office** 

Street: Level 1, 247 Oxford Street

WEST LEEDERVILLE WA 6007

Postal: PO Box 52

WEST PERTH WA 6872

Telephone: +61 8 6141 3500 Facsimile: +61 8 6141 3599

Website: <u>www.blinaminerals.com.au</u>

Securities Exchange

Australian Securities Exchange

Level 40, Central Park, 152-158 St Georges Terrace

Perth WA 6000

Telephone: 131 ASX (131 279) (within Australia)

Telephone: +61 8 9224 0000
Facsimile: +61 8 9227 0885
Website: www.asx.com.au

ASX Code: <u>BDI</u>

**Share Registry** 

Advanced Share Registry Limited Street + Postal: 110 Stirling Highway

**NEDLANDS WA 6009** 

Telephone: 1300 113 258 (within Australia)

+61 (0)8 9389 8033 (International)

Facsimile: +61 (0)8 6370 4203

Email: <u>admin@advancedshare.com.au</u>

Website: <u>www.advancedshare.com.au</u>

Auditor

Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd

Level 3, 88 William Street

Perth WA 6000



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## **ANNUAL REPORT**

30 June 2020

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## **Review of operations**

## Highlights:

- Execution of a heads of agreement to acquire the Barkly Project, a high-grade gold-copper project located in the Northern Territory
- © Barkly is located approximately 45km east of the town of Tennant Creek in the Northern Territory and is prospective for high-grade Tennant Creek-style gold-copper-bismuth mineralisation, similar to that discovered and mined at the nearby Peko Mine
- Within the Barkly Project is the Bluebird Prospect, which is a 1.6km long gravity anomaly open to the east where shallow geochemical drilling has identified a 600m long copper anomaly overlying a zone of gold-copper-bismuth mineralisation
- Continued technical review of the geological and geophysical exploration data relevant to the Barkly Gold-Copper Project, located in the Northern Territory, Australia
- Planning for the next phase of exploration at the Barkly project is well advanced and will commence as soon as the Company is funded
- Recently completed drilling program comprised of seven (7) holes for approximately 1,170m targeting Tennant Creek style copper-gold mineralisation at the advanced Bluebird Prospect
- Multiple intersections of high-grade copper and gold mineralisation were encountered by the RC drilling program at Bluebird
- Significant intersections include:
  - BBRC019 intersected 15m @ 3.46% Cu, 0.61g/t Au from 172m
  - © BBRC015 intersected 20m @ 1.79g/t Au, 1.67% Cu from 156m
  - 6 Hole BBRC019 ended in gold mineralisation with 1m @ 3.9g/t Au and 4.8% Cu end of hole
  - Mineralisation remains open along strike to west and at depth from hole BBRC019
- Significant historical drilling intersections include:
  - BBDD-2: 20m at 8.17g/t Au, 0.61% Cu and 0.22% Bi from 157m including 4m at 37.9g/t Au, 0.66% Cu and 0.80% Bi from 169m
  - BBRC-5: 25m at 1.9% Cu and 0.3g/t Au from 69m including 4m at 8.99% Cu and 1.06g/t Au from 74 metres
  - © BBDD0004: 16m at 3.02% Cu, 0.65g/t Au and 0.10% Bi from 139m including 4m at 6.49% Cu, 0.74g/t Au and 0.18% Bi from 141m
  - © BBRC0012: 31m at 2.48% Cu, 0.21g/t Au and 0.03% Bi from 116m including 12m at 4.41% Cu, 0.23g/t Au and 0.02% Bi from 125m; and including 1m at 11.50% Cu, 1.44g/t Au and 0.04% Bi from 142m
  - © BBRC0010: 11m at 0.98g/t Au, 0.68% Cu and 0.03% Bi from 77m including 2m at 3.54g/t Au, 0.25% Cu and 0.06% Bi from 77m; and including 1m at 3.45% Cu, 0.95g/t Au and 0.12% Bi from 86m
  - © BBRC0013: 14m at 1.31% Cu, 0.54g/t Au and 0.03% Bi from 162m including 1m at 3.91% Cu, 0.78g/t Au and 0.02% Bi from 166m BBDD0005: 4m at 1.04% Cu, 0.55g/t Au and 0.04% Bi from 85m including 1m at 3.45% Cu, 0.95g/t Au and 0.12% Bi from 86m
- O A number of additional geophysical targets remain to be tested along the mineralised trend
- Investor interest in the Tennant Creek area has significantly increased with further project M & A expected
  - Emerson Resources Limited (ASX: ERM) announced on 28 April 2020 that it had formed a strategic alliance with NT Bullion to form a mining joint venture and complete a strategic premium priced placement
  - Active exploration in the Tennant Creek area has attracted major investment from Newcrest Mining Limited (ASX: NCM) and Rio Tinto (ASX: RIO)
  - Middle Island Resources Limited (ASX: MDI) actively exploring its IOCG Super-Project in the East Tennant Creek area



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Refer to ASX announcement dated 24 September 2019 and titled "Strategic Acquisition of Colour Minerals" released on the MAP by the Company (ASX: BDI). The Company is not aware of any new information or data that materially effects the information included in this announcement.

## **OVERVIEW**

Barkly Gold-Copper Project, Northern Territory (Blina 50%)

During the full-year ended 30 June 2020, the Company entered into an agreement with Colour Minerals Pty Ltd ("Colour Minerals"), a private exploration company which owns 100% of the Barkly-Babbler Gold-Copper project, located in the Northern Territory, Australia.

The agreement allows the Company to earn a 50% interest in Colour Minerals, subject to meeting certain exploration expenditure commitments.

The Barkly Gold-Copper Project (Barkly Project) is located approximately 45km east of the town of Tennant Creek in the Northern Territory and comprises two Exploration Licences, being EL 28620 (Barkly Project) and EL 30701 (Babbler Project) located in central Northern Territory, south of the Barkly Highway in the Northern Territory.

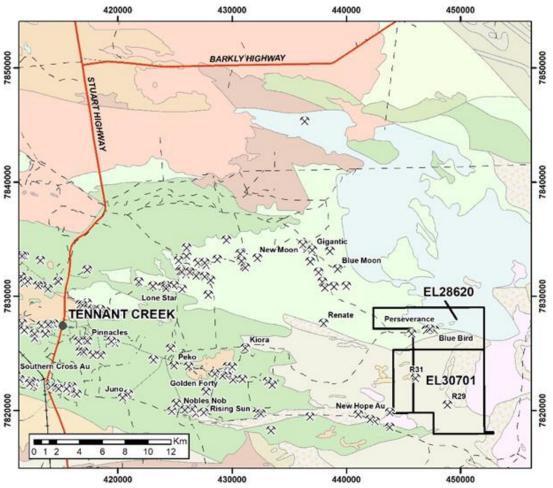


Figure 1: Barkly Project - location plan

The Barkly-Babbler Project is considered highly prospective for magnetite hosted gold-copper similar to other deposits found elsewhere in the Tennant Creek Goldfield.

Historical exploration drilling at the Bluebird Prospect has been very successful with significant Au-Cu-Bi mineralisation intersections. Based on the drilling results, mineralisation is now defined to a depth of at least 150 m vertically from surface and over a strike length of up to 120 m. The mineralisation starts at less than 50 m below surface.

The highest priority target within the Barkly Project is the Bluebird Prospect. It comprises a 1.6km long gravity ridge open to the east where shallow geochemical drilling identified a 600m long copper anomaly, also open to the east. Follow-up reverse circulation percussion and diamond drilling has confirmed Tennant Creek-style gold-copper mineralisation. Additional exploration targets with similar geophysical and geochemical responses have been identified along strike from the Bluebird Prospect. Drilling is also planned to test these targets.

On 30 October 2019, the Company announced that a Reverse Circulation (RC) drilling exploration program would be taking place at Barkly during early-November 2019. The drilling program commenced on or about 15 November 2019 and was completed on or about 30 November 2019.



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During the full-year ended 30 June 2020, the Company completed a Reverse Circulation (RC) drilling exploration program at Barkly. The drilling program consisted of approximately 1,170m of RC drilling across seven (7) drill holes, designed to test the down dip / plunge extensions and lateral extensions of the high-grade mineralisation at the Bluebird Prospect.

The holes were drilled to in-fill and extend previous drilling that intersected high-grade copper-gold mineralisation within an ironstone unit on a west-northwest trending, steeply south dipping fault zone. Significant results from the drill program included:

BBRC0015 20m @ 1.79g/t Au, 1.67% Cu from 156m

Incl. 10m @ 2.87g/t Au, 2.32% Cu

BBRC0019 15m @ 3.46% Cu, 0.61g/t Au from 172m

Incl. 4m @ 6.28% Cu, 0.24g/t Au from 175m

and 1m @ 4.80% Cu, 3.95g/t Au from 186 (finishing in mineralisation at end of hole)

Significantly, drill hole BBRC0019 was drilled below BBRC013 which was previously the deepest and most westerly hole drilled at Bluebird. The hole intersected strongly hematite altered siltstone and ironstone from 172m to 187m at which depth the hole was abandoned due to in-hole caving. The hole ended in mineralisation with the last metre containing 3.9g/t Au and 4.8% Cu. Several of the other holes were also abandoned due to in-hole caving prior to reaching the mineralised zone or target depth. The difficult drilling conditions are caused by brecciated ironstone in the fault zone in combination with high water in-flow rates.

Refer to ASX Announcement dated 18 March 2020 and titled "High-Grade Copper and Gold Intersected in Drilling Program at Bluebird".

The Bluebird Prospect has a prominent aeromagnetic and gravity anomaly along a west-north-west fault trend. At the surface the prospect is marked by an ironstone that forms a low hill with several shallow workings. At the surface the ironstone has low levels of gold and copper because of strong leaching that extends to a depth of over 100m. High copper and gold values have been intersected at a supergene enriched zone at a depth of approximately 120-150m vertical. Bluebird is one of several coincident magnetic and gravity anomalies along the fault. Previous drilling has been shallow reconnaissance style and is unlikely to have penetrated the strongly leached zone.

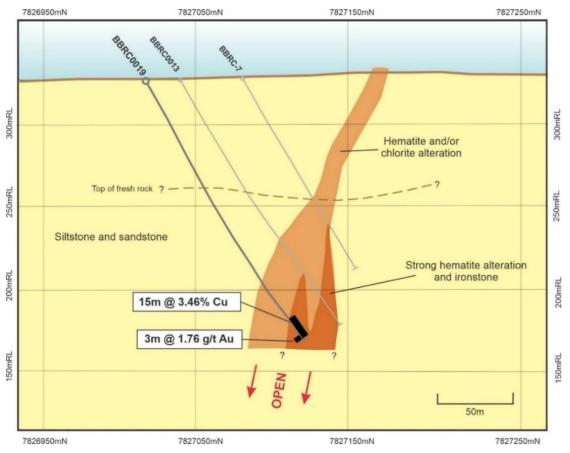


Figure 2: Bluebird prospect cross section 448360E

Further RC and diamond drilling has been planned at Bluebird in order to complete those holes which were abandoned prior to reaching the target mineralised zone due to in-hole caving and to extend the copper-gold mineralisation along strike to the west. Drilling will also be conducted to test targets along the west north-west trending coincident magnetic and gravity anomaly.



## **ABOUT THE BARKLY PROJECT**

The Barkly Project comprises two granted Exploration Licences EL28620 and EL30701.

EL28620 was formerly subject to a farm-in Joint Venture Agreement between Colour Mineral's Pty Ltd and Meteoric Resources NL with Colour holding a 70% interest. In 2019, Colour Minerals acquired Meteoric's 30% interest in EL28620 after which Blina Resources NL executed a legally binding heads of agreement to acquire a 50% interest in Colour Minerals.

EL30701 was previously held by Meteoric Resources. In 2019, Colour Minerals acquired Meteoric's interest after which Blina Resources NL executed a legally binding heads of agreement to acquire a 50% interest in Colour Minerals.

Ground magnetic and gravity surveys followed by soil geochemistry focussed attention on the Bluebird prospect which is a small outcropping ironstone body pitted by historic mining and prospecting. RAB drilling programs were conducted in 2005 and 2006 intersecting hematite ironstone and hematite-chlorite alteration over a 600m strike length with anomalous copper, gold and bismuth. RC and diamond drilling programs were conducted between 2014-2016 by Blaze International Exploration. Significant intersections include: 20m @ 8.17g/t Au from 157m in BBDD002 and 16m @ 3.02% Cu, 0.65g/t Au from 139m in BBDD004.

Refer to ASX announcement dated 24 September 2019 and titled "Strategic Acquisition of Colour Minerals". The Company is not aware of any new information or data that materially effects the information included in this announcement.

## Maintirana Copper Project, Madagascar

There was no work completed on the Maintirana Copper Project in Madagascar during the full-year ended 30 June 2020. The Maintirano Copper Project is a strategic landholding of 1,757 square kilometres in western Madagascar (Figure 1) which covers widely spread copper occurrences hosted in Cretaceous volcanic rocks.

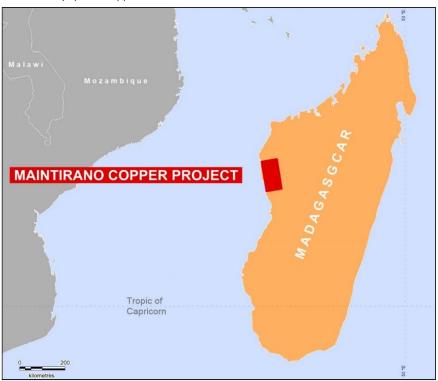


Figure 1: Location of the Maintirano Copper project



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Over 30 copper occurrences, some mined on artisanal-scale are known and distributed throughout Cretaceous basalts as secondary copper carbonates and native copper in vesicles and porous zones such as flow top breccias and steeply dipping veins which contain secondary copper carbonates, chalcocite and cuprite.

An initial reconnaissance program identified high-grade copper mineralisation in many of the 54 rock chip samples collected by Blina and the vendor Madacu Minerals Ltd with values exceeding 11% copper. A further prospecting program completed by Blina in late 2018 identified additional high-grade copper mineralisation in many of the 59 rock chip samples that were collected, with values exceeding 11% copper in some samples. A total of 113 rock chip samples have been collected at the Maintirano Copper project.

Blina is re-assessing its position in Madagascar. While the project has potential to host commercial copper deposits, there are many in country problems.

## **Sale of Condamine Resources Investment**

During the full-year ended 30 June 2020, the Company entered into an instrument of transfer to sell its investment in Condamine. The Company received \$208,334 from the sale which has been applied towards general working capital and the funding of exploration on the Barkly Project.

Refer to ASX announcement dated 31 October 2019 for further details about the disposal.

## Diakouli Gold Project, Burkina Faso

No work was conducted on the Diakouli tenements in the full-year ended 30 June 2020. Blina and its joint venture partner have agreed on upgrading the legal agreements after a hiatus of two years while the two Exploration Licences were being renewed by the Mines Department. The Agreements have been drawn up and are under review by Blina and the Joint Venture partner.

Blina previously completed a review of exploration results at the Diakouli Gold Project. The review indicated potential in the central and southwestern parts of the Exploration Licences where transported gold-in-soil anomalies of up to 1,174 ppb are located over interpreted mafic rocks flanked to the east by a circular diorite body and to the west by granitoid rocks. The area is structurally complex with interpreted northeast and northwest structures.

The Company is currently assessing its plans for continued exploration at the Diakouli Gold Project.

Diakouli Exploration Licence No 2018/DF-0/PR-18/2875 has an area of 116.39 square kilometres and the Diakouli East Licence No 2018/DF-0/PR-18/2874 has an area of 140.23 square kilometres. Both lie over Birimian greenstone rocks about 20km north of the Natougou gold deposit, a resource of over 2 million ounces of gold.

## **ASX Listing Rules Compliance**

In preparing this report dated 22 October 2020, the Company has relied on the announcements previously made by the Company and disclosed below. The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects those announcements previously made, or that would materially affect the Company from relying on those announcements for the purpose of this report dated 13 March 2020.

## Barkly Gold-Copper Project

Pursuant to ASX Listing Rule 5.23.2, the Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the announcement dated 24 September 2019 and 18 March 2020.

