

nearmap





2022 was another year of strong performance for Nearmap across the key financial and non-financial metrics that we benchmark our business against.

The results are a reflection of our successful go-to-market strategy which has sharpened our focus and efforts on three core industry verticals where long-term growth opportunities are strongest.

This year's annual report is an opportunity to share with you the great strides Nearmap is making to extend our market leadership position, underscored by our ongoing commitment to growth, our people and innovation.

THE FUTURE IS OURS TO REIMAGINE

Nearmap Ltd (ABN 37 083 702 907) and its subsidiaries ("Nearmap" or "Company") is a leading provider of cloud-based geospatial information services and an innovative location intelligence company.

Nearmap captures a rich data set about the real world, providing high-value insights to a diverse range of more than 12,000 businesses and government organisations.

Using its own patented camera systems and processing software, Nearmap conducts aerial surveys capturing wide-scale urban areas in Australia, New Zealand, the United States of America and Canada multiple times each year, making fresh content instantly available in the cloud via web app or API integration.

Every day, Nearmap helps tens of thousands of users conduct virtual site visits for deep, data-driven insights – enabling businesses and government organisations to make informed decisions, streamline operations and bolster bottom lines.

Founded in Australia in 2007, Nearmap is one of the ten largest aerial survey companies in the world by annual data collection volume and is publicly listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX code: NEA).

Nearmap employs almost 500 people globally and has been named one of Fast Company's 10 Most Innovative Enterprise Companies.



OUR AMBITION

To be the source of truth that shapes our liveable world.





VALUE DRIVERS

ENORMOUS AND HISTORICALLY VALUABLE LIBRARY OF CONTENT

UTILISED BY HIGH VALUE, LONG TENURE, RESILIENT CUSTOMERS

GENERATING UNPARALLELED LOCATION INTELLIGENCE INSIGHTS

AT A WIDE AND UNPRECEDENTED SCALE

KEY HIGHLIGHTS

Our key metrics lead the industry.
The continuation of our go-to-market strategy with a focus on key geographies and verticals has helped to deliver:



26%

5-year ACV CAGR



93%

Subscription Retention



72%

Gross Margin¹



85%

Sales Efficiency¹



\$146m

Statutory Revenue

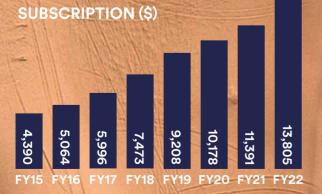


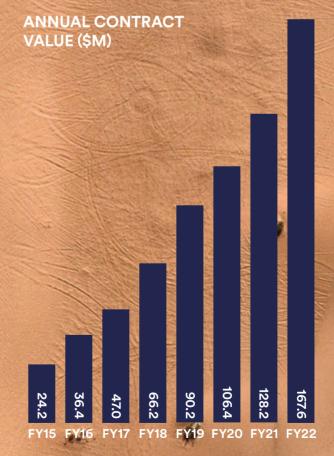
\$94m

Cash at Bank

1. Gross Margin and Sales Efficiency presented on a pre-capitalisation basis.









This was a year of impressive growth for Nearmap. Our talented team continue to push the boundaries and pioneer technologies and new capabilities to serve our customers. Our ability to continue to make progress against our strategy has been excellent. We have built a company with global impact and an enviable portfolio of technology solutions that has set us up for long-term sustainable growth.

Against a backdrop of political and economic volatility, not to mention the ongoing challenges of the pandemic, we continued to consistently deliver strong growth in Annual Contract Value (ACV). This was underscored by attracting new business in North America at a record pace.

I am pleased to report that we have maintained a disciplined approach to managing and maintaining a strong balance sheet with a focus on ensuring we continue on this pathway to delivering positive free cash flow from our business activities.

We have extended our significant technology leadership position, including the design and manufacture of the next iteration of our proprietary and patented world-leading aerial camera systems, the HyperCamera3. With testing complete, production is underway. This has been an enormous achievement. We have also delivered further enhancements to our world-leading Artificial Intelligence product, Nearmap AI.

Nearmap continues to drive increased returns on the investments made in our technology and our people. With a strong focus on cost management, we have the flexibility to increase or decrease investment depending on the business environment. This ensures that we are building operating leverage in our business and benefiting from a greater return on our investments and our increased scale.

Operationally the business has delivered very pleasing results. In North America the portfolio growth has exceeded our expectations. In Australia and New Zealand, the business has reported improved sales performance and we have extended our market leadership. Across the Group, subscription retention is near record highs.

We have many advantages that uniquely position us for growth including:

- Industry-leading product and technology;
- Scalable subscription business model;

- Universal applications for Nearmap content; and
- Global opportunity to increase scale including Europe and North America.

Our ongoing investment in innovation will ensure we remain a valuable partner to our customers. I am confident a focus on our go-to-market strategy will continue to drive our strong performance.

At Nearmap we are building a culture where our people feel heard and valued and belong to a diverse, equitable and inclusive workplace. Having a diverse workplace increases our ability to innovate, to be more productive and to deliver the best outcomes for our customers and shareholders.

Our 2025 goal is to make diversity a strength of our organisation; driven by inclusive leadership and a workplace that celebrates and embraces our differences. This is a continuous process. You can read more about our progress in our 2022 Sustainability Statement.

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

As we announced in May 2021, Nearmap is currently subject to legal action from a competitor in the United States who has alleged Intellectual Property infringement relating to their roof estimation technology. The allegations are directed at the generation of roof reports and are not presently having an operational impact on our business. Since then, there have been a number of Court hearings, filings and correspondence between the parties, which continues.

We have also filed a number of Inter Partes Reviews (IPR) to support our position that this competitor's patents were incorrectly registered, and we have engaged an IPR specialist to pursue invalidating the claimant's patents as well.

These processes are ongoing, and a further update can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements on page 137 of this report.

BOARD AND GOVERNANCE UPDATE

Alignment with our purpose and values, strategic objectives and risk appetite are integral to our governance principles. As Chairman of the Nearmap Board, I am proud to lead a team of experienced and engaged directors who provide support and direction to our Chief Executive Officer, Dr Rob Newman, and executive leadership team. I would like to thank the Board for their continuing focus and support in FY22.

Key achievements this financial year include: our continued focus on building a strong governance framework through our risk compliance program, the strengthening of our cyber security resilience, and adoption of Modern Slavery statement and our commitment to ensure that we are compliant with the Modern Slavery Act.

In January 2022, following the promotion of Andy Watt, to Chief Growth and Operations Officer from his previous role, the company appointed Penny Diamantakiou as Chief Financial Officer. Penny is an accomplished executive leader with extensive experience in rapid growth environments and we welcome her to the team. We thank Andy for his positive contribution and congratulate him on his new role.

In December 2021, David Baxby was appointed as an independent Non-Executive Director. Following Ms Tracy Horton stepping down from the Board, we welcomed Helen Souness as an independent Non-Executive Director in March 2022.

I would like to thank Tracy for her valuable contribution. We have continued with our search to identify suitably qualified and experienced North American business leaders to join the Board.

THOMA BRAVO PROPOSAL

As announced on Monday 22 August, Nearmap entered into a Scheme Implementation Deed ("SID") with Atlas AU BidCo Pty Ltd, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of funds advised by Thoma Bravo L.P. ("Thoma Bravo"). Under the Scheme, it is proposed that all the shares in Nearmap would be acquired by Thoma Bravo in exchange for \$2.10 cash per share.

The Nearmap Board unanimously recommends that Nearmap Shareholders vote in favour of the Scheme at the Scheme meeting, subject to an Independent Expert concluding, and continuing to conclude, that the Scheme is in the best interests of Shareholders, and in the absence of a Superior Proposal (as defined in the SID).

Subject to the same qualifications, each Director of Nearmap, intends to vote, or cause to be voted, all Nearmap shares held or controlled by them in favour of the Scheme.

Prior to entry into the SID, your Directors also undertook a robust strategic review process in close consultation with management and with the assistance of financial and legal advisors to better understand the future strategic options for Nearmap to maximise value for shareholders.

The review was borne out of an acknowledgement that, while Nearmap remains optimistic about its ability to continue to deliver growth and deliver shareholder value, this could be adversely impacted by certain risks and uncertainties inherent to Nearmap, as well as external economic and general market risks.

During this process, the Board also considered a number of non-binding expressions of interest for Nearmap. Based on this assessment, your Directors concluded that the Thoma Bravo proposal was superior to other potential transactions and the proposal was likely to maximise value for Nearmap shareholders when compared to remaining an independent ASX-listed company.

A Scheme Booklet containing information relating to the Scheme, reasons for the Nearmap Directors' unanimous recommendation, an Independent Expert's Report and details of the Scheme meeting is expected to be sent to Shareholders during late October 2022.

THANK YOU

The Board is committed to supporting the Company's continued growth and investment in its key markets and product development, given the significant global opportunity, growing demand and long-term prospects.

Our success in FY22 and our plans for the future would not be possible without our dedicated team bringing our strategy to life. I am proud of the business and culture we have built. I would like to thank our team who have worked very hard to deliver our results this year.

On behalf of the Board, I would also like to sincerely thank our customers, partners and shareholders for their ongoing support.

In closing, I pay tribute to our outstanding management team, led so capably by Dr Rob Newman.

Together, we will be stewards of great progress and great rewards.

Sincerely,



PETER JAMES CHAIRMAN



At Nearmap, our ambition is to be the source of truth that shapes our liveable world. Every day, we strive to conquer new frontiers and push the boundaries to maintain our technology leadership position with next-generation solutions. We achieve this by investing in and nurturing visionaries and big thinkers to reimagine and shape our future and help drive success.

DEAR SHAREHOLDERS,

I am pleased to present the 2022 Annual Report for Nearmap Ltd.

2022 has delivered another very strong performance across key financial metrics that we benchmark our business against and demonstrates the increasing operating leverage within our business. This is the result of continued record performance in North America and an extension of our market leadership position in Australia and New Zealand.

HIGHLIGHTS

Our portfolio growth and disciplined cash management leave us with a strong balance sheet and healthy cash balance.

- ACV portfolio as of 30 June 2022 of \$168 million and represents 31% portfolio growth on the prior comparative period (pcp) 30 June 2021 of \$128 million;
- Strong operating leverage and scale benefits with key regional performance metrics and segment cash generation;
- ACV portfolio expansion in North America to US\$64.3 million;
- ACV portfolio expansion in Australia and New Zealand to \$73.4 million;
- Balance sheet strength with \$94 million of cash on the balance sheet and no debt;
- Innovation leaders with \$50 million invested in support of leading R&D initiatives; and
- Statutory revenue of \$146 million, an increase of 29% on the prior year of \$113 million.

Innovation defines who we are, what we do and what inspires us."

STRATEGY DRIVING OPERATING RESULTS

Since 2020, our refined strategy of targeting several core industry verticals to drive our future growth has delivered increasing returns on investment. We accelerated the roll-out of our new next-generation proprietary aerial camera system, HyperCamera3, and have commenced production. Importantly, we have continued to invest in our systems and data so that Nearmap can support our increasing scale as an organisation and our future priorities.

Our refined go-to-market strategy sharpened our focus and efforts supporting three core industry verticals where our long-term growth opportunities are strongest: insurance, government, and roofing, particularly in North America. Our distinctive product and content serve a multitude of different use cases within those three resilient industry verticals. We will continue with this strategy as results confirm we are on the right track.

We will also continue to monetise our investments that have been made in new and expanded content types, as we seek to drive greater returns for our shareholders.

INNOVATION EXCELLENCE

Nearmap is rapidly transforming from being a content provider to becoming a solutions provider. Innovation defines who we are, what we do and what inspires us. The development of HyperCamera3 is a key highlight, amongst many. It unlocks new artificial intelligence and advanced analytics products that help customers to work smarter, better and faster.

It will significantly extend the robust technology moat that Nearmap has already built.

HyperCamera3 will allow us to capture content at a much higher altitude and speed than we do now, significantly increasing our competitive advantage. The Research & Development for this system has resulted in several technology breakthroughs that are expected to extend our portfolio of patents.

OUR PEOPLE

We have come a very long way since 2007, having started with one visionary. Today we are living our ambition, driven to make a difference for our 12,000 customers, with the world's best technology.

Behind every great company are great people and teamwork is at the centre of our achievements. Our people share powerful attributes that shape our culture and success: passion, purpose and progress. However, FY22 continued to present a few challenges for our employees due to the ongoing impacts of the pandemic. Our employees once again met those challenges and confirmed just why I consider the Nearmap team to be world-class. These challenges did not deter our expansion plans. In the last 12 months we have increased our headcount by 101 people, a 28% increase on the pcp. We are geared for considered and sustainable growth.

THANK YOU

Success is best when it's shared and as we approach our 15-year anniversary later this year, another significant milestone, I am pleased to be able to share our successes of the last twelve months and look forward to our Company's continued success in future.

I want to thank our shareholders and customers for their support of our Company. I also want to thank our Board and executive team for their support and stewardship and our employees whose passion and enthusiasm inspire me every day. We should all remain excited by the outlook for our Company, and I look forward to further extending our market leadership position in the months and years ahead. I believe success will take care of itself if we remain disciplined and guided by our ambition.

Sincerely



DR ROB NEWMAN
CEO & MANAGING DIRECTOR

HOW NEARMAP CREATES VALUE FOR CUSTOMERS

CASE STUDY

GENERAL MOTORS

General Motors (GM), headquartered in Detroit, Michigan maintains 29 automobile assembly facilities throughout North America. GM relies on a range of technologies like drones and virtual walkthroughs to maintain a clear view into its portfolio of properties, but the company were looking for a streamlined solution to monitor their assets.

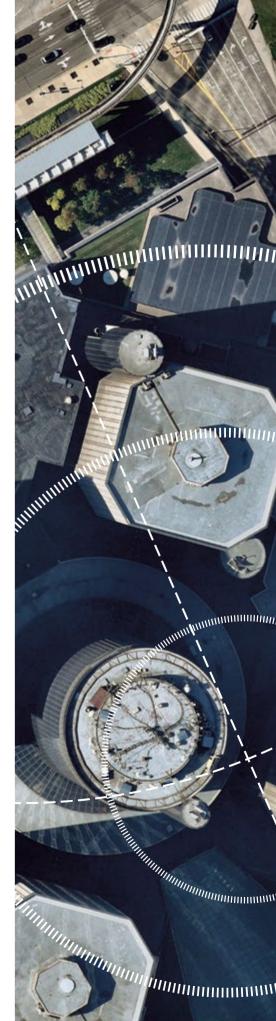
GM already had a LIDAR mapping program in place, but the program was costly to maintain over time – around \$1.6 million across two years. Although the data gathered was effective, GM was expanding its plants rapidly, and existing maps were becoming out-of-date.

High-resolution content offered by Nearmap was ideal for the needs of GM, and with updates that occur multiple times per year, the benefit of subscribing to a proactive capture program was made clear. Regular captures allowed the right teams to detect and respond to changes as developments moved toward completion, avoiding costly errors during the planning stage. Previously GM would rely on commissioned flyovers to monitor projects, but Nearmap helped to significantly decrease costs and reduce the time required to initiate a standalone capture with continuous, cloud-based access to the latest aerial views.

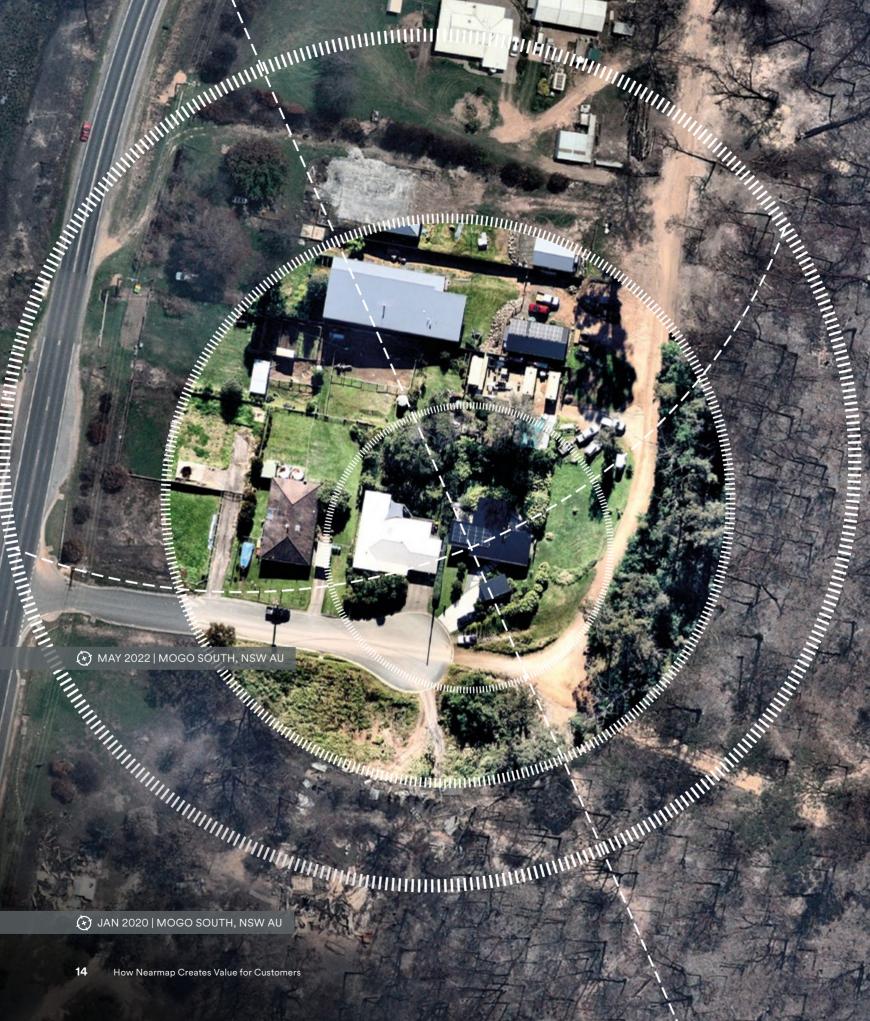




Previously GM would rely on commissioned flyovers to monitor projects, but Nearmap helped to significantly decrease costs.









HOW NEARMAP CREATES VALUE FOR CUSTOMERS

CASE STUDY

DISASTER RELIEF AUSTRALIA

With disasters becoming both more frequent and more intense in Australia, there is a significant disconnect between communities striving to prepare for disasters, and their ability to access the manpower, technology, or actionable information, to do so.

By pairing the unique skills and experiences of military veterans and first responders, Disaster Relief Australia (DRA) provides critical service to communities affected by disaster. And Nearmap plays a valuable role in helping DRA achieve its mission. From mapping alternative emergency routes to rapid damage assessment, DRA relies on Nearmap technology to fulfil its charter.

DRA depends on volunteers – a critical resource whose time is incredibly valuable. Nearmap gives teams a better idea of what situation they're heading into before they are deployed, allowing the DRA to use them as effectively as possible.

DRA also utilises 30 drone pilots and 40 GIS specialists. They capture aerial imagery and geospatial information and turn this into geospatial intelligence. This intelligence informs mitigation planning for future disasters.

Using Nearmap imagery allows DRA to focus its drone team on smaller, more appropriate tasks, while also reducing the inefficiency of putting people in cars to drive to each property to undertake assessments.

Mogo, located in New South Wales, was heavily impacted by the Black Summer fires in 2019-20. It is a town that is also vulnerable to flooding. DRA identified two choke points after consultation with the local community. It also discovered multiple fallen trees of significant size. This green waste debris was going to present a very big problem if there was a large rain event. The material would float downstream and become trapped at the choke points.

Nearmap solutions helped DRA understand the contours of the land using the digital terrain model and measuring functions. It identified that the natural watercourse had been changed due to the development of a highway.

The Nearmap flood modelling tool was used to simulate the effects of a water build-up. It painted a grim picture. DRA knew that the social and economic recovery would be severely hampered if nothing was done to mitigate the risks and remove the hazards. The community was mobilised, educated and was able to take action to build resilience.





HOW NEARMAP CREATES VALUE FOR CUSTOMERS

CASE STUDY

THE CITY OF EASTVALE, CALIFORNIA

Incorporated in October 2010, the City of Eastvale, California began developing ex-dairy farming land to create a new, liveable city for over 73,000 residents. The city's Community Development Department relies on Nearmap imagery to make informed construction decisions.

Faced with planning and designing a new city, and attracting businesses to boost the economy, the Eastvale Community Development Department needed up-to-date imagery to drive smart decision-making. Previously relying on commercially available aerial maps that were up to 4 years out-of-date, the city couldn't tell an accurate story of its development and construction. And with just over 30 staff to service more than 73,000 residents, the department needed a solution that would help the team work more efficiently to make smart planning decisions – faster.

When the City of Eastvale began working with high-resolution, frequently updated aerial imagery and 3D reality models from Nearmap, it was able to attract more profitable business.

Potential developers and tenants could now inspect sites and visualize projects remotely, enabling the department's staff and external contacts to work safely and efficiently throughout the global pandemic. This helped to deliver financial returns while providing residents with high-quality services and amenities.

Each year, the City of Eastvale was losing \$73 million in revenue, as residents would travel out of the city due to a lack of choice in restaurants and entertainment. By using Nearmap imagery as part of the development planning process, the city has attracted new, higher-calibre businesses, reversing the exodus to regain \$3 million of lost revenue in 12 months.



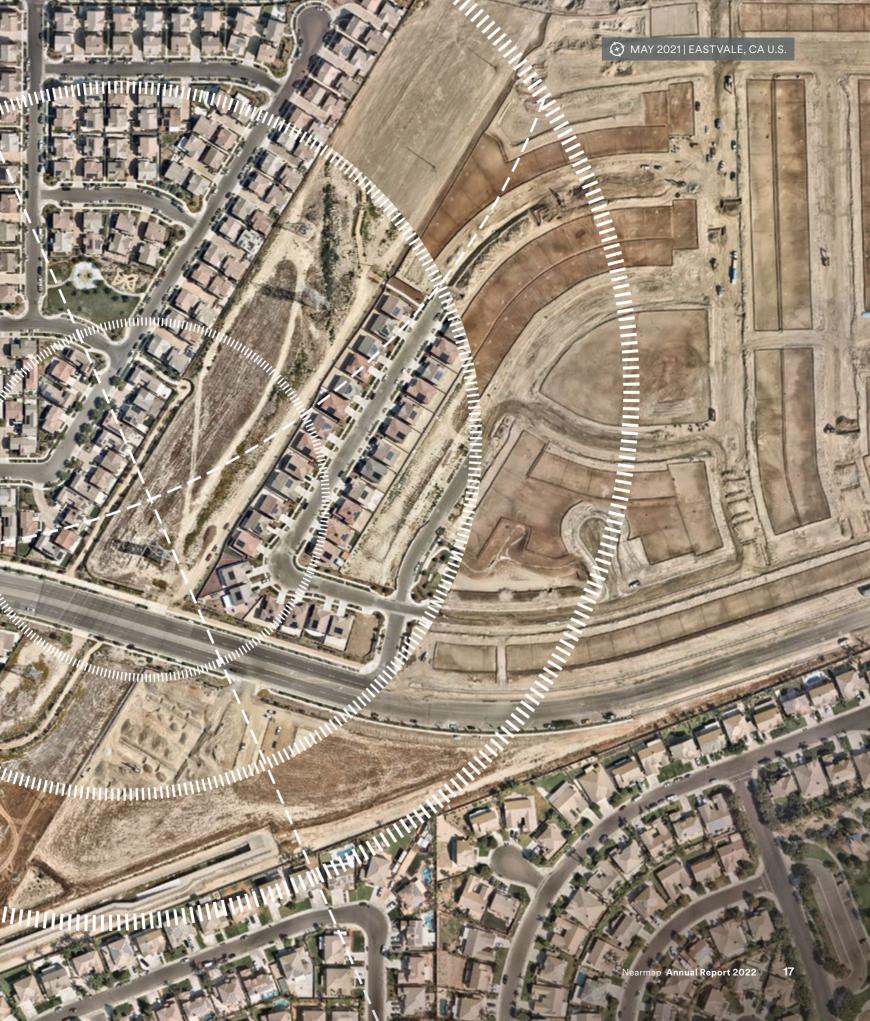
IMPROVE DEVELOPMENT PLANNING PROCESS



REGAIN \$3 MILLION IN LOST REVENUE

By using Nearmap imagery as part of the development planning process, the city has attracted new, higher-calibre businesses.









Our investment in innovation and people is delivering results.

GROUP

31%

Incremental ACV growth of 31%; record growth from the North American portfolio

8%

Subscriptions of 12,142, a 8% increase on the pcp

93%

Strong retention of 93% maintained; validating investment into Product and Customer Success teams

21%

ARPS of \$13,805, a 21% increase on the pcp

85%

STCR of 85%; continuing strong sales efficiency during a period of sales & marketing investment

43%

43% of the Group ACV portfolio are on multi-year subscriptions

73%

73% of the portfolio now relates to subscriptions incorporating premium content, a 45% increase on the pcp



AUSTRALIA & NEW ZEALAND

8%

ACV portfolio as at 30 June 2022 of \$74.3 million and representing growth of 8% on the pcp 11%

New business of \$6.3 million demonstrates continued penetration of the market and represents 11% growth

NORTH AMERICA

45%
ACV portfolio as

ACV portfolio as at 30 June 2022 of US\$64.3 million representing growth of 45% on the pcp 99%

STCR of 99% with strong performance across all sales teams and customer segments

91%

Consistently strong cash gross margins above 90%

400+

More than 400 new subscriptions added

19%

ARPS increased 19% to US\$23,662 120%

Net Revenue Retention of 120% demonstrating successful existing portfolio expansion

PRODUCTS, SERVICES AND TECHNOLOGY

We continue to provide enhancements to our content and build our product roadmap to support our customers and ensure we become an even more essential part of their workflows. Our ever-growing set of tools and content helps hundreds of thousands of users make better and more informed decisions every day.

We operate our fleet of world-leading proprietary aerial camera systems to support each of the different content types we provide our customers.

UNIQUE AND UNRIVALLED DEEP TECHNOLOGY MOAT

Since our 2007 founding in Perth, Nearmap has evolved from a small online start-up to become a next-gen digital content leader and ASX 300 technology company. We offer businesses instant access to high-resolution aerial imagery, city-scale 3D datasets, and integrated geospatial tools.

The industry in which we compete is characterised by rapid technological advances, therefore our ability to compete successfully depends heavily on our ability to ensure a continual and timely flow of competitive products, services and technologies to the marketplace.

Owning the complete hardware, processing, analytics and software delivery pipeline is the only way of achieving industry-leading currency, quality and efficiency generated by the delivery of content. This serves to drive a leadership position and a sustainable competitive advantage.

- World-leading high-altitude aerial camera systems enabling unmatched productivity, efficiency, and frequent coverage.
- World-leading patented photogrammetry processing software enabling processing of wide-scale content with a rapid turnaround.
- Industry democratisation and market expansion through cloud-based MapBrowser web access and API integrations in core customer workflows.
- World-leading wide-scale patented semi-automated roof geometry content enabling industry leading speed of roof geometry turnaround times.
- World-leading wide-scale Artificial Intelligence property analytics, generating unparalleled property insights at scale.





PRODUCTS AND SERVICES IN THE SPOTLIGHT

UP-TO-DATE BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE







VERTICAL ORTHOGRAPHY

Nearmap Vertical is our original orthogonal imagery base layer, showing a crystal-clear, top-down view regularly covering urban areas within Australia.

MEASURABLE OBLIQUES

Oblique views shows a gallery of individual images from four directional perspectives, capturing a high-resolution view of the sides of buildings and other ground features.

NEARMAP 3D

The Nearmap 3D model is an on-demand portal for immersive, photorealistic exploration of metro areas across Australia. Wide-scale, high-resolution coverage that's frequently updated and gives a real-world context.







NAIL ROOF PITCH AND AREA











NEARMAP AI

Power decision-making with Nearmap AI. Automate insight-gathering and obtain insights in seconds with reliably up-to-date, world-class aerial imagery, processed at scale.

