

AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

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Corporate Governance Statement

The Company's Corporate Governance Statement can be found on the Company's website at https://www.altamin.com.au/corporategovernance.

CHAIRMAN'S LETTER

Dear Shareholders

This past year has seen two key aspects of Altamin's strategy crystallise.

Firstly, the completion of the joint venture arrangements with Appian, who have committed an initial US\$10 million of funding towards achieving a final investment decision (FID) for the Gorno project.

Secondly, the advancement of our critical raw materials (CRM) portfolio of assets in Italy, which we believe now stand at the cusp of some exciting developments.

Our Gorno project is now held in a special purpose vehicle company, Vedra Metals Srl, established for the joint venture to develop the project. As at 30 June 2023, Appian has contributed US\$6.3 million of the committed initial funding, of which US\$3.1 million was invested to advance Gorno as detailed below and later in the relevant section of this Annual Report.

Drilling re-commenced at Gorno in October last year and the definitive feasibility study (DFS) is currently in progress. The DFS workstreams will provide key inputs of detailed information needed to be submitted in support of the mining licence application. I am pleased to report that the respective Vedra and Appian teams are working well together to achieve a positive FID and then proceed to the development of Gorno.

Of immense significance for Altamin's CRM projects in Italy is the European Union's recent legislation aimed at securing supplies of critical raw materials in support of its climate change policies – the *Green Deal Industrial Plan* and *Critical Raw Materials Act (CRMA)*, March 2023. The CRMA includes ambitious targets: to achieve 10% of production of each CRM within EU by 2030, and EU to not be dependent for greater than 65% of each identified strategic raw material.

The EU legislation is strongly endorsed by the Italian government, which counts Italy as having 16 of the 34 CRM's and is now actively supporting mining production and initiatives to attract foreign investment to the raw material sector.

Altamin has achieved a unique position in this context, having been exploring and developing Italian brownfield projects since 2015 in commodities that are aligned to the EU's energy transition goals.

I am confident that near term initiatives to develop our lithium, cobalt and copper/base metals assets, in collaboration with regulators, stakeholders and prospective strategic partners, will provide the impetus for substantial upside to Altamin's strategy over the next year, and excited that our major shareholders share and support this view.

Yours sincerely

Alexander Burns

Non-executive Chairman

29 September 2023

OPERATIONS REPORT

Altamin Limited (Altamin) is uniquely positioned as the first mover in restarting Italy's long dormant but prospective minerals sector. The company has been active in Italy since 2015, and since then has built a highly capable multi-disciplinary team and local supplier network to deliver progress within the country's regulatory, environmental and operating framework.

This year Altamin has continued to leverage its capabilities to locate, assess and apply for new opportunities in Italy at brownfield sites in commodities aligned to the EU's energy transition goals.

Altamin's raw materials portfolio now includes diversified brownfields projects in key commodities classified by the EU as Critical Raw Materials "essential to the EU economy, face serious risk of supply disruption" or Strategic Raw Materials "key for specific sectors, that may face global market imbalance."

Climate change policies in Europe have created strong support for projects that will enable the European Union to secure the volumes of raw materials needed for its 'Green Deal Industrial Plan'. The *Critical Raw Materials Act* ('CRMA') introduced in February 2023 aims to facilitate the extracting, processing and recycling of critical metals with the aim of achieving 10% of production of critical metals within the EU by 2030.

The EU climate change policies are strongly endorsed by the Italian government. This is evidenced by statements by Adolpho Ursu, *Minister of Enterprise and Made in Italy*, who has called for the reopening of mines and creation of new mines to revive the country's strong metals mining and refining legacy.



Minister Adolfo Urso with Geraint Harris, Altamin's Managing Director

The Company is continuing to review additional opportunities to secure low-cost brown-field exploration opportunities throughout the region, and in particular those with battery metal potential.

ITALIAN PROJECTS



Figure 1: Location of Italian Projects - Diversified brownfield projects in key commodities

Gorno Zinc Project (Lombardy, Northern Italy)

Company: Vedra Metals Srl ('Vedra')

Ownership: 78.86% Altamin Limited and 21.14% Appian Italy B.V ('Appian')

The Gorno Project (Gorno) is located in the Lombardy region of northern Italy and encompasses an historically mined, under-explored and extensively mineralised Mississippi Valley type (MVT) zinc-lead geological system with over 8km of demonstrated mineralised strike, of which the Company has explored only a portion of the western quarter.

The geology and metallurgical testwork at Gorno to date confirms straight forward metallurgy and a processing route that indicates a substantial long-term future supply of clean, high-grade zinc and lead concentrates, making Gorno a unique strategic asset in the global zinc market.

A key development during the year was the investment by global specialist mining private equity fund, Appian Natural Resources Fund GP II Limited. Appian has committed US\$10m to Vedra to finance drilling to expand and infill the resource base and update the Mineral Resource Estimate (MRE), complete a Definitive Feasibility Study (DFS) and key permitting activities to support a final investment decision (FID). The commitment will earn Appian a 29.5% interest in Vedra. Following a FID, Appian has the right to acquire a further 37.5% interest by funding US\$55m of the development capital. As at 30 June 2023 Vedra has drawn US\$6.3 million, earning Appian a 21.14% interest.

Gorno Permitting

Exploration activities are permitted under the Cime Exploration Licence (EL) which grants the Company the right to explore for lead, zinc, copper, silver and all associated metals over approximately 1,200 hectares centred over the Gorno mine. The EL encompasses the historical underground workings and areas of near-mine prospectivity. It is valid until 5 July 2023, with the right to extend for a further three years to expiry in 2026. A renewal application has been made and thus the EL is in good standing whilst the renewal is being assessed.

The Company has engaged an international environmental consulting group, Ramboll, to assist in preparing the detailed submissions required for ongoing permitting and the DFS. These activities are being supported by the technical team at Vedra and Appian, adding their in-depth knowledge and skills in project development, construction and operations.

Following finalisation of the DFS study elements, application will be made to convert the Cime EL to a mining licence which will include the current exploration area and areas required for the underground and surface infrastructure.

Gorno Exploration & Technical Studies

Following completion of the strategic funding arrangements for Gorno, local drilling specialist Edilmac Srl was re-mobilised and commenced Vedra's planned drilling programme which comprises of significant step out expansion and infill drilling intended to upgrade the category of the MRE ahead of the DFS.

Drilling at the Forcella level (940m RL) in the central part of the Zorzone East MRE has provided encouraging results. Positive results from the extensional drilling have warranted testing of down-dip extensions to the south along the eastern edge of Zorzone, and south and south-east of Zorzone East¹.

Most recently, the exploration team accessed and identified new mineralised areas at Cascine, which is outside of the MRE, in underground workings not visited since the mine closure in the 1980s².

¹ ASX announcement 'Gorno Zinc Project – Exceptional Drilling Results' 3 May 2023

² ASX announcement 'Gorno Project Update' 18 July 2023

These observations are part of systematic reconnaissance, laser survey and mapping of all accessible mineralisation and geology throughout the development levels at Gorno, in preparation for an extensive channel sampling program to be undertaken on the Cascine, Piazzole, Forcella and Parina levels.

Mapping has identified numerous semi-massive (25-50%) mineralised zones of sphalerite (zinc sulphide) in the sidewalls and ceilings of development that can be followed in underground workings for up to 200m length. Where mineralisation extends into the roof or floor the true width can be determined by subsequent drilling.

The Company is very excited about the exploration potential identified and looks forward to progressing the step-out drilling plan. Drilling access will require permission to first be sought to reopen an historical mine portal nearby.

Drilling of the other target areas outside of the MRE will continue in parallel with any prospective mine construction, development and production phases as the Company seeks to realise the full potential of the mineralisation within the greater Gorno district.

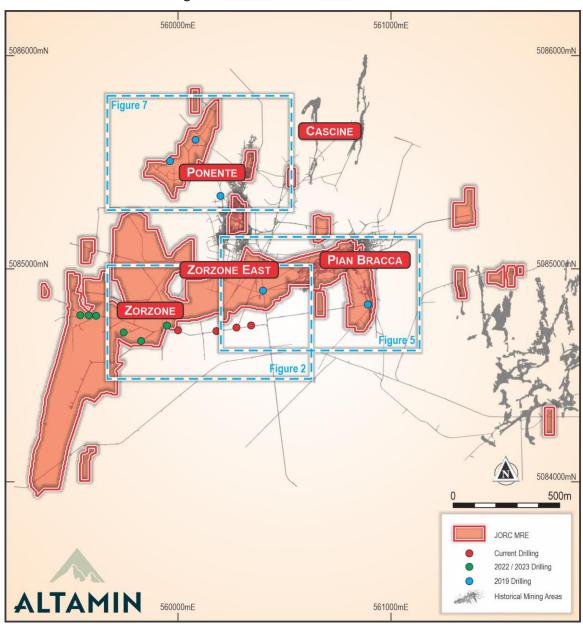


Figure 2: Gorno Project





Left: Massive yellow/brown zinc mineralisation visited at Cascine Right: Entire mineralised sidewall of over 10m height also at Cascine

Mineral Resource Estimate (MRE)

The current MRE for the Gorno Project³ is 7.8Mt @ Zn 6.8%; Pb1.8% (Zn+Pb 8.6%) and Ag 32g/t. The Indicated resource category accounts for approximately 74% of the total resource, with the oxide component of the mineralisation comprising approximately 9%. The MRE was independently prepared by CSA Global. The MRE has been depleted for known workings. The mineralisation remains open in all directions outside of the MRE, including to the east and west of the bounding faults.

Table 1: Mineral Resource Estimate of Gorno DepositReported above a cut-off grade of 1% Zn

Domain	JORC	Tonnes	Tonnes Zinc Total		Lead	Total	Silver	
	Classification	kt	%	kt	%	kt	g/t	koz
	Indicated	5,000	6.7	335	1.7	86	33	5,380
Sulphide	Inferred	2,060	7.2	149	1.8	38	31	2,040
	Total	7,060	6.9	484	1.8	124	33	7,420
	Indicated	670	6.0	40	1.8	12	26	560
Oxide	Inferred	70	7.0	5	1.8	1	26	60
	Total	730	6.1	45	1.8	13	26	620
	Indicated	5,660	6.6	375	1.7	98	33	5,940
Total	Inferred	2,130	7.2	153	1.8	39	31	2,100
	Total	7,790	6.8	528	1.8	137	32	8,040

³ ASX announcement 'Updated Mineral Resource for Gorno' 15 November 2021

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Critical Minerals Projects

Altamin's portfolio of critical minerals projects is in alignment with the EU's *Critical Raw Materials Act* (CRMA) which seeks to facilitate and encourage all EU members to mine, process and recycle critical materials.

Lazio Geothermal Lithium Projects (Lazio, Central Italy)

Company: Energia Minerals Italia Srl **Ownership:** 100% Altamin Limited

Altamin's lithium exploration projects area is located about 50km north of Rome in the southern half of Italy's premier geothermal field in the Lazio region of Italy and covers a combined area of approximately 11,086 ha. This includes the Campagnano EL and Galeria EL areas and applications for ELs over the Melazza, Cassia, Sabazia and Sacrofano areas (Figure 3).

From the 1970s, many wells were drilled into the geothermal fields in this part of Italy and the geothermal brines sampled in the vicinity of the project areas contained anomalous lithium values. Available data indicates the wells can produce geothermal energy and offer the potential recovery of chemical elements such as lithium, boron and potassium.

The reservoirs underlying the tenements remain unexploited for geothermal energy or minerals. However, in Tuscany to the north of Altamin's tenements within a similar regional aquifer, the exploitation of high-temperature geothermal waters for power production is a mature and well understood industry which has been in operation since 1904. Altamin has commissioned an expert Italian consulting group to conduct a study of available historical geological and technical data to assess the reservoir potential for geothermal energy and the brine compositions within the Campagnano and Galeria EL's. This assessment has outlined a program of work and a strategy for exploration and potential project development. This is now being expanded to include the additional EL's under application.

Altamin has commissioned Watercycle Technologies Ltd to investigate the production of lithium carbonate from the geothermal brines. To do this, Watercycle is synthesising brines based on the composition of brines obtained from historical well data so that these can then be assessed to determine their likely processing characteristics.

The high geothermal gradients present in the project areas should assist in meeting all energy requirements for the lithium extraction process, with excess geothermal energy production available for local or national grid usage.

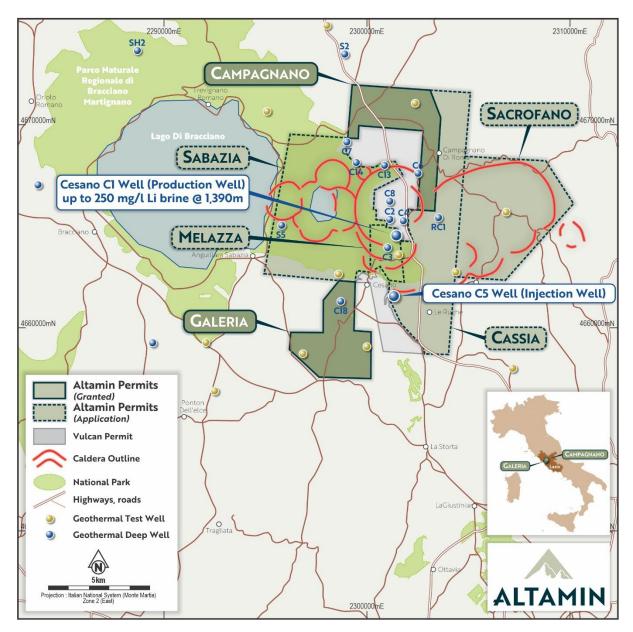


Figure 3: Lithium in Brine Exploration Licences & Applications

Punta Corna Cobalt Project (Piedmont, Northern Italy)

Company: Strategic Minerals Srl **Ownership:** 100% Altamin Limited

The Punta Corna Cobalt Project in Piedmont, northern Italy, comprises of the Punta Corna and Balme ELs, with a total project area of over 3,700 hectares containing a series of historical cobalt, nickel, copper and silver mine workings and several vein outcrops.