## Diakouli Gold Project

Pursuant to ASX Listing Rule 5.23.2, the Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the announcement dated 1 May 2017.

## Maintirano Copper Project

Pursuant to ASX Listing Rule 5.23.2, the Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the announcement dated 15 November 2018 and 24 January 2019.



## Directors' report

Your directors present their report on the consolidated entity, consisting of Blina Minerals NL (Blina or the Company) and its controlled entities (collectively the Group), for the financial year ended 30 June 2020.

### 1. **Directors**

The names of Directors in office at any time during or since the end of the year are:

Mr Matthew Driscoll Non-executive Chairman (Appointed Chairman on 9 June 2020)

Mr Gino D'Anna Non-executive Director (Appointed 19 September 2019, Resigned 28 November 2019, Re-

appointed 2 December 2019)

Mr Neville Bassett Non-executive Director (Appointed 28 November 2019)

Non-executive Director (Appointed 9 June 2020) Mr Michael Scivolo

Mr Mark Maine Non-executive Chairman (Appointed 28 November 2019, Resigned 9 June 2020)

Mr David Porter Non-executive Chairman (Resigned 29 November 2019) Mr Brett Fraser Non-executive Director (Resigned 19 September 2019)

(the Board)

Directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated. For additional information of Directors, including details of the qualifications of Directors, please refer to paragraph 5 "Information relating to the directors" of this Directors' Report.

### 2. Company secretary

The following person held the position of Company Secretary at the end of the financial year:

Mr Stuart Usher

Mr Usher is a CPA and Chartered Company Secretary with 20 year's extensive experience in the management and corporate affairs of public listed companies. He holds a Bachelor of Business degree and an MBA from the University of Western Australia and has extensive experience across many industries focusing on Corporate & Financial Management, Strategy & Planning, Mergers & Acquisitions, and Investor Relations & Corporate Governance.

## Dividends paid or recommended

There were no dividends paid or recommended during the financial year ended 30 June 2020.

### 4. Operating and financial review

## 4.1. Nature of operations principal activities

The principal activity of the Group during the course of the financial year has been the evaluation of gold and copper projects across a broad range of geographies. All projects are subjected to a rigorous technical, commercial and legal due diligence.

## 4.2. Operations review

Refer to the Review of operations on page 1.

## 4.3. Financial review

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the continuity of normal business activity and the realisation of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the ordinary course of business. The Group incurred a loss for the year of \$890,467 (2019: \$1,125,507 loss).

The net assets of the Group have increased by \$19,924 from 30 June 2019 to \$474,877 at 30 June 2020.

As at 30 June 2020, the Group's cash and cash equivalents decreased from 30 June 2019 by \$288,634 to \$12,049 and had a working capital deficit of \$189,545 (2019: \$196,938 working capital), as disclosed in Note 8 of the Capital Management note.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the continuity of normal business activity and the realisation of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the ordinary course of business. Details of the Company's assessment in this regard can be found in note 22 Statement of Significant Accounting Policies: Going Concern on page 47.



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## Directors' report

## 4.4. Significant changes in the state of affairs

On 17 February 2020, the Company completed a share placement as announced on 30 January 2020, with the issue of 813,888,885 quoted ordinary shares at \$0.0003 per share together with 813,888,885 attaching unquoted options expiring 17 August 2021 at an exercise price of \$0.002 each.

The Company also advised that it has issued 200,000,000 unquoted options as part of the placement fee at an exercise price of \$0.002 each expiring 17 August 2021.

Beginning of the calendar year 2020, a global health crisis emerged. In an attempt to combat the spread of the COVID-19 virus, Australia together with many nations around the world, have and will continue to impose restrictions on gatherings of people in workplaces, social settings and travel. These necessary restrictions will have a significant impact on commerce and job losses. It is widely expected that the Australian economies will fall into recession. The extent and duration of the health crisis and recessionary business consequences is unknown, although a number of leading health organisations and economists expect significant impacts on the economies to last at least 18 months. Judgement has been exercised in considering the impacts that the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic has had, or may have, on the consolidated entity based on known information. This consideration extends to the nature of the activities and geographic regions in which the consolidated entity operates. Other than as addressed in specific notes, there does not currently appear to be either any significant impact upon the financial statements or any significant uncertainties with respect to events or conditions which may impact the consolidated entity unfavourably as at the reporting date or subsequently as a result of the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic. The Company has no employees and has not applied or received any of the Government financial assistance such as the Jobkeeper grant.

On 18 March 2020, the Company was suspended from Official Quotation pursuant to ASX Listing Rule 12.2 which relates to the financial condition of the Company. The Company is actively engaged in discussions with the ASX regarding this matter and is also in discussions with various parties in relation to recapitalising the Company thereby improving this financial position and strengthening the balance sheet of the Company which will therefore enable the Company to be reinstated to Official Quotation.

On 9 June 2020, the Company appointed Mr Michael Scivolo as Non-Executive Director and Mr Mark Maine has resigned as Non-Executive Director and Non-executive Chairman of the Company. Mr Matthew Driscoll, a current Non-Executive Director of the Company replace Mr Mark Maine in the position of Non-executive Chairman.

There were no other significant changes to the state of affairs of the Group.

## 4.5. Events subsequent to reporting date

There are no significant after balance date events that are not covered in this Directors' Report section 4.2 Operations review above or within the financial statements at Note 14 Events Subsequent To Reporting Date on page 38.

## 4.6. Future developments, prospects and business strategies

Likely developments, future prospects and business strategies of the operations of the Group and the expected results of those operations have not been included in this report as the Directors believe that the inclusion of such information would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Group.

## 4.7. Environmental regulations

The Group's operations are subject to environmental regulations in the jurisdictions it operates in, namely Australia and Burkina Faso.

The Group is committed to achieving a high standard of environmental performance. The Board is responsible for the regular monitoring of environmental exposures and compliance with environmental regulations.

The Board believes that the Group has adequate systems in place for the management of its environmental requirements and is not aware of any breach of those environmental requirements as they apply to the Group.

## 5. Information relating to the directors

## Mr Matthew Driscoll

Chairman (Non-Executive) (Appointed Chairman on 9 June 2020)
 Independent

Qualifications

Experience

▶ BA, Dip Ed, Grad.Dip.App.Fin. SF Fin, MSAA, GAICD.

Mr Driscoll has significant experience across several industries, including online technologies, financial services, fintech, property and resources. He has more than 30 years' experience in capital markets and the financial services industry and is an accomplished company director in roles across listed and private companies. He has significant experience in international business growth, mergers and acquisitions, equity and debt raisings and building strategic alliances, and remains committed to ethical, commercial and consumer-based outcomes.

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## Directors' report

**Interest in Shares and Options** 

Nil ordinary Shares in Blina Minerals NL.

Nil Options in Blina Minerals NL.

listed entities

Directorships held in other ▶ Mr Driscoll currently is Chairman of Carbonxt (CG1), Non-Executive Director of Energy Technologies (EGY), Non-Executive Director of BuyMyPlace.com.au (BMP), Non-Executive Director of Unlisted public Co. Smoke Alarms Holdings. Mr Driscoll is also former Chairman of Powerwrap Limited (PWL) and Chairman of Killara Resources Limited (KRA).

## Mr Gino D'Anna

Director (Non-Executive) (Appointed 19 September 2019, Resigned 28 November 2019, Reappointed 2 December 2019)

Independent

Qualifications

▶ B.Com (Hon)

Experience

Mr D'Anna has significant primary and secondary capital markets experience and has extensive experience in resource exploration, public company operations and administration and financial management.

Mr D'Anna has particular experience in Canadian Government and First Nations relations in the mining sector. He was a founding shareholder and founding Executive Director of Atrum Coal (ASX: ATU) which is developing the Elan Hard Coking Coal Project. He has significant experience in Canadian exploration and resource development. Importantly, Mr D'Anna has been involved in exploration companies across multiple sectors and jurisdictions, having worked in Australia, South Korea, South Africa, Botswana and Namibia. He was also a corporate advisory consultant to Excelsior Gold Limited (ASX: EXG), which at the time was developing the Excelsior and Zoroastrian operations north of Kalgoorlie, WA.

Interest in Shares and Options 

Nil ordinary Shares in Blina Minerals NL. Nil Options in Blina Minerals NL.

Directorships held in other listed entities

▶ Mr D'Anna is a former Executive Director and current Non-Executive Director of MetalsTech Limited (ASX: MTC). He is currently a Director of Metals Australia Limited (ASX: MLS) which is developing a high-grade graphite project in Quebec, Canada, Director of 3G Coal Limited, which is exploring a large metallurgical coal project in British Columbia.

## Mr Michael Scivolo

Director (Non-Executive) (Appointed 9 June 2020) Independent

Qualifications

▶ B.Com, FCPA

Experience

Mr Scrivolo has extensive experience in the fields of accounting and taxation in both corporate and non-corporate entities.

Interest in Shares and Options >

Nil ordinary Shares in Blina Minerals NL.

Nil Options in Blina Minerals NL.

Directorships held in other listed entities

Mr Scrivolo is currently a Director of Sabre Resources Limited, Golden Deeps Limited and Metals Australia Ltd.

## Mr Neville Bassett

▶ Directors (Non-Executive) (Appointed 28 November 2019) Independent

Qualifications

AM, FCA

Experience

Mr Bassett is a Chartered Accountant specialising in corporate, financial and management advisory services. Mr Bassett has spent more than 35 years working in accounting, finance and stockbroking. During that time, he's had considerable involvement in Australian financial markets including numerous public company listings and capital raisings, as well as mergers and acquisitions. Mr Bassett is the principal director of Westar Capital Limited, the holder of an Australian Financial Services License. He was previously State Chairman and a former National Director of the Royal Flying Doctor Service.

Interest in Shares and Options 
Nil ordinary Shares in Blina Minerals NL. Nil Options in Blina Minerals NL.

Directorships held in other listed entities

Mr Bassett is a current director of Pharmaust Ltd, Pointerra Ltd, Auris Minerals Ltd. Previous directorships held in Metalsearch Ltd (8 May 2015-16 Oct 2019), Vector Resources Ltd (22 Apr - 4 Jan 2018), Meteoric Resources NL (29 Nov 2012 - 4 Dec 2017), Longford Resources Ltd (22 Mar 2004 – 31 Oct 2017)



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## Directors' report

## Mr Mark Maine

▶ Chairman (Non-Executive) (Appointed 28 November 2019, Resigned 9 June 2020) Independent

Qualifications

M Com, B Bus (Accounting), P/G Dip (Com Law), CPA

Experience

Mr Maine is an experienced company secretary and former managing director and founder of ASX listed company Peak Resources Limited. He currently operates a consultancy business specialising in company secretarial practice, corporate governance and administration.

Interest in Shares and Options

▶ 500,000 ordinary Shares in Blina Minerals NL. Nil Options in Blina Minerals NL.

Directorships held in other listed entities

## Mr David Porter

▶ Chairman (Non-Executive) (Resigned 29 November 2019) Independent

Qualifications

FCPA, F.Fin, B.Bus. FGIA

Experience

Mr Porter is a professional geologist and Fellow of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy with over 40 years experiences in the mining industry, including most facets of exploration and mining. For the past 15 years he has focussed his activities in Africa and was the founding Chairman of Cam Iron SA and Congo Iron SA, both part of the Mbalam Iron Project of Sundance Resources Ltd. The project has a planned output of 35 million tonnes per annum of high-grade iron ore and is at development stage which involves capital expenditure of \$4.7 billion. He was also instrumental in the development of two coal projects in the Waterberg region of South Africa which are at development stage. Prior to Mr Porter's project generation activities in Africa he was managing director of three ASXlisted exploration companies, all of which developed gold and base metal projects. In Diversified Mineral Resources Limited he supervised the resource definition at the Agbaou gold deposit in Cote d'Ivoire into plus one million ounces of gold. Africwest Gold Limited acquired the nickel deposits at Kambalda and developed into a leading Australian nickel producer while Golden Rim Resources Limited is now developing gold resources in Burkina

Mr Porter was an executive director and exploration manager of Gasgoyne Gold Mines NL from 1989 until 1996, and managed the Yilgarn Star feasibility study in 1990/1991. Gasgoyne Gold Mines NL produced over 100,000 ounces of gold per year from the Yilgarn Star Mine until it was taken over in 1996 by Sons of Gwalia Ltd in a A\$180 million transaction. In the period from 1971 to 1989, Mr Porter worked for many international mining companies, with small ASX-listed companies and as an independent consultant on gold, base metal, iron ore and coal projects.

Interest in Shares and Options > 282,781,250 ordinary Shares in Blina Minerals NL. 130,000,000 Options in Blina Minerals NL.

Directorships held in other listed entities

▶ Sundance Resources Ltd (Chairman, 12/2016 to present)

## Mr Brett Fraser

Director (Non-Executive) (resigned 19 September 2019) Independent

Qualifications

FCPA, F.Fin, B.Bus. FGIA

Experience

Mr Fraser has worked in the finance and securities industry for over 25 years' and has owned and operated businesses across wine, health, finance, media and mining. In addition, Mr Fraser is a Fellow of Certified Practicing Accountants; Fellow of the Financial Services Institute of Australasia; Grad Dip Finance, Securities Institute of Australia; Bachelor of Business (Accounting); International Marketing Institute - AGSM Sydney.

Interest in Shares and Options > 33,691,667 ordinary Shares in Blina Minerals NL. 110,000,000 Options in Blina Minerals NL.

listed entities

Directorships held in other ▶ Non-Executive Director of Aura Energy Limited since August 2005 and Sundance Resources Limited since April 2018. Mr Fraser is also a former director of Drake Resources Limited.



## Directors' report

## Meetings of directors and committees

During the financial year eight meeting of Directors (including committees of Directors) were held. Attendances by each Director during the year are stated in the following table.

	DIRECTORS' MEETINGS				NOMINATION COMMITTEE		REMUNERATION COMMITTEE		FINANCE AND OPERATIONS COMMITTEE			
	Number eligible to attend	Number Attended	Number eligible to attend	Number Attended	Number eligible to attend	eligible to Number		Number Attended	Number eligible to attend	Number Attended		
Matthew Driscoll	8	8										
Gino D'Anna	7	7	_At the date _Committees		-	·	· ·	•		•		
Neville Bassett	4	4	a size nor a	•	,				, ,	, ,		
Michael Scivolo	1	1	committees.		all matters o	capable of de	elegation to s	uch committ	ees are consi	dered by the		
Mark Maine	4	4	— un Boura oj i	full Board of Directors.								
David Porter	3	3										
Brett Fraser	1	1										

### 7. Indemnifying officers or auditor

## 7.1. Indemnification

The Company indemnifies each of its Directors, officers and company secretary to the maximum extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001 from liability to third parties, except where the liability arises out of conduct involving lack of good faith, and in defending legal and administrative proceedings and applications for such proceedings.

The Company must use its best endeavours to insure a director or officer against any liability, which does not arise out of conduct constituting a wilful breach of duty or a contravention of the Corporations Act 2001. The Company must also use its best endeavours to insure a Director or officer against liability for costs and expenses incurred in defending proceedings whether civil or criminal.

The Company has not entered into any agreement with its current auditors indemnifying them against any claims by third parties arising from their report on the financial report.

## 7.2. Insurance premiums

During the year the Company paid insurance premiums to insure directors and officers against certain liabilities arising out of their conduct while acting as an officer of the Group. Under the terms and conditions of the insurance contract, the nature of the liabilities insured against and the premium paid cannot be disclosed.

## **Options**

## Unissued shares under option

At the date of this report, the unissued ordinary shares of Blina Minerals NL under option (listed and unlisted) are as follows:

Grant Date	Date of Expiry	Exercise Price	Number under Option
25 November 2015	31 October 2020	\$0.0017	120,000,000
7 June 2017	31 October 2020	\$0.0017	175,000,000
7 June 2017	31 October 2020	\$0.0017	60,000,000
30 November 2017	31 October 2020	\$0.0017	200,000,000
5 January 2018	31 October 2020	\$0.0017	50,000,000
31 January 2018	31 October 2020	\$0.0017	290,000,000
12 February 2018	31 October 2020	\$0.0017	9,995,500
17 February 2020	17 August 2021	\$0.0020	1,013,888,885
			1,918,884,385

There are no participation rights or entitlements inherent in the Options and holders will not be entitled to participate in new issues of capital offered to Shareholders during the currency of the Options without exercising the Options.