NEARMAP IMPACTRESPONSE™

Nearmap ImpactResponse[™] delivers rapid, high-resolution aerial images following natural disasters with reliable accuracy, speed, and coverage.













INDUSTRIES IN THE SPOTLIGHT

Up-to-date location intelligence as a service. From landscaping to advanced telecommunications to commercial solar, up-to-date location intelligence content powers today's industry and brings future projects to life. Because the truth is in the detail.

GOVERNMENT

Inspect or assess properties remotely, formulate emergency response plans, visualise urban change over time, plan and monitor large infrastructure projects, and promote transparency to ensure community buy-in for public works projects and other initiatives.

INSURANCE

Verify data remotely to resolve customer inquiries in real-time, provide stakeholders with clear aerial photos referenced by exact date and geolocation, or review historical imagery over time to gauge risk, price policies, and investigate possible fraud.

ARCHITECTURE, ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION

Conduct thorough virtual site surveys for comparison of before and after images for critical events, anticipate safety equipment needs, estimate materials requirements, plan heavy vehicle access points, and determine crane clearance requirements.

PROPERTY AND REAL ESTATE

Inspect properties in detail with clear, beautiful imagery visualised in 3D, providing location context by measuring distances to nearby schools, parks, transit hubs, police stations, and shopping centres.

ROOFING

Deliver quotes with greater speed and accuracy by measuring roof pitch, roof area, and building heights within minutes. Remotely calculate materials and other costs and prevent climbing on dangerous or damaged roofs. Verify property details in real time to firmly establish credibility with the customer.

SOLAR

Prospect entire neighbourhoods in minutes, develop breathtaking proposals, and improve design and implementation process. Inspect current roof conditions and historical shading, and measure roof pitch and area to determine panel requirements.

UTILITIES

Turn large-scale infrastructure challenges into manageable projects with visual data to conduct accurate risk analysis, plan tower placement, ensure regulatory compliance, monitor field assets, and keep stakeholders informed during each project stage.

TELECOMMUNICATIONS

Streamline management of large telecommunications networks. With current, high-resolution aerial imagery, track assets, allocate field workforce efficiently, perform detailed viewshed analysis, and plan 5G networks with reliable line-of-sight data.

TRANSPORT AND LOGISTICS

Plan and budget efficiently for capital works and maintenance programs with asset maps that are verified and up-to-date. View and inventory equipment remotely. Mobile access to current imagery enables employees to respond quickly from out in the field.





Our unique position and global reach grants us an important opportunity to play a key role in creating a better future.

OUR APPROACH TO SUSTAINABILITY

Here at Nearmap, we recognise that focusing on sustainable practices, policies and decisions creates long-term value and strengthens our purpose.

Our unique position and global reach grants us an important opportunity to play a key role in creating a better future. This year, we have embedded sustainability further into our business, strengthening our approach to risks. In turn, this creates value for our employees, customers, communities and shareholders.

Our key focus areas include identifying how Nearmap can support Australia's commitment to climate action. This year, we have also prioritised minimising the risk of modern slavery, as well as evolving and strengthening our organisational culture.

In 2021, we launched our signature sustainability program, *Nearmap for Good*, aligned to the adoption of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (UN SDGs) – in particular goal 11, Sustainable Cities and Communities, and goal 13, Climate Action.

As part of this, we have committed to the Pledge 1% initiative, pledging 1% of product and 1% of time to support goals aligned to the UN SDGs. Our new partnership with The Nature Conservancy is a significant step toward our goal to help facilitate action to combat the impacts of climate change and help facilitate outcomes to enable more sustainable cities in future.

By taking a localised, hands-on approach combined with some of the most sophisticated location intelligence in Australia, our two organisations have committed to working together to monitor and manage important conservation projects in regional and remote parts of the country.

We continue to formalise governance around environmental and social risks and enhance our risk assessment methodologies and tools. A key focus of these activities is continuing to address climate risks and opportunities.

Once again, we take pride in our amazing team and honour their commitment to our values with our popular [IN]SPIRE awards. We showcase three of our respected recipients in this year's Statement.

We believe that smart companies should treat sustainability as innovation's new frontier. It is not always going to be easy, but it will change the way we think about how we do business and why. It is a great opportunity for progress. And Nearmap is a champion for innovation and progress.

There is always more to do. But we are looking forward to the journey.

I hope you enjoy reading this year's Statement.



DR ROB NEWMAN



CELEBRATING OUR VALUES

At Nearmap, our values shape how we work and collaborate together, and how we make decisions. We have five core values which are reinforced throughout the organisation, and celebrated through the Nearmap [IN]SPIRE recognition program:



OWN IT

we hold ourselves and each other accountable to succeed



WORK IT

we are better when we collaborate



TELL IT

we are honest and transparent in our communications



LOVE IT

we are passionate about what we do and how we do it



RISK IT

we are fearless, curious, and committed

The Nearmap [IN]SPIRE recognition program is our platform to recognise Nearmappers that have gone above and beyond in the quarter. Anyone can nominate and the quarterly winners are announced at a Business Update. All winners of our quarterly awards go into the running to win our annual award and we are excited to share with you three of our winners from FY22.

A FEW OF THE FY22 ANNUAL [IN]SPIRE AWARD WINNERS







DANIELLE TRAN

Danielle is a DevOps Manager in our Product, Engineering and Technology team based in Australia. She is described as a fearless leader who strives to push herself and others to be their very best. She is someone who not only expresses her ideas with those around her but is a great listener and encourages everyone at the table to have a voice.

In FY22, Danielle was extraordinary in delivering quality content and from an Al systems perspective, her leadership, support, and guidance allowed the team to achieve the impossible.

Danielle consistently puts her team first; is open to everyone's ideas and tries to understand everyone's perspective to ensure they are heard. She regularly holds learning sessions to align the team including knowledge sharing to roadmap and planning.

BRETT TULLY

Brett is a Director in the Nearmap AI Output Systems team and was acknowledged as an annual [IN]SPIRE winner across all the Company's values. Brett's devotion to quality, collaboration and an unwavering sense to "do things right", has been instrumental to our success.

Thanks to Brett and his leadership, Nearmap can process surveys through the full AI stack with one click of a button, producing more complex data than ever before.

Brett goes above and beyond his responsibilities to deliver high value with Al outputs. He has a great vision and is constantly trying to improve the processes and technologies we use. He also extends the same energy toward his team to keep the team focused and motivated.

ANNABELLE MACGREGOR

Annabelle is our Junior Systems
Administrator and another one of those
people who risk it, own it, work it, love it,
and tell it. She joined Nearmap during the
peak of COVID and very quickly became
someone the team can't live without.

In FY22, Annabelle was heavily involved with the relaunch of the Nearmap onboarding program, focused on supporting team members to work remotely during the pandemic.

In addition, Annabelle was instrumental in managing the initial GitHub enterprise sync to JIRA cloud, GitHub branch troubles, Atlassian support and day to day IT support to Nearmappers globally.

PEOPLE AND CULTURE

Nearmap is passionate and committed to building a community where our people thrive and feel like they belong.

DIVERSITY, INCLUSION, EQUITY AND BELONGING

The diversity of our people is one of our defining strengths and something we are immensely proud of. We are committed to continuing to build a diverse community that is inclusive, promotes equality and is where people feel like they belong.

Nearmap has established a Diversity Policy and commitment to building a culture that plans for and celebrates diversity across the entire organisation. We believe that this serves to build a resilient business for future generations and that fostering healthy, inclusive communities is fundamental to our success.

In FY22, we focused on taking steps to achieve gender pay equity, implemented recruitment and retention strategies to increase the representation of women across every level of the business and undertook a review of our leave policies.

We have made impressive headway on achieving gender pay equity through a targeted approach. The gender fixed pay gap was reduced from 13% in FY20 to 12% in FY21 and this was further reduced to 7.7% in FY22. This progress ensures we are well positioned to achieve pay parity by 2025.

NEARMAP EMPLOYEES	FY21	FY22
Percentage of women	31%	31%
Percentage of women within management ¹	35%	33%
Percentage of women within STEM ²	20%	24%
Rate of return from maternity leave	100%	86%
Gender fixed pay gap	12%	8%
Age diversity (% employees <30 or >45 years old)	39%	40%
Cultural diversity ³	46	48
Engagement	Top 1/4	Top 1/4
Lost Time Injury Frequency Ratio (LTIFR)	0	1.3

In addition, we proactively actioned some changes to our leave policies through the lens of diversity and inclusion. We removed the limit of days for paid domestic violence leave, recategorized leave entitlements for a stillborn child so the parent receives the full entitlements of paid parental leave, and introduced paid bereavement leave for the loss of a pet. We are committed to always reviewing our policies and benefits to ensure they are inclusive for all employees.

In November 2021, we joined the Diversity Council of Australia, an independent not-for-profit peak body that provides science-based research across all diversity dimensions.

In addition, as an Australian-domiciled company we lodge an annual report on Australian employees with the Workplace Gender Equality Agency which is available on their website.

- Management as defined by the Workplace Gender Equality Agency definition (Australia only).
- 2. Science, Technology, Engineering & Mathematics.
- Cultural diversity is defined as different ethnicities employees identify with, not the total ethnicity of employees.







EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT

Nearmap is committed to building a culture that supports and celebrates all areas of diversity including cultural, racial, age, gender, sexual orientation and disability as we know that a broad diversity benefits our people, our customers, and our investors, and is a pre-requisite for innovation and collaboration.

Using CultureAmp, Nearmap conducts short pulse check surveys every three months to see what is working and what areas may need some focus.

By using insights from across the organisation, we can facilitate proactive conversations and drive engagement outcomes that will result in positive engagement and business outcomes. In addition to measuring overall engagement, we also measure five different factors.

- Alignment & Involvement
- Management
- Leadership
- Collaboration & Communication
- Learning & Development

Participation in these pulse surveys is always high and our engagement score average is above the industry average. One of our key focus areas for FY22 was the factor of collaboration and communication where we saw a marked improvement.

Nearmap knows that a broad diversity benefits our people, our customers, and our investors.





In FY22, we continued to provide more online learning opportunities for all our employees, using online platforms such as LinkedIn Learning, SAP Litmos and KnowBe4 Security Training.

LinkedIn Learning, is available to all employees across the organisation. LinkedIn Learning is an online tool which offers over 13.000 video courses taught by industry experts in software, creative, and business skills. With the flexibility of being available to employees when it suits them, it helps develop talent and ensures vital business skills remain current.

Our activation rate with LinkedIn Learning was 99% with Nearmappers consuming 1,489 videos, 358 courses and 27 learning paths.

Flexible Learning & Development opportunities for employees, when it suits them.

NEARMAP WORKING PHILOSOPHY

One of our core values is 'Tell It' where we encourage honest, transparent and two-way communication.

In September 2021, we asked all Nearmappers to provide their feedback on how they would like to work and collaborate, so we could co-create a new set of working guidelines.

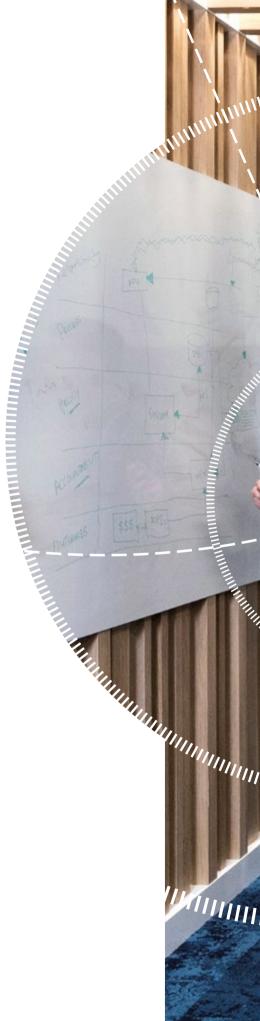
The feedback we received confirmed that the majority of Nearmappers enjoyed the flexibility of working from home and would like the choice of selecting the work environment that supported their work and focus requirements at any point in time.

Based on this feedback, we announced our new global working philosophy which ultimately changed the way we work, support, respect and collaborate together. At the core of our working philosophy is flexibility, personal choice and respect. We have not mandated a return to the office.

We are moving from an office-centric working model, to a flexible digital first approach.

- Our priority is the safety and mental and physical wellbeing of every single Nearmapper.
- We encourage flexibility;
 Nearmappers are encouraged to
 select a work structure and
 environment that works to optimise
 their personal and team output.
- We support an inclusive work culture.
- We respect personal choice.
- We want Nearmappers to feel like they belong.

At the core of our working philosophy is flexibility, personal choice and respect.





EMPLOYEE WELLBEING

The mental and physical well-being of all Nearmappers is our number one priority and providing our team members with the opportunity to rest and refresh at regular intervals is critical.

To support this, in January 2022 we introduced a quarterly "YOU" day; a day off every quarter. These days are encouraged and celebrated and have seen Nearmappers take the opportunity to volunteer, go on camping adventures, spend time with their family or simply catch up on chores.

To support our global team over the pandemic, we partnered with Mark Butler, a mental health expert and strategist, clinical specialist and best selling author. Mark specialises in upskilling individuals and organisations to deal effectively with mental health issues and create the conditions for peak performance.

Further to the success of his first program in 2021, Nearmap engaged Mark to rollout his ENRICHING WORKPLACES program for 2022 which supports all areas of the business, using preventative, predictive and proactive approaches. The program supports targeting mental health and wellbeing issues across the whole of business, including resilience, anxiety, perfectionism and enrichment of experiences.

In addition, we have engaged Mark to help upskill Nearmap managers in empathic leadership through a series of workshops that will elevate manager capability.

The program is not just a series of webinars, it was a tailored approach. Mark used pre and post-diagnostic surveys to tailor his message and support specifically for Nearmap.

In addition to this program, Nearmap provided access to Headspace, science-backed meditation and mindfulness tools, that help create life-changing habits to support mental health.

Nearmap also provides a wellbeing allowance to Nearmappers in North America and Australia to help subsidise the cost of gym membership and/or other wellbeing initiatives.



SUMMARY OF WELLBEING BENEFITS



WEBINAR SERIES

Fortnightly interactive webinars hosted by mental health specialist, Mark Butler.



WELLBEING ALLOWANCE

In support of an employee's healthy lifestyle, Nearmap pays a subsidy to employees each month to cover part of their sporting or gym membership.



EMPLOYEE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

Employees have confidential access to a global 24/7 counselling service to discuss any issues they may be experiencing in the workplace or personal life.



FRESH FRUIT & FOOD

Nearmap supplies fully stocked kitchens filled with nutritious snacks for breakfast and lunch. In addition, every Wednesday we come together to enjoy a meal.



FIGHTING ILLNESS & DISEASE

Nearmap provides free flu vaccinations to all employees in Australia.



MEDITATION

All employees have access to an annual subscription of Headspace, an online meditation app.



LOYALTY REWARDED

For every two years, an employee has worked at Nearmap, the Company shows its appreciation by rewarding employees with an extra day off. In addition, employees with 8 and 10 years of tenure, receive a Blueboard experience valued at \$2,500 and \$5,000 respectively.





WORKPLACE HEALTH & SAFETY

Nearmap is committed to ensuring that employees and external visitors are provided with a safe and healthy working environment.

Nearmap ensures safety training is carried out as required for employees and management across every level of the Company, to ensure Nearmap complies with its Workplace Health and Safety ("WHS") obligations within the workplace.

The Executive, People & Culture team and elected WHS representatives review all WHS systems at various stages throughout the year through the use of reporting, annual workplace inspections, risk assessment and other meetings involving relevant stakeholders. WHS representatives are responsible for consulting with employees should they have any WHS concerns, and when Nearmap is implementing new WHS initiatives.

People & Culture provide WHS metrics to the Executive and the Board on a regular basis. Information and data captured in these reports ensures senior management have access to all available information to make effective decisions regarding the health and safety of Nearmap employees. This information includes reports of any incidents, injuries, or lost time due to injury.

Nearmap established a COVID-19 Response Team at the beginning of the pandemic to continually monitor the situation, issuing frequent communications and virtual events to ensure everyone felt informed and connected. In addition, the Company distributed over 1,500 care packages during the lockdown.



Nearmap monitors its environmental impact as part of its Health, Safety and Environment Policy ("Policy"), which can be found on the Company's website. As outlined in the Policy, the Board and Executive's decision-making must consider environmental issues a high priority and the identification of potential environmental issues requires ongoing awareness and regular review. Despite having a limited direct environmental footprint, Nearmap takes environmental considerations seriously and is committed to improving its impact where it can.

The Company's direct environmental footprint is related to its offices: energy consumption, waste, and water usage. Two-thirds of the Company's employees are based in its Sydney office in Tower One of the Barangaroo precinct and the Nearmap office has been regularly awarded 5.5 stars under the National Australian Built Environment Rating System.

The Barangaroo precinct was Australia's first certified carbon neutral precinct under the Climate Active initiative and is part of the C40 Cities Climate Positive Development Program. C40 is a network of the world's largest cities and the Barangaroo precinct is committed to the following sustainability outcomes under this program:









Nearmap engages an accredited external assessor to verify third party data of the Company's direct greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions in Australia and relies on data provided by Tower One for other environmental disclosures.

Nearmap targets a Waste Diversion Rate greater than 85% and has not set targets for energy or water consumption given the Company's limited water use.

Nearmap makes a financial contribution toward the purchase of Australian large-scale renewable generation certificates ("LGCs") and Australian carbon credit units ("ACCUs"), which offset GHG emissions, associated with its Barangaroo office and the broader Barangaroo precinct. The Company contributes an amount which it believes comfortably offsets the GHG directly emitted from its Barangaroo office.

Nearmap produces a small amount of electronic waste (e-waste). The Company's technology team is based solely out of its Barangaroo office and Nearmap has arrangements with building management for any e-waste, such as monitors and cables, to be donated to not-for-profit organisations or social enterprise businesses if they can be reused or to be recycled if they cannot.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT (AUSTRALIA) FY21 FY22

11011710171001110121117		
Scope 1 & 2 GHG Emissions (tCO ₂ e)	110	102
Scope 1 & 2 GHG Emissions Intensity (kg CO ₂ e/m²)	38.5	34.8
Waste (kg)	4,151	6,299
E-waste ¹ (kg)	36	90
Waste Diversion Rate ²	72%	95%
Water Consumption ³ (kl)	25	19
Water Intensity (litres/m²)	7.8	6.1

- E-waste includes all e-waste plus ink cartridges, batteries and timber.
- Waste Diversion Rate includes all recyclables plus the dry waste stream, which is diverted from landfill to a waste-to-energy facility.
- 3. Water does not include water consumed within shared office spaces or services.



In addition to precinct initiatives such as sensor lights and intelligent lifts, Nearmap facilitates positive environmental outcomes related to its office. Nearmap:

- provides recycling bins for paper, mixed recycling, and organics;
- supplies filtered water taps and crockery and cutlery in the kitchen;
- issues new employees with a water bottle to discourage single-use plastics;
- reduces printing by using software to manage business agreements electronically; and
- uses Shred-X to provide a closed-loop, secure document destruction and recycling service.

Nearmap has always used online meeting platforms, minimising travel and improving overall productivity. Some travel would be required in the ordinary course of business as the Company expands, however business travel was limited in FY22 due to the impacts of the ongoing pandemic.

To provide customers with regularly updated content, Nearmap engages third party aerial operators to fly the Company's proprietary camera systems. These flights emit GHG, however, the environmental impact is limited given that a typical aircraft flying these systems is

lightweight and carries only the pilot and the camera. Nearmap continues to invest in developing new camera systems and is building a new HyperCamera3 system which can enable aircraft to be flown higher and faster, reducing the time required to capture content at an equivalent resolution, thereby reducing emissions associated with the survey program.

Customer feedback indicates that accessing Nearmap content enables up to 80% of customers to reduce physical site visits, allowing them to perform many tasks from their desktops. This directly correlates with a reduction in GHG that would otherwise have been emitted by customers travelling to and from physical sites. Nearmap is confident that GHG emissions associated with aerial surveys are offset many times over by the reduction in GHG emissions attributed to reduced customer travel.

In FY21, Nearmap committed to undertaking an independent evaluation of the materiality of climate-related financial risk facing the Company. This evaluation was completed in FY22 and in accordance with Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosure (TCFD) guidelines.

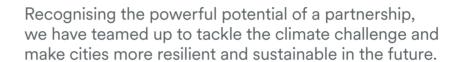
As it stands today, the Company was found to not only have a low exposure to direct physical and financial risk,

Nearmap has a heavy weighting towards opportunity as the world faces into climate change. The geospatial information provided by Nearmap was considered to be an essential tool for many organisations to better understand the physical changes to cities and lands as a result of a change in climate.

In light of this assessment, the Company will continue to consider the appropriateness of different climate reporting frameworks but will await the outcome of industry consultations related to long-anticipated drafts of the International Sustainability Standards Board (ISSB) proposed unification of sustainability reporting standards.

Nearmap continues to be used to monitor the impact of climate change, detect illegal dumping and changes in water runoff, assess natural disaster risk and natural disaster claims, monitor green spaces and historic sites, and manage the natural environment's preservation. 10% of the Company's Annual Contract Value is generated by solar companies, who use Nearmap to efficiently assess and price solar installation. This improves the unit economics of solar adoption and helps increase the prevalence of solar power within the overall energy mix.





Conventional wisdom says, if you want something done right, it's best to do it yourself. But with the right team and shared resources, your actions can go twice as far. This is the basis of a new partnership between Nearmap and The Nature Conservancy (TNC) Australia: two ground-breaking organisations with a passion for forging tangible, positive climate action.

With an approach that combines cutting-edge Australian technology with traditional land management techniques of First Nations people, the Nearmap and TNC partnership combines traditional knowledge and innovative technology. By utilising the best of the past and the future, we hope to deliver more positive change.

NEARMAP FOR GOOD SUSTAINABILITY COMMITMENT

Nearmap for Good focuses our sustainability efforts where it can achieve the greatest impact. This approach reflects a long-term commitment to deliver improved environmental and social outcomes by utilising the power of our people, expertise and technology.

Nearmap launched its sustainability program, *Nearmap for Good*, aligned to the adoption of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (UN SDGs) – in particular goal 11, Sustainable Cities and Communities, and goal 13, Climate Action. As part of this, we have committed to the Pledge 1% initiative, pledging 1% of product and 1% of time to support goals aligned to the UN SDGs. This partnership with TNC is a significant step towards our goal to help enable organisations to combat the impacts of climate change and to create sustainable cities for the future.

ABOUT THE NATURE CONSERVANCY

The battle against climate change is an urgent one that must be fought to save our habitats, health, economy and future – and TNC believes it can be won using smart planning, science-based solutions and strong partnerships. In Australia, the TNC team works tirelessly to protect the woodlands and wetlands that are crucial to biodiversity and carbon sequestration.



TNC works in partnership with First Nations people caring for Country; for example, to manage fire in a way that more closely resembles tens of thousands of years of traditional burning to achieve net reductions in greenhouse gas emissions and better conservation outcomes. The broader aim is to halt the effects of climate change so communities can enjoy a safer and more equitable future that prioritises the health of our natural world.

A PARTNERSHIP FORGED IN MAKING CHANGE

The issue of climate change is complex and overwhelming. By taking a localised, hands-on approach combined with some of the most sophisticated location intelligence in Australia, our two organisations have committed to working together to monitor and manage important conservation projects in regional and remote parts of the country.

We have conducted the first bespoke aerial captures of two nationally significant restoration projects overseen by TNC. The Nearmap team is committed to twice-yearly aerial captures of these projects, as well as giving the TNC team and their partners access to our catalogue of historical location intelligence data.



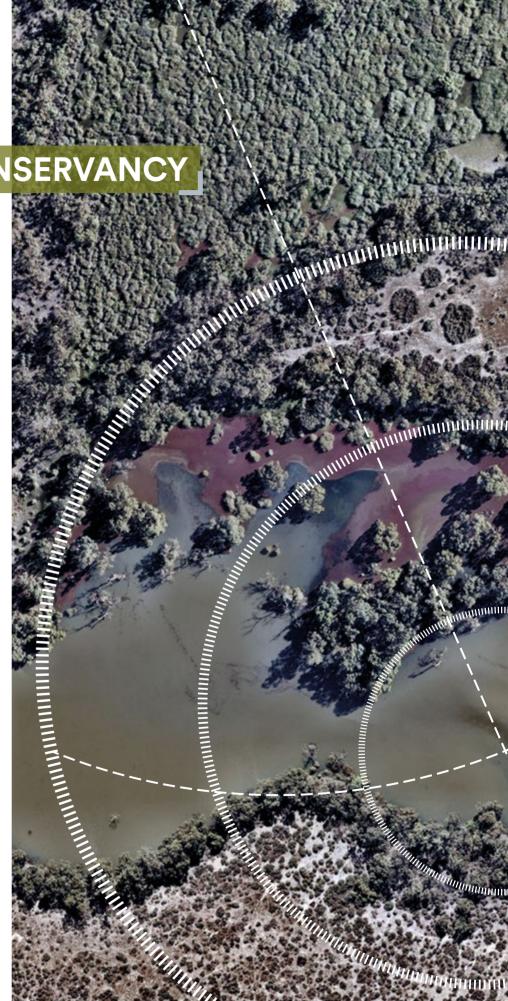
THE NATURE CONSERVANCY

CASE STUDY

GAYINI, NSW

Gayini is a vast property of almost 88,000 hectares on Nari Nari Country (the Murray-Darling Basin, New South Wales) owned and managed by its Traditional Custodians. This Nari Nari Tribal Council (NNTC) is protecting a 50,000-year-old legacy of conservation, sustainable agricultural practices and cultural heritage preservation. Following negotiations with state and federal governments, TNC was able to join forces with the Nari Nari Tribal Council in 2018 to fight for the proper management of Gayini by its traditional owners, and in 2019 the land rights were transferred to the NNTC.

The NNTC and TNC plan to introduce other sustainable land uses at the property including carbon farming, educational resources and even ecotourism, with the goal to prove that you can support the economy while keeping your practices sustainable. The ability to monitor change over time will be invaluable in the evolution of these plans.









THE NATURE CONSERVANCY

CASE STUDY

FISH RIVER STATION, NORTHERN TERRITORY

Fish River Station in the Northern Territory is a 180,000-hectare property in the Northern Territory with exceptionally diverse habitats including savanna woodlands, rainforests and floodplains. Situated alongside the Daly River, its land and waterways provide sanctuary for many unique animals including 21 threatened species such as the Northern Quoll, Gouldian Finch and Northern Masked Owl. TNC is committed to protecting this rich pocket of biodiversity and worked with various stakeholders to entrust the land to the Indigenous Land Corporation (ILC).

Since this historic justice was served, TNC has been working alongside the ILC to implement a number of conservation initiatives that will safeguard the future of the land.

These include the employment of 25 Indigenous conservation rangers, introducing significant feral animal control, establishing a new Ranger Station and conducting comprehensive biodiversity surveys. Among the most significant achievements are the reduction of destructive late season bushfires at Fish River station from 36% to less than 5% each year, as well as the establishment of a ground-breaking carbon abatement fire program.

THE NATURE CONSERVANCY

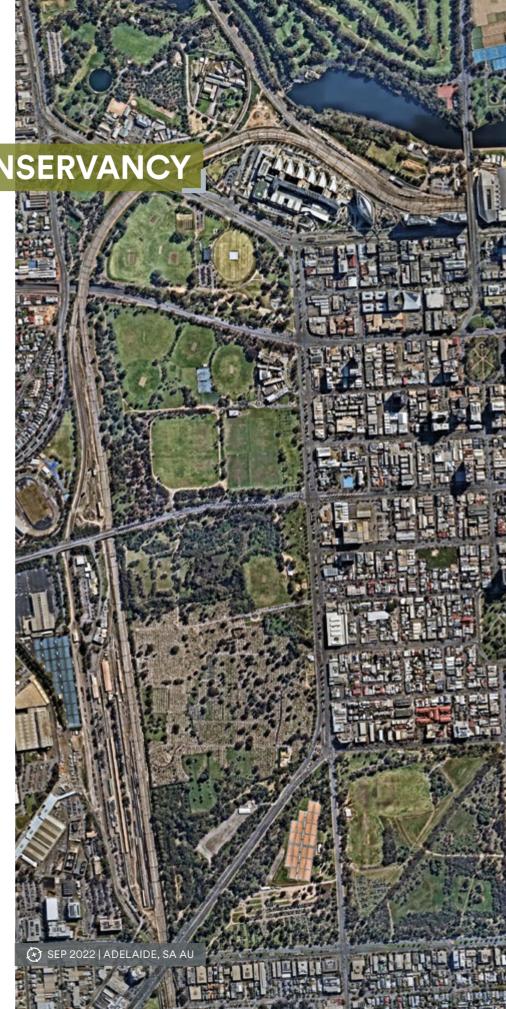
CASE STUDY

A HISTORY OF CARE

At Nearmap, we pioneer change and innovation, and advocate for sustainability. Our Australian-headquartered company specialises in providing location intelligence high-resolution aerial imagery of entire cities, which can be used in both business and conservation. Our content and location intelligence data is used to plan smart cities of the future, support the growth of greener spaces and assist recovery efforts after major natural disasters.