The Punta Corna EL provides regulatory authorisation for drilling of three main target areas within the EL (Figure 4) both at the highest and lowest elevations, which helps to facilitate year-round drilling subject to weather conditions. Drill Areas 1 and 2 are at high altitude and can be accessed in the summer months. The EL grants permission for an exploration camp to be set up at these higher altitude drilling areas. Drill Area 3 is at the base elevation situated adjacent to a year-round paved road and focuses on an historically copper-silver rich mining area dating from the medieval period.

The geological hypothesis, that these upper and lower zones may be linked will be tested during the drilling campaigns.

A Lidar survey of the entire licence area was commissioned in 2022. This has subsequently been reprocessed to determine if there are any additional historical workings or surface vein extensions which are obscured by surface vegetation. This information and extensive sampling (by the University of Turin) of the rocks surrounding our mineralisation is being part-utilised to refine the Hyperspectral surveying being conducted by the University of Naples. This collaboration between ground and satellite exploration has extremely encouraging potential to determine if there are significant extensions to the mineral system at Punta Corna.

In addition, geological field reconnaissance and sampling has also been carried out across the entire site in preparation for detailed drill planning and to identify further geological potential. A key focus was Drill Area 2 where Altamin has very little information from historical records, to determine from pending assays whether there is potential for cobalt mineralisation in addition to the known copper/silver in the area.

Detailed planning and site investigation was undertaken at Drill Area 3 to determine an optimised drilling position and hole layout. It is likely that this area will be prioritised for drilling, once a strategic source of funding has been secured, due to the ease of access, low- cost drilling setup and the timing required for spring/summer baseline environmental measurements at the higher elevation sites.

Punta Corna will benefit from the major initiative by the EU to secure clean domestic sources of energy metals and from the European industrial investment in electric vehicle and battery manufacturing facilities.

Punta Corna is important to Altamin's battery metals strategy in Italy and will benefit from the current initiative by the EU to secure clean domestic sources of base and energy metals and from the nearby industrial investment in electric vehicle (EV) and battery manufacturing facilities.

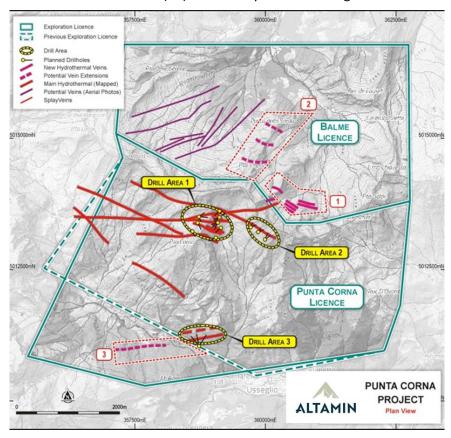


Figure 4: Punta Corna & Balme EL showing recently mapped vein extensions & planned drilling

Corchia (VMS) Copper/Cobalt Projects (Liguria & Emilia Romagna, Northern Italy)

Company: Energia Minerals Italia Srl **Ownership:** 100% Altamin Limited

Altamin has received notice of the granting of the Corchia EL in Emilia Romagna, northern Italy with an approved exploration work program to explore for copper, cobalt and associated metals. The EL area of approximately 2,675 ha extends over all the historical mine sites and includes near-mine and step-out strike extensions of the favourable host rocks. The EL offers significant potential for further mineral discoveries (Figure 6).

The Corchia mines are historically some of the most significant VMS (volcanogenic massive sulphide) hosted copper, cobalt and gold-rich mining districts in Italy. The EL contains several historical coppercobalt production sites with the last being closed in 1943 due to World War 2.

Available records indicate that in two of the significant mines, Donnini and Speranza, mining only exploited the surface gossan material and immediate down-dip massive sulphide extensions to depths of <40m. Mineralisation at Speranza is described as up to 5m thick, dipping at 70-80 degrees to the south, and significantly remains open both down dip and along strike (Figure 5). Historical production records indicate high average copper grades, up to 4.7% copper, with significant associated grades of nickel, cobalt, gold and silver⁴.

The mineralisation style at Corchia is VMS of the Cyprus style hosted by ophiolite rocks which are partially overlain by sedimentary rocks. Modern electromagnetic geophysical techniques have proven to be a highly effective exploration method for this style of mineralisation globally, and their use will be assessed at Corchia.

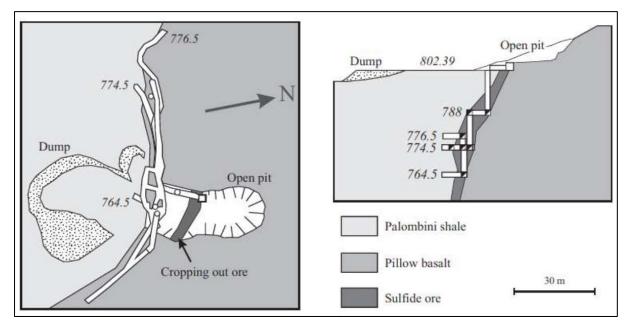


Figure 5: Historical plan & section of the Speranza workings (source: Garuti et al 2005 after "Società Industriale Mineraria del Rame" 1928)

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⁴ ASX Announcement 'Corchia Copper Project Exploration Licence Granted' 24 April 2023

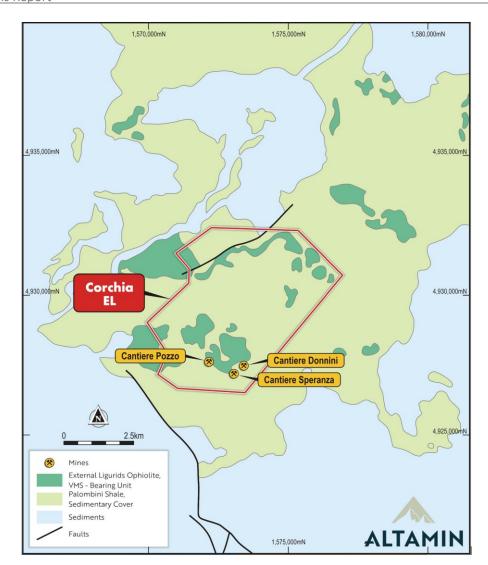


Figure 6: Plan map of the Corchia EL showing historic mining locations

Villar Graphite Project (Piedmont, Northern Italy)

Company: Energia Minerals Italia Srl **Ownership:** 100% Altamin Limited

Altamin has applied for an exploration licence over an area of approximately 6,492 ha that hosts more than five significant historical graphite mines and a processing plant (no longer operational) in the Piedmont region of Italy (Figure 7). The area is about 40km due south of Altamin's Punta Corna Cobalt Project.

Italy was formerly a significant graphite producer, being the 3rd largest globally following World War 1, with the largest production source being within the EL application area. Production was sourced from multiple underground mines and ceased in the 1980s. Graphite processing was conducted locally and after enrichment historical product grades were reportedly ~95% carbon, with in-situ mine grades reported at up to 50% carbon. Upon grant, Altamin will obtain samples and commence metallurgical investigation of the material to determine battery market suitability.

There is a significant amount of historical geological and production information for the graphite mines and the graphite field in general, which will be assessed by Altamin. Geophysical techniques, particularly electromagnetic (EM), are also deemed highly applicable to this style of deposit and will, together with surface mapping, outline the prospectivity of both in-mine and near-mine graphite bearing stratigraphy.

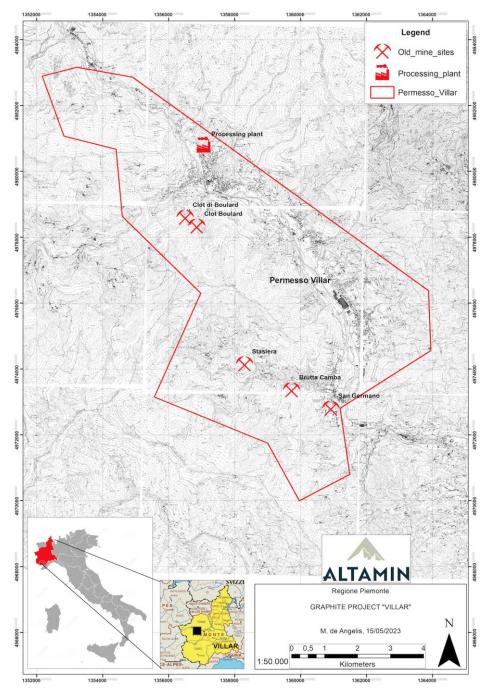


Figure 7: Graphite Exploration Licence under application

Safety and Environment

Altamin has continued to maintain comprehensive ongoing environmental monitoring to ensure that there are no harmful safety, health or environmental consequences from our work programs, with no issues material issues arising. Work has been safely performed on-site and underground in conformance with Italian regulations.

Competent Person Statements

Information in this Annual Report that relates to Exploration Results is based on information prepared or reviewed by Dr Marcello de Angelis, a Competent Person who is a Fellow of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy (AusIMM). Dr de Angelis is a Director of Energia Minerals (Italia) S.r.l. and Strategic Minerals Italia Srl (controlled entities of Altamin Limited), a consultant, shareholder and option holder of Altamin Limited. Dr de Angelis has sufficient experience which is relevant to the styles of mineralisation and types of deposits under consideration and to the activities being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves". Dr de Angelis consents to the inclusion in this release of the matters based on their information in the form and context in which it appears.

Information on the Gorno Mineral Resource is extracted from the announcement "Updated Mineral Resource for Gorno" dated 15 November 2021. The Company confirms it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information in that announcement, and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in that announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The aggregate resource is broken down into JORC-compliant resource categories as set out in Table 1 in the Operations Report.

Information on the Scoping Study is extracted from the announcement "Gorno Project Scoping Study Results" dated 24 November 2021. The Company confirms it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information in that announcement, and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in that announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed.

These Announcements are available on the Company's website at www.altamin.com.au or through the ASX website at www.asx.com.au (using code "AZI").

The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original Announcements and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the Announcements continue to apply and have not materially changed.

Forward-looking Statement

Certain statements made in this Annual Report, contain or comprise certain forward-looking statements regarding Altamin Limited's exploration operations, economic performance and financial condition. Although Altamin believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, no assurance can be given that such expectations will prove to have been correct. Accordingly, results could differ materially from those set out in the forward-looking statements as a result of, among other factors, changes in economic and market conditions, success of business and operating initiatives, changes in the regulatory environment and other government actions, fluctuations in metals prices, exchange rates and business and operational risk management. Altamin undertakes no obligation to update publicly or release any revisions to these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after today's date or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report on the consolidated entity consisting of Altamin Limited and its controlled entities (**Altamin** or **the Group**) for the year ended 30 June 2023.

Directors

The following persons were directors of Altamin Limited during the whole of the financial year and up-to the date of this report:

Mr Alexander Burns – Non-executive Chairman

Mr Stephen Hills - Finance Director and Company Secretary

Mr Marcello Cardaci - Non-executive Director

Mr Geraint Harris - Managing Director

Information on directors

The following information is current as at the date of this report.

Mr Alexander Burns, MBA – Non-executive Chairman

Mr Burns was Managing Director of Sphere Minerals Limited from 1998 – 2010. During this period, the company acquired and evaluated iron ore properties in Mauritania, West Africa. Sphere was subsequently taken over by Xstrata Plc in November 2010 for \$514 million. Mr Burns was also a non-executive Chairman of Shield Mining Limited (Shield), which was spun out of Sphere in 2006. Shield was a gold and base metals exploration company active in Mauritania and was taken over by Gryphon Minerals Limited in mid-2010.

Other directorships during the past three years: nil

Mr Stephen Hills, B.Com B. Compt (Hons) CA – Finance Director and Company Secretary

Mr Hills was appointed to the board after initially joining the Group as Chief Financial Officer. He has extensive experience in senior finance roles with ASX and TSX listed mining companies with gold, nickel and copper producing assets. Before joining Altamin he was involved with the financing, commissioning and operations of the Kipoi Copper Project in the DRC as finance director, and prior to this the TSX listing of Mirabela Nickel Limited and subsequent initial syndicated project financing for the Santa Rita nickel mine in Brazil. He was CFO of Gallery Gold Limited, then operator of the Mupane Gold project in Botswana, and prior to that of a global laboratory services group before its sale to SGS Group.

Other directorships during the past three years: nil.

Mr Marcello Cardaci, BJuris, LLB, B.Com – Non-executive Director

Mr Cardaci is a consultant to Gilbert & Tobin's Corporate Advisory Group. Mr Cardaci has advised on a range of corporate and commercial matters including public and private equity fund raisings and public and private mergers, acquisitions and divestment. Mr Cardaci also regularly advises on issues relating to *Corporations Act* and *Australian Securities Exchange Listing Rules*. He has cross-border experience, having advised on numerous overseas transactions including capital raisings, takeovers, schemes of arrangements and the structuring of acquisitions and joint ventures in numerous countries. Mr Cardaci has also lectured in the securities law course conducted by the *Securities Institute of Australia* and is a past committee member of the State Branch of the *Australian Mining and Petroleum Law Association Limited*.

Mr Cardaci is the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee and Audit & Risk Committee when the full board meets in its capacity as these committees.

During the past three years, Mr Cardaci has also been serving as a director of the following listed companies:

- Nordic Nickel Limited appointed 15 March 2022; and
- Manhattan Corporation Limited appointed December 2006.