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## Directors' report

## 8.2. Shares issued on exercise of options

No ordinary shares were issued by the Company as a result of the exercise of options during or since the end of the financial year.

## 9. Non-audit services

During the year, Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd (Nexia Perth), the Company's auditor, did not perform any services other than their statutory audits. Details of remuneration paid to the auditor can be found within the financial statements at Note 17 Auditors' Remuneration on page 39.

In the event that non-audit services are provided by Nexia Perth, the Board has established certain procedures to ensure that the provision of non-audit services are compatible with, and do not compromise, the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001. These procedures include:

- onn-audit services will be subject to the corporate governance procedures adopted by the Company and will be reviewed by the Board to ensure they do not impact the integrity and objectivity of the auditor; and
- ensuring non-audit services do not involve reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision-making capacity for the Company, acting as an advocate for the Company or jointly sharing risks and rewards.

## 10. Proceedings on behalf of company

No person has applied for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company or intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or any part of those proceedings.

The Company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

## 11. Auditor's independence declaration

The lead auditor's independence declaration under Section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) for the year ended 30 June 2020 has been received and can be found on page 16 of the annual report.

## 12. Remuneration report (audited)

## 12.1. Principles of compensation

Remuneration is referred to as compensation throughout this report.

Key Management Personnel (**KMP**) have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group. KMP comprise the directors of the Company.

Compensation levels for KMP are competitively set to attract and retain appropriately qualified and experienced directors and executives. The Board may seek independent advice on the appropriateness of compensation packages, given trends in comparative companies both locally and internationally and the objectives of the Group's compensation strategy.

The compensation structures are designed to attract suitably qualified candidates, reward the achievement of strategic objectives, and achieve the broader outcome of creation of value for shareholders. Compensation packages include a mix of fixed compensation, equity-based compensation, as well as employer contributions to superannuation funds.

Shares and options may only be issued to directors' subject to approval by shareholders in a general meeting.

The Board has no established retirement or redundancy schemes.

## a. Fixed Remuneration

Fixed compensation consists of base compensation as well as employer contributions to superannuation funds. Compensation levels are reviewed annually by the Board through a process that considers individual and overall performance of the Group. In addition, external consultants provide analysis and advice to ensure the directors' and senior executives' compensation is competitive in the market place. During the period no such consultant was used and no senior executive's other than directors were employed.

## b. Performance Based Remuneration – Short-term and long-term incentive structure

Given the current size, nature and opportunities of the Group, the Board has given more significance to service criteria instead of market related criteria in setting the Group's incentive schemes. Accordingly, at this stage the Board does not consider the Group's earnings or earnings-related measures to be an appropriate key performance indicator (KPI). In considering the relationship between the Group's remuneration policy and the consequences for the Company's shareholder wealth, changes in share price are analysed as well as measures such as successful completion of exploration activities (for example, completion of exploration programs within budgeted timeframes and costs), development activities (for example, completion of scoping and/or feasibilities studies), corporate activities (for example, recruitment of key personnel/contractors) and business development activities (for example, project acquisitions and capital raisings).



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## **Directors' report**

## 12. Remuneration report (audited)

### Short-term incentives

No short-term incentives in the form of cash bonuses were granted during the year.

## Cong-term incentives

The Board has a policy of granting incentive options to executives with exercise prices above market share price. As such, incentive options granted to executives will generally only be of benefit if the executives perform to the level whereby the value of the Group increases sufficiently to warrant exercising the incentive options granted.

The directors of the Company are not eligible to participate in the "Blina Minerals NL Employee Incentive Option Plan" adopted by the Board and approved by shareholders on 16 March 2011.

### c. Service Contracts

Compensation and other terms of employment for the directors, KMP and the company secretary are formalised in contracts of employment.

### d. Non-executive Directors

Total compensation for all non-executive directors are set based on advice from external advisors with reference to fees paid to other non-executive directors of comparable companies. Non-executive directors' fees are presently limited to an aggregate of \$250,000 per annum.

Non-executive directors do not receive performance related compensation. Directors' fees cover all main Board activities and membership of any committee. The Board has no established retirement or redundancy schemes in relation to non-executive directors.

Fees for the Non-executive directors for the financial year were \$147,591 (2019: \$166,050) and cover main Board activities only. Non-executive directors may receive additional remuneration for other services provided to the Group.

## e. Engagement of Remuneration Consultants

During the financial year, the Company did not engage any remuneration consultants.

## f. Relationship between Remuneration of Key Management Personnel and Shareholder Wealth

During the Group's exploration and development phases of its business, the Board anticipates that the Company will retain earnings (if any) and other cash resources for the exploration and development of its resource projects. Accordingly, the Company does not currently have a policy with respect to the payment of dividends and returns of capital. Therefore, there was no relationship between the Board's policy for determining, or in relation to, the nature during the current and previous financial years.

The Board did not determine the nature and amount of remuneration of the KMP by reference to changes in the price at which shares in the Company traded between the beginning and end of the current and previous financial years. However, where the Directors of the Company receive incentive options, such options generally would only be of value if the Company's share price increased sufficiently to warrant exercising the incentive options.

## g. Relationship between Remuneration of Key Management Personnel and Earnings

As discussed above, the Group is currently undertaking exploration activities and does not expect to be undertaking profitable operations (other than by way of material asset sales, none of which is currently planned) until sometime after the successful commercialisation, production and sales of commodities from its projects. Accordingly, the Board does not consider earnings during the current and previous financial years when determining the nature and amount of remuneration of KMP.



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## Directors' report

## 12. Remuneration report (audited)

## 12.2. Remuneration details for the year ended 30 June 2020

There were no cash bonuses paid during the year and there are no set performance criteria for achieving cash bonuses.

The following table of benefits and payment details, in respect to the financial year, the components of remuneration for each member of the KMP of the Group:

2020									
Group Key Management		Short-ter	m benefits		Post- employment benefits	Long-term benefits	Equity-sett based pa		Total
Person	Salary, fees and leave	and bonuses	Non-monetary	Other	Super- annuation	Other	Equity	Options	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Matthew Driscoll <sup>(1)</sup>	40,833	-	-	-		-	-	-	40,833
Gino D'Anna <sup>(2)</sup>	28,333	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,333
Neville Bassett <sup>(3)</sup>	21,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,000
Michael Scivolo <sup>(4)</sup>	3,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,000
Mark Maine (5)	18,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,000
Brett Fraser <sup>(6)</sup>	15,000	-	-	-	1,425	-	-	-	16,425
David Porter <sup>(7)</sup>	20,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,000
	146,166	-	-	-	1,425	-	-	-	147,591

<b>2019</b> Group Key Management		Short-ter	m benefits		Post- employment	Long-term benefits	Equity-settled share- based payments		Total
Person					benefits	Dononto	basea pi	aymonto	
	Salary, fees and leave	Profit share and bonuses	Non-monetary	Other	Super- annuation	Other	Equity	Options	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Brett Fraser <sup>(6)</sup>	60,000	-	-	-	5,700	-	-	-	65,700
David Porter <sup>(7)</sup>	60,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60,000
Matthew Driscoll <sup>(1)</sup>	7,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,500
Jay Stephenson <sup>(8)</sup>	30,000	-	-	-	2,850	-	-	-	32,850
	157,500	-	-	-	8,550	-	-	-	166,050

<sup>(1)</sup> Appointed on 15 April 2019.



Appointed on Appointed 19 September 2019, resigned 28 November 2019, re-appointed 2 December 2019. During the year, Internatzionale Consulting Pty Ltd, a company controlled by Mr D'Anna, provides consulting services to Blina Minerals NL. Please refer to Note 16 Related Party Transactions on page 39 for further details.

<sup>(3)</sup> Appointed on 28 November 2019.

<sup>(4)</sup> Appointed 9 June 2020.

<sup>(5)</sup> Appointed on 28 November 2019, resigned 9 June 2020.

Resigned on 19 September 2019. During the prior year, Wolfstar Corporate Management Pty Ltd, a company controlled by Mr Fraser, provides financial services and Company Secretarial services to Blina Minerals NL. These services are provided indirectly by Mr Fraser and have therefore not been included in remuneration. Please refer to Note 16 Related Party Transactions on page 39 for further details.

<sup>(7)</sup> Resigned on 29 November 2019. Mr Porter received consultancy fees of \$20,000 for the 2020 financial year (2019: \$60,000). Mr Porter has no consultancy fees that remain unpaid as at 30 June 2020 (2019: \$Nil).

<sup>(8)</sup> Mr Stephenson resigned as a non-executive director on 15 April 2019.

## Directors' report

### 12. Remuneration report (audited)

## 12.3. Service agreements

Mr Porter was employed a under a deed of employment as an executive director, effective 18 February 2014 until 20 February 2017. Mr Porter was not entitled to fees in this capacity. Instead, the Company continued to pay exploration consultancy fees to Metallica Investments Pty Ltd, a company controlled by Mr Porter, pursuant to a consultancy agreement dated 15 August 2012.

Under the consultancy agreement, effective 20 August 2012, Mr Porter was to provide consultancy services to the Company. In consideration for the services provided by the consultant, the Company paid the consultant a fee of \$10,000 per month.

On 20 February 2017 the deed was superseded by Board resolution whereby Mr Porter will receive gross fees of \$5,000 per month. Mr Porter resigned on 29 November 2019 and his service terminated effectively.

There are no other agreements with key management personnel.

## 12.4. Share-based compensation

## **Key Management Personnel Options**

Options have been previously granted to KMP to provide a market-linked incentive package in their capacity as KMP and for future performance by them in their roles. The KMP options vested immediately after the issue date.

The value of options granted as remuneration is determined in accordance with applicable valuation models and accounting standards.

The dollar value of the percentage vested during the period has been reflected in the Directors' and executive officers' remuneration tables.

All options were issued by Blina Minerals NL and entitle the holder to one ordinary share in Blina Minerals NL for each option exercised.

## Securities Received that are not performance-related

No members of KMP are entitled to receive securities that are not performance-based as part of their remuneration package.

## Options and Rights Granted as Remuneration

No options were granted as remuneration during 2020 (2019: Nil).

## 12.5. Key management personnel equity holdings

## Fully paid ordinary shares of Blina Minerals NL held by each Key Management Personnel

2020 Group Key Management Person	Balance at start of year No.	Received during the year as compensation No.	Received during the year on the exercise of options No.	Other changes during the year / on resignation No.	Balance at end of year No.
Matthew Driscoll	-	-	-	-	-
Gino D'Anna <sup>(1)</sup>	-	-	-	-	-
Neville Bassett <sup>(1)</sup>	-	-	-	-	-
Michael Scivolo <sup>(1)</sup>	-	-	-	-	-
Mark Maine <sup>(2)</sup>	500,000	-	-	(500,000)	-
Brett Fraser <sup>(2)</sup>	33,691,667	-	-	(33,691,667)	-
David Porter <sup>(2)</sup>	282,781,250	-	-	(282,781,250)	-
	316,972,917	-	- -	(316,972,917)	-



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## Directors' report

## 12. Remuneration report (audited)

## 12.5. Key management personnel equity holdings

## b. Options in Blina Minerals NL held by each Key Management Personnel

<b>2020</b> Group Key Management Person	Balance at start of year No.	Granted as Remuneration during the year No.	Exercised during the year No.	Other changes during the year / on resignation No.	Balance at end of year No.	Vested and Exercisable No.	Not Vested No.
Matthew Driscoll	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gino D'Anna <sup>(1)</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Neville Bassett <sup>(1)</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Michael Scivolo <sup>(1)</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mark Maine <sup>(2)</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Brett Fraser <sup>(2)</sup>	110,000,000	-	-	(110,000,000)	-	-	-
David Porter <sup>(2)</sup>	130,000,000	-	-	(130,000,000)	-	-	-
	240,000,000	-	-	(240,000,000)	-	-	-

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents balance on appointment.

## 12.6. Other equity-related KMP transactions

There have been no other transactions involving equity instruments other than those described in the tables above relating to options, rights and shareholdings.

## 12.7. Loans to key management personnel

There are no loans made to directors of Blina Minerals NL as at 30 June 2020 (2019: nil).

## 12.8. Other transactions with key management personnel and or their related parties

There have been no other transactions involving equity instruments other than those described in the tables above. For details of other transactions with KMP, refer Note 16 Related party transactions on page 39.

## END OF REMUNERATION REPORT

This Report of the Directors, incorporating the Remuneration Report, is signed in accordance with a resolution of directors made pursuant to s.298(2) of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth).

MATTHEW DRISCOLL

MhDrswell

Chairman

Dated this Thursday, 22 October 2020

<sup>(2)</sup> Represents balance on resignation.



## Lead auditor's independence declaration under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

To the directors of Blina Minerals NL,

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 30 June 2020 there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor's independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

NPAS

**Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd** 

Muranda Janse Van Nieuwenhuizen

Director

Perth 22 October 2020

## **Nexia Perth** Audit Services Pty Ltd ACN 145 447 105

Level 3, 88 William Street Perth WA 6000 GPO Box 2570, Perth WA 6001

p +61894632463 +61 8 9463 2499

e audit@nexiaperth.com.au

w nexia.com.au

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## Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

for the year ended 30 June 2020

	Note	2020 \$	2019 \$
	ı	Ψ	Ψ
Operating activities	4.4.2	(22 502)	
Loss on disposal of investment Other gains/(losses)	4.4.2 1.1	(33,583)	(8,084)
Compliance and regulatory costs	1.1	(226,629)	(169,834)
Employee benefits		(147,592)	(166,050)
Exploration and evaluation	1.2	(325,410)	(511,045)
Business development		(9,563)	(152,914)
Legal and consulting fees		(139,421)	(99,436)
Other expenses		(7,640)	(30,601)
Loss from operating activities		(889,838)	(1,137,964)
Financial income	1.3	130	14,142
Finance expense	1.3	( 759)	(1,685)
Net financing income/(expense)		( 629)	12,457
Loss before tax		(890,467)	(1,125,507)
Income tax	3	-	
Loss from continuing operations		(890,467)	(1,125,507)
Other comprehensive income, net of income tax			
6 Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Foreign currency movement		16	(235)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		16	( 235)
Total comprehensive income attributable to members of the parent entity	i	(890,451)	(1,125,742)
Profit/(loss) for the period attributable to:			
Non-controlling interest		<u>-</u>	-
Owners of the parent		(890,467)	(1,125,507)
Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
Non-controlling interest		_	_
Owners of the parent		(890,451)	(1,125,742)
Faring	1		
Earnings per share:	10	(0.016)	¢ (0.036)
Basic and diluted (cents per share)	18	(0.016)	(0.026)

The consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



## Consolidated statement of financial position

as at 30 June 2020

	Note	2020 \$	2019 \$
Current assets		Ψ	Ψ
Cash and cash equivalents	4.1	12,049	300,683
Trade and other receivables	4.2	4,432	-
Other assets	4.3	-	16,099
Total current assets		16,481	316,782
Non-current assets			
Financial assets	4.4	-	241,916
Investments in equity accounted investees	11	664,422	-
Total non-current assets		664,422	241,916
Total assets		680,903	558,698
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	4.5	206,026	103,745
Total current liabilities		206,026	103,745
Total liabilities		206,026	103,745
Net assets		474,877	454,953
Equity			
Issued capital	6.1	36,758,293	35,875,918
Reserves	6.4	446,654	418,638
Accumulated losses		(36,727,616)	(35,837,149)
Non-controlling interest		(2,454)	(2,454)
Total equity		474,877	454,953

 $The \ consolidated \ statement \ of \ financial \ position \ is \ to \ be \ read \ in \ conjunction \ with \ the \ accompanying \ notes.$ 



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**ANNUAL REPORT 30 JUNE 2020** 