Joining forces with TNC Australia was a logical step forward for both organisations and we are looking forward to growing our partnership in future.

With aerial imagery and artificial intelligence content, Nearmap enables TNC to efficiently and effectively monitor change over time.









Privacy, data and cybersecurity threats represent a constant and ever-evolving risk to individuals, businesses, and government organisations.

Nearmap understands the importance of protecting all forms of data that it collects from customers, suppliers and employees. Nearmap is continuously improving its cyber awareness, resilience and security requirements when delivering its products to Nearmap customers. Nearmap is committed to ensuring that it has the right policies and procedures in place to mitigate cyber security risks and is actively implementing new security measures and best practice frameworks to protect against unauthorised access or disclosure of confidential or other proprietary information.



Nearmap has enhanced security controls across Nearmap infrastructure and throughout all departments.

NIST (NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS) SECURITY FRAMEWORK

Nearmap is in the process of implementing NIST controls which demonstrates higher levels of cybersecurity risk management by applying the principles and best practices of risk management to improving security and resilience.

PENETRATION TESTING

Nearmap carries out annual infrastructure and web application penetration testing to ensure public facing vulnerabilities are identified and remediated. Nearmap also uses the services of Upguard for public attack surface management and third-party supply risk.

CYBER AWARENESS TRAINING

Nearmap has an ongoing mandatory awareness training program that encourages all Nearmap staff to collaborate and remain vigilant against cyber incidents. For example, all Nearmap staff have been participating in scheduled events such as simulated phishing campaigns.

AWS

Nearmap products are hosted on AWS data centres which are SOC 2 compliant and provide the following features:

REDUNDANCY

In case of failure, automated processes move traffic away from the affected area. Core applications are deployed to an N+1 standard, so that in the event of a data centre failure, there is sufficient capacity to enable traffic to be load-balanced to the remaining sites.

AVAILABILITY

Critical system components are backed up across multiple, isolated locations known as Availability Zones. Each Availability Zone is engineered to operate independently with high reliability.

CAPACITY PLANNING

AWS continuously monitors service usage to deploy infrastructure to support availability commitments and requirements. AWS maintains a capacity planning model that assesses infrastructure usage and demands on a regular basis. This model supports planning of future demands and includes considerations such as information processing, telecommunications, and audit log storage.

BUSINESS CONTINUITY& DISASTER RECOVERY

The AWS Business Continuity Plan outlines measures to avoid and lessen environmental disruptions. It includes operational details about steps to take before, during, and after an event.

PHYSICAL ACCESS

AWS provides physical data centre access only to approved employees while third-party access is requested by approved AWS employees, who must apply for third-party access and provide a valid business justification. Physical access points to server rooms are recorded by Closed Circuit Television Camera. Images are retained according to legal and compliance requirements.





PRIVACY & DATA SECURITY CONTROLS

Nearmap has instituted a Global Risk Assurance Group ("GRAG") of senior representatives from every business unit globally to ensure it is best prepared to manage and mitigate risks which includes privacy, data and cybersecurity.

The GRAG consolidates and disseminates all risk information and cascades this information to the Board via the Company's Enterprise Risk Register. The GRAG provides regular updates to the Audit and Risk Management Committee at the Board level and reports to the Chief Financial Officer at the Executive level. Nearmap is insured against certain cyber and security incidents and is again pleased to report no complaints regarding data breaches or security incidents during the latest reporting period.

Nearmap understands the importance of protecting the personal and confidential information of customers, suppliers and employees. In its day-to-day operations, Nearmap creates, collects, and maintains a vast amount of data.

The Nearmap Privacy Policy and the Privacy Collection Statement outline the types of personal information that Nearmap collects, how that information is collected, used, stored and protected,

and to whom that information may be disclosed. Both documents can be found on the Company's website.

Nearmap ensures that it complies with all applicable privacy laws in the jurisdictions in which it operates. In Australia, personal information is governed by the *Privacy Act 1988* (Cth) and the Australian Privacy Principles. Under the Act personal information is defined as 'information or an opinion about an identified individual, or an individual who is reasonably identifiable'. The high angle and relatively low resolution of aerial photos when zoomed in compared to street-level photos mean that individuals are not identifiable in Nearmap imagery.

There is no single comprehensive federal privacy law in the United States of America. Nearmap advises any third parties who choose to provide the Company with their personal information that such information will be handled in accordance with the Company's Privacy Policy. One piece of legislation in the United States that covers personal information is the California Consumer Privacy Act ("CCPA"). Although Nearmap considers that it is not obliged to comply with the CCPA (due to the type of services the Company provides), it has chosen to do so voluntarily. Information detailing the compliance requirements of the CCPA is available on the Company's website.

When any company experiences a data security breach, individuals' privacy rights can also be breached. To mitigate any potential impact. Nearmap has implemented a Data Breach Response Plan ("Plan"). The Plan is designed to ensure that Nearmap can contain, assess. and respond to data breaches in a timely manner, mitigating potential harm to affected individuals and complying with its reporting obligations to regulatory bodies. As part of the Plan, any employee made aware of an actual or suspected data breach must notify a member of the Company's Data Breach Response Team. Each business unit is represented, and the Chief Financial Officer is responsible for managing data security breaches.

The Response Team's responsibility is to investigate any suspected breach, coordinate service providers and subject matter experts as required, and conduct a series of post-event analysis to minimise the risk of future data security breaches from occurring.

SUPPLY CHAIN

Nearmap acknowledges the importance of building and maintaining strong relationships with suppliers to understand their business and any ongoing or emerging risks associated with its supply chain.

The Company requires that its supply chain conforms with and upholds its Corporate Code of Conduct and its Health, Safety and Environment Policy, a copy of which is available on the Company's website. Additionally, Nearmap is implementing the NIST Cybersecurity Framework ("Framework"). The Framework adheres to best practices in managing supply chain cyber risks. It includes processes, policies and tooling to ensure Nearmap can continue to serve its customers with minimal disruption and is outlined in further detail earlier in this Statement.

Nearmap forms strong partnerships with aerial operators in the Company's operating regions worldwide to effectively and efficiently undertake its frequent and wide-scale capture program.

Aviation is an industry with inherent risk and is consequently heavily regulated by government agencies. Nearmap contractually requires its aerial operators to be fully compliant with aviation regulations and to provide Air Operator's Certificates and compliance documentation and information such as aircraft details, insurances and business continuity plans.

Nearmap ensures it has sufficient oversight and knowledge of the aviation regulatory and safety environment, providing safety awareness training for all relevant employees. The Company ensures it is aware of the practices and procedures of its aerial operators, which help guide its selection of aerial operators in the regions it operates.

To provide customers with the full back catalogue of aerial content, Nearmap uses AWS for hosting, processing and ensuring availability of the Company's content. Any disruption of, or interference with, the use of such cloud-based services could adversely impact the Company and its operations. Nearmap understands this risk and has implemented risk management processes, designing its systems to minimise and mitigate any form of disruption or potential service loss to customers.

AWS contractually guarantees that its monthly uptime is at least 99.99%. Service credits are provided if AWS does not meet these metrics, and AWS provides compensation for any losses Nearmap may incur due to any outages in breach of the agreed service level. Nearmap also plays its part in reducing the impact of any AWS service disruption by ensuring services and content are designed for availability while also being hosted across multiple sites within several regions across the world.

AWS takes a rigorous approach to its risk and compliance framework and discloses its security and control responsibilities to its customers, including Nearmap.

This disclosure enables Nearmap to properly assess the risk associated with hosting the Company's content on the AWS platform. These disclosures include, but are not limited to:

- Industry certifications and independent third-party attestations.
- Information about the AWS security and control practices in whitepapers and website content.
- Certificates, reports and other documentation as required.

As a key supplier, Nearmap is constantly engaged with and maintains a thorough understanding of AWS's risk and compliance procedures. Nearmap will maintain dialogue with AWS to ensure these procedures remain well understood and satisfy its risk assessment of its third-party suppliers.

In response to an increased focus on several core growth industry verticals, Nearmap has increased its investment in several premium content types that rely on a scalable workforce to build out the Company's technology capabilities. To responsibly direct this investment, Nearmap has formed strong partnerships with member companies of the Global Impact Sourcing Coalition ("GISC"), an organisation funded by The Rockefeller Foundation. Members of the GISC commit to providing meaningful career opportunities to disadvantaged or

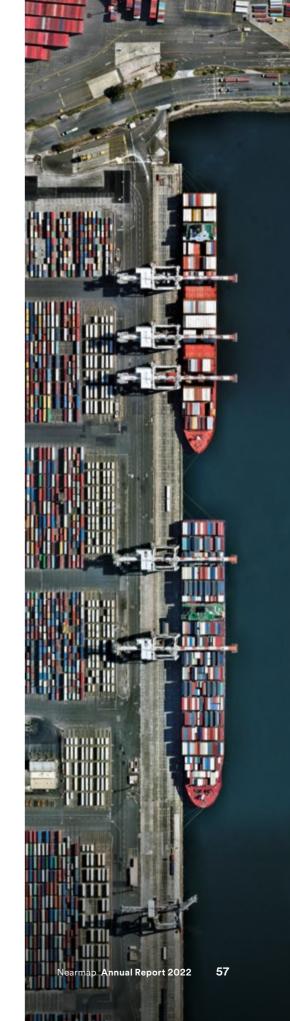
vulnerable people worldwide through impact sourcing. GISC membership is reviewed annually to ensure continued compliance with the Coalition's objectives.

Nearmap is conscious of its corporate social responsibility to ensure such investment is allocated appropriately and believes the investment should benefit the Company and also provide income, technical skills and a valuable workplace to people who might not otherwise have had the opportunity.

Nearmap is committed to respecting its employees and treating everyone fairly and consistently, creating a workplace and business environment that is safe, ethical and trusted. Nearmap believes that these core values are paramount to ensuring the Company is a business where people want to work and that customers want to be associated with. These core values are the pillars of the Company's commitment to rejecting all forms of modern slavery such as servitude, human trafficking, forced labour and marriage, child labour and debt bondage. The Company's commitment is shown through identifying and managing all forms of risks related to human rights across the business and through the management of its supply chain as outlined in the Company's Global Modern Slavery Policy.

Nearmap lodged its first Modern Slavery Statement in FY22 and will continue to review the policies and processes in place to assess the ongoing effectiveness in identifying and addressing modern slavery risks within business operations and the supply chain. Nearmap will continue to:

- refine supplier contracts to ensure suppliers are committing to mitigating modern slavery risks within their operations;
- provide training to all employees to ensure that they are aware and recognise modern slavery risks and the reporting protocols; and
- engage with high-risk suppliers to ensure they are implementing mitigation strategies to minimise their risks.





BOARD AND GOVERNANCE

Nearmap strives to achieve best practice in corporate governance. The Company's Board, Executive and employees are committed to achieving that goal.

The principles that guide the Board, Executive and employees to achieve this objective can be found within the Company's Corporate Governance Statement on its website. Other Company policies and principles that have an impact are also on the website and include the:

- Corporate Code of Conduct
- Code of Conduct for Company **Directors and Executives**
- Risk Management and Compliance Policy

Nearmap recognises that the Board should be of an appropriate size and collectively have the skills, commitment and knowledge of the Company and the industry in which it operates, to enable it to discharge its duties effectively and to add value. To ensure the Board is well equipped to discharge its responsibilities, it has established guidelines for the nomination, selection, induction, and ongoing professional development of Directors.

The composition of the Board is reviewed annually by the People, Culture and Remuneration Committee to ensure that, between them, the Directors bring the range of skills, knowledge and experience necessary to direct the Company's operations.

GOVERNANCE	FY21	FY22
Number of Directors	6	7
Non-Executive Directors	83%	86%
Women Non-Executive Directors	40%	33%
Independent Non-Executive Directors	67%	71%
Issued capital owned by Directors	7.4%	7.3%
Average tenure of Directors (years)	8.8	9.5

BOARD SKILLS MATRIX

The Board has adopted a Board Skills Matrix considered suitable for the Board of a Company at its current stage and into the future, taking into account its current strategy, operations and expectations for changes in the nature and scope of its activities.

The Board Skills Matrix identifies a mix of skills and experience the Board should collectively hold across its membership. The key skills and experience that comprise the Board Skills Matrix and the number of Directors with these skills are detailed in the table.

SKILLS DIRECTORS WITH SKILLS

Setting the strategic director of the Company. Ability to drive staff engagement and effect organisational change. Creating a culture of excellence where each individual is motivated to do his or her best.		•	•		•	•	•
Ability to review the strategic environment, identify threats and opportunities, and develop strategies for the continued growth of the company (including M&A).		•	•		•	•	•
Monitor the integrity of the company's accounting and reporting systems, including external audit.		•			•	•	
Develop, enforce and monitor company processes and policies, which address regulatory and market issues, including continuous disclosure and securities trading.		•	•	•	•	•	•
Ability to set risk appetite within which the company operates and ensuring appropriate risk management frameworks are implemented, including opex/capex cost controls.		•	•	•	•	•	•
Ability to interact with market participants, including market analysts, and institutional and retail investors, and clearly communicate company strategy and financials to them.		•	•		•	•	
Linking corporate goals and targets (including meeting annual budgets) to individual performance and developing remuneration strategies to reward over-performance and substantial contribution to the company.		•	•	•	•	•	•
Business, legal or banking experience in evaluating, conducting and implementing corporate mergers and acquisitions.				•	•	•	
	engagement and effect organisational change. Creating a culture of excellence where each individual is motivated to do his or her best. Ability to review the strategic environment, identify threats and opportunities, and develop strategies for the continued growth of the company (including M&A). Monitor the integrity of the company's accounting and reporting systems, including external audit. Develop, enforce and monitor company processes and policies, which address regulatory and market issues, including continuous disclosure and securities trading. Ability to set risk appetite within which the company operates and ensuring appropriate risk management frameworks are implemented, including opex/capex cost controls. Ability to interact with market participants, including market analysts, and institutional and retail investors, and clearly communicate company strategy and financials to them. 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EXPERIENCE DIRECTORS WITH EXPERIENCE

Product development	Overseeing development of market-ready goods or services from concept to minimum viable product.						
Information technology	Industry experience within the technology sector, in particular, exposure to PaaS or SaaS based business models.				•	•	
Advertising and media	Industry experience within the advertising industry, either through the demand side (advertisers, agencies) or supply side (publishers).				•	•	
Big data and insights	Provider or user of big data services and appreciation of its application to driving sound decision-making.	•		•	•	•	
International markets	Entering new markets and establishing presence and profitability.	•			•	•	
Mapping/ imagery space	Understanding of the B2B mapping/imagery space and awareness of the competitive landscape.	•	•		•		

Highly Skilled/Experienced Skilled/Experienced Some Skills/Experience

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors submit their report together with the consolidated financial statements of the Group, consisting of Nearmap Ltd ("Nearmap" or the "Company") and the entities it controlled at the end of, or during, the financial year ended 30 June 2022 and the auditor's report thereon.

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company at any time during, or since the end of, the financial year are:

Name, Qualification, Independence Status, Experience and Special Responsibilities

Mr Peter James BA, FAICD

Independent Non-executive Chairman

Peter has extensive experience as Chair, Non-executive Director and Chief Executive Officer across a range of publicly listed and private companies, particularly in emerging technologies, e-commerce and cyber security.

Peter is a successful investor in digital media and technology businesses in Australia and the US and travels extensively in reviewing innovation and consumer trends globally.

Peter is an experienced and successful business leader with significant strategic and operational expertise. He brings a strong record of corporate governance and stakeholder communication and is a Fellow of the Australian Computer Society.

Peter holds a BA degree with majors in Business and Computer Science.

SPECIAL RESPONSIBILITIES:

Member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee

Member of the People, Culture and Remuneration Committee

Other Directorships

CURRENT ASX LISTED COMPANY DIRECTORSHIPS:

- Nearmap Ltd (since
 21 December 2015) –
 Non-executive Chairman
- Macquarie Telecom Group Ltd (ASX:MAQ) (since 2 April 2012) – Non-executive Chairman
- Droneshield Limited (ASX:DRO) (since 1 April 2016) – Non-executive Chairman
- Halo Food Co Limited (formerly Keytone Dairy Corporation Limited) (ASX:HLF) (since 25 September 2018) – Non-executive Chairman
- Ansarada Group Limited (ASX:AND) (since 4 December 2020) – Independent Chairman

FORMER ASX LISTED COMPANY DIRECTORSHIPS IN THE PAST 3 YEARS:

- Dreamscape Networks Limited (ASX:DN8) (from 16 September 2016 to 30 October 2019) – Non-executive Chairman
- UUV Aquabotix Ltd (ASX:UUV) (from 9 March 2017 to 20 October 2020) – Non-executive Chairman

Name, Qualification, Independence Status, Experience and Special Responsibilities

Dr Rob Newman B.Eng (1st Hons), Ph.D. Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director

Rob has a unique track record as a successful technology entrepreneur in Australia and Silicon Valley. He has twice founded and built Australian technology businesses, both successfully entering overseas markets.

Rob is a trained engineer and spent his career in marketing, business development and general management in high growth Information Technology businesses. In these leadership positions, Rob has a strong track record of taking companies from start-up to scale-up, broad experience in accessing capital markets and a practical understanding of the rapid evolution of strategy required in growth companies.

Rob also spent 10 years as a venture capitalist co-founding Stone Ridge Ventures and was previously an investment Director for Foundation Capital. As a venture capitalist, Rob has extensive experience in identifying and helping growth companies with significant commercial potential, especially those addressing overseas markets.

In the 1980s, Rob was the inventor and co-founder of QPSX Communications Pty Ltd. Rob provided the technical leadership and product strategy and was instrumental in establishing QPSX as a worldwide standard for Metropolitan Area Networks.

Ms Sue Klose B.Sci.Econ., MBA, GAICD Independent Non-executive Director

Sue is an experienced senior executive and board director, with a diverse background in Software as a Service (SaaS) businesses with a focus on digital strategy, corporate development, partnerships and business growth in Australia and the US. Sue was previously the Chief Marketing Officer of GraysOnline, where she was responsible for brand development, marketing operations and digital product strategy. In prior roles in consulting and global media companies including News Ltd, Sue has led strategic planning and development and is passionate about helping teams continually seek new opportunities for growth and innovation.

As Director of Digital Corporate Development for News Ltd, Sue screened hundreds of potential investments, leading multiple acquisitions, establishing the CareerOne and CarsGuide joint ventures, and holding multiple board roles in high-growth digital and SaaS businesses.

Sue has an MBA with honours in Finance, Strategy and Marketing from the Kellogg School of Management at Northwestern University, and a Bachelor of Science in Economics from the Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania.

SPECIAL RESPONSIBILITIES:

Chair of the Audit and Risk Management Committee

Other Directorships

CURRENT ASX LISTED COMPANY DIRECTORSHIPS:

 Nearmap Ltd (since 17 February 2011).
 Appointed CEO & Managing Director in October 2015

FORMER ASX LISTED COMPANY DIRECTORSHIPS IN THE PAST 3 YEARS:

None

CURRENT ASX LISTED COMPANY DIRECTORSHIPS:

- Nearmap Ltd (since 14 August 2017) –
 Non-executive Director
- Pureprofile Ltd (ASX:PPL) (since
 17 July 2018) Non-executive Director
- Envirosuite (ASX:EVS)
 (since 1 November 2020) –
 Non-executive Director
- Halo Food Co Limited (ASX:HLF) (since 7 March 2022) – Non-executive Director

FORMER ASX LISTED COMPANY DIRECTORSHIPS IN THE PAST 3 YEARS:

None

Name, Qualification, Independence Status, Experience and Special Responsibilities

Mr Ross Norgard FCA

Non-executive Director

In 1987, Ross became the founding Chairman of Nearmap Ltd. He held this role until 18 March 2016, at which point he moved into a non-executive role.

Ross is a former managing partner of Arthur Andersen and KMG Hungerfords and its successor firms in Perth, Western Australia. For over 30 years he has worked extensively in the fields of raising venture capital and the financial reorganisation of businesses.

He has held numerous positions on industry committees including former Chairman of the Western Australian Professional Standards Committee of the Institute of Chartered Accountants, a former member of the National Disciplinary Committee of the Institute of Chartered Accountants, former Chairman of the Friends of the Duke of Edinburgh's Award Scheme and a former member of the University of WA's Graduate School of Management (MBA Program). Ross is also Western Australia's Honorary Consul-General to Finland.

Other Directorships

CURRENT ASX LISTED COMPANY DIRECTORSHIPS:

- Nearmap Ltd (since 1987) –
 Non-executive Director
- Brockman Mining Ltd (ASX:BCK) (since 22 August 2012) –
 Non-executive Director

FORMER ASX LISTED COMPANY DIRECTORSHIPS IN THE PAST 3 YEARS:

None

SPECIAL RESPONSIBILITIES:

Member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee

Mr Cliff Rosenberg B.Bus.Sci., M.Sc. Management Independent Non-executive Director

Cliff has more than 20 years' experience leading change and innovation in technology and media companies. As the former Managing Director of LinkedIn for Australia, NZ and South-East Asia, Cliff started the Australian office in 2009 and oversaw the expansion of LinkedIn in Australia from 1 million members in 2009 to more than 8 million members in 2017. He was Managing Director at Yahoo! Australia and New Zealand, and prior to that role he was the founder and Managing Director of iTouch Australia NZ where he grew the Australian office to one of the largest mobile content and application providers in Australia. Previously Cliff was head of corporate strategy for Vodafone Australasia and also served as an international management consultant with Gemini Consulting and Bain Consulting.

Cliff has more than ten years' experience on the boards of publicly listed companies. His current directorships include Nearmap (ASX:NEA), A2B Australia Limited (ASX:A2B), TechnologyOne (ASX:TNE) and Bidcorp (JSE:BID). Cliff was also a Non-executive Director with Dimmi (online reservations company bought by Tripadvisor.com in May 2015) and Afterpay Touch Group (ASX:APT). He holds a Bachelor of Business Science (Hons) from the University of Cape Town and a Masters of Science (Hons) from the Ben Gurion University of the Negev.

SPECIAL RESPONSIBILITIES:

Member of the People, Culture and Remuneration Committee

CURRENT ASX LISTED COMPANY DIRECTORSHIPS:

- Nearmap Ltd (since 3 July 2012) –
 Non-executive Director
- A2B Australia Ltd (ASX:CAB)
 (since 25 August 2017) –
 Non-executive Director
- TechnologyOne Pty Ltd (ASX:TNE) (since 27 February 2019) – Non-executive Director

FORMER ASX LISTED COMPANY DIRECTORSHIPS IN THE PAST 3 YEARS:

- IXUP Ltd (ASX:IXU)
 (29 September 2017 to 2 July 2019) –
 Non-executive Director
- Afterpay Touch Group Ltd (ASX:APT)
 (23 March 2016 to 24 May 2020) –
 Non-executive Director

Name, Qualification, Independence Status, Experience and Special Responsibilities

Mr David Baxby, BCom, LLB (Hons)

Independent Non-executive Director (appointed 1 December 2021)

Mr Baxby's career has included a number of senior executive roles in Australia and internationally. In 2004, after 8 years with Goldman Sachs in London and Sydney, he joined Virgin Group where he held various senior positions across different regions within the family office's portfolio including, CEO of the Asia Pacific Region (Shanghai and Singapore) and global head of Aviation (Geneva). In 2011 Mr Baxby was appointed co-CEO of Virgin Group with responsibility for all of Virgin's global investments. While at Virgin, David served as a non-executive director for Virgin Australia, Virgin Mobile, Virgin Money, Virgin Atlantic, Air Asia X and Virgin America.

In 2014 David joined Global Blue as CEO and lead a digital transformation of the global payments and traveller tax refund platform across 40 countries. In 2016, Mr Baxby acted as the Chairman of Frontier Digital Ventures (ASX:FDV) during its IPO.

Upon his return to Australia in 2017, Mr Baxby joined Wesfarmers Limited and was appointed Managing Director – Industrials. In 2021 he returned to active private investing and is a shareholder and the current Chairman of Workpac Pty Ltd and Dynasty Gaming and Media Pte Ltd.

SPECIAL RESPONSIBILITIES:

Member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee

Ms Helen Souness BA LLB (Hons), GAICD

Independent Non-executive Director (appointed 1 March 2022)

Prior to moving to a full time Non-executive Director and Advisory career, Helen Souness had a successful executive career in leading digital companies including as CMO of SEEK, Asian MD of Etsy and GM of Marketplaces at Envato.

In her last executive role she was the founding CEO of RMIT Online where she led the team for five years building the start up into a team of 150 staff and 700 teachers, supporting 30,000 enrolments per annum, teaching tech and digital skills to adults and partnering with global leaders such as AWS, Apple, Thoughtworks and REA Group.

Helen has been a Non-executive Director for over ten years, previously leading Nominations and Remuneration for not-for-profit Canteen prior to her current Directorships. Helen is passionate about scaling fast growth digital companies with 'people first' cultures and is now working across the digital ecosystem in Australia and New Zealand as an early-stage investor as Venture Partner at Rampersand and a Non-Executive Director to fast growth digital companies including Camplify (ASX:CHL), Education Perfect (KKR and FiveV owned) and Sendle (private).

SPECIAL RESPONSIBILITIES:

Chair of the People, Culture and Remuneration Committee

Other Directorships

CURRENT ASX LISTED COMPANY DIRECTORSHIPS:

Nearmap Ltd (since 1 December 2021) –
 Non-executive Director

FORMER ASX LISTED COMPANY DIRECTORSHIPS IN THE PAST 3 YEARS:

None

CURRENT ASX LISTED COMPANY DIRECTORSHIPS:

- Nearmap Ltd (since 1 March 2022) –
 Non-executive Director
- Camplify Holdings Ltd (ASX:CHL) (since 26 April 2021) – Non-executive Director

FORMER ASX LISTED COMPANY DIRECTORSHIPS IN THE PAST 3 YEARS:

None

Name, Qualification, Independence Status, Experience and Special Responsibilities

Ms Tracey Horton AO B.Econ.(Hons), MBA, FAICD, FGIA Independent Non-executive Director (resigned 8 February 2022)

Tracey is an experienced Company Director with significant global leadership and strategy experience and is currently a Non-executive Director of GPT Group Limited (ASX:GPT), Acting President of the Australian Takeovers Panel, Deputy Chair of the National Board of the Australian Institute of Company Directors, and Chair of Australian Industry Skills Committee. She was Chair of Navitas Limited (ASX:NVT) from 2016 to 2019 where she successfully led the Board to finalise a scheme of arrangement at favourable terms for shareholders.

Tracey's extensive prior board experience includes a wide range of listed, government and not-for-profit boards, where she has played an active role in strategy development, succession planning, financial management, governance, and board performance as reflected in her membership and chairmanship of several remuneration and audit committees, and boards.

Tracey has lived, worked, and studied in Australia, USA, Canada and the UK. She was previously a Winthrop Professor and Dean of the University of Western Australia's Business School, a senior executive role with line management responsibility. Prior to that she held executive and senior management roles with Bain & Company in North America, and in Australia with advisory firm Poynton and Partners serving clients across a wide range of industries and the Reserve Bank of Australia.