Mr Geraint Harris, B Eng (Hos), MSc Eng (Mining) – Managing Director

Mr Harris is a Mining Engineer with over 27 years of mining industry experience across production operations, technical consultancy, funds management and project finance. He specialises in gold and base metals and has worked in numerous countries including Europe, North and South America, Central Asia, the former Soviet Union and China. His previous role was as the CEO of Adriatic Metals PLC (ASX: ADT), overseeing the technical and commercial aspects of two Zn-Pb-Au-Ag-Cu exploration projects in Bosnia and Herzegovina. Mr Harris was part of the team that commenced production at Anglo American's Lisheen zinc-lead mine in Ireland, where he gained relevant operational experience in ramping up and maintaining production at one of the most significant underground zinc producers in the world. He was also an Associate Director of RMB Resources, a firm who funded many junior resource companies on the Australian, North American and European markets.

Other directorships during the past three years: nil

Directors' Interests in the Shares and Options of the Company and Related Bodies Corporate

As at the date of this report, the interests of the directors in the shares and options of Altamin were:

	Number of Ordin	nary Shares	No. of Options Over Ord	linary Shares
	Direct	Indirect	Direct	Indirect
A Burns	-	40,465,494	-	-
S Hills	-	-	1,400,001	-
M Cardaci	159,820	17,051,974	-	-
G Harris	12,210,266	-	3,000,000	-

Principal Activities

The principal activity of the entities within the Group during the year was the exploration of a suite of tenements located in Italy.

Review of Operations

Operating Review

The Group's operations, business strategies and prospects are discussed in more detail in the *Operations Report* on page 1.

During the financial year, the Company announced key operational outcomes including as follows:

- On 25 July 2022, announced the execution of a binding termsheet with Appian Natural Resources Fund, agreeing to establish an incorporated joint venture to operate and fund the Gorno Project.
- On 29 September 2022, announced the granting of the Campagnano EL by the Lazio regional government for an initial two-year period, the Company's first exploration licence in the area highly prospective for lithium-in-brine.
- On 19 October 2022, announced the execution of the subscription and joint venture agreement with Appian Italy B.V. (Appian), whereby Appian committed to invest up to US\$65 million in a newly formed special purpose subsidiary Vedra Metals SRL (Vedra) to earn up to a 67.4% interest in the Gorno project consisting of:
 - a first tranche of US\$10 million committed funding for significantly expanded exploration and infill
 drilling campaign, permitting and then completion of a DFS, to earn up to ~ 29.9%; and

- the right to fund up to a further US\$55 million for project construction following a final investment decision (FID), to earn up to a further 37.5%, an amount sized to fund the expected project financing equity component based on the November 2021 Scoping Study⁵ parameters.
- On 8 December 2022, announced granting of the Punta Corna EL in Piedmont with an expanded area of 2,184ha which includes newly discovered outcropping cobalt-silver-nickel veins and an approved EIA work program valid until July 2027.
- On 16 December 2022, announced the transfer of the Gorno project to Vedra, and the financial close and first funding drawdown by Vedra of US\$2.6 million from Appian.
- On 14 February 2023, announced high-grade zinc results from the first fifteen diamond drill holes of the step-out and infill drilling program at Gorno.
- On 21 February 2023, announced a collaboration agreement with Watercycle Technologies Ltd to investigate the production of lithium carbonate from the Lazio Lithium Project.
- On 29 March 2023, announced the drawndown by Vedra of a further US\$3.7 million of the US\$10 million committed first tranche of Appian funding, increasing Appian's interest in Gorno to 21.14%
- On 24 April 2023, announced the granting of the Corchia EL over 2,675 ha the of one of Italy's important historical copper mining districts in northern Italy before underground production ceased in the mid-1940s.
- On 3 May 2023, announced assay results from the MRE step-out and infill drill program including:
 - FOD32: 9m @ 29.6% zinc, 8.4% lead and 103g/t silver from 65m
 - FOD20: **3.6m @ 24.1% zinc**, **6.9% lead** and **65g/t silver** from 55.1m
 - FOD18: **2.4m @ 24.4% zinc**, **5.7% lead** and **56g/t silver** from 138.5m

and following geological re-interpretation, intervals from the 2019 drilling campaign including:

- PBD33: **0.7m @ 39.8% zinc**, **4.2% lead** and **47g/t silver** from 97.03m
- PBD33: 0.9m @ 22.2% zinc, 2.7% lead and 48g/t silver from 129.8m
- PBD46: **1.8m @ 12.4% zinc**, **7.3% lead** and **89g/t silver** from 39.9m
- On 17 May 2023, announced the lodgement of applications for exploration licences over additional areas prospective for lithium in brines in the Lazio Project area at Melazza (368 ha) and Cassia (2,589 ha). An application was also lodged over an area of 6,492 ha containing significant historical graphite mines at Villar in the Piedmont region.

Business Strategy and Prospects

The Company's strategy is to complete a definitive feasibility study and finalise necessary permitting for the Gorno Project in joint venture with Appian Capital. In tandem, subject to funding, the Company intends to undertake an initial drilling program at Punta Corna and conduct further evaluation and exploration of its other critical metal projects.

It is expected that the Company's focus on base metals in Italy will benefit from the current initiative by the EU to secure environmentally clean domestic sources of base and energy metals.

⁵ See ASX announcement 'Gorno Project Scoping Study Results' 24 November 2021. The Company confirms it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information in that announcement, and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in that announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. As stated in the Scoping Study, there is a low level of geological confidence associated with Inferred Mineral Resources (as defined in the JORC Code) (which comprise 23% of the 9-year production period in the Scoping Study) and there is no certainty that further exploration work will result in the determination of Indicated Mineral Resources (as defined in the JORC Code) or that the production target itself will be realised.

Operating Results for the Year

The consolidated net loss after tax of the Group for the year was \$2,834,140 (2022: \$5,664,860), resulting in a basic/diluted loss per share of 0.72 cents per share (2022: 1.74 cents basic/diluted loss per share).

Exploration expenditure for the year was \$2,336,111 (2022: \$4,524,069). Information about exploration activities is discussed in the *Operations Report*.

Administration and marketing expenditure for the year was \$987,061 (2022: \$709,636).

During the year, the Group reversed previously recognised impairment of \$113,938 for the recoverable portion of its Value Added Tax (VAT) credits in Italy. An impairment expense of \$374,921 was recognised in the year ended 30 June 2022.

Capital Structure

As at 30 June 2023 and at the date of this report, the Group had on issue 391,716,752 fully paid ordinary shares and 11,760,018 unlisted options over ordinary shares. Movement in quoted and unquoted securities during the year are disclosed below.

Unquoted securities

- 783,334 unlisted options with exercise price of \$0.75 expired on 30 June 2022.
- On 1 March 2023, the Company issued 700,000 options to employees under the 2021 Employee Incentive Plan. The options are unlisted and have exercise prices of \$0.18, \$0.24 and \$0.30, with an expiry date of 16 September 2024.
- On 16 March 2023, the Company issued 700,000 options to employees under the 2021 Employee Incentive Plan. The options are unlisted and have exercise prices of \$0.18, \$0.24 and \$0.30, with an expiry date of 16 September 2024.

Cash on Hand

Cash on hand at 30 June 2023 was \$1,003,374 (2022: \$4,835,639).

Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

There have been no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group other than those detailed elsewhere in this Review of Operations.

Significant Events after the Balance Date

There were no matters or circumstances, other than already disclosed, that have arisen since the end of the financial year which have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future periods.

Likely Developments and Expected Result

The Group will continue to undertake mineral exploration and related permitting and technical studies to advance the status of its portfolio of critical metals projects in Italy.

Environmental Regulation and Performance

The Group holds exploration tenements issued by decree of the relevant authority in the regions in which the Group operates within Italy. The tenements are awarded following an environmental assessment process and the annual work programs for the tenements are subject to conditions prescribed by the regulators having regard to the relevant environmental legislation and regulations. Altamin considers that the nature of the environmental risks inherent in the tenement work programs do not constitute individual risks that could materially affect the company's achievement of its financial performance.

Share Options

As at the date of this report, there are 11,760,018 (2022: 10,360,018) options over ordinary shares on issue.

Refer to Note 15 of the consolidated financial statements for further details of the options outstanding as at 30 June 2023.

Series No.	Number of options	Exercise price	Expiry date	Vesting date
31	1,000,000	\$0.12	18-Sep-24	Vested
32	1,000,000	\$0.18	18-Sep-24	18-Sep-24
33	1,000,000	\$0.12	16-Sep-24	Vested
34	1,000,000	\$0.18	16-Sep-24	Vested
35	1,000,000	\$0.24	16-Sep-24	Vested
37	1,600,006	\$0.18	16-Sep-24	Vested
38	1,600,006	\$0.24	16-Sep-24	Vested
39	1,600,006	\$0.30	16-Sep-24	Vested
40	186,668	\$0.18	16-Sep-24	Vested
41	186,668	\$0.24	16-Sep-24	Vested
42	186,664	\$0.30	16-Sep-24	Vested
43	466,668	\$0.18	1-Jun-26	Vested
44	466,666	\$0.24	1-Jun-26	1-Dec-23
45	466,666	\$0.30	1-Jun-26	1-Jun-24
Total	11,760,018	•		

A total of 1,400,000 unlisted options over ordinary shares were issued to employees during the year ended 30 June 2023 under the *2021 Employee Incentive Plan*. There were no options granted to directors and KMP during the year ended 30 June 2023.

Option holders do not have any right, by virtue of the option, to participate in any issue of shares by the Group or any related body corporate.

No shares or interests have been issued during or since the end of the year as a result of the exercise of an option over unissued shares or interests.

Indemnification and Insurance of Directors' and Officers

The Group has entered into a Deed of Access, Insurance and Indemnity (Deed) with each Director and the Company Secretary (Officers). Under the Deed, the Group indemnifies the Officers to the maximum extent permitted by law and the Constitution against legal proceedings, damage, loss, liability, cost, charge, expense, outgoing or payment (including legal expenses on a solicitor/client basis) suffered, paid or incurred by the Officers in connection with the Officers being an officer of the Group, the employment of the Officer with the Group or a breach by the Group of its obligations under the Deed.

Also, pursuant to the Deed, the Group must insure the Officers against liability and provide access to all board papers relevant to defending any claim brought against the Officers in their capacity as officers of the Group.

During, or since the financial year, the Group has paid premiums in respect of a contract insuring all the directors, company secretary, executives and employees of Altamin against legal costs incurred in defending proceedings for conduct other than:

- (a) a wilful breach of duty; or
- (b) a contravention of sections 182 or 183 of the *Corporations Act 2001*; as permitted by section 199B of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

In accordance with a confidentiality clause under the insurance policy the amount of premium paid to insurers has not been disclosed. This is permitted under Section 300(9) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Auditor Independence and Non-Audit Services

The independence declaration from our auditors, Crowe Perth, for the year ended 30 June 2023 has been received and is attached to this report on page 26.

The Group's auditors, Crowe Perth, provided no non-audit services during the year ended 30 June 2023 (2022: nil).

Indemnification of auditors

No payment has been made to indemnify Crowe Perth during or since the financial year.

Directors' Meetings

During the financial year, 7 meetings of directors, including committees of directors, were held and the number of meetings attended by each director was as follows:

	Director'	s Meetings	Meeting of Committees							
			Audit	& Risk	Remu	neration	Nom	ination		
	Eligible	Attended	Eligible	Attended	Eligible	Attended	Eligible	Attended		
Alexander Burns	7	7	3	3	1	1	1	1		
Geraint Harris	7	7	3	3	1	1	1	1		
Stephen Hills	7	7	3	3	1	1	1	1		
Marcello Cardaci	7	7	3	3	1	1	1	1		

Committee Membership

The role of the Audit and Risk, Remuneration and Nomination Committees is carried out by the full board. The directors consider that no efficiencies or benefits would be gained by establishing separate committees. Whilst the board has not established separate committees, it has adopted charters which describe the role, composition, functions and responsibilities of the full board when acting in its capacity as the Audit and Risk, Remuneration and Nomination Committees. Reference to committee meetings in the table above refers to separate meetings convened by the full board to specifically deal with the business of that committee in accordance with the charters of the Audit and Risk, Remuneration and Nomination Committees.

Proceedings on Behalf of the Group

No person has applied for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Group or intervene in any proceedings to which the Group is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Group for all or any part of those proceedings. The Group was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

Dividends

No dividends have been paid or declared during the financial year and the directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

Remuneration Report (audited)

This Remuneration Report for the year ended 30 June 2023 outlines the remuneration arrangements in place for directors and executives of the Parent and the Group, in accordance with the requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* (the Act) and its regulations. This information has been audited as required by section 308(3C) of the Act.

The Remuneration Report details the remuneration arrangements for key management personnel (KMP) who are defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the major activities of the Parent and the Group, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of the parent company.

Details of KMP of the Parent and Group are set out below:

Key Management Personnel

Non-executive Directors

Mr Alexander Burns Non-executive Chairman

Appointed Executive Chairman 7 October 2014
Appointed Chief Executive Officer 26 June 2017

Appointed as Non-executive Chairman 26 November 2020

Mr Marcello Cardaci Appointed 7 October 2014

Executive Directors

Mr Stephen Hills Finance Director and Company Secretary

Appointed Chief Financial Officer 1 March 2017 Appointed Finance Director 26 June 2017 Appointed Company Secretary 27 February 2019

Mr Geraint Harris Managing Director

Appointed 16 September 2019

Remuneration Policy

The Remuneration Policy of Altamin has been developed by the Remuneration Committee in accordance with the Remuneration Committee Charter. The full Board currently performs the function of the Remuneration Committee. The Remuneration Committee Charter is set out on the Group's website at www.altamin.com.au.

Emoluments of directors and executives are reviewed on an annual basis and are set by reference to employment market conditions, payments made by other companies of similar size and industry, and by reference to the skills and experience of the directors and executives.

Key Management Personnel (KMP) and related parties of KMP are prohibited from entering into transactions or arrangements which limit the economic risk of participating in unvested entitlements.

Engagement of Remuneration Consultants

The Remuneration Committee may at times seek external remuneration advice. No remuneration consultant was engaged during the year ended 30 June 2023 to provide remuneration recommendations in relation to KMP.