## Consolidated statement of changes in equity

for the year ended 30 June 2020

	Note	Issued Capital \$	Accumulated Losses \$	Foreign Exchange Translation Reserve \$	Options Reserve \$	Non- controlling Interest \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2018		35,645,918	(34,711,642)	4,196	414,677	(2,454)	1,350,695
Loss for the year		33,043,310	(1,125,507)	4,130	414,077	(2,434)	(1,125,507)
Other comprehensive income for the year		_	(1,123,307)	( 235)	_	_	(235)
Other comprehensive income for the year	-			( 233)			( 235)
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	(1,125,507)	( 235)	-	-	(1,125,742)
Transaction with owners, directly in equity							
Shares issued during the year	6.1.1	230,000	-	-	-	-	230,000
Transaction costs	6.1.1	-	-	-	-	-	
Balance at 30 June 2019		35,875,918	(35,837,149)	3,961	414,677	(2,454)	454,953
Balance at 1 July 2019		35,875,918	(35,837,149)	3,961	414,677	(2,454)	454,953
Loss for the year		-	(890,467)	-	-	-	(890,467)
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-	16	-	-	16
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	(890,467)	16	-	-	(890,451)
Transaction with owners, directly in equity							
Shares issued during the year	6.1.1	939,917	-	-	-	-	939,917
Transaction costs	6.1.1	(29,542)	-	-	-	-	(29,542)
Options issued during the year	6.2	(28,000)	-	-	28,000	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2020		36,758,293	(36,727,616)	3,977	442,677	(2,454)	474,877

 $The \ consolidated \ statement \ of \ changes \ in \ equity \ is \ to \ be \ read \ in \ conjunction \ with \ the \ accompanying \ notes.$ 



## **ANNUAL REPORT 30 JUNE 2020**

## Consolidated statement of cash flows

for the year ended 30 June 2020

,			
ı	Note	2020	2019
		\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Payments for exploration expenditure		(325,410)	(330,519)
Payments to suppliers and employees		(382,776)	(516,906)
Cash flows used in operations		(708,186)	(847,425)
Interest received		130	14,142
Interest and borrowing costs		(598)	(1,444)
Net cash used in operating activities 4	.1.3a	(708,654)	(834,727)
Cash flows from investing activities			
· ·			(250,000)
Investment – at fair value through profit or loss		-	(250,000)
Proceed from disposal of investments		208,334	-
Net cash (used in)/provided by investing activities		208,334	(250,000)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issue of shares		244,167	-
Capital raising costs		(32,497)	-
Net cash provided by financing activities		211,670	-
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held		(288,650)	(1,084,727)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		300,683	1,385,645
Change in foreign currency held		16	(235)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	4.1	12,049	300,683

The consolidated statement of cash flows is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



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## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 30 June 2020

In preparing the 2020 financial statements, Blina Minerals NL has grouped notes into sections under five key categories:

0	Section A: How the numbers are calculated	22
6	Section B: Risk	32
6	Section C: Group structure	35
6	Section D: Unrecognised items	38
6	Section F: Other Information	30

Significant accounting policies specific to each note are included within that note. Accounting policies that are determined to be non-significant are not included in the financial statements.

The financial report is presented in Australian dollars, except where otherwise stated.

## The registered office and principal place of business of the Company is:

Address:

Street: Level 1, 247 Oxford Street

WEST LEEDERVILLE WA 6007

Postal: PO Box 52

WEST PERTH WA 6872

Telephone: +61 (0)8 6141 3500 Facsimile: +61 (0)8 6141 3599



## **ANNUAL REPORT 30 JUNE 2020**

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 30 June 2020

### HOW THE NUMBERS ARE CALCULATED SECTION A.

This section provides additional information about those individual line items in the financial statements that the directors consider most relevant in the context of the operations of the entity, including:

- accounting policies that are relevant for an understanding of the items recognised in the financial statements. These cover situations where the accounting standards either allow a choice or do not deal with a particular type of transaction
- (b) analysis and sub-totals, including segment information
- (c) information about estimates and judgements made in relation to particular items.

NOTE	1 LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX	2020 \$	2019 \$
1.1	Other gains/(losses)  Net fair value losses on financial assets at fair value through profit or		
	loss 4.4.3	-	(8,084)
		-	(8,084)
Loss b	fore income tax has been determined after including the following expenses:		
1.2	Exploration and evaluation costs:		
	6 Exploration and evaluation expenditure	325,410	511,045
		325,410	511,045

## Accounting Policy - Exploration and development expenditure

Exploration and evaluation costs, including the costs of acquiring licenses, are expensed as exploration and evaluation expenditure as incurred.

1.3	Net financing income:	2020 \$	2019 \$
	6 Financial income		
	Interest revenue	130	14,142
	Total financial income	130	14,142
	6 Financial expense		
	Interest expense	598	1,444
	<ul> <li>Net foreign currency exchange loss</li> </ul>	161	241
	Total financial expense	759	1,685
	Net financing (loss)/income	( 629)	12,457

## 1.3.1 Accounting Policy - Finance income and expenses

Finance income comprises interest income on funds invested, gains on the disposal of financial assets and changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Interest revenue is recognised on a time proportionate basis that considers the effective yield on the financial asset.

Financial expenses comprise interest expense on borrowings calculated using the effective interest method, unwinding of discounts on provisions, changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and impairment losses recognised on financial assets. All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to prepare for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the period in which they are incurred.

Foreign currency gains and losses are reported on a net basis.



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## NOTE 2 OTHER SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES RELATED TO ITEMS OF PROFIT AND LOSS

## 2.1 Wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and accumulating sick leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are recognised in other payables in respect of employees' services up to the reporting date and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

## 2.2 Retirement benefit obligations: Defined contribution superannuation funds

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which an entity pays fixed contributions onto a separate entity and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution superannuation funds are recognised as an expense in the income statement as incurred.

NOTE	3 INCOME TAX	Note	2020	2019
3.1	The prima facie tax on loss from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:		Ψ	Ψ
	Loss before income tax		(890,467)	(1,125,507)
	Prima facie tax payable on loss from ordinary activities before income tax at 30% (2019: 30%)		(267,140)	(337,652)
	Add / (Less)			
	Tax effect of:			
	© Foreign exploration assets		-	168,441
	© Exempt foreign entity		-	3,280
	Non-deductible expenses		34,776	30,014
	© Effect of unrecognised temporary difference		10,485	19,762
	O Deferred tax asset not brought to account		221,879	116,155
	Income tax benefit		-	-
3.2	Deferred tax liability			
	Exploration and evaluation expenditure – Australia Mining Properties		-	-
	Temporary differences – Australia		-	-
			-	-
	Offset of deferred tax assets		-	-
	Net deferred tax liability recognised		-	-



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTE	3 INCOME TAX (CONT.)	2020 \$	2019 \$
3.3	Unrecognised deferred tax assets arising on timing		
	Revenue Losses	2,830,586	2,833,751
	Deductible temporary Differences	15,564	36,582
	Capital losses	362,214	362,214
		3,208,364	3,232,547
	Offset of deferred tax liabilities	-	<u>-</u>
	Net deferred tax assets unrecognised	3,208,364	3,232,547

#### 3.4 **Key estimates - Taxation**

Net deferred tax assets have not been brought to account as it is not probable within the immediate future that tax profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised.

The Group has tax losses of \$2,830,586 (2019: \$2,833,751) that have the ability to be carried forward indefinitely for offset against future taxable profits of the Group. The recoupment of available tax losses as at 30 June 2020 are contingent upon the Group satisfying the following conditions:

- oderiving future assessable income of a nature and of an amount sufficient to enable the benefit from the losses to be realised:
- the conditions for deductibility imposed by tax legislation continuing to be complied with and the company meeting either its continuity of ownership test or in the absence of satisfying that test the company can satisfy the same business
- there being no changes in tax legislation which would adversely affect the Group from realising the benefits from the losses.

In the event that the Group fails to satisfy these conditions above or the Commissioner of Taxation challenges the Group's ability to utilise its losses, the Group may be liable for future income tax on assessable income derived by the company.

Balances disclosed in the financial statements and the notes thereto, related to taxation, are based on the best estimates of directors. These estimates consider both the financial performance and position of the company as they pertain to current income taxation legislation, and the directors understanding thereof. No adjustment has been made for pending or future taxation legislation. The current income tax position represents that directors' best estimate, pending an assessment by tax authorities in relevant jurisdictions.

### 3.5 **Accounting Policy**

The income tax expense or revenue for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the national income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, and to unused tax losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates which are enacted or substantively enacted for each jurisdiction. The relevant tax rates are applied to the cumulative amounts of deductible and taxable temporary differences to measure the deferred tax asset or liability. An exception is made for certain temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of an asset or a liability. No deferred tax asset or liability is recognised in relation to these temporary differences if they arose in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction did not affect either accounting profit or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in controlled entities where the parent entity is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Current and deferred tax balances attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity are also recognised directly in equity.



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## NOTE 4 FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

4.1	Cash and cash equivalents	2020 \$	2019 \$
	Cash at bank and on hand	12,049	300,683
		12,049	300,683
4.1.1	Reconciliation of Cash		
	Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flow is reconciled to items in the consolidated statement of financial position as follows:		
	Cash and cash equivalents	12,049	300,683
4.1.2	The Group's exposure to interest rate risk and a sensitivity analysis for financial assets and liabilities are disclosed in Note 7 Financial risk management.		
4.1.3	Cash Flow Information		
	a. Reconciliation of cash flow from operations to (loss)/profit after income tax		
	Operating loss after income tax	(890,467)	(1,125,507)
	Add/(less) non-cash items:		
	6 Share-based payments	-	100,000
	Other losses	33,583	8,084
	<ul><li>Tenement acquisition option fee</li><li>4.1.3b</li></ul>	-	180,000
	Non-cash changes in assets & liabilities:		
	<ul><li>Decrease/(increase) in receivables &amp; prepayments</li></ul>	(30,705)	18,299
	(Increase)/decrease in other assets	16,099	(5,063)
	<ul><li>Increase/(decrease) in payables</li></ul>	162,836	(10,540)
	Cash flow from operations	(708,654)	(834,727)

## b. Non-cash Financing and investing activities

On 17 February 2020 the Company issued 200,000,000 unquoted options (valued at \$28,000) as part of the placement fee. Refer Note 19.3.2a for further details.

On 1 March 2019 the Company issued 180,000,000 Shares (valued at \$180,000) as consideration for the grant of the option to acquire Madacu Resources Pty Ltd, a company controlled by Bruce McFarlane (through Calatos Pty Ltd). Refer Note 19.3.1a for further details.

## 4.1.4 Accounting Policy

For statement of cash flows presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

## 4.2 Trade and other receivables

## 4.2.1 Current

Value Added Tax receivable

2020	2019
\$	\$
4,432	-
4,432	-

4.2.2 At reporting date, there are no receivables past their due date.



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 30 June 2020

### NOTE 4 FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONT.)

## Trade and other receivables (cont.)

## 4.2.3 Accounting Policy

Trade receivables are generally due for settlement within periods ranging from 15 days to 30 days. Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets. All other receivables are classified as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for expected credit losses. Allowance for expected credit losses of trade receivables is continually reviewed and those that are considered to be uncollectible are written off by reducing the carrying amount directly. An allowance account is used when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original contractual terms. Factors considered by the Group in making this determination include known significant financial difficulties of the debtor, review of financial information and significant delinquency in making contractual payments to the Group. The allowance is set equal to the difference between the carrying amount of the receivable and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. Where receivables are short-term discounting is not applied in determining the allowance.

4.3	Other Assets	2020	2019
		φ	Ф
4.3.1	Current:		
	Prepayments	-	16,099
		-	16,099
4.4	Financial Assets	2020	2019
		\$	\$
4.4.1	Non-current:		
4.4.1	Non-current: Investment – at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL)	-	241,916

4.4.2 On 31 October 2019, the Company has entered into an instrument of transfer to sell its investment in Condamine Resources Limited for a proceed of \$208,334. As a result, \$33,583 loss on disposal of investment recorded in profit or loss.

### 4.4.3 Amounts recognised in profit or loss

		2020 \$	2019 \$
Fair value losses on investments at FVPL recognised in other gains/(losses)	1.1	-	(8,084)

Fair value is measured based on inputs obtained from public documents recently published by Condamine Resources Ltd.

### 4.4.4 Fair value hierarchy

The following tables detail the Group's assets, measured or disclosed at fair value, using a three-level hierarchy, based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the entire fair value measurement, as disclosed in note 22.5.2.

2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total ¢
Assets	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	
Investment – at FVPL				
mvestment – at FVFL	-	-	<del>-</del>	
Total	-	-	-	-
2019				
Assets				
Investment – at FVPL		241,916	-	241,916
Total	-	241,916	-	241,916



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## NOTE 4 FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONT.)

## 4.4 Financial Assets (cont.)

### 4.4.5 Accounting policies - Investments and other financial assets

### a. Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through OCI or through profit or loss), and
- 6 those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or OCI. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

## b. Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

### c. Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss (**FVPL**), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

## i. Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

- Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in other gains/(losses) together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the statement of profit or loss.
- FVOCI: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other gains/(losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in other gains/(losses) and impairment expenses are presented as separate line item in the statement of profit or loss.
- FVPL: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVPL. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at FVPL is recognised in profit or loss and presented net within other gains/(losses) in the period in which it arises.



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### NOTE 4 FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONT.)

### 4.4 **Financial Assets (cont.)**

#### 4.4.5 Accounting policies - Investments and other financial assets (cont.)

## Measurement (cont.)

## ii. Equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in OCI, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVPL are recognised in other gains/(losses) in the statement of profit or loss as applicable. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

## d. Impairment

The Group assesses on a forward-looking basis, the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost and FVOCI. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by AASB 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

#### 4.5 Trade and other payables

#### 4.5.1 Current:

## Unsecured

Trade creditors

Other creditors and accruals

Value Added Tax payable

Total unsecured liabilities

2020	2019
\$	\$
92,660	8,689
113,366	84,500
-	10,556
206,026	103,745

### 4.5.2 Accounting Policy

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the consolidated entity prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition. Payables expected to be collected within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets. All other receivables are classified as non-current assets.

Trade and other payables are classified as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.



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## NOTE 5 NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

## 5.1 Other Significant Accounting Policies related to Non-Financial Assets and Liabilities

## 5.1.1 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.



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## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTE 6 EQUITY						
6.1	Issued capital	Note	2020 No.	2019 No.	2020 \$	2019 \$
Fully pa	aid ordinary shares at no par value	6.1.1	6,268,771,455	4,543,882,570	36,758,293	35,875,918
6.1.1	Ordinary shares					
	At the beginning of the year		4,543,882,570	4,313,882,570	35,875,918	35,645,918
	Shares issued during the year:					
	© 28 November 2018		-	50,000,000	-	50,000
	6 1 March 2019		-	180,000,000	-	180,000
	6 1 August 2019	6.1.3	50,000,000	-	50,000	-
	© 25 September 2019	6.1.4	861,000,000	-	645,750	-
	© 17 February 2020	6.1.5	813,888,885	-	244,167	-
	Transaction costs:					
	Cash-based		-	-	(29,542)	-
	Share-based payments (Options)		-	-	(28,000)	<u>-</u>
	At reporting date		6,268,771,455	4,543,882,570	36,758,293	35,875,918

#### 6.1.2 Terms and Conditions

Ordinary shares participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the parent entity in proportion to the number of shares held. At shareholders meetings each ordinary share is entitled to one vote when a poll is called otherwise each shareholder has one vote on a show of hands.

- 6.1.3 On 1 August 2019 the Company issued 50,000,000 Shares as part remuneration in respect of consultancy services agreement to Calatos Pty Ltd, a company controlled by Bruce McFarlane. See Note 19.3.1b for further details.
- On 20 September 2019, the Company executed a binding heads of agreement (HoA) to acquire 50 fully paid ordinary shares in the capital of Colour Minerals Pty Ltd (CMPL), representing 50% of the issued capital of CMPL. The Company issued 861,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares in the capital of the Company at a deemed issue price of \$0.00075 per share in consideration for the acquisition on 25 September 2019. The Company is irrevocably granted the right to appoint a nominee to the board of CMPL which the Company may elect to exercise, in its sole discretion, at any time on and from 23 September 2019 (Settlement date).