Tracey has a Bachelor of Economics (Hons) from the University of WA and an MBA from Stanford University. She was appointed an Officer in the General Division of the Order of Australia in 2017 for distinguished services to business and business education through a range of leadership roles.

SPECIAL RESPONSIBILITIES:

Former Chair of the People, Culture and Remuneration Committee

Former Member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee

Other Directorships

CURRENT ASX LISTED COMPANY DIRECTORSHIPS:

 The GPT Group Ltd (ASX:GPT) (since 1 May 2019) – Non-executive Director

FORMER ASX LISTED COMPANY DIRECTORSHIPS IN THE PAST 3 YEARS:

- Nearmap Ltd (1 September 2019 8 February 2022) – Non-executive Director
- Navitas Limited (ASX:NVT)
 (13 June 2012- 16 October 2016) –
 Non-executive Director
- Navitas Limited (ASX:NVT)
 (16 October 2016 8 July 2019) –
 Non-executive Chairman

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms Shannon Coates LLB was appointed to the position of company secretary in June 2013. Ms Coates is a qualified lawyer, Chartered Secretary and graduate of the AICD Company Directors course, with over 20 years' experience in corporate law and compliance. She is currently company secretary to a number of publicly listed and unlisted companies and has provided company secretarial and corporate advisory services to boards and various committees across a variety of industries, including financial services, resources, manufacturing and technology.

DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

The number of meetings of Directors (including meetings of committees of Directors) held during the financial year and the number of meetings attended by each Director are as follows:

	Full Board	Full Board Meetings		Audit and Risk Committee Meetings		People, Culture and Remuneration Committee Meetings		
	Eligible to Attend	Attended	Eligible to Attend	Attended	Eligible to Attend	Attended		
P James	12	12	4	4	3	3		
R Newman	12	12	_	41	_	3 ¹		
T Horton	4	4	2	2	2	2		
S Klose	12	12	4	4	2	2		
R Norgard	12	11	4	3	2	3 ¹		
C Rosenberg	12	11	3	2	3	3		
D Baxby	7	7	2	2	_	1 ¹		
H Souness	6	5	_	_	1	1		

^{1.} Attended these additional committee meetings as an invitee.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Group provides cloud-based geospatial information services and location intelligence content. The Group conducts aerial surveys capturing wide-scale urban areas in Australia, New Zealand and North America, providing location intelligence insights to a diverse range of businesses and government organisations via subscription through its 100% owned subsidiaries, Nearmap Australia Pty Ltd and Nearmap US Inc.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS

In the opinion of the Directors, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group that occurred during the financial year under review.

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

OVERVIEW OF THE GROUP

Founded in Australia in 2007, Nearmap is a location intelligence company capturing data about the real world and providing insights to a diverse range of businesses. By subscribing to Nearmap, customers can remotely plan and inspect, monitor and validate, assess risk, communicate and visualise, estimate and quote, and generate leads, enabling businesses to increase their productivity by reducing the need for costly, time-consuming site visits.

Nearmap has a diverse subscription base of more than 12,000 customers across a number of industry verticals. These verticals include Architecture, Construction, and Engineering (20% of the Group's customer portfolio), Insurance (20% of the Group's customer portfolio), Solar (9% of the Group's customer portfolio), Utilities (6% of the Group's customer portfolio), Commercial (22% of the Group's customer portfolio), Roofing (5% of the Group's customer portfolio), and government organisations (18% of the Group's customer portfolio). Given this diversity, the Group does not have concentration risk on specific industry segments or individual customers.

Using its own patented camera systems and processing software, the Group captures wide-scale urban areas in Australia (91% population coverage), New Zealand (74% population coverage), the United States (80% population coverage) and Canada (66% population coverage) multiple times each year. The updated content is delivered to customers as Orthogonal (2D) imagery, Oblique cardinal direction imagery, and 3D models.

The Group's content includes a wide range of analytics and tools, including artificial intelligence content, and is instantly available in the cloud via web app or API integration.

The pivotal features underpinning the success of the Nearmap business model are:

- the frequency with which this data is captured and updated;
- the clarity (resolution) of the imagery provided;
- the large geographic scale of the coverage area; and
- the availability of previous surveys on the same platform, allowing users to track changes at locations over time.

The Group is a participant in the large, fragmented and growing global location intelligence market, holding a global market share of less than 1%. The Group's strategy is to effectively monetise its content by providing convenient access to its products via desktop and mobile platforms, through a subscription model and value-add products supported by e-commerce facilities. The Group generates revenues in two main geographic regions, Australia and New Zealand (together "ANZ"), and the United States and Canada (together "North America" or "NA"). See segment reporting in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements for more details of the financial performance of the Group's operating segments.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

For the year ended 30 June 2022, the Group reported revenue of \$146.0m (30 June 2021: \$113.4m), and a net loss after tax of \$30.8m (30 June 2021: \$18.8m).

Group ACV Portfolio (\$'000)	FY22	FY21	YoY \$	YoY %
Opening ACV	128,210	106,437	21,773	20%
New business	21,618	16,144	5,474	34%
Net upsell	20,642	16,449	4,193	25%
Churn	(8,982)	(7,386)	(1,596)	(22%)
Net incremental ACV	33,278	25,207	8,071	32%
Foreign exchange	6,138	(3,434)	9,572	279%
Closing ACV	167,626	128,210	39,416	31%
Total revenue and other income (ex. interest)	146,395	113,945	32,450	28%
Total net expenses (ex. D&A, interest, tax)	(129,768)	(89,636)	(40,132)	45%
EBITDA	16,627	24,309	(7,682)	(32%)
Depreciation and amortisation	(50,129)	(45,112)	(5,017)	11%
EBIT	(33,502)	(20,803)	(12,699)	61%
Net finance income/(expense)	100	(1,652)	1,752	(106%)
Tax benefit/(expense)	2,607	3,635	(1,028)	(28%)
Net loss after tax	(30,795)	(18,820)	(11,975)	64%
Earnings per share	(6.20)	(3.88)	(2.32)	60%
Operating cash flow	23,219	31,044	(7,825)	(25%)

Total revenue for the year ended 30 June 2022 (FY22) increased 29% to \$146.0m compared to total revenue for the year ended 30 June 2021 (FY21) of \$113.4m. ANZ revenue increased 8% to \$71.1m compared to prior year total revenue of \$65.9m, while NA revenue increased 57% to \$74.8m compared to prior year total revenue of \$47.5m.

The increase in revenue is correlated to the 31% growth in the Annual Contract Value ("ACV") portfolio over the same period. The drivers behind ACV growth for the year ended 30 June 2022 are:

- New business: New customers contributed \$21.6m of incremental ACV in FY22, up 34% on FY21. This \$5.5m increase in new business shows the continued penetration of the total addressable market to new user groups across key industry segments in both ANZ and NA. The NA and ANZ segments respectively represented \$15.3m and \$6.3m of the Group's new business for the year ended 30 June 2022;
- Net upsell: Net upsell is the aggregate of customer upgrades offset by downgrades. Net upsell in FY22 totalled \$20.6m, up \$4.2m or 25% on FY21. Net upsell highlights the increasing value that existing customers derive from the Group, and the success of cross-selling into new products and features. The NA and ANZ segments respectively reported net upsell of \$16.9m and \$3.7m during the year ended 30 June 2022; and
- Retention: As a subscription business selling annual contracts, a key focus for sales and marketing activities is the retention of existing customers. The Group's retention rate remained stable at 93.0% in FY22 compared to 93.1% in FY21, as a result of both NA and ANZ retaining consistent retention rates year-on-year. Total Group churn of \$9.0m was split \$4.2m and \$4.8m between NA and ANZ respectively.

Total revenue is recognised evenly over the subscription period, while ACV represents the annualised value of all active subscription contracts in effect at a particular date. The difference between ACV growth and total revenue growth is a result of the timing of new business, net upsell and retention changes across the financial year and over the previous 12 months.

Group segment contribution for the year ended 30 June 2022 increased 64% to \$66.4m compared to prior year Group segment contribution of \$40.0m, largely driven by the increase in revenue. In ANZ, segment contribution is up 12% to \$48.5m compared to \$43.1m in FY21, while NA's segment contribution is up >100% to \$17.8m compared to (\$3.1m) in FY21. Total cost of revenue and total sales & marketing costs have remained relatively stable in both regions from FY21 to FY22.

Group net loss after tax (NLAT) for the year ended 30 June 2022 has increased by 65% to (\$30.8m) compared to prior year NLAT of (\$18.8m). Offsetting the increase in segment contribution, the Group's general & administration costs rose by \$13.6m, or 67%, reflecting the investments made in scaling the foundations of the business, and product, engineering & technology costs have risen by \$14.6m, or 83%, to ensure the Group continues to drive innovation. The Group's litigation expenses also increased by \$8.4m as a subsidiary of the Group continues to defend itself against the patent infringement claims.

FINANCIAL POSITION

The Group's balance sheet remains strong with no debt and a closing cash balance as at 30 June 2022 of \$93.7m (30 June 2021: \$123.4m). The decrease since 30 June 2021 is mainly driven by the continued investment in the key strategic initiatives of the Group that were outlined during the September 2020 capital raise. Management intends to continue to invest these proceeds into the business in support of its longer-term strategic growth aspirations, specifically in Sales and Marketing (mainly in NA) and the roll-out of HyperCamera3, as well as expanding product solutions for specific industry verticals and enhancing operational systems to support business growth. Cash receipts from customers for the year were \$158.7m compared to \$123.8m for the previous year, an increase of \$34.9m or 28%, which is broadly in line with the increase in ACV during FY22.

The Group's net working capital, excluding cash and cash equivalents and deferred revenue, increased 55% to \$18.0m from \$11.6m between 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2022. The main movements in net working capital are trade receivables which increased by \$13.9m, consistent with the increase in ACV portfolio, offset by an increase of \$3.1m to trade payables and \$3.9m to the current employee benefits liability. The latter is driven by increases in the annual leave provision and short-term incentive provisions as a result of headcount growth since 30 June 2021.

The Group's net assets as at 30 June 2022 decreased 14% to \$123.0, from \$142.7 at 30 June 2021. In addition to the \$23.3m decrease explained in the cash and workings capital movements above, intangible assets increased \$17.1m due to continued investment in the Group's capture program and investment in innovation, offset by an increase in unearned income of \$18.7m driven by the Group's ACV portfolio growth. The Group has disclosed in note 23 to the consolidated financial statements of the ongoing claim filed by Eagle View Technologies, Inc. and Pictometry International Corp. against the Group on 5 May 2021. The Group has been vigorously defending against the claim and considers it has no present obligation with regards to these claims. As a result, the Group did not recognise any provision in its consolidated statement of financial position.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends have been paid or proposed in respect of the current year (30 June 2021: nil).

EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO THE REPORTING DATE

The Group has announced to the market on 15 August 2022 that the Group has received a non-binding indication of interest from Thoma Bravo L.P, a leading software investment firm, to acquire 100% of the shares in Nearmap for \$2.10 cash per share by way of a scheme of arrangement. The Board determined the Proposal to be credible and sufficient to initially grant non-exclusive due diligence access to Thoma Bravo. Thoma Bravo's due diligence is now at an advanced stage and encompasses all financial and other valuation-critical due diligence supporting the \$2.10 Proposal. In order to determine whether a definitive transaction can be agreed, the Group has granted exclusivity to Thoma Bravo for 7 days commencing 15 August 2022. Additionally, the Group has agreed to pay Thoma Bravo an expense reimbursement fee up to a cap of US\$3 million if during the exclusivity period or within 6 months after expiry of the exclusivity period:

- A transaction agreement involving Nearmap and Thoma Bravo shall not have been entered into; and
- Nearmap (or any of its subsidiaries) shall have entered into a definitive agreement providing for, or shall have or consummated, an alternative transaction (or in the case of an alternative transaction that is a takeover bid or scheme, shall have approved or recommended to shareholders, or otherwise not opposed, such alternative transaction).

Any definitive agreement with Thoma Bravo will be subject to Foreign Investment Review Board approval, clearance in the United States and other customary terms and conditions. At this stage, there is no certainty the discussions with Thoma Bravo will progress nor that discussions will lead to a transaction.

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS

The Group will continue to implement the business strategies identified to ensure that it continues on its growth trajectory in the foreseeable future, subject to a stable macro-economic environment. The Group will continue to seek new opportunities to build scale and to broaden its customer base, sales and marketing capability, product offering and technological advantage.

In reliance on s299A(3) of the *Corporations Act 2001*, we have not disclosed further information on business strategies and prospects, because disclosure of that information is likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Group.

ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

The current activities of the Group are not subject to any significant environmental regulation. However, the Board believes that the Group has adequate systems in place to manage its environmental obligations and is not aware of any breach of those environmental requirements during the period covered by this report as they apply to the Group.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

The relevant interest of each Director in the shares, debentures, interests in registered schemes and rights and options over such instruments issued by the companies within the Group and other related bodies corporate, as notified by the Directors to the ASX in accordance with S205G(1) of the *Corporations Act 2001*, at the date of this report are as follows:

	Ordinary Shares	over Ordinary Shares
P James	1,663,013	_
R Newman	10,546,951	2,248,746
S Klose	113,043	_
R Norgard	24,573,918	_
C Rosenberg	3,214,043	_
D Baxby	100,000	_
H Souness	24,450	_

UNISSUED ORDINARY SHARES

As at 30 June 2022 there were 16,761,274 unissued ordinary shares under the various share-based payment plans. Refer to note 5 to the consolidated financial statements for further details of the Group's share-based payment plans.

INDEMNIFICATION AND INSURANCE OF OFFICERS AND AUDITOR

INDEMNIFICATION OF OFFICERS

The Company has agreed to indemnify the current Directors and certain Senior Executives of the Company and its controlled entities against all liabilities to another person (other than the Company or a related body corporate) that may arise from their position as Directors or Senior Executives of the Company and its controlled entities, except where the liability arises out of conduct involving a lack of good faith. The agreement stipulates that the Company will meet the full amount of any such liabilities, including legal fees.

Since the end of the previous financial year, the Group has paid insurance premiums in respect of Directors' and officers' liability and legal expenses insurance contracts. The insurance premiums relate to:

- legal costs and expenses incurred by the relevant officers in defending proceedings, whether civil or criminal and whatever their outcome; and
- other liabilities that may arise from their position, with the exception of conduct involving a wilful breach of duty or improper use of information or position to gain a personal advantage or to cause detriment to the Company.

The contract of insurance prohibits disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium.

INDEMNIFICATION OF AUDITOR

The Company has not, during or since the end of the financial year, indemnified or agreed to indemnify the auditor of the Company or any related entity against a liability incurred by the auditor.

During the financial year, the Company has not paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the auditor of the Company or any related entity.

PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF THE COMPANY

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or part of those proceedings.

AUDITOR INDEPENDENCE AND NON-AUDIT SERVICES

NON-AUDIT SERVICES

During the year, KPMG, the Group's auditor, has performed certain other services in addition to the audit and review of the consolidated financial statements.

The Board has considered the non-audit services provided during the year by the auditor of the Group, KPMG, and in accordance with written advice provided by resolution of the Audit and Risk Committee, is satisfied that the provision of those non-audit services during the year by the auditor is compatible with, and did not compromise, the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services were subject to the corporate governance procedures adopted by the Group and have been reviewed by the Audit and Risk Committee to ensure they do not impact the integrity and objectivity of the auditor; and
- the non-audit services provided do not undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, as they did not involve reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision-making capacity for the Group, acting as an advocate for the Group or jointly sharing risks and rewards.

Details of the amounts paid to KPMG and its network firms for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are outlined in note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

LEAD AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

The lead auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307c of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 90 and forms part of the Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

ROUNDING OF AMOUNTS

The Group is of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191 and in accordance with that instrument, amounts in the consolidated financial report and Directors' Report have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise stated.

REMUNERATION REPORT

The remuneration report on pages 74 to 89 forms part of this Director's Report.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

On behalf of the Board of Directors



Rob NewmanChief Executive Officer & Managing Director
16 August 2022

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MESSAGE FROM THE CHAIR OF THE PEOPLE, CULTURE AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Dear Shareholder,

On behalf of the Board, I am pleased to present my first Remuneration Report at Nearmap for the year ended 30 June 2022.

The year has presented many challenges to businesses globally with COVID-19 continuing to impact the way we live and work. The Nearmap Board is very proud of the Nearmap team who have remained focused and aligned to deliver strong business performance while maintaining a positive and safe work environment.

BUSINESS OUTCOME

As the world slowly re-opens, our business of delivering location intelligence to customers continued to grow. The Nearmap team delivered strong results during the year ended 30 June 2022 and achieved a significant milestone in North America as revenue surpassed the Australian business and continues to grow.

REMUNERATION

The People, Culture and Remuneration Committee (PCRC) supports the Group's remuneration strategy which aims to ensure market competitive remuneration across the geographies we operate to attract, retain and motivate employees. The Committee continued to focus on achieving remuneration outcomes that reward and retain talent, reflect business performance, and are aligned to the interests of our shareholders.

Global skill shortages, low unemployment and reduced global mobility have resulted in a continuing war for talent in both Australia and North America. This in turn has resulted in significant pressure on remuneration in the technology sector.

PEOPLE AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE ACTIVITIES AND DECISIONS IN DURING THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

PEOPLE MOVEMENT

- Andy Watt was promoted from Chief Financial Officer to Chief Growth and Operations Officer to help spearhead our revenue growth in Australia and North America.
- Penny Diamantakiou replaced Andy Watt and was appointed as Chief Financial Officer.
- In addition to my appointment further to Tracey Horton's resignation, David Baxby was also appointed Non-executive Director.

REMUNERATION

- In June last year, the Committee requested a market benchmarking against ASX listed technology companies in Australia by KPMG for our leadership team. As a result, fixed pay increases for a selection of KMP were approved to ensure competitive remuneration package commensurate with market and their roles.
- In April 2022, as approved in the last financial year, Nearmap implemented employer match 401(K) in the US, aligning us to local market practice and reflecting our employee value proposition.
- The STI payout to KMP for the year ended 30 June 2022 is based on Group Performance (60%) and Individual Performance (40%). The Group performance in IACV was delivered to 115.6% of management target which equates to a payout of 69.4% of the 60% Group performance entitlement.

The 2022 remuneration outcome for KMP is outlined in this report under pages 74 to 89.

The Board periodically reviews the level of fees paid to Non-executive Directors, including seeking external advice. The last external review was undertaken during the year ended 30 June 2019. In view of the current market condition, no changes to the fees will be made for FY23. We may review the fees in the next financial year.

SUMMARY

FY22 continued to present many challenges to our customers, governments, employees, and communities. On behalf of the PCRC, I would like to thank our employees for their hard work and dedication to the business. We encourage you to open a dialogue with us where you require clarification, and I look forward to meeting you.

Helen Souness

Chair

People, Culture and Remuneration Committee

REMUNERATION REPORT - AUDITED

INTRODUCTION

This remuneration report outlines the remuneration arrangements in place for Directors and Key Management Personnel (KMP) of Nearmap Ltd (the Company) and the consolidated entity (the Group) for the year ended 30 June 2022.

Contents:

- A. Key Management Personnel disclosed in this report
- B. Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration
- C. Details of remuneration
- D. Employment contracts
- E. Share-based compensation
- F. Transactions with Key Management Personnel
- G. Additional information
- H. Unissued ordinary shares

The information provided in this remuneration report has been audited as required by section 308(3C) of the *Corporations Act 2001* and forms part of the Directors' Report.

A. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSED IN THIS REPORT

KMP are the Directors and employees who have authority and responsibility for planning, directing, and controlling the activities of the Group, directly or indirectly, during the financial year. On that basis, the following roles and individuals are addressed in this report:

DIRECTORS

The following persons were Directors of the Company during the current financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

P James	Independent Non-executive Chairman
R Newman	Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director
T Horton	Independent Non-executive Director (resigned on 8 February 2022)
S Klose	Independent Non-executive Director
R Norgard	Non-executive Director
C Rosenberg	Independent Non-executive Director
D Baxby	Independent Non-executive Director (appointed on 1 December 2021)
H Souness	Independent Non-executive Director (appointed on 1 March 2022)

SENIOR EXECUTIVES CLASSIFIED AS KMP

The following persons were Senior executives classified as KMP of the Group during the current financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

A Watt	Chief Financial Officer (changed roles on 31 January 2021)
P Diamantakiou	Chief Financial Officer (appointed on 31 January 2021)

B. PRINCIPLES USED TO DETERMINE THE NATURE AND AMOUNT OF REMUNERATION

REMUNERATION PHILOSOPHY

The performance of the Group depends upon the quality of its people. To prosper, the Group must attract, motivate and retain highly skilled executives and employees in the geographies the Group operates in. To this end, the Group applies the following principles in its remuneration framework:

- Provide market competitive rewards in the relevant geographies to attract and retain talent;
- Maintain pay equity and the commitment to diversity and inclusion;
- Link rewards to shareholder value: and
- Establish appropriate, demanding performance hurdles in relation to variable remuneration.

During the year ended 30 June 2021, a comprehensive review of the Company's remuneration strategy and framework was conducted to ensure alignment to its 2025 strategy. This process aimed to ensure the Company's remuneration strategy supported the achievement of the Group's business strategy, and align shareholder, Board and management expectations with broader market conditions. No review was conducted in during the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

As part of this review, PwC was engaged to conduct market research on incentive practices for KMP and employees. PwC's report was provided to the Board. The report did not include provision of remuneration recommendations, as defined in the Corporations Act.

PEOPLE, CULTURE AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The People, Culture and Remuneration Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for determining and reviewing compensation arrangements for the Directors and the Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director and ensuring that the Board continues to operate within the established guidelines, including when necessary, selecting candidates for the position of Director. The Committee makes recommendations to the Board for the fixed and variable remuneration for the Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director, and reviews and recommends the overall Group variable remuneration framework to the Board. The Committee also reviews and endorses the Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director's recommendations for KMP remuneration packages.

The People, Culture and Remuneration Committee assesses the appropriateness of the nature and amount of remuneration of Directors and the Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director on a periodic basis by reference to relevant employment market conditions with the overall objective of ensuring maximum stakeholder benefit from the retention of a high-quality Board and executive team.

SECURITIES TRADING POLICY

A securities trading policy ("Trading Policy") has been adopted by the Board to provide guidance to Directors, employees of the Group, and other parties who may have access to price sensitive information, who may be contemplating dealing in the Company's securities or the securities of entities with whom the Group may have dealings.

The Trading Policy is designed to ensure that any trading in the Company's securities is in accordance with the law. Any non-compliance with the Trading Policy will be regarded as an act of serious misconduct. The Trading Policy is available on the Nearmap website at www.nearmap.com/au/en/investors/governance.

REMUNERATION STRUCTURE

In accordance with best practice corporate governance, the structure of Non-executive Director and KMP remuneration is separate and distinct.

(i) NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR REMUNERATION

Objective: The Board seeks to set aggregate remuneration at a level which provides the Company with the ability to attract and retain Directors of the highest calibre, while incurring a cost which is acceptable to shareholders.

Structure: Each Non-executive Director receives a fee for being a Director of the Company. The Constitution and the ASX Listing Rules specify that the aggregate remuneration of Non-executive Directors shall be determined from time to time by a general meeting. An amount not exceeding the amount determined is then divided between the Non-executive Directors as agreed. The latest determination was at the Annual General Meeting (AGM) held on 15 November 2018 when shareholders approved an aggregate remuneration of \$850,000 per year.

The Board periodically reviews the level of fees paid to Non-executive Directors, including seeking external advice. The last external review was undertaken during the year ended 30 June 2019 by Godfrey Remuneration to benchmark Non-executive Director remuneration and to consider the design and implementation of an equity plan. Following this review, it was agreed that an equity plan would not be put in place for Non-executive Directors and that the existing remuneration was adequate. A grant of Non-executive Director share options was last made during the year ended 30 June 2016.

During the year ended 30 June 2022, a one-off exertion fee of \$10,000 was paid to Mr James, Mr Baxby, Ms Souness and Ms Klose for additional exertion in relation to an internal project.

30 June 2022

Chairman	\$185,000
Non-executive Director	\$110,000 or \$120,000
Committee Chair	\$10,000

The current base Director fees per annum, including statutory superannuation, are:

(ii) KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL AND EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR REMUNERATION

Objective: The Group aims to reward executives with a level and mix of remuneration commensurate with their position and responsibilities within the Group in order to:

- Reward executives and individual performance against key performance indicators;
- Align the interests of executives with those of shareholders;
- Link reward with the strategic goals and performance of the Group; and
- Ensure total remuneration is competitive by market standards.

Structure: Remuneration typically consists of the following key elements:

- (1) Fixed remuneration
- (2) Variable remuneration, comprising:
 - Short-term incentive (STI); and
 - Long-term incentive (LTI).

(1) FIXED REMUNERATION

Objective: The level of fixed remuneration is set to provide a base level of remuneration which is both appropriate to the position and competitive in the market.

Fixed remuneration is reviewed annually by the People, Culture and Remuneration Committee. The process consists of a review of individual performance, comparative internal and market benchmark remuneration and, where appropriate, external advice on policies and practices.

Structure: Senior executives may receive their fixed (primary) remuneration in a variety of forms including cash and fringe benefits such as motor vehicles and expense payment plans. All senior executives opted to receive their fixed remuneration in cash for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

(2) VARIABLE REMUNERATION

Short term incentive (STI)

Objective: The objective of the STI program is to motivate and reward employees for achieving and exceeding the Group's operational targets. The total potential STI where available is set at a level to provide sufficient incentive to employees to achieve and exceed the operational targets at a cost to the Group that is reasonable in the circumstances.

Structure: Actual STI payments granted to each employee depend on the extent to which specific operating targets are met. The operational targets consist of a number of Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) covering individual and Group performance measures aligned to the short-term success of the business. The performance measures are set as follows:

- Group performance: 60% of the STI comprises of a Group Incremental Annualised Contract Value (IACV) target. The payout is scaled to the internal IACV target (FY22 IACV target: \$24.1m). Subject to meeting the gateway, outperformance results in higher than target payments (maximum payout of 150% of the 60%), while underperformance results in below target payments (target achievement of 75% or less results in nil payment).
- Individual performance: 40% of the STI comprises personal performance targets, typically including employee engagement, leadership/team contribution and functional specific deliverables.

STI payments are made, subject to Board discretion, if the relevant targets are achieved and subject to the KMP not serving notice at the time of the Board's approval. If the targets are not achieved, then any STI payment is discretionary and will only be made if the Board deems that the KMP has demonstrated exceptional performance in meeting other objectives.

The amount of annual STI payments available for employees across the Group is subject to the approval of the Board, on the recommendation of the People, Culture and Remuneration Committee. Payments made are usually delivered as a cash bonus paid after the release of the audited consolidated financial statements.

Long term incentive (LTI)

Objective: The objective of the LTI plan is to reward employees in a manner which aligns this element of remuneration with the creation of shareholder wealth.

Structure: There are three components to the LTI granted to KMP: a share option grant upon hiring, an annual share option grant thereafter, and a retention share option grant that was granted as a one-off during the course of the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

- (1) **New hire award**: options are granted to KMP upon becoming an executive of the Group. One-off LTI grants to new executives are delivered in the form of options with the amount for the Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director recommended by the People, Culture and Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board, and for other executive KMP by the Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director with endorsement by the People, Culture and Remuneration Committee. Consideration is given to:
 - The seniority of the relevant Eligible Person and the position the Eligible Person occupies within the Group;
 - The potential contribution of the Eligible Person to the growth of the Group; and
 - Any other matters which the Board considers relevant.

One-off LTI grants to new executives granted subsequent to 1 July 2017 are granted based on the closing share price on the grant date and vest in equal tranches over 3 years. Vesting is subject to the executive continuing in employment or service until the tranches vest. See Section E of the remuneration report for further details.