Non-executive Directors

The Group's policy is to remunerate non-executive directors at a fixed fee for time, commitment and responsibilities. Remuneration for non-executive directors is not directly linked to individual performance. Given the Group is at an early stage of development and the financial restrictions placed on it, the Group

may consider it appropriate to issue unlisted options to non-executive directors, subject to obtaining the relevant approvals. This policy is subject to annual review. The grant of options is designed to conserve cash reserves, recognise efforts and to provide non-executive directors with additional incentive to continue those efforts for the benefit of the Group.

The maximum aggregate amount of fees (including superannuation payments) that can be paid to non-executive directors is subject to approval by shareholders at a General Meeting. The maximum amount of non-executive fees payable is currently set at \$250,000 per annum.

Executive Directors

Executive directors are offered a competitive level of base pay at market rates (for comparable companies) and are reviewed annually to ensure market competitiveness.

Executive directors pay and reward consists of a base salary, benefits and incentives. Long-term incentives may include options over unissued ordinary shares granted at the discretion of the Board and where applicable, subject to obtaining the relevant shareholder approvals. The grant of options is designed to recognise and reward efforts as well as to provide additional incentive and may be subject to the successful completion of service conditions.

Company Performance, Shareholder Wealth, Director and Executive Remuneration

The Remuneration Policy aims to align the objectives of shareholders and the Group with that of executive directors and executives through the issue of options over unissued shares. The granting of options is not subject to specific performance criteria, however, when granting options, the terms of the options are designed to provide an incentive that will contribute to increasing shareholder wealth. This is undertaken by determining an exercise price that exceeds the underlying share price at the date of grant and through vesting conditions that require a period of continuous employment. Remuneration of KMP is not dependent on company performance as the nature of the Group's operations are exploration, and therefore, not currently profit generating.

The following table shows the net profit/(loss) from continuing and discontinued operations and dividends for the last three years for the listed entity, as well as share prices at the end of the respective financial years:

	2019 \$	2020 \$	2021 \$	2022 \$	2023 \$
Net profit/(loss)	(3,269,858)	(3,761,334)	(5,377,531)	(5,664,860)	(2,834,140)
Share price at year end	\$0.003	\$0.004	\$0.069	\$0.096	\$0.080
Dividends paid	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

Non-executive Director Remuneration

Fixed Remuneration

The aggregate remuneration paid to non-executive directors will not exceed the maximum amount in aggregate of \$250,000 per annum. The Constitution of Altamin and the ASX Listing Rules specify that the non-executive director fee pool shall be determined from time to time by a general meeting of shareholders. The Board seeks to set aggregate remuneration at a level which provides the Group with the ability to attract and retain directors of the highest calibre, whilst incurring a cost which is acceptable to shareholders.

The amount of aggregate remuneration sought to be approved by shareholders, and the manner in which it is apportioned amongst directors is reviewed annually. The Board considers fees paid to non-executive directors of comparable companies when undertaking the annual review as well as the additional time commitment of directors who serve on one or more sub-committees. Non-executive directors do not currently receive additional remuneration for their membership of subsidiary boards or committees.

Altamin Limited and Controlled Entities

Remuneration Report (audited)

Non-executive directors are encouraged by the Board to hold shares in Altamin.

The remuneration of non-executive directors for the period ending 30 June 2023 is detailed on page 24 of this report.

Variable Remuneration – Short-term Incentives

Non-executive directors do not receive performance-based bonuses.

Variable Remuneration – Long-term Incentives

The Group has no contractual obligation to provide long-term incentives to non-executive directors.

Executive Remuneration

The Group aims to reward executives with a level and mix of remuneration commensurate with their position and responsibilities within the Group and so as to:

- reward executives for the Group and individual performance;
- align the interests of executives with those of shareholders;
- link reward with the strategic goals of the Group; and
- ensure total remuneration is competitive by market standards.

Executive remuneration comprises of four components:

- base pay and benefits;
- short-term incentives;
- other remuneration such as statutory superannuation and social security contributions; and
- long-term incentives through equity-based compensation.

Base pay and benefits

Base pay is structured as a remuneration package that may be delivered as a combination of cash and salary sacrifice superannuation at the executives' discretion.

Base pay is reviewed annually to ensure the executives' pay is competitive with comparable positions of responsibility. This review may utilise external advisors to provide information on industry benchmarks. There is no guaranteed base pay increases included in any executive contracts.

Variable Remuneration - Short-term Incentives

At this time, any incentive paid to executives is at the absolute discretion of the Remuneration Committee and the Group has no contractual commitments to provide these incentives to executives. The Group's Policy permits the payment of short-term incentives to executives.

No short-term incentive bonuses were paid to Executives during the year ended 30 June 2023 (2022: Nil).

Variable Remuneration – Long-term Incentives

The Group has an *Employee Incentive Plan* (EIP) as a means of providing long-term incentives to all employees and key management personnel, other than non-executive directors. In accordance with the provisions of the plan, as approved by shareholders at the annual general meeting held 29 November 2021, at its discretion the Board may grant incentives under the plan for no consideration and determine the terms on which the incentives are granted. Where incentives are granted with vesting conditions, unless the Board determines otherwise, unvested incentives are forfeited when the holder ceases to be employed by the Group. Any options granted under the EIP carry neither rights to dividends nor voting rights and may be exercised at any time from the date of vesting to the date of their expiry.

The grant of options to KMP's is not subject to performance conditions as the nature of the Group's operations are loss making during mineral exploration. The Group has no contractual obligation to provide long-term incentives to key management personnel.

Contracts with Key Management Personnel

Geraint Harris - Managing Director

During the financial year, Altamin has renewed a Consultancy Agreement with Orme Minerals Services Limited (Orme), a company controlled by Mr Harris, under which the services of Mr Harris have been engaged for 24 months commencing 15 December 2022 (subject to either party giving six-month notice) for a monthly consulting fee of GBP2,000.

Vedra has also executed a Consultancy Agreement with Orme commencing on 15 December 2022 for 24 months for a fee of GBP10,500 per month.

In addition to the consulting fee, Mr Harris is also personally entitled to Altamin's director's fee of GBP1,500 per month.

Stephen Hills - Finance Director

Mr Hills is employed under an Executive Service Agreement which commenced 1 March 2017 for an original three-year term. The Agreement was renewed on 1 March 2022 on the same terms, with 29 August 2024 being the next renewal date.

Mr Hills receives fixed remuneration of \$266,210 per annum, inclusive of superannuation, reviewed annually on or before 30 June each year.

In the event that his employment is terminated by the Company, other than for gross misconduct, Mr Hills is entitled to 1 month notice and a severance payment of 3 months salary, together with 2 weeks salary for each completed year of service. Mr Hills can terminate the agreement with 3 months' notice.

Remuneration for the year ended 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2022

No director or senior executive appointed during the period received a payment before they started to hold the position, as part of the consideration for them agreeing to hold the position. The premium paid for Directors and Officers liability insurance is not included in the remuneration table below.

Remuneration for the year ended 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2022

	Salary & fees	Non- Monetary	Other	Superannuation	Long service leave	Options	Total	Performance related
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%
Directors								
Mr M Cardaci								
2023	54,795	-	-	5,753	-	-	60,548	-
2022	54,795	-	-	5,479	-	-	60,274	-
Mr G Harris ¹								
2023	185,136	-	-	-	-	-	185,136	-
2022	308,344	-	-	-	-	ī	308,344	-
Mr A Burns								
2023	82,192	-	-	8,630	-	-	90,822	-
2022	82,192	-	-	8,219	-	-	90,411	-
Mr S Hills								
2023	242,009	-	-	25,411	10,158	-	277,578	-
2022	242,009	-	-	24,201	9,143	2,264	277,617	0.82
TOTAL								
2023	564,132	-	-	39,794	10,158	-	614,084	-
2022	687,340	-	-	37,899	9,143	2,264	736,646	0.31

¹ Part of Mr Harris' remuneration was paid or payable to Orme Minerals Service Limited.

Share based remuneration

During the year ended 30 June 2023, no options over ordinary shares were issued to KMP.

Share options do not carry any voting or dividend rights and can be exercised once the vesting conditions have been met until their expiry date. There were no forfeitures or alterations to the term and conditions of options awarded as remuneration since their award date during the year ended 30 June 2021. No options were exercised by KMP during the financial year ended 30 June 2023.

Options over ordinary shares held by key management personnel

The number of options over ordinary shares held by each of the Group KMP both directly and indirectly during the financial year is as follows:

	Held at start of year	Granted as compensation	Listed Options Acquired	Lapsed or expired	Held at end of year	Vested and exercisable at end of year
30 June 2023						
Directors						_
Mr A Burns	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr G Harris	3,000,000	-	-	-	3,000,000	3,000,000
Mr S Hills	1,400,001	-	-	-	1,400,001	1,400,001
Mr M Cardaci		-	=	-	-	-
Total	4,400,001	-	-	-	4,400,001	4,400,001

	Held at start of year	Granted as compensation	Listed Options Acquired	Lapsed or expired	Held at end of year	Vested and exercisable at end of year
30 June 2022						
Directors						
Mr A Burns	1,666,667	-		(1,666,667)	-	-
Mr G Harris	3,722,222	-		(722,222)	3,000,000	3,000,000
Mr S Hills	2,000,003	-	-	(600,002)	1,400,001	1,400,001
Mr M Cardaci	1,111,112	-	-	(1,111,112)	-	-
Total	8,500,004	-		- (4,100,003)	4,400,001	4,400,001

Shareholdings of key management personnel

Ordinary shares held in Altamin Limited directly and indirectly

30 June 2023	Held at start of year	Granted as remuneration	Acquisition of shares	Other Changes	Held at end of year
Directors					
Mr G Harris	12,210,266	-	-	-	12,210,266
Mr A Burns	40,465,494	-	-	-	40,465,494
Mr S Hills	-	-	-	-	-
Mr M Cardaci ¹	17,211,794	-	-	-	17,211,794
Total	69,887,554	-	-	-	69,887,554

¹ Malvasia Pty Ltd as a trustee of the Spyder Super Fund, is the holder of 17,051,974 fully paid ordinary shares. Mr Cardaci is not a director, shareholder or involved in the management of Malvasia Pty Ltd nor is he a beneficiary of the Spyder Super Fund. A close family member is the sole director of Malvasia Pty Ltd and therefore Malvasia Pty Ltd is considered a related party of Mr Cardaci under the Corporations Act and AASB 124.

Other transactions and balances with key management personnel and their related parties

There have been no other transactions with KMP and their related parties.

END OF REMUNERATION REPORT

This Director's Report is signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

Alexander Burns

Non-executive Chairman

29 September 2023



AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

In accordance with the requirements of section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001, as lead auditor for the audit of Altamin Limited for the year ended 30 June 2023, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- (a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Crowe Perth

Sean McGurk

Partner

Signed at Perth, 29 September 2023

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS & OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Note	Consoli	dated
		2023	2022
		\$	\$
Other income	3	79,792	-
Administrative expenditure	4	(935,515)	(519,909)
Exploration expenditure	2(d)	(2,336,111)	(4,524,069)
Net gain on deemed disposal of interest in JV	3	271,505	-
Marketing expenditure		(51,546)	(189,727)
Foreign exchange gain/(loss)		12,938	(24,863)
Reversal of impairment/(Impairment expense)	8(ii)	113,938	(374,921)
Operating loss		(2,844,999)	(5,633,489)
Net finance income		10,859	(376)
Loss from continuing operations before income tax		(2,834,140)	(5,633,865)
Income tax expense	5		(30,995)
Loss from continuing operations after income tax		(2,834,140)	(5,664,860)
Net loss for the year		(2,834,140)	(5,664,860)
Other comprehensive income			
Items that may be re-classified to profit or loss			
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		2,766	(67,292)
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(2,831,374)	(5,732,152)
Loss per share			
From continuing operations:			
Basic earnings/(loss) per share (cents)	6	(0.72)	(1.74)
Diluted earnings/(loss) per share (cents)	6	(0.72)	(1.74)

The above Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	Note	Consoli	dated
		2023	2022
		\$	\$
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	7	1,003,374	4,835,639
Receivables	8 _	231,088	205,462
Total Current Assets	_	1,234,462	5,041,101
Non-Current Assets			
Receivables	8	41,943	41,577
Plant & equipment	9	18,666	143,558
Right of use assets	12	-	64,711
Exploration and evaluation expenditure	10	-	136,366
Investment in JV	17	3,874,326	-
Total Non-Current Assets	_	3,934,935	386,212
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>-</u>	5,169,397	5,427,313
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	11	510,258	1,080,721
Provisions	13	51,268	215,131
Lease liabilities	12	-	63,275
Income tax payable	5	-	30,995
Total Current Liabilities	<u> </u>	561,526	1,390,122
Non-Current Liabilities			
Provisions	13	3,185	27,150
Total Non-Current Liabilities	_	3,185	27,150
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	564,711	1,417,272
NET ASSETS	=	4,604,686	4,010,041
EQUITY			
Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent			
Issued capital	14(a)	56,710,007	56,710,007
Reserves	14(b)	3,659,203	230,418
Accumulated losses	(- <i>/</i>	(55,764,524)	(52,930,384)
TOTAL EQUITY		4,604,686	4,010,041