Colour Minerals Pty Ltd (CMPL) has reached an agreement with Meteoric Resources NL to acquire a 100% legal and beneficial interest in two Tenements, EL28260 and EL3071, located in the Northern Territory (the Tenements).

Under the HoA, the Company has agreed to expend \$300,000 in funding for exploration and drilling on the Tenements during the period of 6 months from the Settlement date.

6.1.5 On 17 February 2020, the Company completed a placement with the issue of 813,888,885 ordinary shares together with 813,888,885 attaching options exercisable at \$0.002 expiring 17 August 2021.

### 6.1.6 Accounting Policy

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options, or for the acquisition of a business, are not included in the cost of the acquisition as part of the purchase consideration.



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## NOTE 6 EQUITY (CONT.)

## 6.2 Options

For information relating to the Blina Minerals NL share-based payment plan, including details of options issued and/or lapsed during the financial year, and the options outstanding at balance date, refer to Note 19 Share-based Payments. The total number of options on issue are as follows:

		2020 No.	2019 No.	2020 \$	2019 \$
	Unlisted options	1,918,884,385	904,995,500	442,677	414,677
6.2.1	Unlisted options  At the beginning of the year	904,995,500	904,995,500	414,677	414,677
	Options issued during the year:				
	<ul><li>Free attaching \$0.002 options, expiry 17.08.2021</li></ul>	813,888,885	-	-	-
	<ul><li>Placement fee \$0.002 options, expiry 17.08.2021</li></ul>	200,000,000	-	28,000	-
	At reporting date	1,918,884,385	904,995,500	442,677	414,677

## 6.3 Non-Controlling Interests

Management has assessed that the fair value of non-controlling interests is not materially different to the carrying amount.

## 6.4 Share-based payment reserves

The share-based payment reserve records the value of options issued the Company to its consultants.



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### SECTION B. **RISK**

This section of the notes discusses the Group's exposure to various risks and shows how these could affect the Group's financial position and performance.

### NOTE 7 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### 7.1 **Financial Risk Management Policies**

The Group's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks and accounts payable. The Group does not speculate in the trading of derivative instruments.

Risk management has focused on limiting liabilities to a level which could be extinguished by sale of assets if necessary.

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks; market risk (including fair value interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group. The Group is engaged in mineral exploration and evaluation, and does not currently sell product and derives only limited revenue from interest earned.

Risk management is carried out by the Board as a whole and no formal risk management policy has been adopted but is in the process of development.

	Floating Interest	Fixed Interest	Non- interest	2020	Floating Interest	Fixed Interest	Non- interest	2019
	Rate \$	Rate \$	Bearing \$	Total \$	Rate \$	Rate \$	Bearing ©	Total \$
Financial Assets	<u> </u>	<b></b>	Ψ	¥	Ÿ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ .
Cash and cash equivalents	12,049	-	-	12,049	300,683	-	-	300,683
Trade and other receivables	-	-	4,432	4,432	-	-	-	-
▶ Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	241,916	241,916
Total Financial Assets	12,049	-	4,432	16,481	300,683	-	241,916	542,599
Financial Liabilities								
Financial liabilities at amortised cost								
► Trade and other payables	-	-	206,026	206,026	-	-	103,745	103,745
Total Financial Liabilities	-	-	206,026	206,026	-	-	103,745	103,745
Net Financial Assets	12,049	-	(201,594)	(189,545)	300,683	-	138,171	438,854

#### 7.2 Specific Financial Risk Exposures and Management

### 7.2.1 Market risk

## a. Price risk

The Group is currently exposed to equity securities by way of shares held in listed companies. The price risk for listed securities is immaterial in terms of the possible impact on profit or loss or total equity as a result of any increase/decrease in the price of traded securities. All listed investments are classed as level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. The Group is not currently exposed to commodity price risk.

## b. Interest rate risk

Exposure to interest rate risk arises on financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at the end of the reporting period whereby a future change in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair value of fixed rate financial instruments. The Group is also exposed to earnings volatility on floating rate instruments.

Interest rate risk is not material to the Group as no debt arrangements have been entered into, and movement in interest rates on the Group's financial assets is not material.



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## NOTE 7 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT.)

## 7.2.2 Credit risk

Exposure to credit risk relating to financial assets arises largely from cash at bank.

The Group does not have any material credit risk exposure to any single receivable or group of receivables under financial instruments entered into by the Group.

The objective of the Group is to minimise the risk of loss from credit risk. Although revenue from operations is minimal, the Group trades only with creditworthy third parties.

In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis with the result that the Group's exposure to bad debts is insignificant. The Group's maximum credit risk exposure is limited to the carrying value of its financial assets as indicated on the statement of financial position.

The Group establishes an allowance for impairment that represents its estimate of incurred losses in respect of trade and other receivables.

## Credit risk exposures

The maximum exposure to credit risk is that to its alliance partners and that is limited to the carrying amount, net of any provisions for impairment of those assets, as disclosed in the statement of financial position and notes to the financial statements.

Credit risk related to balances with banks and other financial institutions is managed by the Group in accordance with approved Board policy. Such policy requires that surplus funds are only invested with financial institutions residing in Australia, where ever possible.

## 6 Impairment losses

The Group has no material items past due and not impaired.

## 7.2.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the entity will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The objective of the consolidated entity is to maintain sufficient liquidity to meet commitments under normal and stressed conditions.

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. Due to the lack of material revenue, the Group aims at maintaining flexibility in funding by maintaining adequate reserves of liquidity.

The Group did not have access to any undrawn borrowing facilities at the reporting date.

All liabilities are current and will be repaid in normal trading terms

## c. Contractual Maturities

The following are the contractual maturities of financial assets and liabilities of the Group:

	Within '	1 Year	Greater Th	an 1 Year	Total		
	2020 \$	2019 \$	2020 \$	2019 \$	2020 \$	2019 \$	
Financial liabilities due for payment							
Trade and other payables	206,026	103,745	-	-	206,026	103,745	
Total contractual outflows	206,026	103,745	-	-	206,026	103,745	
Financial assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	12,049	300,683	-	-	12,049	300,683	
Trade and other receivables	4,432	-	-	-	4,432	-	
Total anticipated inflows	16,481	300,683	-	-	16,481	300,683	
Net (outflow)/inflow on financial							
instruments	(189,545)	196,938	-	-	(189,545)	196,938	

It is not expected that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier or at significantly different amounts.



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#### NOTE 7 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT.)

#### 7.2.4 Net fair value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

The net fair value of cash and cash equivalents and non-interest bearing monetary assets and financial liabilities approximates their carrying values.

#### a. Fair value hierarchy

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement: Disclosures requires disclosure of the fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Level 1 quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities;
- Level 2 inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices); and
- Level 3 inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

All financial assets are classified as Level 1 and their value has been calculated in line with accounting policy Note 22.5 Fair Value.

#### NOTE 8 **CAPITAL MANAGEMENT**

Management controls the capital of the Group. Their objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that they may continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. The capital structure of the consolidated entity consists of equity attributable to equity holders of the parent comprising issued capital, reserves and accumulative losses.

Due to the nature of the Group's activities, being mineral exploration, the Group does not have ready access to credit facilities, with the primary source of funding being equity raisings. Therefore, the focus of the Group's capital risk management is the current working capital position against the requirements of the Group to meet exploration programs and corporate overheads. The Group's strategy is to ensure appropriate liquidity is maintained to meet anticipated operating requirements, with a view to initiating appropriate capital raisings as required.

The consolidated entity is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The working capital position of the Group at 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019 is as follows:

	Note	2020 \$	2019 \$
Cash and cash equivalents	4.1	12,049	300,683
Trade and other receivables	4.2	4,432	-
Trade and other payables	4.5	(206,026)	(103,745)
Working capital position		(189,545)	196,938



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#### SECTION C. GROUP STRUCTURE

This section provides information which will help users understand how the Group structure affects the financial position and performance of the Group as a whole. In particular, there is information about:

- (a) changes to the structure that occurred during the year as a result of business combinations and the disposal of a discontinued operation
- (b) transactions with non-controlling interests, and
- (c) interests in joint operations.

A list of significant subsidiaries is provided in Note 9.

#### NOTE 9 INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES

#### 9.1 Information about principal subsidiaries

The subsidiaries listed below have share capital consisting solely of ordinary shares which are held directly by the Group and the proportion of ownership interest held equals the voting rights held by the Group. Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at fair value. Each subsidiaries country of incorporation is also its principal place of business:

	Country of	Class of	Percentag	ge Owned
	Incorporation	Shares	2020	2019
O Blina Minerals Burkina SARL	Burkina Faso	Ordinary	100	100
© Blina Iron SA	Democratic Republic of Congo	Ordinary	100	100

a. Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at fair value.

### NOTE 10 OTHER SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES RELATED TO GROUP STRUCTURE

#### 10.1 Principles of Consolidation

As at reporting date, the assets and liabilities of all controlled entities have been incorporated into the consolidated financial statements as well as their results for the year then ended. Where controlled entities have entered (left) the Consolidated Group during the year, their operating results have been included (excluded) from the date control was obtained (ceased).

#### 10.1.1 Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method as at the acquisition date, which is the date on which control is transferred to the Group. Control exists when the Group is exposed to variable returns from another entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.

The Group measures goodwill at the acquisition date as:

- 6 the fair value of the consideration transferred; plus
- the recognised amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree; plus
- o if the business combination is achieved in stages, the fair value of the existing equity interest in the acquiree;

#### less

the net recognised amount of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

When the excess is negative, a bargain purchase gain is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The consideration transferred does not include amounts related to settlement of pre-existing relationships. Such amounts are generally recognised in profit or loss.

Costs related to the acquisition, other than those associated with the issue of debt or equity securities, that the Group incurs in connection with a business combination are expensed as incurred.

Any contingent consideration payable is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it is not remeasured and settlement is accounted for within equity. Otherwise, subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration are recognised in profit or loss.



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#### OTHER SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES RELATED TO GROUP STRUCTURE (CONT.) NOTE 10

#### 10.1.2 Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

The accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed when necessary to align them with the policies adopted by the Group. Losses applicable to the non-controlling interests in a subsidiary are allocated to the non-controlling interests even if doing so causes the non-controlling interests to have a deficit balance.

A list of controlled entities is contained in Note 9 Interest In Subsidiaries on page 35 of the financial statements.

#### 10.1.3 Loss of control

6

Upon the loss of control, the Group derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, any non-controlling interests and the other components of equity related to the subsidiary. Any surplus or deficit arising on the loss of control is recognised in profit or loss. If the Group retains any interest in the previous subsidiary, then such interest is measured at fair value at the date control is lost. Subsequently it is accounted for as an equity-accounted investee or as an availablefor-sale financial asset depending on the level of influence retained.

#### 10.1.4 Transactions eliminated on consolidation

All intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

#### Note 11 Equity Accounted Investees

#### 11.1 Information about principal equity accounted investees

On 24 September 2019, Blina acquired a 50% interest in Colour Minerals Pty Ltd ("Colour Minerals"), owner of the Barkly Project, a high-grade Gold-Copper project located in the Northern Territory, Australia.

The entity listed below has share capital consisting solely of ordinary shares. The proportion of ordinary shares held by the Group equals the voting rights held by the Group. The entity's place of incorporation is its principal place of business.

Place of Incorporation /	Measurement Bases	Proportion of Ordinary Share Interests/ Participating Share		Carrying Am	nount
Business		30 June 2020 %	30 June 2019 %	30 June 2020 \$	30 June 2019 \$
Australia	Equity method	50.0	-	664,422	-

#### 11.2 Summarised financial information for equity accounted investees

Set out below is the summarised financial information for the Group's investments in equity accounted investee. Unless otherwise stated, the disclosed information reflects the amounts presented in the Australian Accounting Standards financial statements of the equity accounted investee. The following summarised financial information, however, reflects the adjustments made by the Group when applying the equity method, including adjustments for any differences in accounting policies between the Group and the equity accounted investee:

1.	Summarised	tinancial	position
	0 0111111011000		poortion

Total current assets Total non-current assets Total current liabilities Total non-current liabilities Net assets Group's share (%) Group's share of associate's net assets

2020	2019
\$	\$
_	-
739,664	-
-	-
-	-
739,664	-
50%	-
369,832	-



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# Note 11 Equity Accounted Investees (cont.)

#### 11.2 Summarised financial information for equity accounted investees (cont.)

ii. Summarised financial performance for the year ended 30 June 2020 \$ \$ Income\* 788,985 
Loss after tax from continuing operations 788,985 
Other comprehensive income - - 
Total comprehensive income 788,985 -

Group's share of associate's other comprehensive income

\*This amount consists of debt forgiveness that has taken place before the Head of Agreement been entered.

Therefore, no share of profit from the equity accounted investee.

### iii. Reconciliation to Carrying Amounts

Group's share of associate's opening net assets
Investments during the period
Group's share of associate's profit after tax from continuing operations
Group's share of associate's closing net assets (carrying amount of investment)

Group's share of associate's profit after tax from continuing operations

2020	30 June 2019
\$	\$
-	-
664,422	-
-	-
664,422	-

30 June

30 June



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#### SECTION D. **UNRECOGNISED ITEMS**

This section of the notes includes other information that must be disclosed to comply with the accounting standards and other pronouncements, but that is not immediately related to individual line items in the financial statements.

NOTE	12 COMMITMENTS	2020 \$	2019 \$
12.1	Expenditure commitments payable:		
	Within one year		173,218
	After one year but not more than five years	-	-
	After five years	-	-
	Total Exploration tenement minimum expenditure requirements	-	173,218

The commitments of Blina Minerals NL above are the same as those for the Group.

#### NOTE 13 CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

There are no other contingent assets or liabilities at year end.

#### NOTE 14 EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO REPORTING DATE

The Company has entered into an Underwriting Agreement with Westar Capital Limited (Westar) pursuant to which Westar will fully underwrite a capital raising of A\$2.15 million via the issue of fully paid ordinary shares and a further A\$187,500 via the issue of options.

The Underwriting Agreement is subject to standard terms and conditions which are usual for a transaction of this nature, including termination clauses, as well as the following additional conditions:

- a. no changes to the existing Board of Directors prior to the completion of the proposed Capital Raising;
- b. no material adverse change to the ownership interest of the Company's existing assets; and
- c. ASX approval to the submission for re-quotation of the Company's securities.

There were no other significant events after the end of the reporting period.



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# SECTION E. OTHER INFORMATION

This section of the notes includes other information that must be disclosed to comply with the accounting standards and other pronouncements, but that is not immediately related to individual line items in the financial statements.

NOTE	15	KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL COMPENSATION	2020	2019
			\$	\$
Short-	term	employee benefits	146,166	157,500
Other	short	term benefits	-	-
Post-e	mplo	yment benefits	1,425	8,550
Share-	based	l payments	-	-
			147,591	166,050
NOTE	16	RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS	2020	2019
			\$	\$
16.1	KMF	and related party transactions		
	and	isactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties iss otherwise stated.		
	6	Internatzionale Consulting Pty Ltd		
		rnatzionale Consulting Pty Ltd, a company controlled by Mr D'Anna, executive director, provides consulting services to Blina Minerals NL.	16,500	-
	6	Wolfstar Corporate Management		
		fstar Corporate Management Pty Ltd, a company controlled by Mr er, former director, provides financial services to Blina Minerals NL.	72,403	75,000
16.2	KMF	and related party balances		
		Contained within other creditors and accruals are the following accruals for fees payable to KMP:		
	,	Wolfstar Corporate Management Pty Ltd	-	6,250
		Mr David Porter	-	5,000
	,	Mr Matthew Driscoll	30,000	7,500
		Mr Neville Bassett	21,000	-
		Mr Gino D'Anna	3,000	-
		Mr Michael Scivolo	3,000	-
		Mr Mark Maine	18,000	-
		Contained within trade and other payables are the follows balances payable to related parties		
		Mr Gino D'Anna	35,500	-
40.0				

### 16.3 Equity accounted investees

Interests in equity accounted investees are set out in note 11.

There are no other related party transactions other than those payments to Directors as disclosed in the remuneration report.