(2) Annual award: executives are entitled to an annual award, set at 40% of total remuneration, and subject to a total shareholder return (TSR) growth performance vesting condition and to the executive continuing in employment or service until the vesting date. TSR is a measure of the increase in the price of a share (assuming dividends are reinvested). The number of options that will vest (and become exercisable) at the vesting date will be determined by reference to the achievement of a percentage of the Group's compound annual growth rate (CAGR) in TSR over the period commencing on the grant date and ending on the vesting date, as follows:

Options issued before 30 June 2021

Options issued after 1 July 2021

CAGR % achieved	% of Options which will vest	CAGR % achieved	% of Options which will vest
<15%	-	10%	25%
15%	50%	11%	33%
16%	60%	12%	40%
17%	70%	13%	48%
18%	80%	14%	55%
19%	90%	15%	63%
20%	100%	16%	70%
		17%	78%
		18%	85%
		19%	93%
		20%	100%

Options are issued with a strike price based on the five-day volume weighted average price of the Company's shares as traded on the ASX over the five trading days prior to the date of the annual general meeting. Options vest 36 months from the date of grant and expire 48 months after the date of grant.

(3) **Retention award**: due to recent volatility in the Group's share price and the overall market performance, a retention award was issued to executives who were issued an annual grant in November 2018 and which did not vest in November 2021 (except the Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director), to remunerate them on the Group's otherwise good performance as measured internally. The grant was issued with two alternative vesting conditions being a TSR hurdle (market condition) or an ACV growth (non-market condition) and will vest in three equal tranches over 3 years. The number of options that will vest (and become exercisable) at the vesting dates will be determined by reference to achievement of the higher of the ACV growth or TSR for the financial years ending 30 June 2022, 2023, and 2024 with the underlying annual service period starting on 19 November 2021 and finishing on 18 November 2022, 2023, and 2024, as follows:

Higher of ACV growth and TSR % achieved

% of Options which will vest

10%	50%
11%	55%
12%	60%
13%	65%
14%	70%
15%	75%
16%	80%
17%	85%
18%	90%
19%	95%
20%	100%

An employee loan scheme arrangement exists should an employee elect to apply for a loan on exercise of vested options, which may be granted at the discretion of the Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director. Refer to Sections E and F for limited recourse loans.

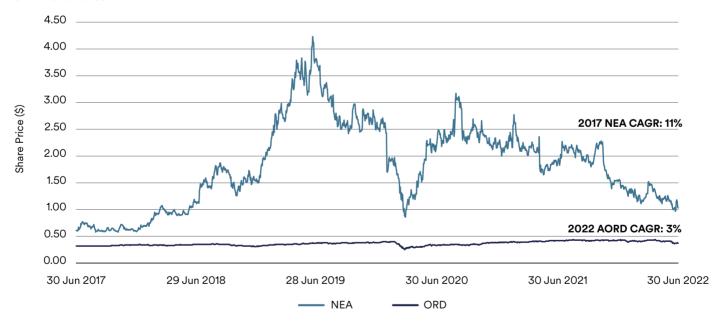
(iii) GROUP PERFORMANCE

The overall level of executive reward takes into account the technology commercialisation nature of the business and realistic timeframes for generating profits. In particular, executive rewards recognise the commercialisation of the Nearmap business and future shareholder wealth contained therein and the progress that has been made in unlocking value to date.

In considering the Group's performance and benefits for shareholder wealth, the People, Culture and Remuneration Committee has given regard to the following indices over the last 5 financial years:

	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000	2018 \$'000
ACV	167,626	128,210	106,437	90,240	66,234
Total revenue and other income	146,754	114,482	97,513	79,375	54,140
EBITDA (earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation)	16,627	24,309	9,071	15,484	4,856
Change in share price (in \$)	(0.93)	(0.39)	(1.53)	2.64	0.53

The graph below shows the Company's closing share price since 30 June 2017 and the relative performance against the ASX All Ordinaries.



C. DETAILS OF REMUNERATION

Performance for the year ended 30 June 2022 is reflected in the outcome of the variable components of the remuneration framework:

- Group performance: Group IACV was delivered to 131.2% of management target which, based on the tiered earnings schedule, means that KMP are entitled to a payout of 115.6% of their group performance target.
- Individual performance: The People, Culture and Remuneration Committee review the Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director's performance against the individual performance criteria set at the start of the year and review and endorse the Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director's recommendations relating to KMP performance against individual targets.
- The Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director's individual performance criteria for FY22 included targets associated with setting the 2025 strategy, to design and align the operating model and develop a high functioning Executive Leadership team to deliver this strategy. The Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director was assessed to have achieved 90% of his KPIs in FY22.
- STI payout percentages to Directors and KMP are shown below:

	Group Targe	tIACV	Individual Ta Functional Sp	•	Sub-Tot	al		
	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Discretionary	TOTAL
DIRECTORS								
R Newman	60%	69.4%	40%	36%	100%	105.4%	_	105.4%
OTHER KEY MANA	GEMENT PERSO	ONNEL						
P Diamantakiou	60%	69.4%	40%	40%	100%	109.4%	_	109.4%
A Watt	60%	69.4%	40%	36%	100%	105.4%	_	105.4%

LTI grants were awarded to the Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director and other KMP as follows:

- Dr Newman received a grant of 749,274 market-priced share options vesting in three years, as approved at the Company AGM on 11 November 2021 (executive annual award);
- Mr Watt received grants of 510,078 and 1,000,000 market-priced option on 11 November 2021 and 19 November 2021 respectively, vesting in three years (executive annual award and retention award); and
- Ms Diamantakiou received a grant of 400,000 market-priced options on 31 January 2022, vesting in equal tranches over 3 years (executive new hire award).

GRANT STATUTORY REMUNERATION TABLES

The following table of KMP remuneration has been prepared in accordance with accounting standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) requirements.

		Short	Short-Term		Term	Post-Emp	loyment	/ment	
		Salary & Fees ¹	Cash Bonus	Long Service Leave ²	Super- annuation	Termin- ation Benefits	Share- Based Payment Options ³	Total	Percentage Perfor- mance Related ⁵
NON-EXECUTIVE	DIRECTORS	3							
P James	2022	168,182	_	_	16,818	-	-	185,000	_
P James	2021	146,499	-	-	13,917	-	-	160,416	-
T Horton ⁶	2022	72,500	_	_	_	_	-	72,500	_
T Horton	2021	100,457	_	_	9,543	_	_	110,000	_
S Klose	2022	118,182	_	_	11,818	-	-	130,000	_
S Klose	2021	100,457	_	_	9,543	_	_	110,000	_
R Norgard	2022	100,000	_	_	10,000	_	-	110,000	_
R Norgard	2021	92,085	_	_	8,748	_	_	100,833	_
C Rosenberg ⁴	2022	110,000	_	_	_	-	-	110,000	_
C Rosenberg	2021	100,833	_	_	_	_	_	100,833	_
D Baxby ^{4,7}	2022	80,000	_	_	_	_	_	80,000	_
H Souness ⁷	2022	45,455	_	_	4,545	_	_	50,000	_
EXECUTIVE DIREC	CTOR								
R Newman	2022	628,300	343,443	6,594	23,568	-	600,739	1,602,645	59%
R Newman	2021	559,167	355,894	21,477	21,964	_	596,661	1,555,163	53%

- 1. Salary includes annual leave and any exertion fees. All Non-executive Director and Executive Director fees were reduced by 25% for a period of 6 months, effective 1 May 2020 until 30 October 2020 due to COVID-19.
- 2. Relates to long service leave accrued during the year with a negative balance representing an overall reduction in the employee leave provision compared to prior year.
- 3. Share-based payments (AASB 2) accounting value determined at grant date, recognised over the related vesting periods. The amount included as remuneration is not related to or indicative of the benefit (if any) that the individual KMP may ultimately realise should the equity instruments vest. The notional value of options as at the date of their grant has been determined in accordance with the accounting policy in note 5 to the consolidated financial statements. The balance also includes fringe-benefit tax incurred by the Group in granting limited recourse loans, where applicable.
- 4. Mr Rosenberg and Mr Baxby elected to have their remuneration remitted through management companies. Total fees remitted were inclusive of superannuation guarantee contributions.
- 5. Performance related remuneration comprises short-term cash bonuses together with share-based payments which are subject to Total Shareholder Return vesting conditions.
- 6. Ms Horton resigned as Non-executive Director on 8 February 2022. The remuneration for Ms Horton reflects her time in Non-executive Director role.
- 7. Mr Baxby and Ms Souness were appointed as Non-executive Directors on 1 December 2022 and 1 March 2022, respectively. The remuneration for these Non-executive Directors reflects their time in Non-executive Director roles.

ASX Listing Rule 10.17 states that 'Directors' fees' constitutes fees, including superannuation, but excluding securities issued. The total Directors' fees paid to Non-executive Directors during the year ended 30 June 2022, excluding share-based payments, was \$737,500 which is within the amount determined at the AGM on 15 November 2018.

	_	Short-Term		Long-Term	Long-Term Post-Employment				
		Salary & Fees ¹	Cash Bonus	Long Service Leave ²	Super- annuation	Termin- ation Benefits	Share- Based Payment Options ³	Total	Percentage Perfor- mance Related ⁴
OTHER KEY MAN	IAGEMENT P	ERSONNEL							
P Diamantakiou ⁵	2022	172,460	100,756	54	11,784	-	63,414	348,468	29%
A Watt ⁶	2022	245,117	136,385	12,303	15,286	_	317,060	726,151	63%
A Watt	2021	317,333	217,341	5,741	21,694	_	276,307	838,416	59%

- 1. Salary includes annual leave. All KMP salary and fees were reduced by 20% for a period of 6 months, effective 1 May 2021 until 30 October 2021 due to COVID-19.
- 2. Relates to long service leave accrued during the year with a negative balance representing an overall reduction in the employee leave provision compared to prior year.
- 3. AASB 2 accounting value determined at grant date, recognised over the related vesting periods. The amount included as remuneration is not related to or indicative of the benefit (if any) that the individual KMP may ultimately realise should the equity instruments vest. The notional value of options as at the date of their grant has been determined in accordance with the accounting policy in note 5 to the consolidated financial statements. The balance also includes fringe-benefit tax incurred by the Group in granting limited recourse loans, where applicable.
- 4. Performance related remuneration comprises short-term cash bonuses together with share-based payments which are subject to Total Shareholder Return or ACV vesting conditions.
- 5. Ms Diamantakiou commenced on 31 January 2022. The remuneration for Ms Diamantakiou reflects her time in the KMP role.
- 6. Mr Watt resigned from his Chief Financial Officer role and was appointed as Chief Growth and Operations Officer on 31 January 2022. The remuneration for Mr Watt reflects his time in the KMP role.

The table below outlines each KMP's awarded remuneration and received remuneration for the financial year ending 30 June 2022. It is a voluntary disclosure by management that differs from required statutory disclosures presented in the tables above which are prepared in accordance with the relevant accounting standards. This information is presented as the Group believes it provides further clarity on each KMP's remuneration.

			Remuneration	on awarded	Rem	nuneration recei	ved
	Year	Current year remuner- ation ¹	Deferred equity incentive granted during the financial year ²	Total remuner- ation awarded ³	Prior years' deferred equity incentive vested during the financial year4	Equity growth⁵	Total remuner- ation received ⁶
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR							
R Newman	2022	995,311	651,868	1,647,179	_	_	995,311
R Newman	2021	936,755	631,694	1,568,449	232,543	1,405,455	2,574,753
OTHER KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL							
P Diamantakiou	2022	285,000	238,497	523,497	_	-	285,000
A Watt	2022	396,788	1,227,204	1,623,992	_	_	396,788
A Watt	2021	556,368	361,695	918,063	138,631	837,868	1,532,867

- 1. Current year remuneration includes salary and fees, cash bonus, superannuation, and termination benefits. Current year remuneration does not include the value related to long service leave entitlement.
- 2. Deferred equity incentive granted during the financial year reflects the face value at the grant date of the instruments granted.
- 3. Total remuneration awarded includes current year remuneration and deferred equity incentive granted during the financial year.
- 4. Prior years' deferred equity incentive vested during the financial year represents the fair value, determined in accordance with AASB 2, of options granted in previous financial years for which the KMP have met the vesting conditions during the financial year. Where no options have vested, or options have vested but exercise price is higher than share price on vesting date, the value disclosed is nil.
- 5. Equity growth is calculated as the total market value of the vested options on vesting date (based on the 5-day VWAP of share price as at that date), less total exercise price payable, less the value disclosed in column "prior years' deferred equity incentive vested during the financial year". This value may differ from the equity growth as at 30 June 2022.
- 6. Total remuneration received includes current year remuneration, prior years' deferred equity incentive vested during the financial year, and equity growth.

The overall KMP fixed and variable remuneration framework is established by the People, Culture and Remuneration Committee. The proportion of fixed and potential at risk components for the KMP as a percentage of potential target total annual remuneration for the year ended 30 June 2022, is shown below:

	Salaries and Benefits	At Risk – LTI ¹	At Risk – STI
NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS			
P James	100%	_	_
T Horton	100%	_	_
S Klose	100%	_	_
R Norgard	100%	_	_
C Rosenberg	100%	_	_
D Baxby	100%	_	-
H Souness	100%	_	_
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR			
R Newman	40%	40%	20%
OTHER KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL			
P Diamantakiou	40%	40%	20%
A Watt	40%	40%	20%

^{1.} Annual LTI awards have performance related vesting conditions. See Section B for further detail on the remuneration structure of Directors and KMP.

D. EMPLOYMENT CONTRACTS

All executive employees and KMP are employed under contract. All executives have ongoing contracts and as such only have commencement dates and no expiry dates. Details of KMP contracts as at 30 June 2022 are:

Name	Notice Period for Termination
R Newman	6 months
P Diamantakiou	3 months

On resignation any unvested options are forfeited. Limited recourse loans (LRLs) may be granted to KMP in respect to vested options. If an employee ceases to be employed by the Group (including by way of resignation, retirement, dismissal, etc) and has an outstanding LRL, the employee may elect to have the Company sell the loan shares and apply the net proceeds of the sale in repayment of the loan or repay the outstanding amount on the loan. This determination must generally be made within one month of the date of ceased employment.

The Group may terminate an employment agreement by providing the respective written notice period or provide payment in lieu of the notice period (based on the fixed component of remuneration). On such termination by the Group, any LTI options that have vested, or will vest during the notice period will be required to be exercised within 180 days from termination date or the options expiry date if earlier. LTI options that have not yet vested will be forfeited.

The Group may terminate an employment contract at any time without notice if serious misconduct has occurred. Where termination with cause occurs, the employee is only entitled to that portion of remuneration, which is fixed, and only up to the date of termination. On termination with cause, any unvested options will immediately be forfeited.

There are no formal contracts between the Company and Non-executive Directors in relation to remuneration other than the letter of appointment that stipulates the remuneration as at the commencement date.

E. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

OPTIONS

A share option incentive scheme, the Nearmap Employee Share Option Plan (ESOP), has been established whereby Directors and certain employees of the Group may be issued options over ordinary shares of the Company.

In Australia, up until 30 June 2017, options were issued for nil consideration at an exercise price calculated with reference to prevailing market prices and a 43% premium in accordance with performance guidelines established by the Directors of the Company. From 1 July 2017, all options issued are for nil consideration at an exercise price calculated with reference to prevailing market prices. In the United States (US), options are issued for nil consideration at an exercise price calculated with reference to the prevailing market price. The options are usually issued with a term of four years and are exercisable on various dates within four years from grant date.

The grants are either issued for 4 years:

- (i) with TSR growth performance vesting conditions and are exercisable after three years (annual grant); or
- (ii) without any performance vesting conditions, usually exercisable in two or three equal annual tranches when vested (new hire grant); or
- (iii) alternative TSR growth performance or Annualised Contract Value (ACV) growth performance vesting conditions, exercisable in three equal tranches (retention grant).

The options only vest under certain conditions, principally centred on the employee still being employed at the time of vesting (that is, once the service has been satisfied), or specified performance hurdles being achieved to determine vesting. The options cannot be transferred without the approval of the Company's Board and are not quoted on the ASX. As a result, plan participants may not enter into any transaction designed to remove the "at risk" aspect of an option before it is exercised.

Refer to the tables later in this section for details of the options that were issued to KMP during the year ended 30 June 2022.

LIMITED RECOURSE LOANS (LRLS)

The Nearmap ESOP includes an Employee Loan Scheme that permits the Company to grant financial assistance to Australia-based employees by way of LRLs to enable them to exercise and acquire shares. Interest on the loans is payable by KMP at loan maturity and accrues daily. The Company determines the rate of interest applicable to LRLs (currently the cash rate set by the Reserve Bank of Australia plus 20 basis points). Loans are repayable four years after the issue date subject to the total share value being greater than the loan's principal plus accrued interest.

For accounting purposes, the granting of the LRL is considered to be a modification to the existing option. Any increase in the fair value of the option is recognised as an expense immediately at the date the limited recourse loan is granted.

If the employee fails to repay the loan, Nearmap takes security over the option shares and can sell some or all of the shares to repay the loan. In the event that the shares are sold for an amount less than the amount of the loan and any interest, the employee is only required to repay the loan and any interest to the amount of the sale proceeds. The Company has no other recourse against the employee.

The Group has granted an extension of 12 months for the LRLs with a maturity date in the calendar years 2022 and 2023.

COMPENSATION OPTIONS

(i) GRANTS MADE PRIOR TO 30 JUNE 2017

Each option entitles the holder to subscribe to one fully paid ordinary share in the Company at an exercise price determined at a 43% premium to the market price of the shares on the date of grant (Australia) or with reference to the prevailing market price on grant date (US). When an individual is granted an LRL to exercise their option, the effect is to extend the life of the original option. The exercise price includes interest accrued.

(ii) GRANTS MADE AFTER 30 JUNE 2017

Each option entitles the holder to subscribe to one fully paid ordinary share in the Company at an exercise price determined with reference to the market price of the shares on the date of grant. When an individual is granted an LRL to exercise their option, the effect is to extend the life of the original option. The exercise price includes interest accrued.

Exercise

Details on unvested options over ordinary shares in the Company that were granted as compensation to each KMP during the financial year, lapsed or forfeited by KMP during the financial year, and vested during the financial year are as follows:

Year Ended 30 June 2022	Unvested Balance at 1 July	Granted During the Period	Lapsed or Forfeited During the Period	Vested During the Period	Unvested Balance at 30 June	Grant Date	Value per Option/ Share at Grant Date ¹ \$	Price per Share (Options)/ Current Price per Share (Loans)	Vesting Date	Expiry Date
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR										
R Newman										
Options	556,009	_	556,009	_	_	Nov 18	0.4910	1.60	Nov 21	Nov 22
Options	812,101	_	_	_	812,101	Nov 19	0.7770	2.48	Nov 22	Nov 23
Options	687,371	_	_	_	687,371	Nov 20	0.9190	2.51	Nov 23	Nov 24
- Options	_	749,274	_	_	749,274	Nov 21	0.8700	2.23	Nov 24	Nov 25
OTHER KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL										
P Diamantakiou										
Options	_	133,333	-	-	133,333	Feb 22	0.5634	1.34	Jan 23	Jan 26
Options	_	133,333	-	-	133,333	Feb 22	0.5967	1.34	Jan 24	Jan 26
- Options	_	133,334	_	_	133,334	Feb 22	0.6287	1.34	Jan 25	Jan 26
A Watt										
Options	346,774	_	346,774	-	_	Dec 18	0.4910	1.60	Nov 21	Nov 22
Options	464,611	_	-	-	464,611	Nov 19	0.7770	2.48	Nov 22	Nov 23
Options	393,574	_	-	_	393,574	Nov 20	0.9190	2.51	Nov 23	Nov 24
Options	_	510,078	-	_	510,078	Nov 21	0.8700	2.23	Nov 24	Nov 25
Options	_	333,333	-	_	333,333	Nov 21	0.7465	1.76	Nov 22	Nov 26
Options	_	333,333	-	_	333,333	Nov 21	0.7906	1.76	Nov 23	Nov 26
- Options	-	333,334	_	-	333,334	Nov 21	0.8133	1.76	Nov 24	Nov 26

^{1.} AASB 2 accounting value determined at grant date.

All unvested options expire on the earlier of their expiry date or termination of the individual's employment. In addition to a continuing employment service condition, vesting of the annual executive grant and retention grant is conditional on the Group achieving certain performance hurdles. Details of the performance criteria are included in the long-term incentives section on pages 77 to 79.

F. TRANSACTIONS WITH KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

OPTIONS OVER SHARES HELD IN THE COMPANY

The movement during the financial year by number of options on ordinary shares held directly or indirectly by each KMP is as follows:

Year Ended 30 June 2022	Balance at 1 July	Granted as Compen- sation	Exercised	Value Exercised ¹ \$	Forfeited	Balance at 30 June	Vested During the Year	Vested and Exercisable at 30 June 22
EXECUTIVE DIREC	CTORS							
R Newman	2,055,481	749,274	_	_	556,009	2,248,746	_	_
OTHER KEY MAN	AGEMENT PER	SONNEL						
P Diamantakiou	_	400,000	_	_	_	400,000	_	_
A Watt	1,204,959	1,510,078	_	_	346,774	2,368,263	_	_

^{1.} Value determined based on the share price at exercise date less exercise price.

LOAN SHARES HELD IN THE COMPANY

The shares held in the Company include loan shares as follows:

Year Ended 30 June 2022	Balance at 1 July	Exercise of Options	Net Other Change	Balance at 30 June	Balance Held Nominally
EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS					
R Newman ^{1,2}	4,000,000	_	(1,000,000)	3,000,000	3,000,000
OTHER KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL					
A Watt	2,500,000	_		2,500,000	2,500,000

^{1.} During the year ended 30 June 2022, LRLs relating to 1,000,000 shares were repaid, releasing the shares from holding lock.

FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE UNDER THE EMPLOYEE SHARE OPTION PLAN

There were no LRLs advanced to KMP during the year ended 30 June 2022 (30 June 2021: nil). Interest on the loans during the period has been accrued at a rate of between 0.30% and 1.05%. The loans are not recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position.

^{2.} On 15 February 2022, the Board resolved those loans approved under the Plan relating to Mr. Newman amounting to \$2,680,000 with a maturity date in the calendar years 2022 and 2023 to be extended by a further twelve (12) months.

SHARES HELD IN THE COMPANY

During the year ended 30 June 2022, the number of shares held by KMP changed per the table below. This includes the issue of shares following the exercise of options previously granted as compensation, if applicable.

Year Ended 30 June 2022	Balance at 1 July 21	Exercise of Options	Amount Paid/ Option \$	Shares Purchased	Shares Granted ¹	Shares Sold	Balance at 30 June 22	Balance Held Nominally
DIRECTORS								
P James	2,070,468	_	_	80,700	_	(488,155)	1,663,013	1,663,013
R Newman	10,546,951	_	_	_	_	_	10,546,951	10,546,951
T Horton	24,347	_	_	_	_	_	24,347	24,347
S Klose	113,043	_	_	_	-	_	113,043	113,043
R Norgard	24,573,918	_	_	_	_	_	24,573,918	24,533,918
C Rosenberg	3,214,043	_	_	-	_	_	3,214,043	3,214,043
D Baxby	100,000	_	_	_	_	_	100,000	100,000
H Souness	_	_	_	24,450	_	_	24,450	24,450
OTHER KEY MAN	AGEMENT PER	SONNEL						
A Watt	2,508,456	-	-	_	_	_	2,508,456	2,508,456
P Diamantakiou	_	-	-	8,906	-	_	8,906	8,906

^{1.} Shares granted as part of the Employee Matching Share Scheme. For further information, refer to note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

There are no amounts unpaid on the shares as a result of the exercise of the options in the year ended 30 June 2022 outside of the LRL granted to KMP, as outlined previously.

G. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The Group has applied the fair value measurement provisions of AASB 2 Share-based Payment for all options and restricted stock units (RSUs) granted to Directors and employees. The fair value of such grants is being amortised and disclosed as part of Director and employee remuneration on a straight-line basis over the vesting period. The fair value of executive option plans at grant date is determined using a Black-Scholes or Monte Carlo option pricing model depending on the terms and conditions of each option, that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the vesting and performance criteria, the impact of dilution, the non-tradeable nature of the option, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk-free interest rate for the term of the option. Refer to note 5 of the consolidated financial statements.

H. UNISSUED ORDINARY SHARES

All unissued ordinary shares of the Company (relating to KMP and other personnel) as at 30 June 2022 are listed below:

Grant Date	Туре	Expiry Date of Options	Exercise Price of Options	Unissued Shares
ESOP				
Jul 18	Options	Jul 22	\$1.12	100,000
Oct 18	Options	Oct 22	\$1.65	360,000
Oct 19	Options	Oct 23	\$2.97	200,000
Nov 19	Options	Nov 23	\$2.48	3,114,204
Nov 20	Options	Nov 24	\$2.51	2,255,137
Nov 21	Options	Nov 25	\$2.23	2,598,576
Nov 21	Options	Nov 26	\$1.76	3,500,000
Feb 22	Options	Jan 26	\$1.34	400,000
LTI				
Oct 19	Options	Oct 23	\$2.58	727,217
Oct 19	RSUs	_	-	52,294
Jan 20	RSUs	_	-	1,362
Apr 20	RSUs	_	_	745
Jul 20	Options	Jul 24	\$2.16	565,375
Jul 20	RSUs	_	-	241,965
Dec 20	RSUs	_	_	3,438
Jan 21	RSUs	_	_	13,970
Apr 21	Options	Jul 24	\$2.21	187,859
Apr 21	RSUs	_	_	2,885
Jul 21	RSUs	_	_	1,844,250
Jan 22	RSUs	_	_	521,008
Apr 22	RSUs	_	_	70,989
				16,761,274

THIS IS THE END OF THE AUDITED REMUNERATION REPORT.

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION



Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

To the Directors of Nearmap Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit of Nearmap Limited for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 there have been:

- no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- ii. no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

KPMG

KPMG

Casinder Toouli

Caoimhe Toouli

Partner

Sydney

16 August 2022

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

		30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000
Revenue		145,950	113,431
Other income ¹		804	1,051
Total revenue and other income	3	146,754	114,482
Employee benefits expense	4	(80,434)	(58,629)
Amortisation	12	(40,669)	(35,648)
Depreciation	13	(9,460)	(9,464)
Other operational expenses	4	(49,334)	(31,007)
Total expenses		(179,897)	(134,748)
Operating loss		(33,143)	(20,266)
Net finance costs ¹	6	(259)	(2,189)
Loss before tax		(33,402)	(22,455)
Income tax benefit	7	2,607	3,635
Loss after tax for the year attributable to the owners of Nearmap Ltd		(30,795)	(18,820)
Other comprehensive income			
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss:			
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		1,427	(413)
Fair value gain on cash flow hedges, net of tax		160	20
Transfer of hedging (loss)/gains to the consolidated statement of profit or loss, net of tax		(20)	670
Other comprehensive income for the year		1,567	277
Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the owners of Nearmap Ltd		(29,228)	(18,543)
Loss per share			
Basic loss per share for the year (cents per share)	15	(6.20)	(3.88)
Diluted loss per share for the year (cents per share)	15	(6.20)	(3.88)

^{1.} Net finance costs exclude finance income which is presented within other income.