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Issued Capital	Accumulated Losses	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Share Based Payment Reserve	Asset Revaluation Reserve	Total
20 / 2022	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
30 June 2022	F0 702 0C0	(47.222.072)	110 404	220 224		2 000 002
As at 1 July 2021	50,782,869	(47,323,872)	119,484	230,321	-	3,808,802
Loss for the year Income tax – previous	-	(5,633,865)	-	-	-	(5,633,865)
year	_	(30,995)	_	_	_	(30,995)
Other comprehensive		(30,333)				(30,333)
income	-	-	(67,292)			(67,292)
Total comprehensive			, , ,			· · · · · ·
income/(loss) for the						
year	-	(5,664,860)	(67,292)	-	-	(5,732,152)
Transactions with owners						
in their capacity as						
Owners:	C 0C2 1E7					C 0C2 1E7
Shares issued Transaction costs on	6,062,157	-	-	-	-	6,062,157
shares issued	(135,019)	_	_	_	_	(135,019)
Reclassification within	(133)013)					(100)010)
equity	-	58,348	-	(58,348)	-	-
Share based payments	-	· -	-	6,253	-	6,253
As at 30 June 2022	56,710,007	(52,930,384)	52,192	178,226	-	4,010,041
30 June 2023						
As at 1 July 2022	56,710,007	(52,930,384)	52,192	178,226	-	4,010,041
Loss for the year	-	(2,834,140)	-	-	-	(2,834,140)
Other comprehensive						
income		-	2,766	-	-	2,766
Total comprehensive						
income/(loss) for the		(2.024.440)	2.755			(2.024.274)
year	-	(2,834,140)	2,766	-	-	(2,831,374)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as						
owners:						
Shares issued	_	_	_	_	_	_
Transaction costs on						
shares issued	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share based payments	-	-	-	2,987	-	2,987
Revaluation gain on						
investment in joint						
venture		-	-	-	3,423,032	3,423,032
At 30 June 2023	56,710,007	(55,764,524)	54,958	181,213	3,423,032	4,604,686

The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Note	Consolidated	
		2023	2022
		\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Management fees received		79,792	-
Payment to suppliers and employees			
(inclusive of GST and VAT)		(3,881,769)	(5,094,196)
Interest received		11,456	903
Income tax paid		(30,995)	
Net cash flows used in operating activities	19	(3,821,516)	(5,093,293)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of plant and equipment		(4,737)	(50,546)
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(4,737)	(50,546)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issue of shares		-	6,062,157
Transaction costs on issue of shares		-	(135,019)
Lease payments		(13,344)	(42,693)
Net cash flows (used in)/provided by financing activities		(13,344)	5,884,445
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(3,839,597)	740,606
Net foreign exchange difference		7,332	10,148
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		4,835,639	4,084,885
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	7	1,003,374	4,835,639

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Corporate Information

The financial report of Altamin Limited (Altamin or the Group) comprises of Altamin Limited and its controlled entities for the year ended 30 June 2023. The financial report was authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 28 September 2023.

Altamin Limited (the Parent or the Company) is a company limited by shares incorporated in Australia whose shares are publicly traded on the Australian Securities Exchange. The Group is a for profit entity for financial reporting purposes under *Australian Accounting Standards*.

The nature of the operations and principal activities of the Group are described in the Directors' Report.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the *Corporations Act 2001*. Altamin Limited is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of this financial report are presented below and have been consistently applied unless otherwise stated.

The financial report has been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical cost and where applicable by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

The financial report is presented in Australian dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest dollar.

Going Concern

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which contemplates the realisation of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business.

The Group has incurred a net loss after tax from continuing operations for the year ended 30 June 2023 of \$2,834,140 (2022: \$5,664,860) and recorded net cash outflows from operating activities of \$3,821,516 (2022: \$5,093,293). At 30 June 2023, the Group had Cash on Hand of \$1,003,374 (2022: \$4,835,639).

Based on the Group's cash flow forecast, the Directors acknowledge that the Group will require additional capital in the next 12 months to undertake its business activities and to continue to progress its exploration interests.

The Directors are confident that the Group will be able to raise additional funds, through new equity or debt capital or by strategic transactions involving its current assets. The Directors consider this to be reasonable on the basis of the Group's recent and historical ability to raise equity capital and attract investment in its projects. The Directors acknowledge that there may be a risk that financial markets may not be favourably disposed when the Company is required to raise additional funds through the avenues mentioned and that this may impact on the Group's ability to fund its planned and minimal expenditure commitments and may accordingly cast doubt over the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

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2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Going Concern (continued)

Should the Group be unable to raise additional funds through the avenues mentioned above in a timely manner to meet its contracted and forecast expenditure there is material uncertainty that the Group will continue as a going concern and therefore whether the Group will be able to realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the ordinary course of business and at the amounts stated in this financial report.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of entities controlled by Altamin Limited at the end of the reporting period. A controlled entity is any entity over which Altamin has the power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from the entity's activities. The control exists when the consolidated entity is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity.

Where controlled entities have entered or left the Group during the year, the financial performance of those entities are included only for the period of the year that they were controlled. A list of controlled entities is contained in Note 16 to the financial statements.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, all inter-company balances and transactions between entities in the consolidated group have been eliminated on consolidation. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with those adopted by the parent.

The parent entity disclosures required under the *Corporations Act 2001* have been included in Note 18 to the accounts.

(i) Joint venture

Interests in joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method, after initially being recognised at cost in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The Group has elected to recognise the excess of the entity's share of the net fair value of the investee's identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, as a revaluation reserve in equity. The Group's share of losses in the joint venture is transferred from retained earnings to offset the carrying value of the revaluation reserve each period.

Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of the investee in profit or loss and the Group's share of movements in other comprehensive income of the investee in other comprehensive income. Dividends received or receivable from joint ventures are recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment.

Where the Group's share of losses in an equity accounted investment equals or exceeds its interest in the entity, including any other unsecured long-term receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, until it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the other entity.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in these entities. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence on an impairment of the asset transferred.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(a) Income Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities based on the current period's taxable income. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred income tax is provided on all temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences except:

- When the deferred income tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and that, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.
- When the taxable temporary difference is associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates or
 interests in joint ventures, and the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled
 and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry-forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- When the deferred income tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.
- When the deductible temporary difference is associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates or interests in joint ventures a deferred tax asset is only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary difference will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred income tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset only if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

(b) Other Taxes

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST) and Italian Value Added Tax (VAT) except:

- when the GST/VAT incurred on a purchase of goods and services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the GST/VAT is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- receivables and payables, which are stated with the amount of GST/VAT included.

(b) Other Taxes (continued)

The net amount of GST/VAT recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis and the GST/VAT component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as part of operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST/VAT recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority.

(c) Plant and Equipment

Each class of plant and equipment is carried at cost as indicated less, where applicable any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of profit or loss and comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

The depreciable amount of plant and equipment is depreciated on a diminishing value basis over the asset's useful life to the Group commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use.

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

Depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

Class of Fixed Asset	Depreciation Rate
Field equipment	15% to 50%
Motor vehicles	12.5%
Office equipment	15% to 75%
Office furniture	30%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

(d) Exploration Expenditure

Exploration and evaluation expenditure are expensed as incurred. Such expenditure includes employee remuneration, materials used, payments made to contractors and general and administrative costs directly attributable to the exploration and evaluation activities.

Tenement acquisition costs are initially capitalised. Costs are only carried forward to the extent that they are expected to be recouped through the successful development of the area, sale of the respective areas of interest or where activities in the area have not yet reached a stage, which permits reasonable assessment of the existence of economically recoverable reserves.

(d) Exploration Expenditure (continued)

Accumulated costs in relation to an abandoned area are written off in full against profit in the year in which the decision to abandon the area is made.

When production commences, the accumulated costs for the relevant area of interest are amortised over the life of the area according to the rate of depletion of the economically recoverable reserves.

A regular review is undertaken of each area of interest to determine the appropriateness of continuing to carry forward costs in relation to that area of interest.

Restoration, rehabilitation and environmental costs necessitated by exploration and evaluation activities are expensed as incurred and treated as exploration and evaluation expenditure.

(e) Leases

Right-of-use assets

A right-of-use asset is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for, as applicable, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date net of any lease incentives received, any initial direct costs incurred, and, except where included in the cost of inventories, an estimate of costs expected to be incurred for dismantling and removing the underlying asset, and restoring the site or asset.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the asset, whichever is the shorter. Where the Group expects to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the depreciation is over its estimated useful life. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment or adjusted for any re-measurement of lease liabilities.

Lease liabilities

A lease liability is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the term of the lease, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments comprise of fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option when the exercise of the option is reasonably certain to occur, and any anticipated termination penalties. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Lease liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The carrying amounts are remeasured if there is a change in the following: future lease payments arising from a change in an index or a rate used; residual guarantee; lease term; certainty of a purchase option and termination penalties. When a lease liability is remeasured, an adjustment is made to the corresponding right-of use asset, or to profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is fully written down.

The Group presents right-of-use assets and lease liabilities as separate line items in the relevant sections of the Statement of Financial Position and additional information is shown in notes to the financial statements.

(f) Impairment of Assets

At each reporting date, the group reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the assets, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

(g) Foreign Currency Transactions and Balances

Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars (\$) which is the functional and presentation currency of the Parent entity.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in profit or loss. They are deferred in equity if they relate to qualifying cash flow hedges and qualifying net investment hedges or are attributable to part of the net investment in a foreign operation.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings are presented in the statement of profit or loss, within finance costs. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of profit or loss on a net basis within other gains/(losses).

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss.

Group Companies

The financial results and position of foreign operations, whose functional currency is different from the Group's presentation currency, are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- income and expenses for each statement of profit or loss and statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates, which reasonably approximate the rates prevailing on the transaction dates; and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of any net investment in foreign entities, and of borrowings and other financial instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are recognised in other comprehensive income. When a foreign operation is sold or any borrowings forming part of the net investment are repaid, the associated exchange differences are reclassified to profit or loss, as part of the gain or loss on sale.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing rate.

(h) Employee Benefits

Provision is made for the Group's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to the balance date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits.

Contributions are made by the economic entity to employee superannuation funds and are charged as expenses when incurred.

(i) Equity Settled Compensation

The Group undertakes equity-settled share-based payments. The fair value of the equity to which employees become entitled is measured at grant date and recognised as an expense over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase to an equity account. The fair value of shares is ascertained as the market bid price. The fair value of options is ascertained using either the Binomial or Black—Scholes pricing model which incorporates all market vesting conditions. The number of shares and options expected to vest is reviewed and adjusted at each reporting date such that the amount recognised for services received as consideration for the equity instruments granted shall be based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for equity-settled transactions for which vesting is conditional upon a market or non-vesting condition. These are treated as vesting irrespective of whether or not the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

Upon the exercise of awards, the balance of the share based payments reserve relating to those awards is transferred to share capital and the proceeds received, net of any directly attributable transaction costs, is credited to share capital.

(j) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

(k) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

(I) Other Income

Interest income comprises interest receivable on funds invested and it is recognised in the profit or loss as it accrues, using the effective interest method.

Other revenue is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

(m) Trade and Other Receivables

Trade receivables, which generally have 30-day terms, are recognised and carried at original invoice amount less an allowance for any uncollectible amounts.

An allowance for doubtful debts is made using the simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses, which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance. Bad debts are written off when identified.

(n) Contributed Equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(o) Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables represent the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period for goods and services received by the Group during the reporting period which remains unpaid. The balance is recognised as a current liability with the amount being paid within 45 days of recognition of the liability.

(p) Comparative Figures

Where required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

When the Group applies an accounting policy retrospectively, makes a retrospective restatement or reclassifies items in its financial statements, a statement of financial position as at the beginning of the earliest comparative period will be disclosed.

(q) Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The directors evaluate estimates and judgments incorporated into the financial report based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the group.

Key Estimates

(i) Share based payments

The Group measures the cost of equity settled transactions with employees and suppliers by reference to the fair value of the equity instrument at the date at which they are granted. The fair value of unlisted options is determined by using either a Black-Scholes or Binomial model. The assumptions (volatility, dividend yield and risk free rate) used are detailed in Note 15.

(ii) Italian Value Added Tax Receivable

The Italian value added tax receivable (VAT) represents the VAT that is recoverable from the Italian Agency of Revenue. The Group expects to recover a portion of this receivable through refunds and through offsetting withholding taxes. The future recoverability of the VAT receivable is dependent on the Group continuing to be entitled to this offsetting arrangement and the refund request satisfying the Italian Agency of Revenue's requirements. To the extent that the VAT receivable is determined not to be recoverable in the future, profits and net assets will be reduced in the period in which the determination is made.

(q) Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments (continued)

Key Estimates (continued)

(iii) Provision for rehabilitation

Rehabilitation costs are a normal consequence of mineral exploration and mining, and the majority of this expenditure is incurred on ceasing exploration activities or the end of the mine's life. In determining an appropriate level of provision, consideration is given to the expected future costs to be incurred, the timing of these expected future costs, and the estimated future level of inflation. The ultimate cost of rehabilitation is uncertain and costs can vary in response to many factors including changes to the relevant legal requirements or the emergence of new restoration techniques.

Key Judgments

Capitalisation of exploration and evaluation expenditure

Under AASB 6 Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources, the Group has the option to expense exploration and evaluation expenditure as incurred, or to capitalise such expenditure (provided certain conditions are satisfied). The Group has elected to expense exploration and evaluation expenditure until such time as activities in an area have reached a stage that permits reasonable assessment of the existence of economically recoverable reserves. However, costs associated with the acquisition of exploration tenements are initially capitalised.

Joint venture

The Group holds more than 50% of interest in the Vedra Joint Venture (Vedra JV) however the joint venture partnership agreement requires equal representation on the Board of Directors of the Company and requires unanimous consent from all parties for all relevant activities. As a result, it has been concluded that there is joint control in place and the investment in Vedra Metals SRL has been determined to represent a joint venture. The investment is therefore accounted for using the equity method.

(r) Operating segments

Operating segments are presented using the "management approach" where information presented is on the same basis as the internal reports provided to the Board. The Board is responsible for the allocation of resources to operating segments and assessing their performance.

(s) New, Revised or Amending Accounting Standards and Interpretations Adopted

The Group has adopted all of the new, revised or amending Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the *Australian Accounting Standards Board* (AASB) that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

Any new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

3. Operating segments

The Group has identified its operating segments based on the internal reports that are reviewed and used by the Board of Directors (chief operating decision makers) in assessing performance and determining the allocation of resources.