NOTE 17 AUDITORS' REMUNERATION	2020 \$	2019 \$
Remuneration of the auditors of the Group for:		
6 Auditing or reviewing the accounts	36,465	26,000
	36,465	26,000



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# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTE	18 EARNINGS PER SHARE (EPS)	Note	2020	2019
			\$ 	\$
18.1	Reconciliation of earnings to profit or loss			
	(Loss) / profit for the year		(890,467)	(1,125,507)
	Less: loss attributable to non-controlling equity interest		-	=
	(Loss) / profit used in the calculation of basic and diluted EPS		(890,467)	(1,125,507)
			2020	2019
			\$	\$
18.2	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year			
	used in calculation of basic EPS		5,546,180,686	4,402,868,871
			2020	2019
			¢	¢
18.3	Earnings per share			
	Basic EPS (cents per share)	18.4	(0.016)	(0.026)

18.4 The Group does not report diluted earnings per share where options would not result in the issue of ordinary shares for less than the average market price during the period (out of the money).

In addition, the Group does not report diluted earnings per share on annual losses generated by the Group. At the end of the 2020 financial year, the Group has 1,918,884,385 (2019: 904,995,500) unissued shares under options out of the money and which are anti-dilutive.

### 18.5 Accounting Policy

#### 18.5.1 Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year.

# 18.5.2 Diluted earnings per share

Potential shares as a result of options outstanding at the end of the year are not dilutive and therefore have not been included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share.



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NOTE	19 SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS	Note	2020 \$	2019 \$
19.1	Share-based payments:			
	Share-settled option fee	19.3.1a	-	180,000
	Share-settled business development	19.3.1b	50,000	50,000
	Share-based payment expense	19.3.2a	28,000	-
	Total share-based payments		78,000	230,000

### 19.2 Share-based payment plans

The Plan was adopted in order to ensure that the Company has appropriate mechanisms to continue to attract and retain the services of employees of a high calibre. Directors and their associates are not eligible to participate in the Plan.

The key terms of the Plan are summarised below.

6	Eligibility and Grant of Incentive Options	The Board may grant Incentive Options to any full or part time employee of the Company or an associated body corporate. Incentive Options may be granted by the Board at any time.
6	Consideration	Each Incentive Option issued under the Plan will be issued for nil cash consideration.
6	Conversion	Each Incentive Option is exercisable into one Share in the Company ranking equally in all respects with the existing issued Shares in the Company.
6	Exercise Price and Expiry Date	To be determined by the Board prior to the grant of the Incentive Options.
6	Exercise Restrictions	The Incentive Options may be subject to conditions on exercise as may be fixed by the Directors prior to grant.
6	Share Restriction Period	Shares issued on the Exercise of Incentive Options may be subject to a restriction that they may not be transferred or otherwise dealt with until a Restriction Period has expired, as specified in the Offer for the Incentive Options.

### 19.3 Share-based payment arrangements in effect during the period

# 19.3.1 Share-based payments recognised in profit or loss

#### a. Option fee

2020

Nil

2019

Approval was obtained on 30 November 2018 to issue 180,000,000 Shares (valued at \$180,000) as consideration for the grant of the option to acquire 100% of the issued capital of Madacu Resources Pty Ltd, a company controlled by Bruce McFarlane (through Calatos Pty Ltd). Mr McFarlane (through Calatos Pty Ltd), received 131,975,792 shares in respect to this transaction. The shares were issued on 1 March 2019.

Number of Shares	Grant Date	Total Value at Grant Date
180,000,000	\$0.001	\$180,000

### b. Consultancy fee for business development

Approval was obtained on 30 November 2018 to issue 50,000,000 (valued at \$50,000) Shares as part remuneration in respect of consultancy services agreement to Calatos Pty Ltd, a company controlled by Bruce McFarlane. The shares were issued on 1 August 2019.

Number of Shares	Grant Date	Total Value at Grant Date
50,000,000	\$0.001	\$50,000



### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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#### NOTE 19 SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONT.)

#### 19.3.2 Share-based payments recognised in equity

#### a. Placement fee options

On 17 February 2020 the Company issued 200,000,000 unquoted options (valued at \$28,000) as part of the placement

Number under Option	Date of Expiry	Exercise Price	Vesting Terms
200,000,000	17 August 2021	\$0.002	Immediately upon issue

#### 19.4 Movement in share-based payment arrangements during the year

A summary of the movements of all company options issued as share-based payments is as follows:

	20	2020		19
	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	380,000,000	\$0.0017	380,000,000	\$0.0017
Granted	200,000,000	\$0.0020	-	\$0.0017
Outstanding at year-end	580,000,000	\$0.00186	380,000,000	\$0.0017
Exercisable at year-end	580,000,000	\$0.00186	380,000,000	\$0.0017
Reconciliation to total Company options				
Non share-based payment options outstanding				
at the beginning of the year	524,995,500		524,995,500	
Placement options issued to shareholders	813,888,885		-	
Total Company options on issue	1,918,884,385		904,995,500	

i. No share-based payment options were exercised during the year.

- ii. The weighted average remaining contractual life of share-based payment options outstanding at year end was 0.76 (2019: 1.35) years. The weighted average exercise price of outstanding shares at the end of the reporting period was \$0.00186 (2019: 0.0017).
- iii. The fair value of the options granted to directors, employees and consultants is deemed to represent the value of the services received over the vesting period.

#### 19.5 Fair value of options grants during the year

The fair value of the options granted were calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, applying the following inputs to options issued this year:

Grant date:	17 February 2020
Grant date share price:	\$0.001
Option exercise price:	\$0.002
Number of options issued:	200,000,000
Term (years):	1.5
Expected share price volatility:	70%
Risk-free interest rate:	0.76%
Value per option	\$0.00014

The expected life of the option is based on historical data and is not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcomes.



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#### NOTE 19 SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONT.)

#### 19.4 Movement in share-based payment arrangements during the period

#### 19.5.1 Accounting policy

The grant-date fair value of equity-settled share-based payment arrangements granted to holders of equity-based instruments (including employees) are generally recognised as an expense, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the vesting period of the awards. The amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the number of awards for which the related service and non-market performance conditions are expected to be met, such that the amount ultimately recognised is based on the number of awards that meet the related service and non-market performance conditions at the vesting date.

For share-based payment awards with non-market conditions, the grant-date fair value of the share-based payment is measured to reflect such conditions and there is no true-up for differences between expected and actual outcomes. In determining the fair value of share-based payments granted, a key estimate and judgement is the volatility input assumed within the pricing model.

The Company uses historical volatility of the Company to determine an appropriate level of volatility expected, commensurate with the expected instrument's life.

#### 19.5.2 Key estimate

The Group measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an internal valuation using a Black-Scholes option pricing model, using the assumptions detailed above.

#### NOTE 20 OPERATING SEGMENTS

#### 20.1 Identification of reportable segments

The Group operates predominantly in the mining industry. This comprises exploration and evaluation of gold and copper projects. Inter-segment transactions are priced at cost to the Group.

The Group has identified its operating segments based on the internal reports that are provided to the Board of Directors on a monthly basis and in determining the allocation of resources. Management has identified the operating segments based on the two principal locations based on geographical areas and therefore different regulatory environments – Australia and Africa.

#### 20.2 Basis of accounting for purposes of reporting by operating segments

#### 20.2.1 Accounting policies adopted

Unless stated otherwise, all amounts reported to the Board of Directors, being the chief decision maker with respect to operating segments, are determined in accordance with accounting policies that are consistent to those adopted in the annual financial statements of the Group.

#### 20.2.2 Inter-segment transactions

An internally determined transfer price is set for all inter-segment sales. This price is reset quarterly and is based on what would be realised in the event the sale was made to an external party at arm's length. All such transactions are eliminated on consolidation of the Group's financial statements.

Corporate charges are allocated to reporting segments based on the segments' overall proportion of revenue generation within the Group. The Board of Directors believes this is representative of likely consumption of head office expenditure that should be used in assessing segment performance and cost recoveries.



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#### NOTE 20 **OPERATING SEGMENTS (CONT.)**

Inter-segment loans payable and receivable are initially recognised at the consideration received/to be received net of transaction costs. If inter-segment loans receivable and payable are not on commercial terms, these are not adjusted to fair value based on market interest rates. This policy represents a departure from that applied to the statutory financial statements.

#### 20.2.3 Segment assets

Where an asset is used across multiple segments, the asset is allocated to that segment that receives majority economic value from that asset. In the majority of instances, segment assets are clearly identifiable on the basis of their nature and physical location.

#### 20.2.4 Segment liabilities

Liabilities are allocated to segments where there is a direct nexus between the incurrence of the liability and the operations of the segment. Borrowings and tax liabilities are generally considered to relate to the Group as a whole and are not allocated. Segment liabilities include trade and other payables and certain direct borrowings.

#### 20.2.5 Unallocated items

The following items of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities are not allocated to operating segments as they are not considered part of the core operations of any segment:

- Impairment of assets and other non-recurring items of revenue or expense
- Income tax expense
- Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities
- Other financial liabilities

= Other infancial habilities			
For the Year to 30 June 2020	Australian	African	
	Exploration \$	Exploration \$	Total \$
Segment revenue and other income	130	-	130
Segment Results	130	-	130
Amounts not included in segment results but reviewed by Board:			
Expenses not directly allocable to identifiable segments or areas of interest			
Business development	(9,563)	-	(9,563)
<ul> <li>Compliance and regulatory costs</li> </ul>	(226,629)	-	(226,629)
<ul> <li>Director remuneration excluding consulting fees</li> </ul>	(147,592)	-	(147,592)
<ul> <li>Exploration and rehabilitation (expenditure) / recovered</li> </ul>	(325,410)	-	(325,410)
Finance costs	(406)	(353)	(759)
<ul> <li>Legal and consulting fees</li> </ul>	(139,421)	-	(139,421)
<ul> <li>Loss on disposal of investment</li> </ul>	(33,583)	-	(33,583)
▶ Other expenses	(7,640)	<del>-</del>	(7,640)
Loss after Income Tax			(890,467)
As at 30 June 2020			
Segment Assets	679,656	1,247	680,903
Unallocated Assets:			
► Trade and other receivables		-	-
Total Assets			680,903
Segment Liabilities	206,026	-	206,026
Unallocated Liabilities:			
▶ Other payables		_	-
Total Liabilities			206,026



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# NOTE 20 OPERATING SEGMENTS (CONT.)

For the Year to 30 June 2019	Australian Exploration \$	African Exploration \$	Total \$
Segment revenue and other income	6,058	-	6,058
Segment Results	6,058	-	6,058
Amounts not included in segment results but reviewed by Board:			
<ul><li>Business development</li></ul>	(152,914)	-	(152,914)
<ul> <li>Compliance and regulatory costs</li> </ul>	(169,834)	-	(169,834)
<ul><li>Rehabilitation (expense) / over-provision</li></ul>	-	-	-
<ul> <li>Director remuneration excluding consulting fees</li> </ul>	(166,050)	-	(166,050)
<ul> <li>Exploration and rehabilitation (expenditure) / recovered</li> </ul>	(500,526)	(10,519)	(511,045)
Finance costs	(1,270)	( 415)	(1,685)
<ul><li>Legal and consulting fees</li></ul>	(99,436)	-	(99,436)
Other expenses	(30,601)		(30,601)
Loss after Income Tax		_	(1,125,507)
As at 30 June 2019			
Segment Assets	557,115	1,583	558,698
Unallocated Assets:			
Trade and other receivables		_	-
Total Assets		_	558,698
Segment Liabilities	103,745	-	103,745
Unallocated Liabilities:			
► Short-term borrowings		_	-
Total Liabilities		_	103,745



# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTE	21 PARENT ENTITY DISCLOSURES	2020 \$	2019 \$
21.1	Financial Position of Blina Minerals NL		
	Current assets	13,533	315,199
	Non-current assets	664,422	241,916
	Total assets	677,955	557,115
	Current liabilities	204,326	103,746
	Non-current liabilities	-	
	Total liabilities	204,326	103,746
	Net assets	473,629	453,369
	Equity		
	Contributed equity	36,773,721	35,875,918
	Reserves	427,249	414,677
	Accumulated losses	(36,727,341)	(35,837,226)
	Total equity	473,629	453,369
21.2	Financial assets of Blina Minerals NL		
	Loans to subsidiaries	648,587	648,587
	Shares in controlled entities	26,495	26,495
	Less: Provision for impairment	(675,082)	(675,082)
	Net carrying value	-	-
21.3	Financial Performance of Blina Minerals NL		
	Loss for the year	(890,115)	(1,119,787)
	Total comprehensive loss	(890,115)	(1,119,787)

# 21.4 Guarantees entered into by Blina Minerals NL

There are no guarantees entered into by Blina Minerals NL for the debts of its subsidiaries as at 30 June 2020 (2019: none).

# 21.5 Contingent liabilities of Blina Minerals NL

There are no contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2020 (2019: none).

### 21.6 Commitments of Blina Minerals NL

The commitments of Blina Minerals NL are the same as those for the Group disclosed in Note 12.



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### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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#### NOTE 22 STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This note provides a list of the significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements to the extent they have not already been disclosed in the other notes above. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### 22.1 Basis of preparation

### 22.1.1 Reporting Entity

Blina Minerals NL is a listed public company limited by shares, domiciled and incorporated in Australia. The Company's registered office is at Level 1, 247 Oxford Street, West Leederville, Western Australia. These are the consolidated financial statements and notes of Blina Minerals NL (the Company) and controlled entities (collectively the Group). The financial statements comprise the consolidated financial statements of the Group. For the purposes of preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Company is a for-profit entity. The Group is a for-profit entity and is primarily involved in the exploration, development and mining of minerals.

The separate financial statements of Blina Minerals NL, as the parent entity, have not been presented with this financial report as permitted by the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth).

#### 22.1.2 Basis of accounting

These financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AAS Board) and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), and the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth).

Australian Accounting Standards (AASBs) set out accounting policies that the AAS Board has concluded would result in a financial report containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions to which they apply. Compliance with AASBs ensures that the financial statements and notes also comply with IFRS as issued by the IASB.

The financial statements were authorised for issue on 22 October 2020 by the directors of the Company.

### 22.1.3 Going Concern

The 30 June 2020 financial report has been prepared on the going concern basis that contemplates the continuity of normal business activities and the realization of assets and extinguishment of liabilities in the ordinary course of business.

The Group incurred a loss for the year of \$890,467 (2019: \$1,125,507 loss) and a net cash outflow from operating and investing activities of \$500,320 (2019: \$1,084,727 outflow).

As at 30 June 2020, the Company had a working capital deficit of \$189,545 (2019: \$196,938 working capital), as disclosed in Note 8.

The Directors have prepared a cash flow forecast, which indicates that the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern is primarily dependent on securing additional funding through capital raisings.

Should the Group not be able to raise further funds, there exist a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt as to whether the Group will continue as a going concern and therefore whether it will realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the normal course of business and at the amounts stated in the financial report.

The Directors believe that there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Group will be able to continue as a going concern, after consideration of the following factors:

- 1. The Directors are confident the Group has the ability to raise further funds through capital raisings; and
- 2. Has accepted a proposal under which a proposed share placement and option placement of \$2.5M will be fully underwritten, subject to ASX approval to a submission proposal for re-quotation of the Company's securities, including the acquisition of an interest in a new tenement.

Accordingly, the Directors believe that the Group will be able to continue as a going concern and that it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial report.

The financial report does not include any adjustments relating to the amounts or classification of recorded assets or liabilities that might be necessary if the Group does not continue as a going concern.



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#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

#### NOTE 22 STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 22.1.4 Comparative Figures

Where required by AASBs comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

Where the Group retrospectively applies an accounting policy, makes a retrospective restatement or reclassifies items in its financial statements, an additional (third) statement of financial position as at the beginning of the preceding period in addition to the minimum comparative financial statements is presented.

#### 22.2 Foreign currency transactions and balances

#### i. Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of each of the Group's entities is measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which that entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars which is the parent entity's functional and presentation currency (Blina Minerals Burkina SARL: Central African Franc; Blina Iron SA: United States Dollars).