The above consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the notes to the consolidated financial statements on pages 96 to 138.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 30 JUNE 2022

		30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	18	93,699	123,431
Trade receivables	9	37,761	23,855
Other current receivables	16	3,453	5,485
Prepayments and other current assets		7,372	6,260
Current tax receivable		_	147
Total current assets		142,285	159,178
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	13	23,010	25,095
Intangible assets	12	66,380	49,269
Deferred tax assets	7	10,253	5,767
Other non-current receivables	16	390	370
Total non-current assets		100,033	80,501
Total assets		242,318	239,679
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables		10,714	7,612
Unearned revenue	3	74,122	55,837
Employee benefits		15,647	11,775
Lease liabilities	10	4,072	4,681
Other current liabilities		_	38
Current tax liability		158	_
Total current liabilities		104,713	79,943
Non-current liabilities			
Unearned revenue	3	1,338	945
Deferred tax liabilities	7	8,565	8,240
Employee benefits		619	602
Lease liabilities	10	1,861	5,145
Other non-current liabilities	14	2,245	2,150
Total non-current liabilities		14,628	17,082
Total liabilities		119,341	97,025
Net assets		122,977	142,654
Equity			
Contributed equity	8	226,136	224,192
Reserves		35,280	26,106
Profits reserve		7,078	7,078
Accumulated losses		(145,517)	(114,722)
Total equity		122,977	142,654

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the notes to the consolidated financial statements on pages 96 to 138.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

		30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers		158,670	123,764
Payments to suppliers and employees		(135,549)	(92,336)
Interest received		705	187
Other receipts		_	_
Income taxes paid		(607)	(571)
Net cash from operating activities	17	23,219	31,044
Cash flows from investing activities			
Investment in fixed-term deposits		_	(2,356)
Purchase of plant and equipment		(6,836)	(1,924)
Payments for development costs		(16,292)	(11,848)
Payments for capture costs		(28,174)	(20,024)
Proceeds from sale of plant and equipment		_	_
Proceeds from sale of unlisted investments		146	514
Net cash used in investing activities		(51,156)	(35,638)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from share offer, net of transaction costs		-	92,728
Proceeds from exercise of share options		1,599	2,908
Proceeds from repayment of share option loans		582	1,078
Payments for treasury shares		(238)	_
Payments for lease liabilities ¹	10	(4,886)	(4,658)
Net cash flows from financing activities		(2,943)	92,056
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(30,880)	87,462
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		123,431	36,140
Effect of movement of exchange rates on cash held		1,148	(171)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	18	93,699	123,431

^{1.} The Group has classified cash payments for the principal portion and the interest portion of lease payments as financing activities.

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the notes to the consolidated financial statements on pages 96 to 138.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

		Contributed Equity	Accumulated Losses	Profits Reserve	Share-Based Payments Reserve	Other Reserves	Total Equity
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
At 1 July 2021		224,192	(114,722)	7,078	26,825	(719)	142,654
Loss for the year		_	(30,795)	_	_	_	(30,795)
Other comprehensive income:							
Fair value loss on cash flow hedges (net of tax)		_	_	-	_	160	160
Transfer of hedging gains to the consolidated statement of profit or loss (net of tax)		_	_	_	-	(20)	(20)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		_	_	_	_	1,427	1,427
Total comprehensive loss for the year		_	(30,795)	_	_	1,567	(29,228)
Transactions with owners of the Company:							
Share options exercised	8	1,600	_	_	_	_	1,600
Repayment of share option loans	8	582	_	_	_	_	582
Share-based payment expense	5	_	_	_	7,607	_	7,607
Treasury shares acquired	8	(238)	_	_	_	_	(238)
At 30 June 2022		226,136	(145,517)	7,078	34,432	848	122,977

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the notes to the consolidated financial statements on pages 96 to 138.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		Contributed Equity	Accumulated Losses	Profits Reserve	Share-Based Payments Reserve	Other Reserves	Total Equity
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
At 1 July 2020		126,577	(95,962)	7,078	20,051	(996)	56,748
Loss for the year		-	(18,820)	_	_	_	(18,820)
Other comprehensive income:							
Fair value loss on cash flow hedges (net of tax)		_	_	_	_	20	20
Transfer of hedging losses to the consolidated statement of profit or loss (net of tax)		_	_	_	_	670	670
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		_	_	_	_	(413)	(413)
Total comprehensive loss for the year		_	(18,820)	_	_	277	(18,543)
Transactions with owners of the Company:							
Share issue	8	93,475	_	_	_	_	93,475
Share options exercised	8	2,908	_	_	_	-	2,908
Repayment of share option loans	8	1,078	_	_	_	_	1,078
Share-based payment expense	5	-	_	_	6,988	_	6,988
Treasury shares transferred to employees	8	154	60	_	(214)	_	_
At 30 June 2021		224,192	(114,722)	7,078	26,825	(719)	142,654

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the notes to the consolidated financial statements on pages 96 to 138.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

The notes include information which is required to understand the consolidated financial statements and is material and relevant to the financial position and performance of the Group. The notes are organised into the following sections:

A. BASIS OF PREPARATION

IN THIS SECTION

This section sets out the basis upon which the Group's consolidated financial statements are prepared as a whole. Specific accounting policies are described in their respective notes to the consolidated financial statements. This section also shows information on new accounting standards, amendments and interpretations, and whether they are effective in the year ended 30 June 2022 or later years. We explain how these changes are expected to impact the financial position and performance of the Group.

1. REPORTING ENTITY

Nearmap Ltd (the "Company") is a for-profit company domiciled in Australia. These consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group"). The Company's registered office is at Level 4, Tower One, International Towers 100 Barangaroo Avenue, Barangaroo NSW 2000.

The principal activity of the Group during the course of the financial year was the provision of cloud-based geospatial information services and location intelligence content. The Group conducts aerial surveys capturing wide-scale urban areas in Australia, New Zealand and North America, providing location intelligence insights to a diverse range of businesses and government organisations via subscription through its 100% owned subsidiaries, Nearmap Australia Pty Ltd and Nearmap US Inc.

GOING CONCERN BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Group has recognised a net loss after tax of \$30,795 thousand for the year ended 30 June 2022. As at that date, the Group has no external debt, \$93,699 thousand of cash and cash equivalent, current assets exceed current liabilities by \$37,572 thousand and net operating cash inflows of \$23,219 thousand.

The Group's current liabilities as at 30 June 2022 include unearned revenue of \$74,122 thousand (30 June 2021: \$55,837 thousand). Unearned revenue includes revenue received in advance which has been deferred in the consolidated statement of financial position until the service is performed. These liabilities are expected to be settled without a corresponding cash outflow. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes the Group will continue its operations and be able to meet its obligations as and when they become due and payable. This assumption is based on the Group's ability to meet its future cash flow requirements based on the Group's cash flow forecast and existing cash reserves held as at 30 June 2022.

These consolidated financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on Tuesday, 16 August 2022.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These consolidated financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001.* The consolidated financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and Interpretations (IFRICs) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for derivative financial instruments and share-based payments, which are respectively measured at fair value in accordance with AASB 9 Financial Instruments and AASB 2 Share-based Payment.

FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is Nearmap Ltd's functional and presentation currency.

ROUNDING OF AMOUNTS

The Company is of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191 and in accordance with that instrument, amounts in the consolidated financial statements and Directors' Report have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise stated.

PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements incorporate all assets, liabilities and results of the Company and its subsidiaries. Subsidiaries are all those entities over which the Group has control. The Company controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The assets, liabilities and results of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences, until the date that control ceases. Where the Company ceases to have control of a subsidiary, it derecognises the assets, liabilities and other components of equity of the subsidiary. Any resulting gain or loss is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. Any interest retained in the former subsidiary is measured at fair value when control is lost.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, all intercompany balances and transactions, income and expenses, and profit and losses resulting from intra-group transactions have been eliminated.

FOREIGN CURRENCIES

FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS

Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in the functional currency at the exchange rates ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate as at the date of the initial transaction. Foreign currency differences are generally recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. However, foreign currency differences arising from the translation of qualifying cash flow hedges (to the extent that the hedges are effective) and foreign currency differences arising from monetary items that in substance form part of the net investment in the foreign operations are recognised in other reserves in other comprehensive income (OCI).

FOREIGN OPERATIONS

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into Australian dollars at the exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated into Australian dollars at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign currency differences are recognised in OCI and presented in the foreign currency translation reserve (FCTR) included in other reserves in equity. When a foreign operation is disposed of, in part or in full, the relevant amount in the FCTR is transferred to the consolidated statement of profit or loss as part of the profit or loss on disposal.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

In preparing these consolidated financial statements, management makes judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The key judgements and estimates which are material to the financial report are found in the following notes:

	Note
Share-based payment plans – fair value of options granted	5
Income tax – recognition of carry forward losses and uncertainty over tax treatment	7
Trade receivables – expected credit loss	9
Leases – term	10
Intangibles – recognition, recoverability, and useful life	12

CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A number of standards and amendments to standards are effective from 1 July 2021, including COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 (Amendment to IFRS 16) and Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – phase 2, but they do not have a material effect on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

STANDARDS ON ISSUE BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

A number of new standards and amendments to standards are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after 1 July 2021 and earlier application is permitted.

The Group has not early adopted any standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective. The following amended standards and interpretations are not expected to have a significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements once applied:

- (i) Onerous Contracts Cost of Fulfilling a Contract (Amendments to IAS 37)
- (ii) Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction (Amendments to IAS 12)
- (iii) Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020
- (iv) Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use (Amendments to IAS 16)
- (v) Reference to the Conceptual Framework (Amendments to IFRS 3)
- (vi) Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (Amendments to IAS 1)
- (vii) Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2)
- (viii) Definition of Accounting Estimates (Amendments to IAS 8)

B. KEY FINANCIAL RESULTS

IN THIS SECTION

This section explains the results and performance of the Group and provides additional information about those individual line items in the consolidated financial statements that the Directors consider most relevant in the context of the operations of the Group, including:

- Accounting policies that are relevant for understanding the items recognised in the consolidated financial statements; and
- Analysis of the Group's result for the year by reference to key areas, including segment results and revenue, operational expenses, personnel costs including share-based payments, net finance costs and income tax.

3. SEGMENT RESULTS, REVENUE, AND OTHER INCOME

This note provides results by operating segment for the year ended 30 June 2022. Operating segments are reported in a manner that is consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM). The CODM has been identified as the Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director, the Chief Finance Officer and the Board of Directors who ultimately make strategic decisions. This note also provides additional information on revenue, including types of revenue, primary geographical market of customers and the industry in which the Group's customers operate.

SEGMENT REPORTING

The CODM assess the Group's performance based on geographical areas of operation. Accordingly, the Group has identified two reportable segments, which are presented below:

Segment	Information
Australia & New Zealand (ANZ)	Responsible for all sales and marketing efforts in Australia and New Zealand
North America (NA)	Responsible for all sales and marketing efforts in the United States and Canada

The CODM review the financial performance of each segment net of cost of revenue and sales & marketing costs. Cost of revenue includes all costs directly attributable to the ongoing delivery of the subscription product, including amortisation of capture costs. Sales and marketing costs include direct in-country costs. Centrally managed costs which comprise the product and technology department costs and corporate department costs are not allocated to specific segments and remain unallocated in determining the segment contribution presented to the CODM. The Group amended its segment reporting during the year ended 30 June 2022 and the comparative period has been updated accordingly.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements continued

The assets and liabilities of the Group are reported and reviewed by the CODM in total and are not allocated by operating segment. Operating segment assets and liabilities are therefore not disclosed.

Year ended 30 June 2022	ANZ \$'000	NA \$'000	Total \$'000
Revenue	71,146	74,804	145,950
Total revenue	71,146	74,804	145,950
Capture cost amortisation	(4,024)	(18,480)	(22,504)
Storage, administration & other	(1,484)	(10,633)	(12,117)
Total cost of revenue	(5,508)	(29,113)	(34,621)
Gross profit	65,638	45,691	111,329
Gross profit %	92%	61%	76%
Direct sales & marketing	(9,808)	(20,538)	(30,346)
Indirect sales & marketing	(6,416)	(4,268)	(10,684)
Contract acquisition costs amortisation	(891)	(3,036)	(3,927)
Total sales & marketing cost	(17,115)	(27,842)	(44,957)
Segment contribution ¹	48,523	17,849	66,372
Global cost			
General & administration			(33,988)
Product, engineering & technology			(32,215)
Global depreciation & amortisation			(23,699)
Other income			804
Interest expense			(328)
Foreign exchange gains			69
Litigation expense			(10,417)
Total global cost			(99,774)
Loss before tax			(33,402)
Income tax benefit			2,607
Loss after tax			(30,795)

^{1.} Excluding foreign exchange gains, which are presented on a consolidated level below segment contribution.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements continued

Year ended 30 June 2021	ANZ \$'000	NA \$'000	Total \$'000
Revenue	65,883	47,548	113,431
Total revenue	65,883	47,548	113,431
Capture cost amortisation	(4,415)	(18,808)	(23,223)
Storage, administration & other	(1,188)	(7,641)	(8,829)
Total cost of revenue	(5,603)	(26,449)	(32,052)
Gross profit	60,280	21,099	81,379
Gross profit %	91%	44%	72%
Direct sales & marketing	(7,869)	(14,424)	(22,293)
Indirect sales & marketing	(9,135)	(9,450)	(18,585)
Contract acquisition costs amortisation	(138)	(362)	(500)
Total sales & marketing cost	(17,142)	(24,236)	(41,378)
Segment contribution ¹	43,138	(3,137)	40,001
Global cost			
General & administration ²			(20,344)
Product, engineering & technology ²			(17,609)
Global depreciation & amortisation ²			(21,388)
Other income			1,051
Interest expense			(535)
Foreign exchange losses			(1,654)
Litigation expense ²			(1,977)
Total global cost			(62,456)
Loss before tax			(22,455)
Income tax benefit			3,635
Loss after tax			(18,820)

^{1.} Excluding foreign exchange loss, which are presented on a consolidated level below segment contribution.

^{2.} During financial year ended 30 June 2022, the Group further disaggregated General & administration cost into General & administration, Product, engineering & technology and Litigation expense. Comparative figures have been adjusted accordingly. Additionally, during the financial year ended 30 June 2022, the Group aggregated the Overhead depreciation and Amortisation & depreciation of unallocated asset cost under Global depreciation & amortisation cost. Comparative figures have been adjusted accordingly.

REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME

ACCOUNTING POLICY - RECOGNITION AND MEASUREMENT OF REVENUE FROM **CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS**

The Group derives its revenue primarily from subscription fees for its online location intelligence services and, to a lesser extent royalty services and perpetual licence fees. Revenue is recognised when control of these services is transferred to the Group's customers, in an amount that reflects the consideration the Group expects to be entitled to in an exchange for those services, excluding GST.

The following paragraphs provide information about the nature and timing of satisfaction of performance obligations in contracts with customers, including revenue recognition policies:

- (i) Subscription revenue: The Group's subscription services represent a single promise to provide continuous access to its cloud-based geospatial information services and location intelligence content. As each day of providing access to the software is substantially the same and the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefit as access is provided, the Group has determined that its subscription services arrangement include a single performance obligation comprised of a series of distinct services. Revenue from subscription services is recognised over time on a rateable basis over the contract term beginning on the date that the Group's service is made available to the customer. Subscription periods are typically annual or multi-year in duration, are billed in advance and are non-refundable. Typically, subscriptions automatically renew at the end of the subscription period unless the customer specifically terminates it prior to the end of the period.
- customer obtains a perpetual licence to use the imagery. The Group determined that for perpetual licences the customer obtains control over the imagery when it is delivered, which is typically off-cloud through a download link, at which point revenue is recognised.
- (iii) Royalty revenue: The Group earns royalty revenue through third parties who sell Nearmap imagery on behalf of the Group. Revenue is recognised when the performance obligation to which the royalty relates has been satisfied.
- (iv) Interest income: The Group invests its surplus cash in interest-bearing financial assets. The interest earned by the Group is recognised as interest accrues on the investment using the effective interest method.

(i) DISAGGREGATION OF REVENUE

Types of revenue and other income	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Subscription revenue	144,874	111,509
Perpetual licence revenue ¹	_	1,557
Royalty revenue	1,076	365
Total revenue	145,950	113,431
Interest income	359	537
Proceeds from insurance claims	299	_
Gain on sale of unlisted investments	146	514
Total other income	804	1,051
Total revenue and other income	146,754	114,482

^{1.} During the financial year ended 30 June 2021, the Group recognised revenue relating to the grant of a perpetual licence of \$1,557 thousand. The contract was entered into by the Group and a customer as a "proof of concept" using 2019 vintage imagery only.

	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Primary geographical markets ¹		
Australia & New Zealand	71,146	65,883
North America	74,804	47,548
Total revenue	145,950	113,431
Revenue by industry		
Architecture, Construction & Engineering	29,086	26,947
Commercial/Other	32,165	25,795
Government	26,815	20,419
Utilities ²	8,726	9,593
Insurance & Property	29,026	15,750
Solar ²	12,944	9,382
Roofing	7,188	5,545
Total revenue	145,950	113,431

^{1.} The Group's revenue by geography is based on customer billing address.

(ii) CONTRACT BALANCES

Under AASB 15 *Revenue* from contracts with customers (AASB 15), the value and timing of revenue recognition and customer invoicing results in the recognition of contract assets and contract liabilities on the consolidated statement of financial position. At the reporting date, the Group determines whether each customer contract results in a net contract asset or net contract liability. The balance of contract assets and contract liabilities disclosed in the consolidated statement of financial position at the reporting date is impacted by the timing of new customer contracts and upsells throughout the financial year, the billing frequencies of active contracts, and how far through their term each contract is.

CONTRACT ASSETS

A contract asset is recognised when a conditional right to consideration exists and transfer of control has occurred. Contract assets primarily relate to multi-year subscription service contracts where the transaction price allocated to the satisfied performance obligations exceeds the value of billings to date. As at 30 June 2022, contract assets of \$925 thousand (30 June 2021: \$2,695 thousand) are included in other current receivables on the consolidated statement of financial position. Contract assets will be transferred to trade receivables when the right becomes unconditional.

^{2.} The Group amended the industry classification for its solar products during the year ending 30 June 2022. The solar industry is now presented separately in the disaggregation of revenue by industry. The comparative figures have been adjusted accordingly by reclassifying \$3,225 thousand from utilities to solar.

CONTRACT LIABILITIES

A contract liability is recognised when the value of billings to date exceeds the transaction price allocated to the satisfied performance obligations and are presented as unearned revenue on the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group primarily bills and collects payments from customers for services in advance on an annual basis, however, some customers are invoiced quarterly or bi-annually. The Group initially records subscription fees as unearned revenue and then recognises revenue as performance obligations are satisfied over the subscription period. The totality of the current unearned revenue balance at 1 July 2021 has been recognised as revenue as at 30 June 2022. The current portion of contract liabilities as at 30 June 2022 is expected to be recognised as revenue by 30 June 2023. The non-current portion of contract liabilities as at 30 June 2022 is expected to begin being recognised as revenue from 1 July 2023.

Significant movements in contract liabilities throughout the financial year are as follows:

	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Balance at the beginning of the year	56,782	47,454
Invoice issued during the year	155,027	121,207
Decrease due to revenue recognised in the year	(139,087)	(110,271)
Foreign exchange adjustment	2,738	(1,608)
Balance at the end of the year	75,460	56,782
Included in the consolidated statement of financial position as:		
Current unearned revenue	74,122	55,837
Non-current unearned revenue	1,338	945
Total unearned revenue	75,460	56,782

(iii) TRANSACTION PRICE ALLOCATED TO REMAINING PERFORMANCE OBLIGATIONS

Total transaction price allocated to performance obligations that are unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied as at the end of the financial year is referred to as revenue backlog. Revenue backlog consists of unearned revenue, as reported in the consolidated statement of financial position (billed backlog), and unbilled customer commitments (unbilled backlog). Unbilled backlog is an operational measure representing future unearned revenue amounts that are to be invoiced under existing multi-year agreements and that are not included in the unearned revenue on the consolidated statement of financial position.

As at 30 June 2022, total backlog was \$167,414 thousand (30 June 2021: \$115,716 thousand), expected to be recognised in the consolidated statement of profit of loss in the following financial years:

	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
1 year from financial year end	114,446	79,938
2 years from financial year end	36,831	25,896
3 years from financial year end and thereafter	16,137	9,882
Total revenue backlog	167,414	115,716

4. EXPENSES

OTHER OPERATIONAL EXPENSES

	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Servicing, processing and storage costs	8,817	6,299
Marketing costs	6,760	4,517
Travel costs	1,884	292
Subscription fees	7,259	5,171
Audit, consulting and legal fees ¹	17,105	8,235
Office and other rental costs	2,602	2,009
Insurance costs	2,534	1,978
All other operating expenses	2,373	2,506
Total other operational expenses	49,334	31,007

^{1.} Audit, consulting and legal fees cost include \$10,417 thousand (FY21: \$1,977 thousand) in relation to the legal cost the Group has incurred to defend itself against the patent infringement claim filed against Nearmap US, Inc in the District Court (Utah).

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE

	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Salaries, wages, and other employee expense	69,283	49,982
Net share-based payment expense ¹	6,843	5,818
Defined contribution plan expense	4,308	2,829
Total employee benefits expense	80,434	58,629

^{1.} The Group capitalises a portion of its share-based payment cost in intangible assets and property, plant and equipment. Refer to note 5 for the reconciliation of the total cost incurred by the Group with the amount recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

5. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT PLANS

ACCOUNTING POLICY – RECOGNITION AND MEASUREMENT OF SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

The Group operates various equity-settled share-based payment plans, providing share options and restricted stock units (RSUs) to employees in exchange for service rendered, as outlined further in this note.

The grant-date fair value of equity-settled share-based payment arrangements granted to employees is recognised as an expense, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the vesting period of the awards, ending on the date on which the relevant employees become fully entitled to the award.

The amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the number of awards for which the related service are expected to be met, such that the amount ultimately recognised is based on the number of awards that meet the related service conditions. For awards subject to a service condition, no expense is recognised if they do not ultimately vest due to non-satisfaction of the service condition. The expense or income for the year represents the movement in cumulative expense recognised at the beginning and end of that year. For share-based payments awards with market performance conditions, the grant date fair value of the share-based payment is measured to reflect such condition. If the award does not ultimately vest due to the non-satisfaction of the market performance condition, there is no true-up for differences between expected and actual outcomes.

If an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award and designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new award are treated as if they were a modification of the original award. The granting of limited recourse loans (LRL) is considered to be a modification to the existing options. Any increase in the fair value of the option is recognised as an expense immediately at the date the limited recourse loan is granted. The LRLs are not recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

The dilutive effect, if any, of outstanding equity-settled share-based payment instruments is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share if applicable.

KEY ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The Group estimates the fair value of equity-settled share-based payments at the date at which they are granted. The fair values of options granted include assumptions in the following areas: risk free rate, volatility, expected life and expected achievement of TSR performance hurdles, if applicable. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends and may not reflect the actual outcome. The expected life of the options is based on historical data, which may also not necessarily reflect future exercise patterns.

At 30 June 2022, the Group had the following share-based payment arrangements.

EMPLOYEE SHARE OPTION PLAN

An Employee Share Option Plan (ESOP) has been established whereby Directors and certain employees of the Group may be issued with options over the ordinary shares of the Company. The options, which are usually issued for nil consideration at an exercise price calculated with reference to prevailing market prices as at the date of grant, are issued in accordance with terms established by the Directors of the Company. The options cannot be transferred without the approval of the Company's Board and are not quoted on the ASX.

The grants are issued with a life of 4 or 5 years with either:

- (i) total Shareholder Return (TSR) growth performance vesting conditions, exercisable after three years (annual grant);
- (ii) alternative TSR growth performance or Annualised Contract Value (ACV) growth performance vesting conditions, exercisable in three equal tranches (retention grant); or
- (iii) without any performance vesting conditions, exercisable on various dates, usually vesting in three equal annual tranches (new hire grant).

All options are settled by issuing ordinary shares. The Nearmap ESOP also includes an Employee Loan Scheme that permits the Company to grant financial assistance to employees by way of limited recourse loans (LRLs) to enable them to exercise options and acquire shares. The employee does not have a beneficial interest in the shares until the loan is repaid with any such shares being held in escrow until that time. The Group recorded a net expense of \$4,034 thousand in the year ended 30 June 2022 (30 June 2021: \$2,064 thousand) in relation to the ESOP. In addition, \$6 thousand has been capitalised in the cost of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment during the year ended 30 June 2022 (30 June 2021: \$24 thousand).

EMPLOYEE MATCHING SHARE RIGHTS PLAN

Employees have the opportunity to purchase shares in the Company using up to 5% of their annual base salary. For every three acquired shares, the employee will be awarded a right to receive one additional share of the Company under the conditions outlined in the Employee Matching Share Rights Plan. The matching rights are purchased on market by the Group throughout the contribution period, and subsequently reissued to employees at the end of the vesting period if all vesting conditions are met. The Company does not issue new shares under the Employee Matching share Rights Plan. The Group recorded a net expense of \$65 thousand in the year ended 30 June 2022 (30 June 2021: \$142 thousand) in relation to the Employee Matching Share Rights Plan. In addition, \$22 thousand has been capitalised in the cost of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment during the year ended 30 June 2021: \$72 thousand).

LONG TERM INCENTIVE PLAN

Pursuant to the Nearmap employee Long Term Incentive Plan (LTIP), certain key senior employees are granted either options issued with a life of 4 years or Restricted Share Units (RSUs) representing between 10% and 30% of the employee's base remuneration. The rights vest in 9 tranches over three years from the date of the initial grant, subject to ongoing employment. All vested rights under the LTIP are settled by issuing ordinary shares. Additionally, during the year ended 30 June 2020 a one-off grant was made to all non-key management personnel employees to compensate for the 20% salary reduction implemented as a result of COVID-19 during the period of 1 May 2020 until 31 October 2020 (salary compensation grant). The compensation grants vested on 31 October 2020 subject to the employee being employed at that date. The Group recorded a net expense of \$2,734 thousand in the year ended 30 June 2022 (30 June 2021: \$3,612 thousand) in relation to the LTIP, of which nil relates to the salary compensation grant (30 June 2021: \$1,723 thousand). In addition, \$746 thousand has been capitalised in the cost of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment during the year ended 30 June 2021: \$1,074 thousand).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements continued

Movement in share options and loans	30 June 2022	Weighted- average exercise price	30 June 2021	Weighted- average exercise price
Number of options outstanding				
At the beginning of the year	13,472,277	\$2.00	16,979,545	\$1.53
Options lapsed/forfeited	(3,708,557)	\$1.78	(2,358,398)	\$2.04
Options exercised – loans granted	(773,196)	\$0.81	_	_
Options exercised – cash payment	(1,480,732)	\$1.08	(4,786,760)	\$0.61
Options granted	6,498,576	\$1.92	3,637,890	\$2.42
Number of options outstanding				
At the end of the year	14,008,368	\$2.19	13,472,277	\$2.00
Vested & exercisable	1,786,006	\$2.22	3,068,632	\$1.34

As at 30 June 2022, there were 14,008,368 options outstanding (30 June 2021: 13,472,277) at exercise prices ranging from \$1.12 to \$2.97 (30 June 2021: \$0.71 to \$2.97) and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 2.71 years (30 June 2021: 2.08 years).

The fair values of the options granted under the LTIP and ESOP were determined using the Black-Scholes model, or the Monte Carlo model for TSR vesting performance grants. The following table presents the weighted average assumptions used to determine the fair values of options granted:

	Annual ESOP Grant – Monte Carlo 30 June 2022 30 June 2021		Retention and New Hire ESOP Grant – Black-Scholes		
ESOP			30 June 2022	30 June 2021	
Dividend yield (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	N/A	
Risk-free interest rate (%)	1.09	0.19	1.19	N/A	
Expected life (years)	4.00	4.00	3.45	N/A	
Expected volatility for the share price (%)	66.35	65.25	65.31	N/A	
Weighted-average fair values (\$)	0.87	0.92	0.76	N/A	

	·	LTIP Options Grant – Black-Scholes		
LTIP	30 June 2022	30 June 2021		
Dividend yield (%)	N/A	0.00		
Risk-free interest rate (%)	N/A	0.35		
Expected life (years)	N/A	2.66		
Expected volatility for the share price (%)	N/A	65.84		
Weighted-average fair values (\$)	N/A	0.92		

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements continued

The expected volatility is based on the historical volatility of the Company's share price. The risk-free interest rate used is equal to the yield on Australian Government Bonds at the date of grant with a term equal to the expected life of options.

The grant of LRLs for the settlement of share options is considered as a modification to the valuation of the options. Any increase in the fair value of the modified option is recognised as an expense in the consolidated statement of profit or loss upon granting the LRL. During the financial year ended 30 June 2022, the issue and extension of LRLs resulted in an incremental expense of \$339 thousand relation to KMP and \$605 thousand for other employees (30 June 2021: nil).