During the reporting period, the Gorno Project (Gorno) has been transferred to Vedra Metals SRL (Vedra), a special purpose joint venture company owned by the Company's wholly owned subsidiary Energia Minerals (Italia) SRL (EMI)) and Appian Italy B.V. Following the transfer of Gorno, the internal reporting changed so that a separate reports for Vedra JV are reviewed and used by the Board. As a result, the Group considers that it operates in two reportable segments, being Vedra JV and Other Exploration. Vedra JV is accounted for using the equity method; details of the segment's assets and liabilities are disclosed in note 17.

Principal activities of Gorno Project include exploration and development activities on Gorno permits while Other Exploration includes exploration activities on all other permits.

The segments financial information is set out in the table below.

	Operating			
		Other	Intercompany	
	Vedra JV	Exploration	Eliminations ¹	Consolidated
	A\$	A\$	A\$	A\$
Total segment revenue	-	79,792	-	79,792
Loss before income tax	-	(4,070,846)	965,201	(3,105,645)
Net gain on deemed disposal of interest				
in JV	271,505	-	-	271,505
Total loss before income tax	271,505	(4,070,846)	965,201	(2,834,140)
Segment assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	-	1,003,374	-	1,003,374
Receivables	-	273,031	-	273,031
Property, plant and equipment	-	18,666	-	18,666
Right of use assets	-	-	-	-
Investment in joint venture	3,874,326	-	-	3,874,326
Total assets	3,874,326	1,295,071	-	5,169,397
Segment liabilities				
Trade and other payable	-	510,258	-	510,258
Provisions	-	54,453	-	54,453
Lease liabilities	-			_
Total liabilities	-	564,711	_	564,711
Net assets	3,874,326	730,360	-	4,604,686

¹ Intercompany eliminations are not an identified segment; included in the table above for the purpose of reconciling to the consolidated financial statements.

Geographical information

Geograpinearinjormation				
	Sales to external customers		Non-current assets	
	30-Jun-23 30-Jun-22		30-Jun-23	30-Jun-22
	A\$	A\$	A\$	A\$
Australia	-	-	54,941	57,517
Italy		-	3,879,944	328,695
		-	3,934,935	386,212

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4. Administrative expenses

		30-Jun-23 A\$	30-Jun-22 A\$
Legal fees		687,500	158,684
Audit fees	(i)	45,350	34,760
Depreciation		5,237	18,661
Other corporate and administration		835,620	416,971
Employee benefits	(ii)	798,551	926,488
		2,372,258	1,555,564
Exploration-related administration and employee costs		(1,436,743)	(1,035,655)
		935,515	519,909
(i) Audit fees Amounts received or due and receivable by the auditor of the parent entity, Crowe Perth for: - audit services - non-audit services		45,350 -	34,760
Holl duale services		45,350	34,760
(ii) Employee benefits			
Wages, salaries and directors' fees		713,473	841,005
Superannuation and pension contributions		56,471	53,272
Movement in long service leave provision		13,416	14,002
Movement in annual leave provision		9,817	8,697
Share-based payments		2,987	6,253
Other employment taxes		2,387	3,259
		798,551	926,488

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5. Income Tax Expenses

		30-Jun-23 A\$	30-Jun-22 A\$
a)	Current tax	-	-
	Deferred tax	-	-
	Under/(Over) provision in prior years		30,995
	Total income tax expense from continuing operations		30,995
b)	Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense and tax at the statutory rate:		
	Accounting loss before income tax	(2,834,140)	(5,633,865)
	Tax refundable at the statutory income tax rate - 25%		
	(2022: 30%)	(708,535)	(1,690,160)
	Non-deductible expenses/(non-assessable) income		
	Share based payments	747	1,876
	Net gain on deemed disposal of interest in JV	(67,876)	-
	Other non-deductible expenses	372,223	468,064
	Effect of different tax rates	7,882	232,186
	Deferred tax assets not recognised on tax losses	395,560	998,625
	Timing differences not recognised	-	(10,591)
	Under/(Over) provisions in prior years		30,995
	Income tax expense	<u>-</u>	30,995
	Net deferred tax assets - not recognised		
	Tax losses Australia (@25%)	3,263,764	3,515,487
	Tax losses Italy (@24%)	7,453,224	7,189,368
	Other (@25%)	102,901	215,712
	Deferred tax assets	10,819,889	10,920,567
	Deferred tax liabilities offset against Deferred tax assets	(8,621)	(5,509)
	Net Deferred tax assets not brought to account	10,811,268	10,915,058

The Group has tax losses for which no deferred tax asset is recognised in Australia of \$13,055,055 (2022: \$11,718,289) and Italy of \$31,055,104 (2022: \$29,955,699). These tax losses are available for offset against future taxable profits of the Group subject to continuing to meet the relevant statutory tests. The Italian income tax rate is currently 24% (2022: 24%), and as such the unrecognised deferred tax asset on losses has to be disclosed at the applicable Italian tax rate.

6. Earnings per Share

	30-Jun-23 A\$	30-Jun-22 A\$
Loss attributable to ordinary shareholders		
Loss for the period	(2,834,140)	(5,664,860)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares		
Issued ordinary shares at the beginning of the year	391,716,752	290,714,122
	391,716,752	290,714,122
Effect of shares issued during the year		34,431,964
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 30 June	391,716,752	325,146,086
Loss per share		
Basic and diluted loss per share (cents per share)	(0.72)	(1.74)

All of the options outstanding have exercise prices greater than the average market price of ordinary shares during the reporting period and are therefore anti-dilutive.

7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	30-Jun-23	30-Jun-22
	A\$	A\$
Cash on hand and at bank	515,315	1,682,944
Term deposits on call	488,059	3,152,695
	1,003,374	4,835,639

The effective interest rate on cash and cash equivalents was 0.24% (2022: 0.18%). Short-term deposits mature every 7 to 60 days.

8. Receivables

		30-Jun-23 A\$	30-Jun-22 A\$
Current			
Prepayments		21,791	57,047
Security deposits	(i)	7,540	6,979
Receivable indirect taxes	(ii)	201,757	126,006
Other receivable			15,430
		231,088	205,462
Non-current			
Security deposits	(i)	41,943	41,577
		41,943	41,577

(i) Current security deposits represent payments made as guarantees under operating leases that the Group has entered into. Non-current security deposits include bonds and guarantees held with financial institutions on term deposit. The funds receive interest at fixed rates and have an average maturity of 12 months.

8. Receivables (continued)

(ii) Receivable indirect taxes includes Goods and Services Tax ("GST") of \$1,106 receivable in Australia and Value Added Tax ("VAT") of \$200,651 recoverable from the Italian Agency of Revenue. The balance of the Italian VAT is recovered through offsetting various Italian employee and other withholding taxes, social security contributions and a refund process upon the lodgement of the annual VAT return. The current receivable amount is expected to be recovered through refunds and the offsetting mechanism within the next 12 months.

The balance of VAT receivable is carried at the amount reasonably certain to be recovered through available recovery mechanisms. During the year, the Group reversed previously recognised VAT impairment of \$113,938 upon receiving a VAT refund confirmation due to be received by June 2024.

9. Plant and Equipment

	30-Jun-23	30-Jun-22
	A\$	A\$
Property, plant and equipment at cost	233,253	482,023
Accumulated depreciation	(214,587)	(338,465)
Carrying value	18,666	143,558

Reconciliation of movement in carrying value

	Field Equipment A\$	Motor Vehicles A\$	Office Furniture A\$	Office Equipment A\$	Total A\$
Balance at 30 June 2021	70,181	29,067	4,681	20,193	124,122
Additions	11,738	31,871	-	6,937	50,546
Depreciation	(12,367)	(7,272)	(825)	(6,716)	(27,180)
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
Effect of foreign currency translation	(2,172)	(1,187)	(147)	(424)	(3,930)
Balance at 30 June 2022	67,380	52,479	3,709	19,990	143,558
Additions	-	-	-	2,662	2,662
Depreciation	(6.661)	(2,917)	(412)	(4,696)	(14,686)
Disposals	(50,899)	(49,562)	(2,761)	(9,717)	(112,939)
Effect of foreign currency translation	85	-	-	(14)	71
Balance at 30 June 2023	9,905	-	536	8,225	18,666

10. Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure

	30-Jun-23 A\$	30-Jun-22 A\$
Exploration and evaluation - carrying value		136,366
	-	136,366
Reconciliation of movement in carrying value		
Carrying value at 1 July	136,366	427,867
Write off Monica Mining Licence capitalised costs	-	(271,719)
Transfer to Vedra JV	(120,777)	
Effect of foreign currency translation	(15,589)	(19,782)
Carrying costs at the end of the year		136,366

The recoverability of the carrying amount of exploration assets is dependent on the successful exploration and development or sale of the respective areas of interest.

11. Trade and Other Payables

		30-Jun-23 A\$	30-Jun-22 A\$
Trade creditors	(i)	362,124	676,162
Other payable	(ii)	12,902	97,155
Short-term employee leave provision		135,232	307,404
		510,258	1,080,721

⁽i) Trade creditors are non-interest bearing and are normally settled within 45 days. Due to the short-term nature of these payables, their carrying value is assumed to approximate their fair value.

12. Leases

Previously, the Group had leases in Italy all of which were transferred to Vedra JV upon the transfer of Gorno Project. As a result, the Group's has no leases at 30 June 2023.

Movements in the right of use asset and lease liabilities during were as follows:

	30-Jun-23 A\$	30-Jun-22 A\$
Right of use asset		
Carrying value at 1 July	64,711	40,370
Depreciation for the period	(13,492)	(39,003)
Additions	=	66,708
Expired leases	(55,792)	-
Effect of translation of foreign currency operation		
to group presentation currency	4,573	(3,364)
Carrying value at 30 June	-	64,711

⁽ii) Other payable include the provision for annual leave and the payroll liabilities for the year ended 30 June 2023 paid subsequent to the year end.

12. Leases (continued)

	30-Jun-23 A\$	30-Jun-22 A\$
Lease liability		
At 1 July	(63,275)	(41,301)
Additional leases	-	(66,708)
Finished leases	54,395	_
Lease payments	13,344	43,393
Interest	600	1,253
Effect of translation of foreign currency operation		
to group presentation currency	(5,064)	88
		(63,275)

13. Provisions

		30-Jun-23 A\$	30-Jun-22 A\$
Current			
Provision for restoration	(i)	-	215,131
Provision for long service leave		51,268	
		51,268	215,131
Non-current:			
Provision for long service leave	_	3,185	27,150
	_	3,185	27,150

⁽i) Previously recognised provision for restoration of the environmental disturbance that had occurred on the Gorno Project up to 30 June 2022 has been reversed as a result of the Project transfer to Vedra JV. The corresponding credit has been recognised against the exploration expenditure in the consolidated income statement.

14. Equity

(a) Issued capital

	30-Jun-23	30-Jun-22
	A\$	A\$
Shares on issue	59,921,404	59,921,404
Issuance costs	(3,211,397)	(3,211,397)
	56,710,007	56,710,007

14. Equity (continued)

Reconciliation of movement in share capital

		Price		
	Date	A\$	Number of shares	A \$
30 June 2022				
Balance at 1 July 2021			290,714,122	50,782,869
AZIO listed options exercised	27-Jan-21	0.150	22,222	3,333
Entitlement offer issue	25-Feb-22	0.060	98,135,608	5,888,136
Entitlement offer issue	22-Apr-22	0.060	2,844,800	170,688
Share issuance costs	-	-	-	(135,019)
Balance at 30 June 2022			391,716,752	56,710,007
30 June 2023				
Balance at 1 July 2022			391,716,752	56,710,007
Balance at 30 June 2023			391,716,752	56,710,007

Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on the winding up of the company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held. The fully paid ordinary shares have no par value and the company does not have a limited amount of authorised capital.

Capital risk management

When managing capital, managements objective is to ensure the entity continues as a going concern as well as undertaking operations in a manner that provide returns to shareholders and other stakeholders. The Group aims to maintain a capital structure that ensures the lowest cost of capital available to the entity and maximises returns for shareholders through minimising dilution.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the entity may issue new shares, enter into joint ventures or sell assets. The entity does not have a defined share buy-back plan.

Dividends

No dividends were declared or paid (2022: Nil).

14. Equity (continued)

(b) Reserves

		30-Jun-23 A\$	30-Jun-22 A\$
Share-based payment reserve	(i)	181,213	178,226
Foreign currency translation reserve	(ii)	54,958	52,192
Revaluation reserve	(iii)	3,423,032	
		3,659,203	230,418
Reconciliation of movement in reserves			
		30-Jun-23	30-Jun-22
		A\$	A\$
(i) Share-based payments reserve			
Balance at 1 July		178,226	230,321
Equity settled share-based payment transactions		2,987	6,253
Reclassified to retained earnings for expired options			(58,348)
Balance at 30 June		181,213	178,226
(ii) Foreign currency translation reserve			
Balance at 1 July		52,192	119,484
Effect of translation of foreign currency operation to			
group presentation currency		2,766	(67,292)
Balance at 30 June		54,958	52,192

The foreign currency translation reserve movement results from translation of the Italian subsidiaries balances from Euro, being the subsidiaries' functional currency, to the Australian Dollar, being the Group's presentation currency.

(iii) Revaluation reserve		
Balance at 1 July	-	-
Vedra JV equity investment	3,423,032	-
Balance at 30 June	3,423,032	-
	3,659,203	230,418

The revaluation reserve includes the excess of the entity's share of the net fair value of the investee's identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment on initial recognition of the JV investment.

15. Share Based Payments

(a) Employee Incentive Plan

The *Employee Incentive Plan* (EIP), approved by shareholder on 29 November 2021, is established as a means of providing long-term incentives to all employees and key management personnel, other than non-executive directors. At its discretion, the Board may grant incentives under the plan for no consideration and determine the terms on which the incentives are granted. Where incentives are granted with vesting conditions, unless the Board determines otherwise, unvested incentives are forfeited when the holder ceases to be employed by the Group.