#### ii. Transaction and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated at the year-end exchange rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost continue to be carried at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value are reported at the exchange rate at the date when fair values were determined.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of monetary items are recognised in the profit or loss except where deferred in equity as a qualifying cash flow or net investment hedge.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items are recognised directly in other comprehensive income to the extent that the gain or loss is directly recognised in other comprehensive income, otherwise the exchange difference is recognised in the profit or loss.

#### iii. Group companies and foreign operations

The financial results and position of foreign operations whose functional currency is different from the Group's presentation currency are translated as follows:

- assets and liabilities are translated at year-end exchange rates prevailing at that reporting date;
- income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the period; and

retained earnings are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations are transferred directly to the Group's foreign currency translation reserve in the statement of financial position. These differences are recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which the operation is disposed.

### 22.3 Value Added Tax (VAT)

Value Added Tax (VAT) is the generic term for the broad-based consumption taxes that the Group is exposed to such as: Australia (Goods and Services Tax or GST); Congo (VAT); and in Burkina Faso (VAT), hereafter collectively referred to as

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the consolidated statement of financial position

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority, are presented as operating cash flow.



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### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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#### NOTE 22 STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 22.4 Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. These estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Judgements made by management in the application of AASBs that have significant effect on the consolidated financial statements and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year are discussed in Note 22.4.1

#### 22.4.1 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

Management discusses with the Board the development, selection and disclosure of the Group's critical accounting policies and estimates and the application of these policies and estimates. The estimates and judgements that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

a. Key estimate - Taxation

Refer Note 3 Income Tax.

b. Key estimate - Share-based payments

Refer Note 19 Share-based payments.

#### 22.4.2 Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic

Judgement has been exercised in considering the impacts that the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic has had, or may have, on the consolidated entity based on known information. This consideration extends to the nature of the supply chain, staffing and geographic regions in which the consolidated entity operates. Other than as addressed in specific notes, there does not currently appear to be either any significant impact upon the financial statements or any significant uncertainties with respect to events or conditions which may impact the consolidated entity unfavourably as at the reporting date or subsequently as a result of the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic.

#### 22.5 Fair Value

### 22.5.1 Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities

The Group measures some of its assets and liabilities at fair value on either a recurring or non-recurring basis, depending on the requirements of the applicable AASB.

Fair value is the price the Group would receive to sell an asset or would have to pay to transfer a liability in an orderly unforced transaction between independent, knowledgeable and willing market participants at the measurement date.

As fair value is a market-based measure, the closest equivalent observable market pricing information is used to determine fair value. Adjustments to market values may be made having regard to the characteristics of the specific asset or liability. The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data.

To the extent possible, market information is extracted from either the principal market for the asset or liability (i.e. the market with the greatest volume and level of activity for the asset or liability) or, in the absence of such a market, the most advantageous market available to the entity at the end of the reporting period (i.e. the market that maximises the receipts from the sale of the asset or minimises the payments made to transfer the liability, after taking into account transaction costs and transport costs).

For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement also considers a market participant's ability to use the asset in its highest and best use or to sell it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The fair value of liabilities and the entity's own equity instruments (excluding those related to share-based payment arrangements) may be valued, where there is no observable market price in relation to the transfer of such financial instruments, by reference to observable market information where such instruments are held as assets. Where this information is not available, other valuation techniques are adopted and, where significant, are detailed in the respective note to the financial statements.



#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

#### NOTE 22 STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 22.5.2 Fair value hierarchy

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categorises fair value measurements into one of three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Measurements based on quoted prices	Measurements based on inputs other	Measurements based on unobservable
(unadjusted) in active markets for	than quoted prices included in Level 1	inputs for the asset or liability.
identical assets or liabilities that the	that are observable for the asset or	
entity can access at the measurement	liability, either directly or indirectly.	
date.		

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

The Group would change the categorisation within the fair value hierarchy only in the following circumstances:

- o if a market that was previously considered active (Level 1) became inactive (Level 2 or Level 3) or vice versa; or
- oif significant inputs that were previously unobservable (Level 3) became observable (Level 2) or vice versa.

When a change in the categorisation occurs, the Group recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy (i.e. transfers into and out of each level of the fair value hierarchy) on the date the event or change in circumstances occurred.

#### 22.5.3 Valuation techniques

The Group selects a valuation technique that is appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data is available to measure fair value. The availability of sufficient and relevant data primarily depends on the specific characteristics of the asset or liability being measured. The valuation techniques selected by the Group are consistent with one or more of the following valuation approaches:

- Market approach: valuation techniques that use prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions for identical or similar assets or liabilities.
- O Income approach: valuation techniques that convert estimated future cash flows or income and expenses into a single discounted present value.
- O cost approach: valuation techniques that reflect the current replacement cost of an asset at its current service capacity.

Each valuation technique requires inputs that reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risks. When selecting a valuation technique, the Group gives priority to those techniques that maximise the use of observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. Inputs that are developed using market data (such as publicly available information on actual transactions) and reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would generally use when pricing the asset or liability are considered observable, whereas inputs for which market data is not available and therefore are developed using the best information available about such assumptions are considered unobservable.

#### 22.6 Accounting Standards that are mandatorily effective for the current reporting period

The Group has consistently applied the following accounting policies to all periods presented in the financial statements. The Group has adopted all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (the AASB) that are relevant to its operations and effective for an accounting period that begins on or after 1 July 2019.

New and revised Standards and amendments thereof and Interpretations effective for the current year that are relevant to the Group include:

AASB 16 removes the classification of leases as either operating leases or finance leases for the lessee effectively treating all leases as finance leases. Short term leases (less than 12 months) and leases of a low value are exempt from the lease accounting requirements. Lessor accounting remains similar to current practice. The adoption of this standard has no material financial impact on the financial statement of the Group.



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# **DIRECTORS' DECLARATION**

The directors of the Company declare that:

- 1. The financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 17 to 50, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) and:
  - (a) comply with Accounting Standards;
  - (b) are in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, as stated in notes to the financial statements; and
  - (c) give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of the performance for the year ended on that date of the Company and the Group.
  - (d) the Directors have been given the declarations required by s.295A of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth);
- 2. in the directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors and is signed for and on behalf of the directors by:

**MATTHEW DRISCOLL** 

MhDrswell

Chairman

Dated this Thursday, 22 October 2020



# **Independent Audit Report to the Members of Blina Minerals NL**

#### Report on the financial report

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Blina Minerals NL ("the Company"), including its subsidiaries ("the Group") which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2020, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards) (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the Corporations Act 2001, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Material Uncertainty In Relation to Going Concern**

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 22.1.3 to the Financial Report, which indicates that the Group will require further funding in the next twelve months from the date of this report to fund its planned exploration and administration expenditure. These conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 22.1.3, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore the Group may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

#### **Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd** ACN 145 447 105

Level 3, 88 William Street Perth WA 6000 GPO Box 2570, Perth WA 6001 p +61 8 9463 2463

+61 8 9463 2499

audit@nexiaperth.com.au

nexia.com.au

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#### **Key audit matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### **Key audit matter**

# Investment in equity accounted investees (Colour Minerals Pty Ltd)

(Note 11 of the financial report)

During the year, Blina Minerals NL acquired 50% of the equity interest in Colour Minerals Pty Ltd (CMPL), for the purpose of acquiring an interest in certain tenements located in Northern Territory.

The Group's investment is initially recognised at cost under the equity method, and the carrying amount is thereafter adjusted for the Group's share of the profit or loss of the investee, as described in note 11.

The equity accounted investee's carrying amount of the investment is also disclosed in note 11 as \$664,422.

On the basis of the significance of the investment and the level of judgement required in assessing the recognition and measurement of the investment as at 30 June 2020, we considered this to be a key audit matter.

#### How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our audit procedures in this area included, but were not limited to:

- obtaining a detailed understanding of the terms and conditions of the joint venture agreement, and evaluating the appropriateness of Management's assessment that the nature of the Group's participation in the agreement is that characterised as an investor of significant influence:
- validating the accounting treatment of the investment under the equity method in accordance with AASB 128 Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures;
- reviewed the audit work performed by the CMPL's auditor;
- inquiring of Management and assessing whether there are any impairment indicators obligating the Group to perform an impairment analysis under AASB 136 Impairment of Assets; and
- assessing the appropriateness of the disclosures included in note 11.





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#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in Blina Minerals NL annual report for the year ended 30 June 2020, but does not include the consolidated financial report and the auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial report does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibility for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at The Australian Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: <a href="https://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors">www.auasb.gov.au/auditors</a> responsibilities/ar1.pdf

This description forms part of our auditor's report. We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

#### **Report on the Remuneration Report**

#### Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included within the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2020.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Blina Minerals NL for the year ended 30 June 2020, complies with Section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.



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### Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with Section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

**Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd** 

**Muranda Janse Van Nieuwenhuizen** 

Director

Perth 22 October 2020





# **Corporate governance statement**

This Corporate Governance summary discloses the extent to which the Company will follow the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council in its publication 'Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (3<sup>rd</sup> Edition)' (**Recommendations**). The Recommendations are not mandatory, however, the Recommendations that will not be followed have been identified and reasons have been provided for not following them.

The Company's Corporate Governance Plan has been posted on the Company's website at <a href="www.blinaminerals.com.au">www.blinaminerals.com.au</a>.

Principles And Recommendations	Comply	Explanation
Principle 1: Lay solid foundations for management and ov	versight	
Recommendation 1.1  A listed entity should have and disclose a charter which:  (a) sets out the respective roles and responsibilities of the board, the chair and management; and  (b) includes a description of those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	Complying	The Company has adopted a Board Charter.  The Board Charter sets out the specific responsibilities of the Board, requirements as to the Boards composition, the roles and responsibilities of the Chairman and Company Secretary, the establishment, operation and management of Board Committees, Directors access to company records and information, details of the Board's relationship with management, details of the Board's performance review and details of the Board's disclosure policy.  A copy of the Company's Board Charter is available on the Company's website.
Recommendation 1.2  A listed entity should:  (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and  (b) provide security holders with all material information relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	Complying	<ul> <li>(a) The Company has detailed guidelines for the appointment and selection of the Board. The Company's Corporate Governance Plan requires the Board to undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director.</li> <li>(b) Material information relevant to any decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a Director will be provided to security holders in the notice of meeting holding the resolution to elect or re-elect the Director.</li> </ul>
<b>Recommendation 1.3</b> A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	Complying	The Company's Corporate Governance Plan requires the Board to ensure that each Director and senior executive is a party to a written agreement with the Company which sets out the terms of that Director's or senior executive's appointment.
Recommendation 1.4  The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	Complying	The Board Charter outlines the roles, responsibility and accountability of the Company Secretary. The Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.
Recommendation 1.5  A listed entity should:  (a) have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board:  (i) to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity; and  (ii) to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them;  (b) disclose that policy or a summary or it; and  (c) disclose as at the end of each reporting period:  (i) the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them; and  (ii) either:  (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or  (B) the entity's "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in the Workplace Gender Equality Act 2012.	Complying	<ul> <li>(a) The Company has adopted a Diversity Policy.</li> <li>(i) The Diversity Policy provides a framework for the Company to achieve a list of 6 measurable objectives that encompass gender equality.</li> <li>(ii) The Diversity Policy provides for the monitoring and evaluation of the scope and currency of the Diversity Policy. The company is responsible for implementing, monitoring and reporting on the measurable objectives.</li> <li>(b) The Diversity Policy is stated in Schedule 9 of the Corporate Governance Plan which is available on the company website.</li> <li>(c)</li> <li>(i) The measurable objectives set by the Board will be included in the annual key performance indicators for the CEO, MD and senior executives. In addition, the Board will review progress against the objectives in its annual performance assessment.</li> <li>(ii) The Board will include in the annual report each year, the measurable objectives, progress against the objectives, and the proportion of male and female employees in the whole organisation, at senior management level and at Board Level.</li> </ul>



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(a) have a nomination committee which: (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the members of the committee; and (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board  (c) has at least three members, a majority of whom the full Board carries out the duties that would ordinarily be assigned to the Nomination Committee under the written terms of reference for that committee.  The duties of the Nomination Committee are outlined in Schedule 5 of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan available online  The Board devotes time at each board meeting to discuss board succession issues. All members of the Board are involved in the Company's nomination process, to the maximum extent permitted under the Corporations Act and ASX Listing Rules.  The Board regularly updates the Company's board skills matrix (in accordance with recommendation 2.2) to assess the appropriate	ANNUAL REPORT 30 JUNE 2020		
Alisted entity should:  and individual directors on an annual basis. It may do so with the air of an independent author. The press for this can be found in the Performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation relation to each reporting period.  Complying (a) Assisted entity should:  (a) have an disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and (b) disclose in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was understaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.  Complying (a) The Company's Performance evaluations were conducted during the relevant reporting period.  (b) disclose in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was understaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.  (ii) the devaluation and evaluation are independent director, and discloses:  (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the members of the committee; (iv) the dividual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (iv) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession lisses and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, experience, independence and knowledge of the entity to enable it to discharge its the Company's sometime. Per available of the Company's board Skills matrix (in the Company's sometime. Per available of the Company's board skill matrix (in the Committee, and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.  Complying  (b) If it does not have a nomination committee, dis	Principles And Recommendations	Comply	Explanation
A listed entity should:  (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives. and (b) disclose in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.  (b) The Company's Performance Sultation Policy requires the Board to conduct annual performance of the senior executives. The Polic requires the Board to disclose whether or not performance Recommendation 2.1  The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a nomination committee which:  (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (ii) is chained by an independent director, and disclose:  (iii) the charter of the committee;  (iv) the members of the committee; and (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, experience, independence and knowledge of the entity to enable it to discharge its ducles and responsibilities effectively.  Recommendation 2.2  A listed entity should have and disclose a board skill matrix fits ducles and responsibilities effectively.  Recommendation 2.2  A listed entity should have and disclose a board skill matrix fits ducles and responsibilities officitively.  Recommendation 2.2  A listed entity should have and disclose a board skill matrix fits ducles and responsibilities officitively.  Recommendation 2.2  A listed entity should have and disclose a board skill matrix fits ducles and responsibilities officitively.  Recommendation 2.2  A listed entity should have and disclose a board skill matrix fits ducles and responsibilities officitively.  Recommendation 2.2  A listed entity should have and disclose a board skill matrix fits described by the development of the existing Board and the magnitude of the Company's Corporate Royera	A listed entity should:     (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and     (b) disclose in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting		and individual directors on an annual basis. It may do so with the air of an independent advisor. The process for this can be found in the Performance Evaluation Policy document which is available on the Company's website.  (b) The Company's Performance Evaluation Policy requires the Board to disclosure whether or not performance evaluations were conducted.
Recommendation 2.1 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the members of the committee; and or as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee methroughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings, or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, experience, independence and knowledge of the entity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.  Complying  b) Due to the size and nature of the existing Board and the magnitude of the Company's operations the Company's operations the Company's operations the Company be Board charce the full Board carries out the duties that would ordinarily be assigned to the Knomination Committee under the written terms of reference for that committee.  The duties of the Nomination Committee under the written terms of reference for that committee.  The duties of the Nomination Committee are outlined in Schedule 5 on the Company's Corporate Governance Plan available online  The Board devotes time at each board meeting to discuss board succession issues. All members of the Board are involved in the Company's nomination process, to the maximum extent permittee under the Corporations Act and ASX Listing Rules.  The Board regularly updates the Company's board skills matrix (in accordance with recommendation 2.2) to assess the appropriate balance of skills, experience, independence and knowledge of the entity should have and disclose a board skill matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board harter the board has the appropriate balance of skills Matrix  Executive & Non- Executive experience  Industry experience & knowl	A listed entity should:     (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and     (b) disclose in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting		executives. The Board is to arrange an annual performance evaluation of the senior executives.  (b) The Company's Performance Evaluation Policy requires the Board to conduct annual performance of the senior executives. The Policy requires the Board to disclose whether or not performance
The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a nomination committee which: (i) has at least time members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; and (iv) the members of the committee; and (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee methroughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, experience, independence and knowledge of the entity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.  Recommendation 2.2 A listed entity should have and disclose a board skill matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.  Committee. Pursuant to clause 4(h) of the Company's board skill would continued to the full Board are riso viole to the Nomination Committee under the written terms of reference for that committee.  The Board devotes time at each board are involved in the Company's corporate Governance Plan available online  The Board devotes time at each board are involved in the Company's nomination process, to the maximum extent permittee under the Corporations Act and ASX listing Rules.  The Board regularly updates the Company's board skills matrix (in accordance with recommendation 2.2) to assess the appropriate balance of skills, experience, independence and knowledge of the entity.  Recommendation 2.2  A listed entity should have and disclose a board skill matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board has the appropriate balance of skills Matrix  Number of Directors that Meet the Skill  Executive & Non-Executive experience  Industry experience & knowledge  South the full committee. Pursuant to clause 4(h) of the full the full mannin	Principle 2: Structure the board to add value		
A listed entity should have and disclose a board skill matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.  Executive & Non- Executive experience Industry experience & knowledge Leadership Corporate governance & risk management Strategic thinking Desired behavioural competencies Geographic experience Capital Markets experience Subject matter expertise: - accounting - capital management - corporate financing - industry taxation 1 - cipical - risk management - legal - IT expertise 2  (1) Skill gap noticed however an external taxation firm is employed to	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a nomination committee which:  (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (ii) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (iii) the charter of the committee;  (iv) the members of the committee; and  (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, experience, independence and knowledge of the entity to enable it to discharge its		the Company's operations the Company currently has no Nomination Committee. Pursuant to clause 4(h) of the Company's Board Charter, the full Board carries out the duties that would ordinarily be assigned to the Nomination Committee under the written terms of reference for that committee.  The duties of the Nomination Committee are outlined in Schedule 5 of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan available online  The Board devotes time at each board meeting to discuss board succession issues. All members of the Board are involved in the Company's nomination process, to the maximum extent permitted under the Corporations Act and ASX Listing Rules.  The Board regularly updates the Company's board skills matrix (in accordance with recommendation 2.2) to assess the appropriate balance of skills, experience, independence and knowledge of the
Executive & Non- Executive experience Industry experience & knowledge Leadership Corporate governance & risk management Strategic thinking Desired behavioural competencies Geographic experience 5 Subject matter expertise: - accounting - capital management - corporate financing - industry taxation 1 - cisk management - legal - IT expertise 2  1  Executive & Non- Executive experience 5 Industry experience & knowledge 5 Industry experience & knowledge 5 Industry experience & knowledge 5 Industry experience & risk management 5 Industry experience & knowledge 5 Industry experience & risk management 5 Industry experience & knowledge 5 Industry experience & risk management 5 Industry experience & knowledge Industry experience Industry ex			
(2) Skill gap noticed however an external IT firm is employed on an	setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently		Executive & Non- Executive experience Industry experience & knowledge Leadership Corporate governance & risk management Strategic thinking Desired behavioural competencies Geographic experience Capital Markets experience Subject matter expertise: - accounting - capital management - corporate financing - industry taxation 1 - legal - IT expertise 2  (1) Skill gap noticed however an external taxation firm is employed to maintain taxation requirements.