Movement in restricted share units (RSUs)	30 June 2022	Weighted- Average Fair Value	30 June 2021	Weighted- Average Fair Value
Number of RSUs outstanding at the beginning of the year	1,129,905	\$2.34	929,972	\$2.56
RSUs lapsed/forfeited	(489,470)	\$1.95	(176,068)	\$2.36
RSUs vested and converted	(729,888)	\$2.35	(1,895,996)	\$2.51
RSUs granted	2,842,359	\$1.78	2,271,997	\$2.39
Number of RSUs outstanding at the end of the year	2,752,906	\$1.83	1,129,905	\$2.34

The fair value of RSUs on measurement date is based on the closing market price on the day preceding the grant.

6. NET FINANCE COSTS

	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Interest expense on unwinding of lease liabilities	321	490
Net foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(69)	1,654
Other finance costs	7	45
Net finance costs	259	2,189

7. INCOME TAX

ACCOUNTING POLICY - RECOGNITION AND MEASUREMENT OF INCOME TAX

INCOME TAX

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or OCI.

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss of the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax payable or receivable is the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received that reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognised for:

- (i) Temporary difference on the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss;
- (ii) Temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and
- (iii) Taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which they can be utilised. Future taxable profits are determined based on the reversal of relevant taxable temporary differences. If the amount of taxable temporary difference is insufficient to recognise a deferred tax asset in full, the future taxable profits, adjusted for reversal of existing temporary differences, are considered, based on the business plans for individual subsidiaries in the Group. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised; such reductions are reversed when the probability of the future taxable profits improves.

Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognised to the extent that is has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset only if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

UNCERTAINTY OVER INCOME TAX TREATMENTS

In situations where the Group determines that uncertainty exists over an income tax treatment, the Group assesses whether it is probable that the taxation authority will accept the uncertain income tax treatment. Where that outcome is not probable, the Group reflects this uncertainty in the determination of its taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits or the tax rates used, using either the most likely amount approach or the expected value approach.

ACCOUNTING POLICY - RECOGNITION AND MEASUREMENT OF INCOME TAX (CONT.)

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT TAX INCENTIVE

The Group accounts for any non-refundable research and development tax credits as an income tax benefit, which are recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions that are attached to the incentive and that it will be received.

TAX CONSOLIDATION

The Company and its wholly owned Australian controlled entities have formed an income tax consolidated group under the tax consolidation regime. The head entity, Nearmap Ltd, and the controlled entities in the tax consolidated Group account for their own current and deferred tax amounts. These tax amounts are measured as if each entity in the tax consolidated Group continues to be a standalone taxpayer in its own right. In addition to its own current and deferred tax amounts, the Company also recognises the current tax liabilities (or assets) and the deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and unused tax credits assumed from controlled entities in the tax consolidated Group.

KEY ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

DEFERRED TAX

Where it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which carried forward tax losses can be utilised, a deferred tax asset is recognised for these amounts, subject to shareholder continuity and other requirements. No deferred tax asset has been recognised for unused losses and R&D credits in the United States and Australia, given the uncertainty of the timing of future profitability.

In applying the expected value approach to the quantification of unused tax losses, the Group determined the likelihood of a variety of possible scenarios. The likelihood of each is based on management's best estimate and may differ from the final outcome.

(i) INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Current tax (expense)/benefit	(902)	779
Deferred tax benefit	3,509	2,856
Total income tax benefit	2,607	3,635
Numerical reconciliation of income tax benefit to prima facie tax payable		
Loss before income tax	(33,402)	(22,455)
Tax at the Australian tax rate of 30% (30 June 2021: 30%)	10,021	6,736
Adjusted for:		
Research and development credit	3,896	_
Effect of lower tax rate in the US	297	228
Share-based payments expense	(2,282)	(2,023)
Entertainment expenses	(41)	(22)
Recognition of previously unrecognised deductible temporary differences	399	(81)
Current year losses and unused R&D tax credits for which no deferred tax asset is recognised	(14,252)	(4,611)
Over provision in the prior year	1,277	1,295
Utilisation of tax losses not previously recognised	3,292	2,113
Total tax benefit	2,607	3,635

The Group has an unrecognised deferred tax asset of \$7,193 thousand in respect of US tax losses, \$1,979 thousand in respect of Australian tax losses, and \$16,883 thousand in respect of unused Australian R&D tax credits as at 30 June 2022 (30 June 2021: \$11,908 thousand, \$4,259 thousand, and \$352 thousand respectively). The unrecognised tax losses in the US have expiry dates ranging from 2035 to 2040.

(ii) DEFERRED INCOME TAX

The movement in deferred tax balances and the Group's net deferred tax balance is outlined below. The net deferred tax asset balance relates to US entities and the net deferred tax liability balance relates to Australian entities.

	Balance at 1 July	Recognised in profit or loss	Exchange differences	Recognised directly in equity	Balance at 30 June	Net deferred tax assets	Net deferred tax liabilities
Year ended 30 June 2022	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Unearned revenue	5,371	4,903	491	_	10,765	10,765	_
Provisions and other accruals	3,226	1,205	77	_	4,508	1,197	3,311
Property, plant and equipment	1,060	189	48	_	1,297	839	458
Intangible assets	(13,160)	(5,213)	-	_	(18,373)	(2,548)	(15,825)
Derivative instruments	(8)	(28)	96	(60)	_	_	_
Unrealised foreign exchange loss	(104)	(63)	-	_	(167)	-	(167)
Other	1,142	2,516	_	_	3,658	_	3,658
Net tax assets/(liabilities)	(2,473)	3,509	712	(60)	1,688	10,253	(8,565)

	Balance at 1 July	Recognised in profit or loss	Exchange differences	Recognised directly in equity	Balance at 30 June	Net deferred tax assets	Net deferred tax liabilities
Year ended 30 June 2021	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Unearned revenue	3,413	2,257	(299)	_	5,371	5,371	_
Provisions and other accruals	1,881	1,401	(56)	_	3,226	841	2,385
Property, plant and equipment	795	287	(22)	_	1,060	519	541
Intangible assets	(12,460)	(700)	(1)	_	(13,161)	(964)	(12,197)
Derivative instruments	287	_	_	(295)	(8)	_	(8)
Unrealised foreign exchange loss	(128)	24	_	-	(104)	_	(104)
Other	809	(413)	747	_	1,143	_	1,143
Net tax assets/(liabilities)	(5,403)	2,856	369	(295)	(2,473)	5,767	(8,240)

C. CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

IN THIS SECTION

This section outlines how the Group manages its capital structure and discusses the Group's exposure to various financial risks and how the Group manages these risks.

CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's objective in managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so it can continue to commercialise intellectual property with the ultimate objective of providing returns to shareholders whilst maintaining an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure the Group may issue new shares, sell assets, consider joint ventures and may return capital in some form to shareholders.

8. CAPITAL AND RESERVES

ACCOUNTING POLICY – RECOGNITION AND MEASUREMENT OF CONTRIBUTED EQUITY AND RESERVES

Shares issued are classified as contributed equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are deducted from the fair value of contributed equity issued, net of tax. Details in relation to share based payment plans, including share options, are contained in note 5. When shares recognised as contributed equity are repurchased, the amount of the consideration paid, which includes directly attributable costs, is recognised as a deduction from contributed equity as treasury shares. When treasury shares are reissued subsequently as part of the Employee Matching Share Rights Plan, the amount of the consideration paid upon repurchase is recognised as an increase in contributed equity. Any surplus or deficit between the consideration paid and the amount recognised in the share-based payments reserve upon vesting of the rights is presented in accumulated losses.

Reserves include:

- (i) Share-based payments reserve: comprises the cumulative expense relating to the fair value of options, RSUs, and rights on issue to key management personnel, senior executives and employees of the Group.
- (ii) Profit reserve: comprises profits appropriated by the parent company of the Group.
- (iii) Other reserves: includes the foreign currency translation reserve representing foreign currency translation differences arising on the translation of financial statements of the Group's foreign entities into the Group presentation currency (as described in note 2), and the cash flow hedge reserve representing the effective portion of the cumulative net change in the fair value of cash flow hedging instruments related to hedged transactions that have not yet occurred that are recognised in other comprehensive income (as described in note 9).

CONTRIBUTED EQUITY

The contributed equity of the Company consists only of fully paid ordinary shares. Holders of theses ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time, are entitled to one vote per share at general meetings of the Company, and in the event of winding up of the Company, to participate in the proceeds from the sale of all surplus assets in proportion to the number of and amounts paid up on the shares held. The fully paid ordinary shares have no par value and the Company does not have a limited amount of authorised capital.

TREASURY SHARES

Treasury shares are shares in the Company that are held by the Employee Matching Share Rights Plan Trust (the Trust) for the purpose of issuing shares under the Employee Matching Share Rights Plan. All rights attached to the Company's shares held by the Trust are suspended until those shares are reissued. As at 30 June 2022, the Trust held 212,006 of the Company's shares (30 June 2021: 40,243).

Movement in shares on issue	Number of shares	\$'000
Year ended 30 June 2022		
Balance at the beginning of the year	496,086,478	224,192
Issued from exercise of share options	1,480,732	1,600
Issued from exercise of share option loans	773,196	_
Repayment of share option loans ¹	-	582
Treasury shares acquired	-	(238)
Issue of shares on settlement of restricted-stock units	729,888	_
Balance at the end of the year	499,070,294	226,136

Year ended 30 June 2021	Number of shares	\$'000
Balance at the beginning of the year	453,324,295	126,577
Issued of shares during the year, net of transaction costs ²	36,079,427	93,475
Issued from exercise of share options	4,786,760	2,908
Repayment of share option loans ¹	_	1,078
Issue of shares on settlement of restricted-stock units	1,895,996	-
Treasury shares vested and transferred to employees	_	154
Balance at the end of the year	496,086,478	224,192

- 1. During the year, total loans of \$560 thousand (30 June 2021: \$1,053 thousand) and accruing interest of \$22 thousand (30 June 2021: \$25 thousand) were repaid to the Company, thereby releasing 1,000,000 shares (30 June 2021: 1,725,034) previously under holding lock.
- 2. On 11 September 2020, the Company completed a \$72,082 thousand fully underwritten institutional placement (before costs) of 26,022,305 new fully paid ordinary shares at the offer price of \$2.77. Following the underwritten institutional placement, on 8 October 2020, the Company completed a \$23,135 thousand Share Purchase Plan available to all investors whereby a total of 10,057,122 new fully paid ordinary shares were issued at the offer price of \$2.30. The Company incurred a total of \$2,489 thousand in transactions costs, net of \$747 thousand in deferred tax impact, that were recorded directly in contributed equity.

9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

ACCOUNTING POLICY – RECOGNITION AND MEASUREMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

RECOGNITION AND INITIAL MEASUREMENT

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs, unless they are classified as fair value through profit or loss in which case transaction costs are expensed in the consolidated statement of profit or loss immediately.

Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statement of financial position comprise cash at bank and on hand, deposits on call and short-term deposits with a maturity of three months or less. Term deposits with a term of more than 3 months at inception are presented as other current or non-current receivables. Cash at bank and deposits on call earn interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Term deposits earn interest at a fixed rate, set at inception, over their term. Interest earned is recognised in other income in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. Refer to note 18 to the consolidated financial statements for details on the cash and cash equivalents balance. The Group had no financing facilities as at 30 June 2022 (30 June 2021: nil).

CLASSIFICATION AND SUBSEQUENT MEASUREMENT

On initial recognition, a financial instrument is classified and measured at:

- (i) Amortised cost;
- (ii) Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI Financial asset only); or
- (iii) Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

The Group's financial assets and financial liabilities, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, other current receivables, trade and other payables, other current liabilities, and derivative financial instruments, are all classified and measured at amortised cost on initial recognition, except the derivative financial instruments (derivatives) which are classified and measured at FVTPL.

Financial instruments classified and measured at amortised cost on initial recognition are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains, and losses and impairment are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Financial instruments classified and measured at FVTPL on initial recognition are subsequently measured at fair value. The derivatives entered into by the Group are used to hedge the variability in cash flows associated with highly probable forecast transactions arising from changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group designates these derivatives as cash flow hedging instruments and applies hedge accounting. The effective portion of changes in fair value of the derivatives is recognised in OCI and accumulated in the hedging reserve. Any ineffective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivatives is recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. The amount accumulated in the hedging reserve is reclassified to the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the same period or periods during which the hedged expected future cash flow affects the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

ACCOUNTING POLICY – RECOGNITION AND MEASUREMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT.)

IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

Impairment is measured using a 24-month expected credit loss method (ECL) unless the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition in which case the lifetime ECL method is adopted. For receivables, a simplified approach to measuring ECL using a lifetime expected loss allowance is available and is used by the Group.

DERECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or when the financial asset and all substantial risks and rewards are transferred. A financial liability is derecognised when it is discharged, cancelled or expires. On derecognition of financial liabilities, the difference between the carrying amount extinguished and the consideration paid is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

OFFSETTING

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the consolidated statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

ACCOUNTING POLICY - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

"Fair value" is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Group has access at that date. When one is available, the Group measures the fair value of an instrument using the quoted price in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as "active" if transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. If there is no quoted price in an active market, the Group uses valuation techniques that maximise the use of relevant observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. The chosen valuation technique incorporates all of the factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction.

The fair value of assets and liabilities is categorised into different levels of the fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- (i) Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group can assess at the measurement date;
- (ii) Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices); and
- (iii) Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The Group recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy as of the end of the reporting period which the transfer has occurred.

KEY ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. There is no single customer making up a material percentage of the Group's revenue. The Group continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties, identified either individually or by group, and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls. The Group uses an allowance matrix to measure the ECL of trade receivables. Loss rates are calculated using a "roll rate" method based on the probability of a receivable progressing through successive stages of delinquency to write-off. Roll rates are calculated based on the age of the receivable at the end of the financial year. The Group also recognises specific allowances for known credit risk of some individual customer accounts. There was no impairment of contract assets during the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (30 June 2021: nil). The allowance for expected credit losses assessment requires a degree of estimation and judgement and may not reflect actual write-off in future periods.

(i) CARRYING AMOUNTS AND FAIR VALUES

The fair value and carrying value of derivatives as at 30 June 2022 is \$228 thousand and is included in prepayments and other current assets (30 June 2021: \$28 thousand). The net unrealised gain of \$228 thousand on changes in fair value of the derivatives during the financial year ended 30 June 2022 has been recognised in OCI (30 June 2021: \$28 thousand gain recognised in OCI). Derivatives are not quoted in active markets as they are not traded on a recognised exchange. Therefore, the Group uses valuation techniques (present value techniques) which use both observable and unobservable market inputs.

As these financial instruments use valuation techniques with unobservable inputs that are not significant to the overall valuation, these instruments are included in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. There were no transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy during the years ended 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021.

The carrying value, less impairment provision of trade receivables, if any, other current receivables, derivatives, other non-current receivables, trade and other payables, and other current liabilities are assumed to approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature.

(ii) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK

The Company's board of Directors have an overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. The board of Directors have established the Audit and Risk Management Committee which is responsible for developing and monitoring the Group's risk management policies.

The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in the market and the Group's activities.

MARKET RISK

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices – such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates – will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The Group uses derivatives to manage market risk related to foreign currencies. All such transactions are carried out within the guidelines of the Group's risk management policies.

(a) CURRENCY RISK

NATURE OF RISK

The Company's functional currency is the Australian dollar (AUD). The Group does not have a material foreign currency risk on cash receipts denominated in United States dollar (USD) as these are used by the Group to cover part of its payments denominated in USD. The portion of the Group's payments denominated in USD that are not covered by cash receipts in the same currency (shortfall) expose the Group to foreign currency risk. The Group's policy is to hedge 85% to 125% of its estimated shortfall in respect of forecast purchases over the following 12 months, at any point in time. The Group uses forward exchange contracts to hedge its currency risk, with the forward exchange contracts maturing on the same dates that the forecast payments are expected to occur. All foreign exchange contracts at 30 June 2022 have a maturity of less than twelve months from the reporting date. These contracts are designated as cash flow hedges.

In respect of other monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, the Group's policy is to ensure the net exposure is kept to an acceptable level by buying or selling foreign currencies at spot rates when necessary.

EXPOSURE TO FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK

The summary quantitative data about the Group's significant exposure to foreign currency risk is as follows:

	30 June 2022 USD \$'000	30 June 2021 USD \$'000
Cash and cash equivalent	7,463	1,926
Receivables and other assets	_	238
Payables and other liabilities	2,908	1,477
Gross exposure	10,371	3,641

The following significant exchange rates have been applied.

	Averag	Average Rate		Spot Rate
	30 June 2022	30 June 2021	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
USD	0.7258	0.7473	0.6889	0.7518

SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS

A reasonably possible strengthening or weakening of the Australian dollar against the US dollar would have affected the measurement of financial instruments denominated in US dollars and affected equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores any impact of forecast sales and purchases:

	Profit Or Loss		Equity, Net Of Tax	
	Strengthening \$'000	Weakening \$'000	Strengthening \$'000	Weakening \$'000
30 June 2022				
USD (10% movement)	(1,369)	1,673	(10)	12
30 June 2021				
USD (10% movement)	(440)	538	(3)	4

CASH FLOW HEDGES

All derivatives entered into by the Group are foreign exchange contracts. The settlement amounts and average contractual exchange rates of foreign exchange contracts were as follows:

	Buy United S	Buy United States Dollars		Average Exchange Rates		Derivative Asset/(Liability)	
	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000	
Maturity							
0-3 months	3,000	900	0.7143	0.7619	228	15	
3-6 months	_	900	_	0.6038	_	13	
Total derivatives					228	28	

(b) INTEREST RATE RISK

The Group is exposed to changes in interest rates as it relates to the Group's cash at bank and short-term deposits. The Group monitors changes in interest rates regularly to ensure the best possible return on deposits. Changes to interest rates in this context are not considered a significant financial risk. The average interest rate received on deposits during the year was 0.35% (30 June 2021: 0.46%).

CREDIT RISK

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises principally from the Group's cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, other current receivables, other non-current receivables and amounts receivable from forward exchange contracts. The Group trades primarily with recognised, creditworthy third parties. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date in relation to recognised financial assets is the carrying amount, net of any provisions for impairment on those assets, as disclosed in the consolidated statement of financial position and notes to the consolidated financial statements.

(a) Cash and cash equivalents, term deposits, amounts receivable from forward exchange contracts

The Group manages credit risk by placing cash and cash equivalents, term deposits and forward exchange contracts with high quality financial institutions. High quality financial institutions are those which are at least rated BBB (as rated by Standard & Poors).

(b) Trade and other receivables

The Group has adopted a 24-month ECL allowance in estimating expected credit losses to trade receivables through the use of a provision matrix using fixed rates of credit loss provisioning. These provisions are considered representative across all customers of the Group based on recent sales experience, historical collection rates and forward-looking information that is available. Generally, trade receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators of this include the failure of a debtor to engage in a repayment plan, no active enforcement activity and a failure to make contractual payments for a period greater than 6 months. The ageing of trade receivables and movement in the allowance for ECL are presented below.

Carrying Amount	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Current	34,296	21,056
1 to 30 days overdue	2,281	1,989
31 to 60 days overdue	195	340
Over 61 days overdue	1,190	513
Over 90 days overdue	151	452
Impairment provision	(352)	(495)
Total trade receivables	37,761	23,855

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements continued

	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Balance at the beginning of the year	495	982
Provision used during the year	(284)	(664)
Additional provision recognised	130	225
Foreign exchange adjustment	11	(48)
Balance at the end of the year	352	495

LIQUIDITY RISK

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group continually monitors forecast and actual cash flows and the maturity profiles of assets and liabilities. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining cash reserves and liquid assets in excess of expected cash outflows.

As at 30 June 2022, all financial liabilities have a remaining contractual maturity of less than 1 year. Contractual cash outflows relating to lease liabilities are presented in note 10.

10. LEASES

ACCOUNTING POLICY - RECOGNITION AND MEASUREMENT OF LEASES

DEFINITION OF A LEASE

The Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition of a lease included in AASB 16 Leases (AASB 16). Under AASB 16, a contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys a right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

RECOGNITION AND INITIAL MEASUREMENT

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date, being the date that the underlying asset is available for use. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost. The cost of the right-of-use asset includes the amount of recognised lease liabilities, initial direct costs inherent to the lease, and the expected costs to make good the leased asset, less any incentive received. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) and variable lease payments that depend on an index or rate. Variable payments that do not depend on an index or rate are recognised as an expense in profit or loss as they are incurred.

SUBSEQUENT MEASUREMENT

The right-of-use asset is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjustment for certain remeasurement of the lease liability. The lease liability is subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The lease liabilities are increased by the interest cost on the lease liability and decreased by lease payments made. It is remeasured when there is a change in future payments arising from a change in an index or rate, a change in the estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or as appropriate, changes in the assessment of whether a purchase or extension option is reasonably certain to be exercised or a termination option is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

SHORT-TERM LEASES AND LEASES OF LOW-VALUE ASSETS

The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases of low-value assets and short-term leases. The Group recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

KEY ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

LEASE TERM

The Group has applied judgement to determine the lease term for some lease contracts that include renewal options. The assessment of whether the Group is reasonably certain to exercise such options impacts the lease term, which significantly affects the amount of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets recognised.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements continued

Movement in lease liabilities	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Balance at the beginning of the year	9,826	14,396
Additions (new lease arrangements)	378	_
Interest expense on unwinding of lease liabilities	320	490
Payments	(4,886)	(4,658)
Foreign exchange adjustments	295	(402)
Balance at the end of the year	5,933	9,826
Current lease liabilities	4,072	4,681
Non-current lease liabilities	1,861	5,145
Total lease liabilities	5,933	9,826

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities, based on contractual undiscounted cash flows, is presented below:

Maturity analysis	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Less than one year	4,140	4,772
One to five years	1,994	5,545
Total undiscounted lease liability	6,134	10,317

11. DIVIDENDS PAID ON ORDINARY SHARES

No dividends were paid or proposed for the year ending 30 June 2022 (30 June 2021: nil). The Group has a franking credit balance of \$1,390 thousand (30 June 2021: \$1,390 thousand).

D. INVESTING ACTIVITIES

IN THIS SECTION

This section outlines the Group's investment in intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

12. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

ACCOUNTING POLICY - RECOGNITION AND MEASUREMENT OF INTANGIBLES

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT COSTS

Research and development costs consist primarily of employee benefits (including on-costs and share-based payments). Expenditure on research activities is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss as incurred Development expenditure is capitalised only if the expenditure can be measured reliably, the product or process is technically and commercially feasible, future economic benefits are probable, and the Group intends to and has sufficient resources to complete development and to use or sell the asset. Otherwise, it is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss as incurred. Subsequent to initial recognition, development expenditure is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

CAPTURE COSTS

Capture costs comprise the cost of aerial surveys, third party processing costs, and employee benefit costs directly attributable and necessary to create and upload digital imagery online. Subsequent to initial recognition, capture costs are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment loss.

CONTRACT ACQUISITION COSTS

The Group amended its sales incentive program during the year ended 30 June 2021. As a result, effective 1 January 2021, and in accordance with AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers, the Group now capitalises incremental costs of obtaining customer contracts unless the amortisation period of the asset that would have otherwise been recognised is one year or less. When the amortisation period of the asset that would have otherwise been recognised is one year or less, the Group recognises the costs incurred as an expense in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. Capitalised costs comprise sales commissions and associated on-costs that are incremental to obtaining new revenue contracts and are amortised on the expected duration of the contract with the customer.

OTHER INTANGIBLES

Other intangible assets include mainly intellectual property and patents that are acquired by the Group and have finite useful lives. These intangible assets are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

SUBSEQUENT EXPENDITURE

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss as incurred.

ACCOUNTING POLICY - RECOGNITION AND MEASUREMENT OF INTANGIBLES (CONT.)

AMORTISATION

Amortisation is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the intangible asset, from the date it is available for use. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

- (i) Capitalised capture costs: 2 years
- (ii) Contract acquisition costs: 3 years
- (iii) Development costs: 3-5 years
- (iv) Intellectual property: 5 years
- (v) Patent, domains and trademark costs: 5-20 years

The amortisation period and method for intangible assets is reviewed at least annually to determine if they remain appropriate. Where there is an expectation that the amortisation period or method does not match the consumption of the economic benefits embedded within the asset, the useful life of the asset will be adjusted to reflect this change.

IMPAIRMENT

The Group assesses at each reporting period whether there is an indication that an asset (other than goodwill or intangibles with indefinite useful life) may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of its fair value less cost of disposal (FVLCD) and its value in use (ViU), and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. In such cases, the asset is tested for impairment as part of the cash generating unit (CGU) to which it belongs. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset or CGU is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

An assessment is also made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in estimate used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount.

That increased amount cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of amortisation, had no impairment loss been recognised in the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. Intangible assets are tested for impairment where an indicator of impairment exists. Intangibles under development are tested at the cash-generating unit level for impairment annually or at each reporting period where an indicator of impairment exists.

DERECOGNITION

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the disposal proceeds received and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

KEY ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

CAPTURE COSTS

Pursuant to AASB 138 Intangible Assets, the Group has assessed its best estimate of the probability that the expected future economic benefits attributable to the Group's digital imagery will flow to the entity. As a result, capture costs directly attributable and necessary to create and upload digital imagery online have been recognised as an intangible asset. During the year ended 30 June 2022, the Group reviewed the appropriateness of the amortisation period and methodology for capture costs and determined that straight-line amortisation and a 2-year useful life remain appropriate based on up-to-date customer map tile requests.

CONTACT ACQUISITION COSTS

Capitalised costs related to the acquisition of new revenue contracts are amortised on a straight-line basis over 3 years, reflecting the estimated average duration of contract and period of benefit across the Group, including expected contract renewals. The average period of benefit was derived through consideration of quantitative factors including the historical duration of customer relationships and upsell trend analysis. A 3-year useful life remains appropriate for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

DEVELOPMENT COSTS

Management has made judgements in assessing when internal projects enter the development phase, namely around determining the commercial feasibility and assessing the probability of future economic benefits relating to that project. During the year ended 30 June 2022, the Group reviewed the appropriateness of the amortisation period and methodology for development costs and determined that straight-line amortisation and a 3 to 5-year useful life remain appropriate.

IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS

The Group assesses impairment at each reporting date by evaluation of conditions specific to the Group that may lead to impairment of assets. Where an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. ViU and FVLCD calculations performed in assessing recoverable amounts incorporate a number of key estimates, including forecasting of profits, cash flows, and discount rates. These estimates require significant management judgement and are subject to risk and uncertainty that may be beyond the control of the Group; hence there is a possibility that changes in circumstances will materially alter projections, which may impact the recoverable amount of assets at each reporting date.

(i) RECONCILIATION OF CARRYING AMOUNT

	Goodwill	Develop- ment costs	Capture costs	Intellectual property	Contract acquisition costs	Other	Total
Year ended 30 June 2022	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Opening net book value	135	19,532	20,775	3,120	5,628	79	49,269
Additions	_	18,083	28,487	_	10,341	_	56,911
Amortisation	_	(13,213)	(22,504)	(946)	(3,927)	(79)	(40,669)
Foreign exchange adjustment	_	_	_	234	635	_	869
Closing net book value	135	24,402	26,758	2,408	12,677	-	66,380
At 30 June 2022							
Cost	135	76,401	132,744	4,983	17,295	1,940	233,498
Accumulated amortisation	-	(51,999)	(105,986)	(2,575)	(4,618)	(1,940)	(167,118)
Closing net book value	135	24,402	26,758	2,408	12,677	_	66,380

	Goodwill	Develop- ment costs	Capture costs	Intellectual property	Contract acquisition costs	Other	Total
Year ended 30 June 2021	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Opening net book value	135	18,670	24,017	4,418	-	175	47,415
Additions	_	11,771	19,981	_	6,059	_	37,811
Amortisation	_	(10,909)	(23,223)	(920)	(500)	(96)	(35,648)
Foreign exchange adjustment	_	_	_	(378)	69	_	(309)
Closing net book value	135	19,532	20,775	3,120	5,628	79	49,269
At 30 June 2021							
Cost	135	58,317	104,256	4,566	6,134	1,937	175,345
Accumulated amortisation	-	(38,785)	(83,481)	(1,446)	(506)	(1,858)	(126,076)
Closing net book value	135	19,532	20,775	3,120	5,628	79	49,269

(ii) IMPAIRMENT TESTING

The Group's CGUs have been identified as North America (NA) and Australia and New Zealand (ANZ), in accordance with the business segments.