(b) Expenses arising from share-based payment transactions

During the year \$2,987 was recognised in respect to share-based payments (2022: \$6,253).

Movement in options during the year

		2023		202	22
		Number	Average	Number	Average
		of	exercise price	of	exercise price
		options	per option (\$)	options	per option (\$)
Outstanding at the beginning of the					
year		10,360,018	0.21	14,076,040	0.30
Granted during the year	(i)	1,400,000	0.24	560,000	0.24
Forfeited/lapsed during the year		-	-	(4,276,022)	0.46
Exercised during the year		-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	(ii)	11,760,018	0.21	10,360,018	0.21
Exercisable at the end of the year	_	9,826,686	0.20	8,986,686	0.20

The weighted average remaining contractual life of options outstanding at the end of the year is 1.5 years (2022: 2.25).

Exercise prices of options outstanding at 30 June 2023 range from 12 cents per option to 30 cents per option (2022: 12 cents per option to 30 cents per option). The weighted average fair value of the options granted during the year was 0.21 cents per option (2022: 0.05 cents per option).

(i) Options granted during the year

During the year, the Company granted 1,400,000 unlisted options to employees under the EIP. The options are unlisted and have exercise prices of \$0.18, \$0.24 and \$0.30, with an expiry date of 1 June 2026.

Fair value of options granted during the year

The fair value of all unlisted options issued during the year ended 30 June 2023 is \$2,987.

15. Share Based Payments (continued)

The fair value of the options granted during the year was determined using the Black-Scholes valuation method and the model inputs were as follows:

EMPLOYEE OPTIONS						
	Series 43a	Series 43b	Series 44a	Series 44b	Series 45a	Series 45b
No. of options	233,334	233,334	233,333	233,333	233,333	233,333
Grant date	1-Mar-2023	16-Mar-2023	1-Mar-2023	16-Mar-2023	1-Mar-2023	16-Mar-2023
Issue price (cents)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Expiry Date	1-Jun-26	1-Jun-26	1-Jun-26	1-Jun-26	1-Jun-26	1-Jun-26
Share price (cents) Exercise price	7.5	7.6	7.5	7.6	7.5	7.6
(cents)	18	18	24	24	30	30
Expected volatility	35.02%	36.34%	35.02%	36.34%	35.02%	36.34%
Option life (years)	3.25	3.21	3.25	3.21	3.25	3.21
Dividend yield Risk free interest	-	-	-	-	-	-
rate Fair value per	3.58%	2.98%	3.58%	2.98%	3.58%	2.98%
option (cents)	0.37	0.16	0.07	0.41	0.18	0.08
	Continued	Continued	Continued	Continued	Continued	Continued
Vesting conditions	service	service	service	service	service	service

(ii) Options outstanding at the end of the year

Series No.	Number of options	Exercise price	Expiry date	Vesting date
31	1,000,000	\$0.12	18-Sep-24	Vested
32	1,000,000	\$0.18	18-Sep-24	18-Sep-24
33	1,000,000	\$0.12	16-Sep-24	Vested
34	1,000,000	\$0.18	16-Sep-24	Vested
35	1,000,000	\$0.24	16-Sep-24	Vested
37	1,600,006	\$0.18	16-Sep-24	Vested
38	1,600,006	\$0.24	16-Sep-24	Vested
39	1,600,006	\$0.30	16-Sep-24	Vested
40	186,668	\$0.18	16-Sep-24	Vested
41	186,668	\$0.24	16-Sep-24	Vested
42	186,664	\$0.30	16-Sep-24	Vested
43	466,668	\$0.18	1-Jun-26	Vested
44	466,666	\$0.24	1-Jun-26	1-Dec-23
45	466,666	\$0.30	1-Jun-26	1-Jun-24
Total	11,760,018			

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16. Related Parties

(a) Subsidiaries and Joint Venture

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Altamin Limited and its subsidiaries listed in the following table:

		Percentage Owned		
	Country of	30-Jun-23 30-Jun-22		
	Incorporation	%	%	
Energia Minerals (Italia) Srl	Italy	100	100	
Strategic Minerals (Italia) Srl	Italy	100	100	
Vedra Metals Srl	Italy	78.86	-	

(b) Transactions with Key Management Personnel (KMP)

	30-Jun-23	30-Jun-22
	A\$	A\$
Short-term employee benefits	564,132	687,340
Long-term employee benefits	10,158	9,143
Post-employment benefits	39,794	37,899
Share-based payment	-	2,264
Total key management personnel compensation	614,084	736,646

Disclosures relating to KMP are set out in the Remuneration Report contained in the Directors Report.

(c) Other transactions related parties

During the year, the Company charged management fee to Vedra JV of \$79,792 for provision of accounting and administrative support, which was fully paid during the year. There were no other transactions with related parties during the year ended 30 June 2023.

17. Joint Venture

Vedra Metals Srl is a joint venture in which the Group has joint control and a 78.86% ownership interest. Vedra Metals Srl was incorporated by the Group to hold the Gorno Project which is a European-based zinc, lead and silver development project with historic mining operations. The joint venture partnership agreement requires equal representation on the Board of Directors of the Company and requires unanimous consent from all parties for all relevant activities. As a result, it has been concluded that there is joint control in place and the investment in Vedra Metals SRL has been determined to represent a joint venture. The investment is therefore accounted for using the equity method.

Vedra Metals Srl is structured as a separate vehicle and the Group has a residual interest in the net assets of the Company. Accordingly, the Group has classified its interest in Vedra Metals Srl as a joint venture.

In accordance with the joint venture agreement, the other joint venture partner has committed to invest an additional US\$7.4 million to fund the Gorno Project up to a final investment decision for a further ownership stake of up to 29.9% and has the right to contribute a further US\$55 million for a total ownership stake of up to 67.4%.

17. Joint Venture (continued)

The following is summarised financial information for Vedra Metals Srl based on its financial statements prepared in accordance with AASBs.

	30-Jun-23 A\$
Revenue	14,236
Net loss after tax	(4,638,438)
Total comprehensive income	(4,638,438)
Group's share of losses for the period	(3,657,872)
Current assets ¹	5,889,568
Non-current assets	488,062
Current liabilities	(1,305,530)
Non-current liabilities	(159,123)
Net assets	4,912,977
Group's share of net assets	3,874,326
Group's interest in net assets of JV at the start of the period	_
Initial investment in JV during the period	179,790
Revaluation gain on Gorno Project assets transferred to	,
Vedra JV	3,423,032
Carrying value of the initial investment	3,602,822
Increase in value of interest in JV on contribution by	
the JV partner	3,929,376
Adjusted carrying value before share of JV losses	7,532,198
Share of total JV losses	(3,657,872)
Carrying amount of interest in JV at the end of the year	3,874,326

¹ Includes cash and cash equivalents of \$4,833,913.

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18. Parent Entity Information

(a) Summary financial information

The individual financial statements for the parent entity show the following aggregate amounts:

	30-Jun-23 A\$	30-Jun-22 A\$
ASSETS		
Current Assets	810,155	4,291,757
Non-current Assets	186,358	271,313
TOTAL ASSETS	996,513	4,563,070
LIABILITIES Company Michigan		
Current Liabilities	262,968	525,883
Non-current Liabilities	3,185	27,146
TOTAL LIABILITIES	266,153	553,029
NET ASSETS	730,360	4,010,041
EQUITY		
Contributed equity	56,710,007	56,710,007
Accumulated losses	(56,160,860)	(52,878,193)
Share based payment reserve	181,213	178,227
TOTAL EQUITY	730,360	4,010,041
FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE Net profit/(loss) for the year Other comprehensive income	(3,282,667)	(5,419,808)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS)/INCOME FOR THE YEAR	(3,282,667)	(5,419,808)

(b) Contingent liabilities

The parent entity has no contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2023 (2022: nil).

(c) Contractual commitments for acquisition of property, plant and equipment

The parent entity has no commitments to purchase property, plant and equipment at 30 June 2023 (2022: nil).

19. Cash Flow Information

		30-Jun-23 A\$	30-Jun-22 A\$
Loss after tax		(2,834,140)	(5,258,944)
Non-cash and non-operating flows in loss:	(i)		
Depreciation		28,178	66,183
Share based payments		2,987	16,253
Unrealised foreign exchange (gain)/loss		(3,857)	(20,222)
Gain on deemed disposal of interest in JV		(271,505)	-
Reversal of impairment		(113,938)	-
Changes in assets and liabilities			
(Increase)/decrease in trade receivables		(43,536)	(27,872)
(Increase)/decrease in prepayments		35,256	2,465
(Decrease)/increase in trade payables and accruals		(597,000)	128,954
(Decrease)Increase in provisions		(23,961)	(110)
Cash flow from operations		(3,821,516)	(5,093,293)

(i) Non-cash Financing & Investing Activities

No non-cash financing and investing activities were undertaken during the year ended 30 June 2023 (2022: nil).

20. Commitments and Contingencies

Exploration Expenditure Commitments

Ongoing exploration expenditure is required to maintain title to the Group's mineral exploration tenements. No provision has been made in the financial statements for these amounts as the amounts are expected to be fulfilled in the normal course of the operations of the Group.

At 30 June 2023, the exploration expenditure commitments are as follows:

	30-Jun-23 A\$	30-Jun-22 A\$
Minimum exploration expenditure commitments		
Not later than 12 months	28,693	56,882
After one year but not more than five years	-	-
	28,693	56,882

The minimum exploration expenditure commitments include the estimated cost of permit fees and tenement lease costs required to maintain title to the Group's tenements in Italy.

No statutory expenditure commitments are specified by the mining legislation in Italy.

21. Financial Risk Management

This note presents information about the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities, its exposure to financial risks, and the policies and processes for measuring and managing those risks.

During the year ended 30 June 2023, the Group's principal financial assets were cash, short-term deposits and trade and other receivables, comprised primarily of the Italian VAT receivable. The Group's principal financial liabilities comprised trade and other payables. The financial instruments of the Group predominantly arise directly from its operations.

The Group's activities expose it primarily to the following financial risks:

- Market risk including interest rate risk and foreign currency exchange risk;
- Credit risk; and
- Liquidity risk.

Primary responsibility for the identification and control of financial risks rests with the Board. The Board reviews and agrees policies for managing identified risks. The Group uses different methods to manage the different types of risks to which it is exposed. These include monitoring exposure to currency risk and undertaking an assessment of market forecasts. The Group monitors liquidity risk through the preparation and monitoring of cash flow forecasts.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices. Market risk for the Group comprise interest rate risk and foreign currency risk.

(i) Interest Rate Risk

The Group's exposure to the interest rate risk is minimal; it does not have interest-bearing debt and its exposure to the risk is limited to changes in interest rates on cash and term deposits the Group holds with the Australian banks.

	Floating	Fixed interest rate	Non-interest	Total	W'ted average effective
	interest rate	1 year or less	bearing		interest rate
	A\$	A\$	A\$	A\$	%
30 June 2023					
Financial Assets					
Cash	1,003,374	-	-	1,003,374	1.05
Receivables	-	-	236,007	236,007	
Restricted cash	_	37,024	-	37,024	2.40
Total financial assets	1,003,374	37,024	236,007	1,276,405	_
Financial Liabilities					
Payables	-	-	510,258	510,258	
Leases	-	-	-		
Total financial liabilities	_	-	510,258	510,258	-
Net financial assets	1,003,374	37,024	(274,251)	766,147	-

21. Financial Risk Management (continued)

Market risk (continued)

(i) Interest Rate Risk (continued)

	Floating interest rate	Fixed interest rate 1 year or less A\$	Non-interest bearing A\$	Total A\$	W'ted average effective interest rate
30 June 2022	АЭ	ΑŞ	AŞ	AŞ	70
Financial Assets					
Cash	4,835,639	-	-	4,835,639	0.18
Receivables	-	-	210,015	210,015	
Restricted cash	-	37,024	-	37,024	0.25
Total financial assets	4,835,639	37,024	210,015	5,082,678	
Financial Liabilities					
Payables	-	-	1,111,716	1, 111,716	
Leases		-	63,275	63,275	
Total financial liabilities		-	1,174,991	1,174,991	
Net financial assets	4,835,639	37,024	(964,976)	3,907,687	

(ii) Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency. The Group is exposed to currency risk on financial assets and liabilities held by the controlled entity in Italy. The Group's expenditure obligations in Italy are primarily in Euro and as a result the Group is exposed to fluctuations in the Euro to Australian dollar. These exposures are not subject to a hedging program. Exposure to negative currency fluctuations has been partially mitigated through the maintenance of a Euro denominated cash position.

The Group is also exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from the translation of its foreign operations. The Group's investment in its overseas subsidiary is not hedged as it is considered to be long-term in nature.

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and liabilities are denominated in Australian dollars except for the amounts set out below, which are held in Euro (EUR):

	30-Jun-23 A\$	30-Jun-22 A\$
Financial Assets		
Cash	207,990	579,305
Receivables	221,263	174,594
Financial Assets	429,253	753,899
Financial Liabilities		
Payables	(298,551)	585,833
Lease liabilities		63,275
Financial Liabilities	(298,551)	649,108

21. Financial Risk Management (continued)

Market risk (continued)

(ii) Foreign Currency Risk (continued)

Sensitivity

The following table summarises the sensitivity of financial instruments held at balance date to movement in the exchange rate of the AUD to the EURO with all other variables held constant. The 10% sensitivity is based on management's estimate of reasonably possible changes over a financial year.

	30-Jun-23 A\$	30-Jun-22 A\$	30-Jun-23 A\$	30-Jun-22 A\$
	Impact on pr	ofit after tax	Impact on	other equity
+10% increase in AUD:EUR	46,125	(59,144)	(31,450)	(140,301)
-10% decrease in AUD:EUR	(46,124)	59,144	31,450	140,301

Credit Risk

Exposure to credit risk relating to financial assets arises from the potential non-performance by counterparties of contract obligations that could lead to a financial loss to the Group.