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#### Principles And Recommendations **Comply Explanation** Recommendation 2.3 The Board Charter provides for the disclosure of the names of Complying (a) Directors considered by the Board to be independent. Due to the size A listed entity should disclose: and nature of the existing Board and the magnitude of the Company's the names of the directors considered by the board to be operations the Company currently has no independent directors. independent directors; The Board Charter requires Directors to disclose their interest, if a director has an interest, position, association or positions, associations and relationships and requires that the relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 of the ASX independence of Directors is regularly assessed by the Board in light Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendation of the interests disclosed by Directors. Details of the Directors (3rd Edition), but the board is of the opinion that it does not interests, positions associations and relationships are provided in the compromise the independence of the director, the nature Annual Reports and Company website. of the interest, position, association or relationship in The Board Charter provides for the determination of the Directors' question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion: and terms and requires the length of service of each Director to be disclosed. The length of service of each Director is provided in the the length of service of each director Directors Report in the Annual Reports. Recommendation 2.4 The Board Charter requires that where practical the majority of the Board A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent Complying will be independent. The Company currently has all independent directors. directors. Details of each Director's independence are provided in the Annual Reports and Company website. Recommendation 2.5 The Board Charter provides that where practical, the Chairman of the Board The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent Complying will be a non-executive director. director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the The Company has an independent Director as Chairman. CEO of the entity. Recommendation 2.6 Complying The Board Charter states that a specific responsibility of the Board is to A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors procure appropriate professional development opportunities for Directors. The Board is responsible for the approval and review of induction and providing appropriate professional development opportunities for continuing directors to develop and maintain continuing professional development programs and procedures for Directors to ensure that they can effectively discharge their responsibilities. the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as a director effectively. Principle 3: Act ethically and responsibly Recommendation 3.1 The Corporate Code of Conduct applies to the Company's directors, Complying (a) senior executives and employees. A listed entity should: The Company's Corporate Code of Conduct can be found on the have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and Company's website. disclose that code or a summary of it. Principle 4: Safeguard integrity in financial reporting Recommendation 4.1 Complying (b) Due to the size and nature of the existing Board and the magnitude of the Company's operations the Company currently has no Audit and The board of a listed entity should: Risk Committee. Pursuant to Clause 4(h) of the Company's Board have an audit committee which: Charter, the full Board carries out the duties that would ordinarily be has at least three members, all of whom are nonassigned to the Audit and Risk Committee under the written terms of executive directors and a majority of whom are reference for that committee. independent directors; and The role and responsibilities of the Audit and Risk Committee are is chaired by an independent director, who is not (ii) outlined in Schedule 3 of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan the chair of the board, available online on the Company's website. and disclose: The Board devote time at annual board meetings to fulfilling the roles the charter of the committee; and responsibilities associated with maintaining the Company's (iv) the relevant qualifications and experience of the internal audit function and arrangements with external auditors. All members of the committee; and members of the Board are involved in the Company's audit function (v) in relation to each reporting period, the number of to ensure the proper maintenance of the entity and the integrity of all times the committee met throughout the period financial reporting. and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings: or if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its financial reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner. Complying The Company's Corporate Governance Plan states that a duty and Recommendation 4.2 The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's



financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

responsibility of the Board is to ensure that before approving the entity's financial statements for a financial period, the CEO and CFO (equivalent) have declared that in their opinion the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.



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Principles And Recommendations	Comply	Explanation
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Recommendation 4.3  A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	Complying	The Company's Corporate Governance Plan provides that the Board must ensure the Company's external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.
Principle 5: Make timely and balanced disclosure		
Recommendation 5.1  A listed entity should:  (a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and  (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	Complying	<ul> <li>(a) The Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy details the Company's disclosure requirements as required by the ASX Listing Rules and other relevant legislation.</li> <li>(b) The Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy is available on the Company website.</li> </ul>
Principle 6: Respect the rights of security holders		
<b>Recommendation 6.1</b> A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	Complying	Information about the Company and its governance is available in the Corporate Governance Plan which can be found on the Company's website. Information about the Company and its governance is available in the Corporate Governance Plan which can be found on the Company website.
<b>Recommendation 6.2</b> A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.		The Company has adopted a Shareholder Communications Strategy which aims to promote and facilitate effective two-way communication with investors. The Shareholder Communications Strategy outlines a range of ways in which information is communicated to shareholders.
Recommendation 6.3  A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.	., .	The Shareholder Communication Strategy states that as a part of the Company's developing investor relations program, Shareholders can register with the Company Secretary to receive email notifications of when an announcement is made by the Company to the ASX, including the release of the Annual Report, half yearly reports and quarterly reports. Links are made available to the Company's website on which all information provided to the ASX is immediately posted.  Shareholders are encouraged to participate at all EGMs and AGMs of the Company. Upon the despatch of any notice of meeting to Shareholders, the Company Secretary shall send out material with that notice of meeting stating that all Shareholders are encouraged to participate at the meeting.
Recommendation 6.4  A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	Complying	Security holders can register with the Company to receive email notifications when an announcement is made by the Company to the ASX. Shareholders queries should be referred to the Company Secretary at first instance.
Principle 7: Recognise and manage risk		
Recommendation 7.1  The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:  (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (ii) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (iii) the charter of the committee;  (iv) the members of the committee; and  (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the process it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management		(b) Due to the size and nature of the existing Board and the magnitude of the Company's operations the Company currently has no Audit and Risk Committee. Pursuant to Clause 4(h) of the Company's Board Charter, the full Board currently carries out the duties that would ordinarily be assigned to the Audit and Risk Committee under the written terms of reference for that committee.  The role and responsibilities of the Audit and Risk Committee are outlined in Schedule 3 of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan available online on the Company's website.  The Board devote time at annual board meeting to fulfilling the roles and responsibilities associated with overseeing risk and maintaining the entity's risk management framework and associated internal compliance and control procedures.



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Recommendation 7.2  The board or a committee of the board should:  (a) review the entity's risk management framework with management at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound, to determine whether there have been any changes in the material business risks the entity faces and to ensure that they remain within the risk appetite set by the board; and  (b) disclose in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	Complying	<ul> <li>(a) The Company process for risk management and internal compliance includes a requirement to identify and measure risk, monitor the environment for emerging factors and trends that affect these risks formulate risk management strategies and monitor the performance of risk management systems. Schedule 8 of the Corporate Governance Plan is entitled 'Disclosure – Risk Management' and details the Company's disclosure requirements with respect to the risk management review procedure and interna compliance and controls.</li> <li>(b) The Board Charter requires the Board to disclose the number of times the Board met throughout the relevant reporting period, and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings Details of the meetings will be provided in the Company's Annual Report.</li> </ul>
Recommendation 7.3  A listed entity should disclose:  (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or  (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.  Recommendation 7.4	Complying	(b) Schedule 3 of the Company's Corporate Plan provides for the internal audit function of the Company. The Board Charter outlines the monitoring, review and assessment of a range of internal audit functions and procedures.  Schedule 3 of the Company's Corporate Plan details the Company's risk
A listed entity should disclose whether, and if so how, it has regard to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	Complying	management systems which assist in identifying and managing potential or apparent business, economic, environmental and social sustainability risks (if appropriate). Review of the Company's risk management framework is conducted at least annually and reports are continually created by management on the efficiency and effectiveness of the Company's risk management framework and associated internal compliance and control procedures.
Principle 8: Remunerate fairly and responsibly		
Recommendation 8.1  The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a remuneration committee which:  (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (ii) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (iii) the charter of the committee;  (iv) the members of the committee; and  (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	Complying	the Company's operations the Company currently has no Remuneration Committee. Pursuant to clause 4(h) of the Company's Board Charter, the full Board currently carries out the duties that would ordinarily be assigned to the Remuneration Committee under the written terms of reference for that committee.  The role and responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee are outlined in Schedule 4 of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan available online on the Company's website.  The Board devote time at annual board meetings to fulfilling the roles and responsibilities associated with setting the level and composition of remuneration for Directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.
Recommendation 8.2  A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives and ensure that the different roles and responsibilities of non-executive directors compared to executive directors and other senior executives are reflected in the level and composition of their remuneration.	Complying	The Company's Corporate Governance Plan requires the Board to disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive, executive and other senior directors.
Recommendation 8.3  A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:  (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and  (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	Complying	<ul> <li>(a) Company's Corporate Governance Plan states that the Board is required to review, manage and disclose the policy (if any) on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme. The Board must review and approve any equity-based plans.</li> <li>(b) A copy of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan is available on the Company's website.</li> </ul>



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# Additional information for listed public companies

The following additional information is required by the Australian Securities Exchange in respect of listed public companies.

#### 1 Capital

a. Ordinary Share Capital
 6,268,771,455 ordinary fully paid shares held by 3,395 shareholders.

b. Unlisted Options over Unissued Shares

The Company has an additional 1,918,884,385 options on issue in accordance with section 8.1 of the Directors' Report,

c. Voting Rights

The voting rights attached to each class of equity security are as follows:

- Ordinary shares: Each ordinary share is entitled to one vote when a poll is called, otherwise each member present at a meeting or by proxy has one vote on a show of hands.
- Unlisted Options: Options do not entitle the holders to vote in respect of that option, nor participate in dividends, when declared, until such time as the options are exercised and subsequently registered as ordinary shares.

#### d. Substantial Shareholders as at 15 October 2020

Name	Number of Ordinary Fully Paid Shares Held	% Held of Issued Ordinary Capital	
Kalgoorlie Mine Management Pty Ltd	860,999,999	13.73	

#### e. Distribution of Shareholders as at 15 October 2020

Category (size of holding)	Total Holders	Number Ordinary	% Held of Issued Ordinary Capital
1 – 1,000	688	251,565	0.01
1,001 – 5,000	863	2,043,431	0.03
5,001 – 10,000	200	1,467,503	0.02
10,001 – 100,000	375	15,790,168	0.25
100,001 – and over	1,269	6,249,218,788	99.69
	3,395	6,268,771,455	100.00

f. Unmarketable Parcels as at 15 October 2020

As at 15 October 2020 there were 2,460 fully paid ordinary shareholders holding less than a marketable.

g. On-Market Buy-Back

There is no current on-market buy-back.

h. Restricted Securities

The Company has no restricted securities on issue.



# Additional information for listed public companies

20 Largest Shareholders — Ordinary Shares as at as at 15 October 2020

Rank / Name	Number of Ordinary Fully Paid Shares Held	% Held of Issued Ordinary Capital
KALGOORLIE MINE MANAGEMENT PTY LTD	860,999,999	13.73
2. METALLICA INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	242,281,250	3.86
3. MRS KRISTIN JOANNE KEEN + MR IVAN KEEN	150,000,000	2.39
4. SPELTA ENTERPRISES PTY LTD	141,074,287	2.25
5. MRS LUYE LI	140,211,588	2.24
6. MR JARROD ERBS	125,000,001	1.99
7. SANLAM PRIVATE WEALTH PTY LTD <westbourne a="" c="" long="" short=""></westbourne>	125,000,000	1.99
8. MRS YVONNE BRUINSMA + MR JOHANNES WILLEM BRUINSMA	120,000,000	1.91
9. WINONE NOMINEES PTY LTD <the a="" c="" family="" g="" merenda=""></the>	100,000,000	1.60
10. CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	96,215,316	1.53
11. MR RALF KRIEGE	95,900,000	1.53
12. MR MARK ANDREW LINNEY <the a="" c="" family="" linney="" m=""></the>	88,333,333	1.41
13. EQUITAS NOMINEES PTY LIMITED <pb- 601031="" a="" c=""></pb->	85,479,635	1.36
14. MR MARK ANDREW TKOCZ	76,666,667	1.22
15. RYLET PTY LTD	70,000,000	1.12
16. MR MITCHELL LAURENCE DEVONSHIRE	70,000,000	1.12
17. HELMET NOMINEES PTY LTD <tim a="" c="" family="" fund="" weir=""></tim>	63,300,000	1.01
18. TAOS PTY LTD <geilings &="" a="" c="" co="" pty="" super=""></geilings>	60,000,000	0.96
19. BELLAIRE CAPITAL PTY LTD <bellaire a="" c="" capital="" invest=""></bellaire>	54,147,000	0.86
20. Mr Peter John Bragg	50,779,129	0.81
TOTAL	2,815,388,205	44.89

# The Company Secretary is Stuart Usher.

### Registered office and principal place of business

Address:

Street: Level 1, 247 Oxford Street

WEST LEEDERVILLE WA 6007

Postal: PO Box 52

WEST PERTH WA 6872

Telephone: +61 (0)8 6141 3500 Facsimile: +61 (0)8 6141 3599

# **Registers of Securities**

As disclosed in the Corporate directory on page i of this Annual Report.

# **Stock Exchange Listing**

Quotation has been granted for all the ordinary shares of the Company on all Member Exchanges of the Australian Securities Exchange Limited, as disclosed in the Corporate directory on page i of this Annual Report.



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# **Tenement report**

# As at 30 June 2020

Tenement ID	Holder	Date Granted	Expiry Date	Project Area (km²)	% Ownership
EL28620	Colour Minerals Pty Ltd	16 Dec 2011	15 Dec 2021	39.16	50%
EL30701	Colour Minerals Pty Ltd	20 Aug 2015	19 Aug 2021	42.6	50%