The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's FVLCD and its ViU. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows. In determining the recoverable amount of assets, in the absence of quoted market prices, estimates are made regarding the present value of future post tax cash flows.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements continued

In the current period, FVLCD has derived a higher value for both CGUs. FVLCD is an estimate of the amount that a market participant would pay for an asset or CGU, less cost of disposal. The fair value has been determined using assumptions to calculate the present value of the estimated future post tax cash flows expected to arise from the continued use of the asset including the anticipated cash flow effects to develop the asset or CGU from its current early stage of operation into its intended mature operating state. Cash flows have been discounted using an appropriate post tax market discount rate to arrive at a net present value of the CGU, less an estimate of disposal costs for the business, which is then compared against the CGU's carrying value. The FVLCD calculations are based primarily on level 3 inputs as defined in note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

For the purpose of impairment testing goodwill is allocated to the ANZ CGUs which is expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combinations in which goodwill arises.

The carrying amounts of the ANZ and NA CGUs as at 30 June 2022 include:

	ANZ \$'000	NA \$'000	GROUP \$'000
Goodwill	135	_	135
Intangible assets	14,580	51,665	66,245
Property, plant and equipment	9,231	13,779	23,010

The key assumptions used in determining recoverable values for the ANZ and NA CGUs as at 30 June 2022 are presented below.

Cash Flow Projections	The projected cash flows are based on 2022 actual results and 2023 to 2027 financial projections approved by the Board. These projections are based on internal business case modelling combined with analysis of external target market conditions.
Discount Rate	The discount rates used in the discounted cash flow model reflect the Group's estimate of the time value of money and risks specific to each CGU. The discount rates have been determined based on each CGU's bottom-up post-tax weighted average cost of capital (WACC), adjusted for market risk and specific risk factors, if applicable. The pre-tax discount rate is 9.85% for NA and 10.1% for ANZ (FY21: 14.4% and 13.1% respectively).
Terminal Growth Rate	The terminal value growth rates have been determined based on expectations of long-term operating conditions. For both the ANZ and NA CGUs, the Group has applied a 3% terminal growth rate in the terminal value.

Management has performed sensitivity analysis and assessed reasonably possible changes for key assumptions and has not identified any instances that could cause the carrying amount of the CGUs to exceed their recoverable amount.

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

ACCOUNTING POLICY – RECOGNITION AND MEASUREMENT OF PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant, and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Such cost includes the cost of replacing parts that are eligible for capitalisation when the cost of replacing the parts is incurred, the cost of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located, and the employee benefit costs directly attributable to the assembly process in the case of camera systems. If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant, and equipment. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

SUBSEQUENT EXPENDITURE

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group.

DEPRECIATION

Depreciation is recognised on a straight-line basis to write down the cost less estimated residual value over the estimated useful life of the assets. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted if appropriate. The following useful lives are applied:

- (i) Office equipment & furniture: 3 years
- (ii) Camera systems: 5 years
- (iii) Spare parts and stand-by equipment: 7-10 years
- (iv) Right-of-use assets: 2-5 years

DERECOGNITION AND DISPOSAL

An item of plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to be obtained from its use. Gains or losses arising from the derecognition of an asset (calculated as the difference between the proceeds received and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements continued

	Assets under construction	Office equipment & furniture	Camera systems	Right-of-use assets	Total
Year ended 30 June 2022	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Opening net book value	811	3,927	11,025	9,332	25,095
Additions	5,322	1,513	-	378	7,213
Disposals	_	(2)	(202)	_	(204)
Transfers	(114)	_	114	_	_
Depreciation	_	(1,950)	(3,160)	(4,350)	(9,460)
Foreign exchange adjustment	_	104	_	262	366
Closing net book value	6,019	3,592	7,777	5,621	23,010
At 30 June 2022					
Cost	6,019	10,124	28,966	18,463	63,572
Accumulated depreciation	_	(6,532)	(21,189)	(12,842)	(40,563)
Closing net book value	6,019	3,592	7,777	5,621	23,010
	Assets under	Office equipment	Camera	Right-of-use	

	Assets under construction	Office equipment & furniture	Camera systems	Right-of-use assets	Total
Year ended 30 June 2021	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Opening net book value	_	4,664	14,657	14,087	33,408
Additions	280	1,116	338	_	1,734
Transfers	531	_	(531)	_	_
Disposals	_	_	(2)	_	(2)
Depreciation	_	(1,696)	(3,437)	(4,331)	(9,464)
Foreign exchange adjustment	_	(157)	_	(424)	(581)
Closing net book value	811	3,927	11,025	9,332	25,095
At 30 June 2021					
Cost	811	8,318	29,179	17,567	55,875
Accumulated depreciation	_	(4,391)	(18,154)	(8,235)	(30,780)
Closing net book value	811	3,927	11,025	9,332	25,095

E. OTHER

IN THIS SECTION

This section provides information on items which require disclosure to comply with Australian Accounting Standards and other regulatory pronouncements that are not considered critical in understanding the financial performance or position of the Group.

14. PROVISIONS

ACCOUNTING POLICY - RECOGNITION AND MEASUREMENT OF PROVISIONS

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, there is a present legal or constructive obligation that can be measured reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. The Group's provisions consist in make good provisions on leased assets, which are estimated at the present value of expected restoration costs that arise at lease commencement, with a corresponding amount included in the cost of the right-of-use asset. Any subsequent change in the estimate is recognised prospectively as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

If the effect is material, a provision is determined by discounting the best estimate of the expected future cash flows required to settle the obligation at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is treated as a finance expense in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Obligations are included in other non-current liabilities in the statement of financial position as the outflow of economic resources are expected to occur at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Movement in make good provision	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Balance at the beginning of the year	2,150	2,233
Interest expense on unwinding of make good provisions	7	7
Foreign exchange adjustment	88	(90)
Balance at the end of the year	2,245	2,150

15. BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated as net profit or loss attributable to shareholders, adjusted to exclude costs of servicing equity (other than dividends), divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares, adjusted for any bonus element.

Diluted earnings per share is calculated as net profit attributable to shareholders, adjusted for:

- (i) costs of servicing equity (other than dividends);
- (ii) the after-tax effect of dividends and interest associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares that have been recognised as expenses; and
- (iii) other non-discretionary changes in revenues or expenses during the period that would result from the dilution of potential ordinary shares, divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares and dilutive potential ordinary shares, adjusted for any bonus element.

	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Loss after tax attributable to ordinary equity holders	(30,795)	(18,820)
Loss used in calculating diluted earnings per share	(30,795)	(18,820)

	Number of shares	Number of shares
Weighted-average number of ordinary shares on issue used in the calculation of basic profit per share	496,972,984	484,493,462
Weighted-average number of ordinary shares on issue used in the calculation of diluted profit per share	496,972,984	484,493,462

Loss per share	30 June 2022 cents	30 June 2021 cents
Basic loss per share	(6.20)	(3.88)
Diluted loss per share	(6.20)	(3.88)

The options granted to employees are considered to be ordinary shares and are included in the determination of diluted earnings per share to the extent to which they are dilutive.

There have been no transactions involving ordinary shares or potential ordinary shares that would significantly change the number of ordinary shares or potential ordinary shares outstanding between the reporting date and the date when the consolidated financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors.

16. OTHER CURRENT AND NON-CURRENT RECEIVABLES

	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Contract assets	925	2,695
Term deposits	2,356	2,356
Lease deposits	390	370
Interest receivable	18	364
Other	154	70
Total other receivables	3,843	5,855
Included in the consolidated statement of financial position as:		
Current other receivables	3,453	5,485
Non-current other receivables	390	370
Total other receivables	3,843	5,855

17. RECONCILIATION OF CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Reconciliation of loss after tax to net cash flows from operations	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Loss after tax	(30,795)	(18,820)
Adjustment for non-cash items		
Amortisation and depreciation	50,129	45,112
Foreign exchange differences	(227)	(134)
Net share-based payment expense	6,843	5,818
Gain on sale of unlisted investments	_	(514)
Write off of property, plant and equipment	204	_
Interest expense – lease liability	321	497
Other	_	125
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Intangibles – contract acquisition costs	(10,341)	(6,059)
Receivables and other current assets	(13,478)	(7,215)
Payables and other liabilities	20,435	10,825
Provision for employee benefits	3,889	5,608
Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities	(3,856)	(4,199)
Other non-current liabilities	95	_
Net cash from operating activities	23,219	31,044

18. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Cash at bank and on hand	93,699	53,431
Deposit on call	_	_
Short term deposits at call	_	70,000
Total cash and cash equivalents	93,699	123,431

19. PARENT ENTITY INFORMATION

	30 June 2022 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Current assets	160	70,382
Total assets	220,566	225,046
Current liabilities	-	(8,959)
Total liabilities	-	(8,959)
Net assets	220,566	216,087
Contributed equity ¹	226,450	224,268
Reserves	34,682	26,876
Accumulated losses	(40,566)	(35,057)
Total shareholder equity	220,566	216,087
Profit or loss for the parent entity	(7,822)	427
Total comprehensive (loss)/income of the parent entity	(7,822)	427

^{1.} The Group's contributed equity in the consolidated statement of financial position is presented net of treasury shares held by Nearmap Australia Pty Ltd of \$314 thousand (30 June 2021: \$76 thousand).

The parent entity entered into a Deed of Cross Guarantee (the Deed) dated 31 May 2017 with its subsidiaries. Under the Deed each company guarantees the debts of the others. By entering into the Deed, the wholly owned entities have been relieved from the requirement to prepare a financial report and Directors' report under Class Order 98/1418 (as amended) issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission. Refer to note 20 for listing of subsidiaries.

Details of the contingent liabilities of the Group are contained in note 23. There are no contingent liabilities of the parent entity (30 June 2021: nil).

There are no contractual commitments of the parent entity as at 30 June 2022 (30 June 2021: nil).

20. GROUP ENTITIES

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and equity of the following subsidiaries in accordance with the accounting policy described in note 2:

Name of Entity		Equity Hold	ling	
	Country of Incorporation	2022	2021 %	
Nearmap Australia Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100	
Nearmap Holdings Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100	
Nearmap USA Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100	
Nearmap Aerospace Inc.	United States	100	100	
Nearmap US, Inc.	United States	100	100	
Nearmap Remote Sensing US, Inc.	United States	100	100	

21. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The following fees were paid or are payable at 30 June 2022 for services provided by the auditor of the Group and its related practices during the financial year:

	30 June 2022 \$	30 June 2021 \$
Audit services paid to KPMG		
Remuneration paid to KPMG for audit or review of the financial statements of the entity	308,000	230,000
Non-audit services paid to KPMG		
Other advisory for the entity and any other entity in the Group	20,697	31,900
Total paid/payable to KPMG	328,697	261,900

22. RELATED PARTIES

(i) COMPENSATION OF KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

	30 June 2022 \$	30 June 2021 \$
Employee benefits	2,339,733	4,337,681
Post-employment benefits	92,282	150,223
Share-based payments	981,213	1,777,886
Total compensation of key management personnel	3,413,228	6,265,790

(ii) TRANSACTIONS WITH KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL AND OTHER EMPLOYEES

FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE UNDER THE EMPLOYEE SHARE OPTION PLAN

The Nearmap ESOP includes an Employee Loan Scheme that permits Nearmap to grant financial assistance to employees by way of loan to enable them to exercise options and acquire shares. These loans bear interest at rates that ranged from 0.30% to 1.05% during the year ended 30 June 2022 (30 June 2021: 0.30% to 0.45%) and are repayable four years after the issue date. The loans are not recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position.

	,	Key management personnel		Key management personnel and other employees	
	30 JUNE 2022 \$	30 JUNE 2021\$	30 JUNE 2022 \$	30 JUNE 2021\$	
Share option loans outstanding at the beginning of the year	5,682,288	6,016,259	6,911,455	7,968,567	
Reclassification from KMP to other employee	(2,374,304)	-	_	_	
Share option loans repaid during the period	(582,206)	(354,105)	(582,206)	(1,078,443)	
Share option loans provided during the period	_	-	622,127	_	
Interest accrued on share option loans	14,550	20,134	20,312	21,331	
Share option loans outstanding at the end of the year	2,740,328	5,682,288	6,971,688	6,911,455	

Other than the loans granted to employees under the employee loan scheme, there have been no sales, purchases or other transactions with related parties during the year ended 30 June 2022 (30 June 2021: nil).

23. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

PATENT INFRINGEMENT

On 5 May 2021 Eagle View Technologies, Inc. and Pictometry International Corp (collectively "EV") filed a complaint against Nearmap US, Inc. ("Nearmap") in the United States District Court (District of Utah, Northern Division) alleging eight patent infringements. On 8 July 2021, Nearmap filed a Motion to Dismiss for two of these patent infringements claims. On 5 August 2021, EV filed a response to Nearmap's Motion to Dismiss. The judge requested oral arguments from EV and Nearmap on 8 November 2021. On 15 November 2021, the court made no ruling on the ultimate eligibility of the patents and denied the motion without prejudice. On 29 November 2021, Nearmap filed with the Court its answer to EV's complaint, asserting eight affirmative defences and sixteen counterclaims. Nearmap has since lodged five IPR petitions with U.S. Patent Trial & Appeal Board challenging the validity of EV's patents. A Section "285" letter was also sent to EV on 7 April 2022, notifying EV that it has no reasonable basis to continue to assert infringement, its claims are invalid, and that its efforts to use baseless litigation to impose legal expenses on Nearmap is the type of "exceptional case" that Section 285 of the Patent Act is designed to redress. EV replied on 20 May 2022 denying the notice of baselessness. As at the date of this report, the litigation process is ongoing with a Court timetable for the conduct of the litigation being agreed to by the parties.

The Group believes EV's allegations are fundamentally without merit and Nearmap is well prepared to vigorously defend against the claims and assert additional defences and counterclaims. As at the date of this report, the litigation process is ongoing. No provision has been recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022 as the Group considers that no present obligation exists. The Group recognises legal costs as incurred.

BANK GUARANTEE

As at 30 June 2022, the Group has entered into a bank guarantee agreement for \$2,356 thousand at the request of the lessors of its registered office in Barangaroo, NSW, Australia (30 June 2021: \$2,356 thousand).

24. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Group has announced to the market on 15 August 2022 that the Group has received a non-binding indication of interest from Thoma Bravo L.P, a leading software investment firm, to acquire 100% of the shares in Nearmap for \$2.10 cash per share by way of a scheme of arrangement. The Board determined the Proposal to be credible and sufficient to initially grant non-exclusive due diligence access to Thoma Bravo. Thoma Bravo's due diligence is now at an advanced stage and encompasses all financial and other valuation-critical due diligence supporting the \$2.10 Proposal. In order to determine whether a definitive transaction can be agreed, the Group has granted exclusivity to Thoma Bravo for 7 days commencing 15 August 2022. Additionally, the Group has agreed to pay Thoma Bravo an expense reimbursement fee up to a cap of US\$3 million if during the exclusivity period or within 6 months after expiry of the exclusivity period:

- A transaction agreement involving Nearmap and Thoma Bravo shall not have been entered into; and
- Nearmap (or any of its subsidiaries) shall have entered into a definitive agreement providing for, or shall have or consummated, an alternative transaction (or in the case of an alternative transaction that is a takeover bid or scheme, shall have approved or recommended to shareholders, or otherwise not opposed, such alternative transaction).

Any definitive agreement with Thoma Bravo will be subject to Foreign Investment Review Board approval, clearance in the United States and other customary terms and conditions. At this stage, there is no certainty the discussions with Thoma Bravo will progress nor that discussions will lead to a transaction.

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

In accordance with a resolution of the Directors of the Company, I state that:

In the opinion of the Directors:

- (a) the financial statements and notes of the consolidated entity are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Accounting Standards and Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting standards; and
- (b) the Company has included in the notes to the financial statements an explicit and unreserved statement of compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards;
- (c) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company and the members of the consolidated entity will be able to pay their debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (d) the remuneration disclosures set out in the Directors' report (as part of audited remuneration report) for the year ended 30 June 2022, comply with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

This declaration has been made after receiving the declarations required to be made to the Directors in accordance with sections 295A of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the financial period ending 30 June 2022.

On behalf of the Board



Rob NewmanChief Executive Officer & Managing Director
16 August 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



This is the original version of the audit report over the financial statements signed by the Directors on 16 August 2022. Page references in relation to the Remuneration Report should be read as referring to pages 74 to 89 as opposed to 15 to 30, to reflect the correct references now that the financial statements have been presented in the context of the Annual Report in its entirety.

Independent Auditor's Report

To the shareholders of Nearmap Limited

Report on the audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the Financial Report of The Financial Report comprises: Nearmap Limited (the Company).

In our opinion, the accompanying Financial Report of the Company is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- · giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- · complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

- . Consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022
- . Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Consolidated statement of changes in equity, and Consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- . Notes including a summary of significant accounting
- . Directors' Declaration.

The Group consists of Nearmap Limited (the Company) and the entities it controlled at the year end or from time to time during the financial year.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report section of our report.

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards) (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Report in Australia. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements

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Key Audit Matters

The *Key Audit Matters* we identified are:

- Carrying value of intangible assets of the US business.
- Recognition of revenue & unearned revenue.

Key Audit Matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the Financial Report of the current period.

These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Financial Report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Carrying value of intangible assets of the US business

Refer to Note 12 to the Financial Report

The key audit matter

The group has \$66.4 million of intangible assets comprising primarily capture costs and development costs.

The intangible assets attributed to the US business total \$51.7 million. These assets are assessed for impairment at the US business cash generating unit (CGU) level, using a Fair Value Less Cost of Disposal model ("FVLCD" or "the model").

The assessment of impairment was a key audit matter because it involved significant judgement in evaluating the assumptions used by the Group in their FVLCD model.

The key judgements we focused on included:

- Complex modelling, particularly those containing judgemental allocations of corporate assets and costs to CGUs, using forward-looking assumptions tend to be prone to greater risk for potential bias, error and inconsistent application. These conditions necessitate additional scrutiny by us, in particular to address the objectivity of sources used for assumptions, and their consistent application.
- Future cash flow projections for FY 2023 to 2027. The US business is still in the early stage of maturity which increases the risk of inaccurate forecasts.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our procedures included:

- We evaluated the methodology applied by the Group in allocating corporate assets and costs across CGUs for consistency with our understanding of the business and the criteria in the accounting standards;
- We assessed the methodology in the model for consistency with the basis required by Australian Accounting Standards;
- We challenged the forecasts, assumptions, and the objectivity of sources on which the assumptions are based. We compared the cash flow projections for FY 2023 to 2027 in the model to those in the latest Board approved budgets and evaluated their consistency with the Group's intentions as outlined in Directors' minutes and strategy documents. We also used our knowledge of the business and considered external sources including analysts' expectations and industry trends. The forecast growth was also assessed against the actual growth rate achieved in the establishment of the Australian business as well as market research reports;
- We assessed the historical accuracy of forecasts by comparing to actual results, to use in our evaluation of projections included in the model;
- Working with our valuation specialists, we assessed implied multiples from comparable companies to the implied multiple derived from the Group's FVLCD model;
- We evaluated the adequacy of disclosures in the financial report using our understanding obtained from our testing and against the requirements of Australian Accounting Standards.

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Recognition of revenue (\$146 million) and unearned revenue (\$75.5 million)

Refer to Note 3 to the Financial Report

The key audit matter

The Group derives the majority of its revenue from subscription fees from customers for access to its online location intelligence services, which it recognises rateably over the related contractual term. The Group's policy is that, at the year end, services sold to customers in advance (i.e. which are yet to be delivered) are recognised as a liability and classified as unearned revenue (\$75.5 million).

The recognition of revenue and related unearned revenue is considered to be a key audit matter due to:

- The significance of revenue and unearned revenue to the financial statements; and
- The implementation of a new revenue accounting system at the beginning of financial year.

We focused on assessing revenue and unearned revenue recognised by the Group for subscription fees in accordance with the accounting standards.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our procedures included:

- We assessed the appropriateness of the Group's accounting policies related to revenue recognition against the requirements of the accounting standards and our understanding of the business and industry practice:
- We obtained an understanding, and tested key internal controls over the Group's accounting for revenue from contracts with customers;
- We tested the completeness of the deferred revenue opening balance reconciliation performed between the prior year unearned revenue schedule to the new revenue accounting system;
- We tested the completeness and accuracy of the underlying data within the Group's billing and revenue recognition system by tracing a sample of contract information in the system to the source data and the signed customer contract;
- Using data analytics, we checked the expected revenue to be recognised during the year and compared to the revenue recognised in the system;
- We tested the completeness and accuracy of the deferred revenue reconciliation by selecting a sample of billings during the year and checked the amount billed per the system to invoice and payment support;
- For a sample of contracts, we checked the revenue recognised for each contract by the Group against the terms and conditions of the respective contract with customers and requirements of AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers;
- For a sample of revenue items and credit notes recognised by the Group either side of the yearend, we checked revenue recognised in the correct accounting period;
- We evaluated the adequacy of disclosures in the financial report using our understanding obtained from our testing and against the requirements of Australian Accounting Standards.

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Independent Auditor's Report continued



Other Information

Other Information is financial and non-financial information in Nearmap Limited's annual reporting which is provided in addition to the Financial Report and the Auditor's Report. The Directors are responsible for the Other Information.

The Other Information we obtained prior to the date of this Auditor's Report was the Directors' Report and the Message from the Chair of the People, Culture and Remuneration Committee. The Chairman's letter, CEO's Letter, FY22 Highlights, Customer Stories, Sustainability Statement, Shareholder Information and Corporate Information are expected to be made available to us after the date of the Auditor's Report.

Our opinion on the Financial Report does not cover the Other Information and, accordingly, we do not and will not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon, with the exception of the Remuneration Report and our related assurance opinions.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Report, our responsibility is to read the Other Information. In doing so, we consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We are required to report if we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, and based on the work we have performed on the Other Information that we obtained prior to the date of this Auditor's Report we have nothing to report.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The Directors are responsible for:

- preparing the Financial Report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001
- implementing necessary internal control to enable the preparation of a Financial Report that gives a
 true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error
- assessing the Group and Company's ability to continue as a going concern and whether the use of
 the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate. This includes disclosing, as applicable, matters
 related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to
 liquidate the Group and Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objective is:

- to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Independent Auditor's Report continued



Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. They are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the Financial Report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report is located at the *Auditing* and *Assurance Standards Board* website at:

 $https://www.auasb.gov.au/admin/file/content 102/c3/ar1_2020.pdf. \ This \ description \ forms \ part \ of \ our \ Auditor's \ Report.$

Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Nearmap Limited for the year ended 30 June 2022, complies with Section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Directors' responsibilities

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with Section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Our responsibilities

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 15 to 30 of the Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2022.

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards*.

KPMG

KPMG

Casinle Tooli

Caoimhe Toouli

Partner

Sydney

16 August 2022

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

Additional information required by the Australian Securities Exchange and not shown elsewhere in this report is as follows. The information is current as at 31 August 2022.

(A) DISTRIBUTION OF ORDINARY SHARES

The number of shareholders, by size of holding, are:

Range	No. of holders	No. of shares
1–1,000	10,914	5,830,132
1,001–5,000	10,148	26,667,207
5,001–10,000	3,021	22,858,197
10,001–100,000	3,009	80,505,742
100,001 and over	230	364,193,486
Total	27,322	500,054,764

The number of shareholders holding less than a marketable parcel of ordinary shares (being 240 Shares as at 31 August 2022, based on a closing share price of \$2.08) is 1,900.

(B) UNQUOTED SECURITIES

The Company has the following unquoted securities on issue:

- 12,427,917 Employee Share Option Plan options held by 16 employees and former employees. The options expire on various dates between 8 October 2022 and 19 November 2026 and are exercisable at a range of prices between \$1.34 and \$2.97 each;
- 1,480,451 Long Term Incentive Plan options held by 13 employees. The options expire on various dates between 12 September 2022 and 1 July 2024 and are exercisable at a range of prices between \$2.164 and \$2.575 each; and
- 1,757,804 restricted stock units held by 190 employees.

(C) TWENTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS

The names of the twenty largest registered holders of quoted ordinary shares are:

Name	No. of shares	% of shares
1. J P MORGAN NOMINEES AUSTRALIA PTY LIMITED	68,963,247	13.79
2. CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	45,349,008	9.07
3. HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED	41,368,744	8.27
4. NATIONAL NOMINEES LIMITED	38,516,789	7.70
5. LONGFELLOW NOMINEES PTY LTD <the a="" aeolus="" c=""></the>	19,020,875	3.80
6. ANACACIA PTY LTD <wattle a="" c="" fund=""></wattle>	12,971,218	2.59
7. MUTUAL TRUST PTY LTD	12,590,903	2.52
8. NETWEALTH INVESTMENTS LIMITED <wrap a="" c="" services=""></wrap>	8,163,479	1.63
9. BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES PTY LTD < DRP>	7,863,696	1.57
10. BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES PTY LTD <agency a="" c="" drp="" lending=""></agency>	6,353,116	1.27
11. MRS JENNIFER LEE NORGARD	5,387,963	1.08
12. VENTURE SKILLS PTY LTD <the a="" c="" family="" newman=""></the>	4,878,908	0.98
13. BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES PTY LTD <ib au="" drp="" noms="" retailclient=""></ib>	3,578,310	0.72
14. VENTURE SKILLS PTY LTD <the a="" c="" family="" newman=""></the>	3,000,000	0.60
15. WARBONT NOMINEES PTY LTD < UNPAID ENTREPOT A/C>	2,883,054	0.58
16. HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED – A/C 2	2,818,808	0.56
17. LIVELY ENTERPRISES PTY LTD <the a="" c="" newman="" retirement=""></the>	2,668,043	0.53
18. MR ANDREW DAVID WATT	2,500,000	0.50
19. HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED <gsco a="" c="" customers=""></gsco>	2,319,981	0.46
20. AUSTRALIAN EXECUTOR TRUSTEES LIMITED < NO 1 ACCOUNT>	2,063,444	0.41
Total	293,259,586	58.65

Shareholder Information continued

(D) SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

There are no substantial shareholders who have notified the Company in accordance with section 671B of the Corporations Act 2001.

(E) VOTING RIGHTS

All ordinary shares carry one vote per share without restriction. No voting rights are attached to options or restricted stock units.

(F) ON-MARKET PURCHASES

During the 2022 financial year, 171,763 ordinary shares at an average price of \$1.39 per share were purchased on-market under the Company's Matching Share Rights Plan.

(G) SECURITIES EXCHANGE QUOTATION

The Company's ordinary shares are listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (Code: NEA). The Home Exchange is Sydney.

(H) ON-MARKET BUY BACK

There is no current on-market buy back.

(I) CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

The Company's 2022 Corporate Governance Statement can be accessed at https://www.nearmap.com/au/en/investors/governance

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Nearmap Ltd ABN 37 083 702 907

DIRECTORS

Peter James (Independent Non- executive Chairman)
Rob Newman (Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director)
Sue Klose (Independent Non-executive Director)
Ross Norgard (Non-executive Director)
Cliff Rosenberg (Independent Non-executive Director)
David Baxby (Independent Non-executive Director)
Helen Souness (Independent Non-executive Director)

COMPANY SECRETARY

Shannon Coates

REGISTERED OFFICE

Level 4, Tower One, International Towers Sydney 100 Barangaroo Avenue Sydney NSW 2000

WEBSITE

http://www.nearmap.com

SOLICITORS

DLA Piper

BANKERS

Commonwealth Bank of Australia Wells Fargo JP Morgan

SHARE REGISTRY

Automic Group Level 5, Deutsche Bank Place 126 Phillip Street Sydney NSW 2000

AUDITORS

KPMG Australia Tower Three, International Towers Sydney 300 Barangaroo Avenue Sydney NSW 2000 This page has been left blank intentionally.