As the Group is yet to commence mining operations, it currently has no significant exposure to customer credit risk. The class of assets described as Receivables is considered to be the main source of credit risk. Included in Receivables is Italian value added tax receivable (VAT) arising from expenditure incurred in Italy. During the current financial year, the Group recovered part of the VAT receivable balance outstanding as at 30 June 2022 by way of offsetting liabilities for various Italian employee taxes and social security contributions and a cash refund. The VAT balance classified as a current asset at 30 June 2023 is expected to be part refunded and part recovered by offsetting withholding taxes. Further information regarding Receivables is detailed at Note 8.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of each class of financial asset in the Statement of Financial Position.

Credit risk in relation to cash balances with banks is managed through the assessment of the credit quality of the institution with whom the funds are deposited. Currently the Group only invests cash with counterparties assessed with high credit ratings. Funds are transferred to Italy to meet the working capital needs of the controlled entities Energia Minerals (Italia) Srl and Strategic Minerals Srl. The cash needs of the controlled entity operations are monitored by the parent company and funds are advanced to the Italian operations as required.

The Directors believe this is the most efficient method of combining the monitoring and mitigation of potential credit risks arising out of holding cash assets in overseas jurisdictions, and the funding mechanisms required by the Group.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility that the Group might encounter difficulty in settling its debts or otherwise meeting its obligations related to financial liabilities.

21. Financial Risk Management (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash to meet the operating requirements of the business and investing excess funds in liquid short-term deposits. The Group's liquidity needs are currently met through cash and cash equivalents. Future liquidity needs can potentially be met through equity raisings and or debt.

The Group's liquidity risk exposure relates to trade payables, which are payable within one year from the reporting date.

Financial assets pledged as collateral

Certain financial assets have been pledged as security for finance facilities associated with bank guarantees. The realisation of these financial assets into cash may be restricted and subject to terms and conditions attached to the relevant finance facilities. Refer to Note 8 for further details.

22. Events After the Reporting Period

There were no matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the financial year which have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future periods.

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of Altamin Limited, I state that:

- 1. In the opinion of the directors:
 - (a) The financial statements and notes of the Group are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - i. Giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2023 and of its performance for the year ended on that date.
 - ii. Complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.
 - (b) There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Group will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable, and
 - (c) The financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as set out in Note 2.
- 2. This declaration has been made after receiving the declarations required to be made to the directors in accordance with section 295A of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the financial year ended 30 June 2023.

On behalf of the Board

Alexander Burns

Non-executive Chairman

29 September 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ALTAMIN LTD REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT

Report on the financial report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Altamin Limited (the Company) and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and the Directors' Declaration.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (a) Giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position at 30 June 2023 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (b) Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of this report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's *APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion

Material uncertainty related to going concern

We draw attention to Note 2 in the financial statements which indicates that the Group incurred a net loss after taxation of \$2,834,140 and had net operating cash outflows of \$3,821,516 for the year ended 30 June 2023. These conditions, along with other matters set forth in Note 2, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's and Group's ability to continue as a going concern, and whether it will realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the normal course of business and at amounts stated in the financial report. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

In addition to the matter described in the Material uncertainty related to going concern section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial

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report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matter

How we addressed the Key Audit Matter

Investment in joint venture

Altamin Ltd secured an agreement for up to US\$65 million in funding from Appian Capital Advisory LLP (Appian) for the Gorno Project under which Energia Minerals Italia S.R.L. transferred the assets comprising the Gorno Project to a newly incorporated Italian Joint Venture company, Vedra Metals S.R.L.

Vedra Metals S.R.L. was initially wholly owned by EMI but Appian's investment will result in Appian earning up to a 67.4% interest in Vedra Metal Srl.

At 30 June 2023, Appian had invested a total of US\$6.3 million for a 21.14% interest in Vedra Metals S.R.L.

 We consider the accounting for the investment in joint venture as a key audit matter as the accounting requirements are complex in nature and involve the use of significant management judgement. Our procedures included, but were not limited to:

- Obtaining and assessing management's position paper in relation to the funding arrangements with Appian for compliance with AASB requirements;
- Obtaining and reviewing supporting agreements to verify the terms agreed between Appian and Altamin Ltd;
- Reviewing the recognition, measurement and disclosure of the funding arrangement in the consolidated financial statements of Altamin Ltd for compliance with the accounting treatment outlined by management and applicable AASB requirements;
- Reviewing the work performed by component auditors over the financial results of Vedra Metals SRL under the requirements of ASA 600 Special Considerations – Audits of a Group Financial Report, and
- Evaluation of the adequacy of the Group's disclosures in the financial report.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's reports thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the financial report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error,
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and
 appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from
 fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
 misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained whether a material uncertainty exists related to events and conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business
 activities within the Group to express an opinion on the group financial report. The auditor is responsible for the
 direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. The auditor remains solely responsible for the audit
 opinion.

Independent Auditor's Report

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may be reasonably thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated to the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 20 to 25 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2023.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Altamin Limited for the year ended 30 June 2023 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

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Sean McGurk Partner

Signed at Perth, 29 September 2023

ASX ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information required by the Australian Securities Exchange and not shown elsewhere in this report is as follows. The information is current as at 21 September 2023.

(a) Corporate Governance Statement

The Company's Corporate Governance Statement can be found on the Company's website at https://www.altamin.com.au/corporategovernance.

(b) Distribution of Shareholders

The number of shareholders of **fully paid ordinary shares**, by size of holding are:

Number	of Shares		Number of Holders	Number of Shares
1	-	1,000	174	78,110
1,001	-	5,000	206	534,501
5,001	-	10,000	221	1,630,724
10,001	-	100,000	572	19,738,903
100,001	-	and over	203	369,734,514
			1,376	391,716,752
The num	nber of share	holders holding less than a marketable parcel of		
shares a	re:		503	1,374,167

(c) Twenty Largest Shareholders

The names of the twenty largest holders of **fully paid ordinary shares** are:

Full	y Paid Ordinary Shares	Number	Percentage
1	V B S Exchange Pty Ltd	120,603,045	30.79%
2	BNP Paribas Nominees Pty Ltd <ib au="" client="" drp="" noms="" retail=""></ib>	40,616,102	10.37%
3	ASIM Holdings Pty Ltd <the a="" asli="" c=""></the>	25,353,022	6.47%
4	Citicorp Nominees Pty Ltd	21,187,833	5.41%
5	Malvasia Pty Ltd <the a="" c="" fund="" spyder="" super=""></the>	17,051,974	4.35%
6	HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Limited	13,377,626	3.42%
7	The RB SMSF Pty Ltd <rose-burns a="" c="" smsf=""></rose-burns>	6,433,002	1.64%
8	Injidup Investments Pty Ltd	5,361,468	1.37%
9	Curious Commodities Pty Ltd < Curious Commodities Trad A/c>	5,000,000	1.28%
10	Chetan Enterprises Pty Ltd	4,975,001	1.27%
11	BSN Holdings Pty Ltd <bsn a="" c="" fund="" super=""></bsn>	4,760,000	1.22%
12	BNP Paribas Noms Pty Ltd < DRP>	4,208,071	1.07%
13	Diemar & Associates Pty Limited <superannuation a="" c="" fund=""></superannuation>	4,200,000	1.07%
14	Mr Gavin Jeremy Dunhill	4,019,024	1.03%
15	Piama Pty Ltd <fena a="" c="" plan="" superannuation=""></fena>	3,800,000	0.97%
16	Mrs Elizabeth Burns & Mr Alexander Stuart Burns <rose-burns a="" c="" f="" s="" smsf=""></rose-burns>	3,318,002	0.85%
17	Inkese Pty Ltd	2,500,000	0.64%
18	Binco Securities Pty Ltd <the a="" binco="" c="" fund="" prop=""></the>	2,488,000	0.64%
19	Simore Pty Ltd <simore a="" c="" fund="" super=""></simore>	2,466,728	0.63%
20	Mr John Okroglic	2,300,312	0.59%
		294,019,210	75.06%

Substantial Shareholders

The names of substantial shareholders who have notified the Company in accordance with section 671B of the Corporations Act 2001 are:

Substantial Shareholders	Number	Percentage
VBS Exchange Pty Ltd & Other Parties	157,449,652	40.19%
Alexander Burns & Associates	40,465,494	10.33%

(d) Distribution of Option Holders

The number of option holders, by size of holding, in each class of option are:

Number of Options	31	32	33	34	35	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
1 - 1,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,001 - 5,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
5,001 - 10,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
10,001 – 100,000	-	-	-	-	-	6	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
100,001 - over	1	1	1	1	1	5	5	5	4	4	4	2	2	2
	1	1	1	1	1	11	11	11	4	4	4	2	2	2

(e) Terms of Unquoted Options on Issue

Series No.	Number of options	Exercise price	Expiry date	Vesting date
31	1,000,000	\$0.12	18-Sep-24	Vested
32	1,000,000	\$0.18	18-Sep-24	18-Sep-24
33	1,000,000	\$0.12	16-Sep-24	Vested
34	1,000,000	\$0.18	16-Sep-24	Vested
35	1,000,000	\$0.24	16-Sep-24	Vested
37	1,600,006	\$0.18	16-Sep-24	Vested
38	1,600,006	\$0.24	16-Sep-24	Vested
39	1,600,006	\$0.30	16-Sep-24	Vested
40	186,668	\$0.18	16-Sep-24	Vested
41	186,668	\$0.24	16-Sep-24	Vested
42	186,664	\$0.30	16-Sep-24	Vested
43	466,668	\$0.18	1-Jun-26	Vested
44	466,666	\$0.24	1-Jun-26	1-Dec-23
45	466,666	\$0.30	1-Jun-26	1-Jun-24
Total	11,780,018			

Holders with More Than 20% of Each Option Series (not acquired under an employee incentive scheme):

Series No.	Optionholder	Number of Options
31	Horizon Investment Services Pty Ltd	1,000,000
32	Horizon Investment Services Pty Ltd	1,000,000

(f) Voting Rights

All ordinary shares carry one vote per share. There are no voting rights attached to options in the Company. Voting rights will be attached to the unissued ordinary shares when options have been exercised.

(g) Securities Exchange Listing

Quotation has been granted for 391,716,752 ordinary shares of Altamin Limited on all member exchanges of the *Australian Securities Exchange* and trade under the symbol AZI.

(h) Restricted Securities

The Company has no restricted securities.

(i) On Market Buyback

There is no on-market buy-back currently being undertaken.

(j) Mineral Resource Statement

The updated Inferred and Indicated Resources for the Gorno Zinc Project, Italy, is set out in the Minerals Resource Estimate (MRE) table below, as reported to the ASX on 15 November 2021.

Gorno Deposit Mineral Resource Estimate (November 2021)

Domain	JORC Classification	Tonnes kt	Zinc Total		Lead Total		Silver	
			%	kt	%	kt	g/t	koz
Sulphide	Indicated	5,000	6.7	335	1.7	86	33	5,380
	Inferred	2,060	7.2	149	1.8	38	31	2,040
	Total	7,060	6.9	484	1.8	124	33	7,420
Oxide	Indicated	670	6.0	40	1.8	12	26	560
	Inferred	70	7.0	5	1.8	1	26	60
	Total	730	6.1	45	1.8	13	26	620
Total	Indicated	5,660	6.6	375	1.7	98	33	5,940
	Inferred	2,130	7.2	153	1.8	39	31	2,100
	Total	7,790	6.8	528	1.8	137	32	8,040

Governance and Internal Controls on Resource Estimates

Altamin's policy for the completion of resource estimations is to engage an independent consultant with an exemplary industry reputation. This independent consultant is required to review any information Altamin has provided for resource estimation purposes and is not to utilise any information that does not meet appropriate professional standards. This consultant is required to review Altamin's field and data collection procedures and provide feedback to ensure Altamin collects and interprets data using industry best practice.

Altamin utilises extensive quality assurance and control procedures for all of its data collection and data compilation and completes annual reviews of its database and any material assumptions made in interpretation and its resource estimates.

The Mineral Resources Statements contained in the 2023 Annual Report has been reviewed by a suitably qualified competent person as detailed in the Competent Person Statement.

Competent Person Statement

Information on the Gorno Mineral Resource is extracted from the announcement "Updated Mineral Resource for Gorno" dated 15 November 2021.

The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original announcement of the Mineral Resource released to the ASX. All material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the Mineral Resource estimates continue to apply and have not materially changed. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original announcement of the Mineral Resource.

(k) Scheduled of Mining Tenements

Italy	Tenement		Entity's Interest	Comments
Cime (Gorno)	Decree 8073	Zn, Pb, Ag	79%	Decree under Renewal
Punta Corna	Decree 432	Co, Ni, Cu, Ag	100%	Granted
Balme	Decree 323	Co, Ni, Cu, Ag	100%	Granted
Monte Bianco	N/A	Cu, Co, Mn	100%	Application
Corchia	Decree 422	Cu, Co	100%	Granted
Campagnano	Decree G11709	Li	100%	Granted
Galeria	G13532	Li	100%	Granted
Melazza	N/A	Li	100%	Application
Cassia	N/A	Li	100%	Application
Villar	N/A	С	100%	Application
Sabazia	N/A	Li	100%	Application
Sacrofano	N/A	Li	100%	Application

CORPORATE DIRECTORY

Directors

Mr Alexander Burns Non-executive Chairman
Mr Geraint Harris Managing Director
Mr Stephen Hills Finance Director
Mr Marcello Cardaci Non-executive Director

Company Secretary

Mr Stephen Hills

Registered Office & Principal Place of Business

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Tel: 1 300 288 664

Auditors

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Tel: +61 8 9481 1448

Internet Address

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Stock Exchange Listing

Australian Securities Exchange (ASX)

ASX Code: AZI

ABN 63 078 510 988